

The Daily Examiner.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1883.

VOL. 12.—NO. 125.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

NEW SERIES.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,
FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Six Months, \$2 50
Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 0 50
Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR APRIL, 1883.

MOON'S CHANGES.

New Moon 7th day, 9h. 23m. a. m.
First Quarter, 14th day, 4h. 37m. a. m.
Full Moon, 22nd day, 7h. 14m. p. m.
Last Quarter, 30th day, 2h. 50m. a. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thurs	Fri	Sat	High	Low	Days
RAISES	sets	rises	sets	rises	sets	rises	sets	water	len'th.	
Sunday	5 44	6 24	1 51	4 57						
Monday	4 42	5 24	2 31	6 21						
Tuesday	4 0	4 27	3 7	7 34						
Wednesday	3 28	28	3 40	8 33						
Thursday	36	29	4 13	9 22						
Friday	34	30	4 44	10 7						
Saturday	32	32	5 18	10 49						
Sunday	30	33	5 54	11 32						
Monday	28	35	6 55	morn						
Tuesday	27	36	7 22	0 15						
Wednesday	25	37	8 15	1 0						
Thursday	23	38	9 13	1 48						
Friday	21	40	10 14	2 41						
Saturday	19	41	11 17	3 44						
Sunday	17	42	12 19	4 56						
Monday	16	44	1 21	6 11						
Tuesday	14	45	2 22	7 15						
Wednesday	12	46	3 18	8 7						
Thursday	10	48	4 21	8 47						
Friday	9	49	5 21	9 25						
Saturday	7	50	6 21	10 0						
Sunday	5	52	7 20	10 33						
Monday	4	53	8 20	11 6						
Tuesday	2	54	9 17	11 41						
Wednesday	0	55	10 12	12 15						
Thursday	4 59	57	11 3	0 53						
Friday	57	58	11 49	1 35						
Saturday	55	59	morn	2 21						
Sunday	54	1	0 39	3 14						
Monday	52	2	1 9	4 23						

INSURANCE OFFICE.

Queen Insurance Company,
OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

Lancashire Insurance Company

CAPITAL, FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS

Insurance effected on all kinds of property
at current rates. Losses settled promptly
and equitably.

DESBRISAY & ANGUS,
General Agents.
Office—South Side Queen Square.
Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1882.

FREEHOLD FARMS FOR SALE.

I HAVE received instructions to sell
several valuable FARMS, situated in dif-
ferent sections of the country containing

From 100 to 300 Acres each.

For particulars apply at

My Auction Room, Queen St.

Application by mail will receive prompt
attention.

A. McNEILL,
Ch'town, Feb. 13, 1883.—t

THE STARR KIDNEY PAD.

Indubitable Evidence,
(Condensed)

From Doctors, Druggists, Merchants,
Farmers.

Some of the additional home testimony re-
ceived since publication of last pamphlet.

GIVING ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

Pictou, April 20.
Gentlemen,—I find that your Pads are giv-
ing entire satisfaction, and wish you increased
sales for so valuable a remedy for disease of
the kidneys. J. B. MORDEX, M. D.

OF SERVICE TO PATIENTS.

Lime Lake, April 23.

Gentlemen,—Your Pad has been of great
service to some of my patients already.
Jno. MAXWELL, M. D.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE CONQUERED.

Enterprise, April 13.

Gentlemen,—Five years ago I fell with a
bag of grain, which caused weakness in my
back, and also brought on an attack of
Bright's disease, and which caused me to lose
considerable in weight. After wearing your
Pads for six weeks, I gained 13 pounds. All
pain and weakness has left me. I would
have been yet in the doctor's hands, had it
not been for my using your Kidney Pad.
Signed, W. FENWICK, Miller.

THE ONLY PERMANENT CURE.

Tamworth, April 13.

Gentlemen,—I was troubled with painful
back, and could not retain my urinal secre-
tion, from painful inflammation of the blad-
der. I have been treated by a dozen physi-
cians to no purpose, but have worn your
Special Pad six weeks. The pain, swelling
and inflammation are gone and I am well.
Your Pad is the only cure for kidney disease.
J. A. FRASER, Manf. of Wooden Wares.

ALL PRAISE THEM HIGHLY.

Tamworth, April 13.

Gentlemen,—An accident 12 years ago
wrenched my back. I could hardly walk, and
never lifted anything. The Pad purchased
from Mr. Jas. Aylsworth has nearly made me
as strong as I ever was. I know of several
being used, and all praise them highly.
JAS. SUMMERS,
Enterprise, April 13.

Gentlemen,—Your Pad is helping me won-
derfully. My complaint is inflammation of
the kidneys. Jos. PIKE.

Prices—Child's Pad, \$1.50. Regular Pad,
\$2.00. Special Pad for Chronic Diseases,
\$3.00.

JOHN KNIGHT, sole agent Georgetown.

J. A. GOURLE, sole agent Summerside.

JOHN J. ARSENAULT, Tignish.

THE STARR KIDNEY PAD CO.,
TORONTO, ONT. [de 15 wky]

A CURE GUARANTEED. Magnetic Medicine!

For Old and Young, Male and Female.

Positively cures Nervousness in ALL its stages
Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Pro-
stration, Night Sweats, Supercatarrhes, Leucorrhoea,
Barrenness, Spinal Weakness, and General Loss
of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, Rejuven-
ates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Exhausted
Brain and Restores Surprising Force and Vigor to
Exhausted Generative Organs in either sex. With
each order for THREE packages, accompanied with five
dollars, we will send our Written Guarantee to refund
dollars, if the treatment does not effect a cure. It is
the only medicine in the market.
Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we
send to mail free to any address.

Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Drug
Stores, and by Apothecaries, Hall Co.,
and by the Proprietor, Mack's Magnetic Medicine Co.,
100 St. Nicholas St., New York.

Sold in Charlottetown by Apothecaries' Hall Co.,
Agents for Prince Edward Island, and by all Dispensaries
everywhere.

D. C. CHALMERS,
Agent,
Ch'town, June 17, 1882.—t

PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS

MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,
And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHTHERIA

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (For Internal and External Use). CURES
Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough,
Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the
Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

MAKE HENS LAY

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist,
now traveling in this country, says that most
of the Hens and Cattle Feeders sold here
are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's
Condition Powders are absolutely pure and
immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose: 1 heap-
ful to 1 pint food. Sold every where, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

CHEAPEST, SAFEST, SIMPLEST LIFE INSURANCE

IN THE WORLD.

The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association
OF ST. JOHN, N. B.

\$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working
under Government License.

An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance
at its actual cost.

Good Canvassers Wanted.

LEONARD MORRIS,
General Agent for P. E. Island.

Summerside, Oct. 28, 1882.—ly

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, AT COST.

Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.

BEDSTEDS, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Sofas, Lounges, Parlor, and Drawing Room
Bedroom Suits, Looking Glasses and Mirrors, Window Furniture, Picture Frames and
Picture Mouldings.

JOHN NEWSON.

Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1883.—ly

TO LET,

The Business Premises Known as

"83 Queen Street,"

Lately in the Occupation of R. W