Poetry.

A WINTER SERMON.

(*From Dickens' Household Words.*)

Thou dwellest in a warm and cheerful home,
The roof in vain the winter tempest lashes,
While houseless wretches round thy mansion roam,
On whose unshelter'd head the torrent plashes.

Thy board is loaded with the richest meats,
O'er which thine eyes with sated languor wander,
Many might live on what thy mastiff eats,
Or feast on fragments which thy servants squander.

Thy limbs are muffled from the piercing blast,
When from thy fireside corner thou dost sally;
Many have but a rag about them cast,
With which the frosty breezes toil and dally.

Thou hast soft smiles to greet thy kiss of love,
When thy light step resounds within thy portal;
Some have no friends save Him who dwells above,
No sweet communion with a fellow mortal.

Thou sleepest soundly on thy costly bed,
Lull'd by the power of luxuries unnumber'd;
Some pillow on a stone an aching head,
Never again to wake when they have slumber'd.

Then think of those, who, form'd of kindred clay,
Depends upon the doles thy bounty scatters;
And God will hear them for thy welfare pray—
They are his children, though in rags and tatters.

PATHETIC.—Some poet who evidently thinks 'our wrongs intolerable'—probably himself the unfortunate husband of a bloomer—comes out in the 'Carpet Bag' in a dozen stanzas of profound grief, most eloquently done into rhyme. The following is his description of the gradual encroachment of womankind on the territories of pantaloons. He says:

They took our hats—at first we hardly missed them—
And then they aped our dickeys and cravats;
They stole our sacks—we only laughed and kissed them,
Emboldened then they wore our very hats;
Until, by slow degrees, the witches,
Have taken all, our coats, hats, boots and breeches.

Varieties.

CORRECT THYSELF.

FROM THE FRENCH.

SOME years ago, there lived in the neighborhood of Paris a retired military officer of high rank and large fortune. Possessed of many qualities—brave, just and honorable, there were two sad drawbacks to his character—he was violent tempered and avaricious. He married a beautiful and gentle girl, whom he fondly loved, but who, nevertheless, often sought her chamber, weeping bitterly at the harsh and unjust reproaches which her husband heaped on her when the merest trifle had excited his ungovernable temper. Often, indeed, she felt terrified lest his violence should be more than verbal; and although his fits of rage were generally followed by penitent apologies, she trembled at the thought that he might some day forget himself so far as to strike her.

It was very sad to see the happiness of a union formed under the most promising auspices thus destroyed by brutal and unmeaning fits of rage, which each day became more frequent. It required all the young wife's tenderness and fidelity to sustain her beneath the constant grief and terror which she felt. One day when the husband, in the presence of several visitors, had given way to a more than usually outrageous explosion of temper he retired to his own apartment, whither he was followed by one of his friends—a true friend who never shrunk from administering a just reproof. Without regarding the officer's anger, the dying embers of which still glowed fiercely, this friend earnestly and severely lectured him for his unjust conduct. The culprit listened with a gloomy air, and then replied:

'Your reproaches are perfectly just. I condemn my own conduct far more strongly than you can do, and I make many resolutions of amendment without avail. My unhappy temper is too strong for me; and constantly in a few hours after the bitterest repentance. I find myself again breaking out.

'Tis terrible.'

'It is indeed very terrible.'

'I have need of a strong lesson and I shall give myself one.'

He took several turns up and down the room, pacing with a determined step, his eyes bent on the ground, and his lips firmly closed. Evidently some internal conflict was going on. Suddenly he stopped, opened a casket which lay in his scrutoire. and took from it a bank note of a thousand francs. His friend watched him with curiosity, not knowing what he was about to do. He twisted the bank note, applied one end of it to the lighted taper, and then throwing it on the hearthstone, watched until the curling flame had devoured it.

His friend amazed at an action which would seem strange for any one, but especially for one whose parsimony was notorious, ran to him and caught his arm.

'Let me alone,' said the officer in a hoarse voice.

'Are you mad?'

'No.'

'Do you know what you have just done?'

'I do: I have punished myself.'

Then when no trace of the note remained, save a little light dust, the hero, for so we may call him, added—

'I solemnly vow that whenever I lose my temper, I will inflict punishment on my love of money.'

'I approve of your sacrifice,' said his friend.

The promise was faithfully kept. From that time the avaricious man paid for the faults and failings of the ill-tempered husband.

After every outbreak, he appeared before his own tribunal, and submitted to its self-imposed penalty. The condemned culprit then opened his casket, and pale and trembling with suppressed agitation, look out a note and burned it. The expiation was always in proportion to the crime, there is a regular scale of penalties, varying according to the nature of the offence, from 100 to 1000 francs.

A few of these chastisements had the happiest effect on both the defective phases of our hero's character. By degrees he became not only mild and good-tempered, but ready to dispense his treasures to ways which, if more agreeable to his friends, could not, however, be esteemed more useful to himself than the notes which he had consigned to the flames.

Old Dr. Cooper, of South Carolina, President of her University, used to say to his students, "Don't be afraid of a little dirt, young gentlemen. What is dirt? Why, nothing at all offensive, when chemically viewed. Rub a little alkali upon that 'dirty grease spot' on your coat, and it undergoes a chemical change, and becomes soap. Now rub it with a little water, and it disappears; it is neither grease, soap, water nor dirt. That is an odorous pile of dirt you observe there. Well, scatter a little gypsum over it, and it is no longer dirty. Everything you call dirt is worthy of your notice as students of chemistry. Analyze it! It will all separate into very clean elements. Dirt makes corn, corn makes bread and meat, and that makes a very sweet young lady, that I saw one of you kissing last night. So, after all, you were kissing a dirt—particularly if she whitens her skin with chalk or fuller's earth. There is no telling, young gentlemen, what is dirt."

SLEEPY.—A writer says that women require more sleep than men, and farmers less than those engaged in almost any other occupation. Editors reporters, and doctors need no sleep at all. Lawyers can sleep as long as they please, and thus keep out of mischief. Clergymen can sleep twelve hours out of twenty-four, and can put their parish to sleep once a week.

The contempt of wealth is sometimes the pride of poverty and the sloth of indolence; it is sometimes the nobleness of genius and the elevation of virtue. A wise man in the contentment of competence, in the exercise of his talents, and the complacency of virtue, finds an equivalent—more than an equivalent for the want of riches. Nevertheless, if riches follow his labor and industry, he affects not to despise them, but commands their advantages without submitting to their evils.

PATENT ARTIFICIAL SLATE, And Unchangeable Metallic Paints; PROOF AGAINST FIRE & WATER!

Manufactured by the Patentee, in Colchester, Nova Scotia.

THE ARTIFICIAL SLATE is the product of a mixture of mineral substances known to be the best non-conductors of heat as well as the most indestructible; the Chemical affinity of which converts the surface of materials covered, into a *Coating of Actual Slate—Proof* against FIRE and WATER. Thus the laws of nature are made to accomplish results as surprising as they are useful, by rendering Wooden fabrics as durable as brick or Stone, and less pervious to moisture, and consequently preventing decay and destruction from corroding influences hitherto supposed unattainable.

The principal ingredients are Alumina, Silica and the Oxides of Iron. The adhesive quality of the latter not only binds and attracts the particles together, but the substance covered also. The longer exposed to the weather the more powerful the attraction, and consequently the harder the *Slate*. As various shades of colour are obtained, Brick buildings may be made impervious to moisture, and the fashionable colours of either *Free Stone* or *Granite*. The oil must be evaporated by the action of the weather before it is *Fire* proof, which will take from nine to twelve months.

The METALLIC PAINTS, *Purple* and *Red*, are offered as *Weather and Water Proof solely*. Their base being Iron, secures them from Galvanic action so fatal to lead and other Paints on *Irod* work—and their chemical combination makes it impossible, that any change should take place from atmospheric influence or the action of Salt Water and Sulphureted hydrogen so prevalent in Sea Ports and Tidal Harbours. They surpass all Paints yet discovered in *Cheapness and Durability*, which render them pre-eminently adapted to the covering of all kinds of Iron work, such as *Shipping, Mills, Bridges, Steam Machinery, Railway Cars, and Iron Railing*. The METALLIC PAINTS have been analysed by Professor Hays of Boston. The following is an extract from his Certificate:—"As a permanent pigment, this mineral must rank with the most *indestructible and unchangeable* bases. For covering Metallic Ware, its composition shows that it is eminently fitted.

(Signed) AUGT. A. HAYS, *State Assayer.*"

Directions.—Artificial Slate. Mix the powder with pure Boiled Linseed Oil and a little Spirits Turpentine to the consistency of very thick Paint, and apply with a common Brush, being careful to keep the mixture well stirred while putting it on. One pound will cover ten square feet with two Coats.

If Shingles have been on for years, it will be necessary to sweep off the moss and lint with a stiff broom; two or three coats of this material will make a perfect Slate Roof, proof against Fire and Water.

☞ The METALLIC PAINTS are mixed and put on like an ordinary paint.

JOHN ROSS, Patentee.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 13, 1850.

Mr. J. W. IRISH.

DEAR SIR,—Please send us two more barrels of your Artificial Slate. We have seen some of the good effects of it at the last fire. Some of the Roofs covered with it did not catch at all, and when the walls were burnt some of the roofs came down in one piece, and others were the means of saving the building, especially one roof alongside of the Bank B. N. A., which also was one means o saving the Bank.

Please see that it is on board of the first boat, as it might be neglected and stored.

Your obedient Servants,
STEWART & NEILL.

ST. JOHN, N. B., July 20, 1850.

JOHN ROSS, Esq., *Patentee of the Purple Metallic Iron Paint.*

SIR,—I have just painted a new Ship with your Metallic Iron Paint, and I have much pleasure in stating that I never painted a Ship with so small a quantity of Paint and Oil, and look so well. From its adhesive qualities and the manner it covers the wood, I have no doubt but it will be more durable and much cheaper than any other paint used for such purposes, and would recommend it to the public generally.

Yours, &c.
ROBERT G. MORAN.

ROSS' METALLIC PAINTS.—We have already called public attention to the high estimation in which the Metallic Paints, manufactured by John Ross, Esq., Truro, are held by those who have had occasion to use them. Certificates of a highly satisfactory character in praise of these articles of Provincial manufacture appear elsewhere, in this issue, and from information afforded by parties who have similarly applied them, we can safely endorse the opinions therein contained.—*Halifax Sun.*

Agents for Prince Edward Island, GEO. T. HASZARD, Queen Square, KENNETH M'KENZIE, Pownal Street.
Charlottetown, Oct. 8, 1851.

Important Notice to persons purchasing Sarsaparilla.

WHEREAS a quantity of SARSAPARILLA, bearing the name of "*S. P. Townsend*," but which not having been manufactured by J. R. Chilton, is of inferior quality to that sold under the agency of the latter gentleman. The Public are hereby warned, that the only kind of Sarsaparilla safely to be relied on has two labels, one in *green*, with the words following:

"This is to Certify, That the *Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla*, contained in this bottle, is prepared under my direction and supervision, from the Original Recipe of Dr. S. P. Townsend, and that it is composed of ingredients *purely vegetable*, and *without Mercury*.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.
Chemist.

The only true kind is on sale at the Medical Warehouse of M. W. SKINNER, where all necessary information may be obtained.

P. S. In addition to the above safeguard, look carefully for the following:

SPECIAL NOTICE.

This is to certify, that the within *Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla* is manufactured by us expressly for the *New York Proprietor of the Townsend's Sarsaparilla Depot, 61 Hollis Street. Halifax, N. S.*, and that he is our Sole Agent for the British Provinces.

Each bottle of the Genuine Article has this Certificate with our signature, as at foot.

NOSTRAND & BACH,
Successors to Clapp & Townsend, and Sole Proprietors of Dr. S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla Office, 82 Nassau Street, New York.

The original and Genuine Dr. Townsend's *Extract of Sarsaparilla* is now manufactured under the immediate direction of the well-known Chemist and Physician, JAMES R. CHILTON, of New York, whose Certificate, Printed on Green Paper, will be found on the Outside Wrapper of each Bottle. This will prevent the possibility of any mistake or question as to its Genuineness.

A fresh Supply of the above *SARSAPARILLA*, just received from the Manufactory, New York, *via* Halifax, for Sale, Wholesale and Retail, at SKINNER'S Medical Warehouse.

Wonderful cure performed by S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla!!

To M. W. Skinner, Agent for S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

SIR;

This is to certify that I was, for this last 12 months, troubled with Fits; and, from their very severe attacks, thought each one would terminate my existence; and, in addition to the Fits, I was reduced to a mere skeleton, and was extremely weak and nervous. I heard a great deal about S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, for which you are Agent. I was advised to try it. And strange and wonderful to relate, before using the contents of one bottle, was greatly benefited. Indeed, so rapid and effectual was the cure, that it appeared to me to be almost miraculous. And I think that, in justice to the public and suffering humanity, I am bound to make the above statement, and say, that a greater blessing, in my opinion, than S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla never came to this Island.

(Signed) MARY LOWE,
Bungay, New Glasgow Road.

Sworn to, before me, this 14th June, 1851,
CHARLES DEMPSEY, J. P.

The public will please bear in mind, that the above cure was made by the Sarsaparilla manufactured by J. R. Chilton, M. D., whose certificate, in green paper, is on the outside wrapper of every bottle, and be cautious not to buy any wanting this.

M. W. SKINNER.

Charlottetown, June 13.
Agents—DANIEL GORDON, Georgetown,
THOMAS CAIRNS, Green's Shore, Bedeque.
MOSES RYAN, Malpeque.

Building Lots.

TO be sold together, or in Building Lots to suit Purchasers, the following Town Lots Nos. 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20, in the 2nd Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, fronting on Queen Square, Great George Street, Sidney Street, and Prince Street. For terms, and Plans of the Property, apply to SAMUEL NELSON, Esq. Charlottetown.

LONDON HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED, at the LONDON HOUSE, FIVE CASES FANCY DRY GOODS, from London, comprising—Ladies' Mantles, in the newest styles; Cloth embroidered Dresses; Alpha Chene, Poplin de Loire, Mosaic Crossovers, Glacia Pomilla, and other Dresses; Habit Shirts and Chemisetts in great variety; sewn and crochet Collars; Ladies' Cuffs and Sleeves; Ribbons in the latest fashions, very cheap, Bonnet and Cap Shapes, and Crowns; a large assortment of kid and worsted Gloves; Berlin Wools, in every shade; shaded do.; black, shot, pink, white, glacie, and colored Gros de Naples; black Satinette; watered Silk; black and colored Silk Velvets; fancy Cloaking; Hair Nets; Ladies' and Children's Stays, in variety; worsted Hoods and Cuffs; Gents' Stocks; black lace Falls; colored Veils; book, jaconet, cambric, swiss, mull, and other Muslins; plain, sprigged, and fancy Bobinette; thread and cotton Edgings; Laces and Insertions; whisker Blonde, in variety; Artificial Flowers and Wreaths; Ladies' and Children's Feathers, very cheap; Cloak and Dress Trimmings and Buttons, in great variety, together with numerous other articles.

H. HASZARD.

Great George Street,
Charlottetown, Oct. 27, 1851.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

Extensive importation of FALL GOODS,

No. 3.

QUEEN SREET, NEAR THE QUEEN'S WHARF.

J. W. C. DECHMAN,

HAS received his large and extensive supplies of Fall and Winter GOODS, which are now opened to the Public for inspection. The Stock has been carefully selected expressly for this market, and adapted to the season. The attention of purchasers is respectfully invited to the following staple Goods:—

Blue, black, brown, invisible green and mixed Cloths; Beavers; Whitney and Buffalo, a new article for Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear; Tweeds, Doeskins, Cassimeres, and Satinetts; Printed Delaines, Cashmeres, Coburgs and Orleans; Gala and Tweed Cloakings; black and colored Silk, Plush and Velvets; Bonnet and Cap Ribbons; Laces, Edgings and Blond Quillings; Chemisettes, Sleeves and worked Collars; Crochet Caps; Children's Hoods, Gaiters, &c.; Lamb's wool Vests and Pants; Woollen and Cotton Hosiery; Silk, cloth, cashmere and French Kid Gloves; a large assortment of printed Cambrics; Carpets, printed Cotton and woollen Druggets; Hearth Rugs and Door Mats, in great variety; white and grey Cottons; Moleskins; striped and Regatta Shirtings; Linens; Hollands and Grass Cloths; watered Moreens; worsted Table Cloths; white and brown Linen do.; printed Oil Cloth do.; white and colored Stays; Silk and Beaver Bonnets; trimmed and plain Bonnet Shapes; Silk Neck Ties; Veils; Flowers; Linings: Silk and Cotton Umbrellas; Silk and Cotton Pocket Handkerchiefs; do. Neckerchiefs; Opera and Ariel Ties; Scarfs, Cashmere Mufflers and worsted Cravats; long and square

Woollen Shawls in great variety;

Tent Dresses, Carpet Bags, colored Rail Road Wrappers; Flannels, Serges, Kerseys and Blankets, Patchwork; German Wools; black and white spotted Nett and Muslins; white and colored Shirts and Shirt Collars; worsted, cotton and India Rubber Braces; Satin, Spanish and Military Stocks; Elastic Sandalling; Towelling; Furniture and Venetian Cotton; Dress Buttons and Trimmings; Coat and Vest Buttons; Tailors' Trimmings, &c.; Cotton Warp, Wadding, Batting, Threads, Cotton Reels, Tapes, Worsted, Fringes, Furniture Bindings, &c. &c.

HAT, CAP, AND FUR DEPARTMENT.

A great variety of FUR CAPS, in South Sea Seal, Otter, Neutria, Hair, Seal, &c. &c. Men's and Youth's Cloth, Salette, Plush and Silk Glaze Caps; covered Hats, Sou' Westers, Wool Threshers, Glengarrys, Scotch Bonnets, &c. &c. Gents' fashionable Paris and New York Silk Plush Hats; a splendid assortment of Furs, in Fitch, Stone Marten, Grey Squirrel, Sable, Musquash & Racoon Muffs, Cuffs and Victorines. Buffalo Coats and Robes, Seal Skin Coats and Feet Warmers. A good article of Tea, Sugar, Molasses and Tobacco, &c. &c. Terms, CASH.

N. B.—The highest prices paid for all kinds of FURS, such as FOXES', MARTEN'S, MINK'S, &c. &c.

Nov. 18, 1851.

Tea, Tobacco, Apples, &c.

THE Subscriber has received from the United States, and offers for sale (WHOLESALE), at the lowest Market rates, at the Store Head of Pownal Wharf, the following

GOODS:

TEA, TOBACCO, RAISINS,
Rum, Soap, Sugar, and Molasses,
Apples, Quinces, Onions,
Filberts, Walnuts, Almonds,
Leather, Bread, Lemons,
Cigars, Stoves, (Cooking, Franklin and Close),
Pickles, Buffalo Robes, Pails and Brooms,
Wool Cards, Sleigh Bells,
Soda, Sugar, Wine, Butter and Water Crackers,
Pepper Sauce, Sperm Candles, Lemon Syrup,
Ground Pepper, Cassia, Pimento, Ginger,
Coffee, Chocolate, Sardines,
Ground Logwood, and Redwood,
Saleratus, Steel Grain Scoops,
Rice, Oakum, Bright Varnish,
Spirits Turpentine, Resin, Pitch, Tar,
&c., &c., &c.

S. C. HOLMAN.

November, 14, 1851.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND UNITED STATES.

GEO. T. HASZARD has just received per packet "Caroline," part of his supply selected by himself, consisting of

A LARGE SUPPLY OF
BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
MAPS, ROOM PAPER, FANCY BASKETS,
TOYS, FLUID LAMPS,
BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS, CHEAP!

and a variety of other useful articles suitable for the Island.

The remainder, of his Books and Stationery purchased at the New York Trade Sales, he is daily expecting.

☞ Catalogues of the *WHOLE OF HIS LARGE AND VARIED STOCK*, will be ready for delivery as soon as the whole of his Goods have arrived.

Manchester and Glasgow House.

RECEIVED from Glasgow, and landing per Brig "*Vernon*," Gala Cloth and Cashmere Cloakings, long Wool Shawls, Mufflers, Osnaburgs, Tickings, &c.

D. WILSON.

Sept. 30, 1851.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
EARTHENWARE AND CHINA
AND A BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY OF
GLASS,
Is now offered for Sale Wholesale or Retail.

WILLIAM HEARD.

Great George Street, Dec. 16, 1861.

Prime Labrador Herrings.

100 BARRELS—No. 1—warranted—just received by the Subscriber, who has on hand also a few Barrels and half Barrels excellent No. 1 MACKEREL.

JAMES N. HARRIS.

Dec. 23, 1851. 3w.

Flour! Flour!!

THE Schr. "*Maria*" has just landed from Quebec to the Subscriber.

250 Bbls Canada Flour,

of a superior quality.

JAMES N. HARRIS.

Charlottetown, Nov. 13, 1851.

J. S. DEALEY,

Commission Merchant & Ship Broker,

BEGS to solicit the patronage of his friends and the public in the Island, and particularly calls their attention to the Sale of Produce of every kind, having made himself well acquainted with that market during his residence in New York.

HEALTH WHERE 'TIS SOUGHT!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

CURE OF A DISORDERED LIVER AND STOMACH, WHEN IN A MOST HOPELESS STATE.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Matthew Harvey, of Chapel Hall-Airdrie, Scotland, dated the 15th January, 1850.

To Professor HOLLOWAY:

SIR,—Your valuable Pills have been the means, with God's blessing of restoring me to a state of perfect health, and at a time when I thought I was on the brink of the grave. I had consulted several eminent Doctors, who, after doing what they could for me, stated that they considered my case as hopeless. I ought to say that I had been suffering from a Liver and Stomach complaint of long standing, which during the last two years got so much worse, that every one considered my condition as hopeless. I as a last resource got a Box of your Pills, which soon gave relief, and by persevering in their use for some weeks, together with rubbing night and morning your Ointment over my chest and stomach and right side, I have by their means alone got completely cured, and to the astonishment of myself and every body who knows me.

(Signed) MATTHEW HARVEY.

CURE OF A CASE OF WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY OF FOUR YEARS' STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. William Smith, of No. 5, Little Thomas Street, Gibson Street, Lambeth, dated December 12, 1849.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—I beg to inform you that for nearly 5 years I hardly knew what it was to have a day's health, suffering from extreme weakness and debility, with constant nervous headaches, giddiness and sickness of the stomach, together with a great depression of spirits. I used to think that nothing could benefit me, as I had been to many medical men, some of whom, after doing all that was in their power, informed me that they considered that I had some spinal complaint beyond the reach of cure, together with a very disordered state of the stomach and liver, making my case so complicated that nothing could be done for me. One day being unusually ill and in a dejected state, I saw your Pills advertised and resolved to give them a trial, more perhaps from curiosity than with a hope of being cured, however I soon found myself better by taking them—and so I went on persevering in their use for six months, when, I am happy to say they effected a perfect cure.

(Signed) WILLIAM SMITH.
(frequently called EDWARD)

CURE OF ASTHMA OF TWENTY YEARS' STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. K. Heydon, 78 King Street, Sydney, dated 10th November, 1849.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—I have the pleasure to inform you that many extraordinary cures of Asthma have been effected here by means of your Pills. One is that of a lady residing near the "Razorback," who after having for Twenty years been unable to make the slightest exertion, suffering very fearfully from shortness of breath, coughing and spitting, but is now, (to use her own expression) able to run up to the top of that mountain. Another case is that of Mr. Caton, Tailor, Hutchinson's buildings, Clarence-street, who was so dreadfully bad that he was confined entirely to his bed-room or six months, prior to his commencing with your Pills, and attended regularly by his medical man, who pronounced him to be in a dying state, yet he, likewise, to my knowledge, has been restored to perfect health by the use of your Pills, and rubbing your Ointment night and morning into his chest.

(Signed) J. K. HEYDON.

THE EARL OF ALDBOROUGH CURED OF A LIVER AND STOMACH COMPLAINT.

Extract of a Letter from His Lordship, dated Villa Messina Leghorn, 21st February, 1845.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—Various circumstances prevented the possibility of my thanking you before this time for your politeness in sending me your Pills as you did. I now take this opportunity of sending you an order for the amount and at the same time to add, that your Pills have effected a cure of a disorder in my Liver and Stomach, which all the most eminent of the Faculty at home, and all over the Continent, had not been able to effect; no, not even the waters of Carlsbad and Marienbad. I wish to have another Box and a Pot of the Ointment, in case any of my family should ever require either. Your most obliged and obedient Servant.

(Signed) ALDBOROUGH.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague	Dropsy	Liver complaints	Secondary Symptoms
Asthma	Dysentery	Lumbago	Tic Douloureux
Bilious Complaints	Erysipelas	Piles	Tumors
Blotches on the skin	Female irregularities	Rheumatism	Ulcers
Bowel complaints	Fevers of all kinds	Retention of urine	Venereal Affections.
Colics	Fits	Scrofula or King's Evil	Worms of all kinds
Constipation of the Bowels	Gout	Sore Throats	Weakness, from whatever cause &c. &c.
Consumption	Head-ache	Stone and Gravel	
Debility	Indigestion		
	Inflammation		
	Jaundice		

FALL SUPPLY OF DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

M. W. SKINNER has received a large SUPPLY of GENUINE BRITISH

DRUGS and MEDICINES,

Including all the Patent Remedies now in use, French and English Perfumery of the most fashionable kinds, and Pomades, in every variety, Hair Oil of all kinds, Cosmetic, Freckle Wash, &c., Honey Pomatum, a new article for the nursery, much admired; Buffalo Oil, Ox and Bear's Marrow, remarkably good for the hair; Castor Oil Pomade and French Depilatory, for removing superfluous hair; a large assortment of Toilet Bottles with every requisite for the Toilet; one portable case, containing a rare lot of curiosities in Perfumery. Fancy Soaps, &c.

And besides his stock of Drugs and Medicines, Hair, Tooth, Nail and Cloth BRUSHES; Lazenby's mixed Pickles in pint and half gallon Jars; Onions, Gherkins, Cauliflowers, &c.; Worcestershire Sauce, Sauces of every description, fresh Fruit, Raisins, Currants, Figs and Prunes, Candied Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel, very fresh and cheap; cake ornaments in Gum Paste, Animals, something new; Vanilla, the much approved flavouring; Confectionary, Nuts and nut crackers; Sperm Candles, very cheap; a prime lot Annapolis Cheese, cheap by the loaf; Digby Herrings, very good, &c., &c.

And a large and varied assortment of Fancy and Miscellaneous articles, among which are Ladies' Ornamented Head Dresses; Gold Lockets, Brooches for putting in hair, Gold Rings, Ear Rings, Shirt Studs in great variety, Purse Sets in steel, gilt and Gold; Musical Instruments, Flutinas, Accordeons, Flutes, &c., with Books of Instructions, &c.; a lot of good Toys, with every thing in the shape of Presents for the approaching New Year.

The whole of his *Large Supply* forms a *Stock* which cannot be surpassed for variety or cheapness by any in town.

MEDICAL WAREHOUSE,
Dalrymple's Corner, Nov. 27, 1851.

☞ One Case superior FRESH PRUNES for Sale by the pound, or otherwise.

National Loan Fund Life and Equitable Fire Insurance Companies of London.

Incorporated by Acts of Parliament.

BOARD of DIRECTORS of Fire Insurance for P. E. Island.
Hon. E. J. Jarvis, T. H. Haviland, Esq., Robert Hutchinson, Esq., F. Longworth, Esq. Daniel Hodgson, Esq.,

Forms of Application, and all other information, may be obtained from the Subscriber, at his Office, Charlottetown.

L. W. GALL, Agent.

To Practical Farmers.

A NUMBER OF FARMS, from 50 to 100 Acres and upwards, with extensive improvements thereon, are offered to industrious practical Farmers, with moderate capital, on reasanable terms. None other need apply.

☞ All Applications by letter must be prepaid.

WILLIAM DOUSE,
Land Agent.

Charlottetown, Dec. 2, 1851.

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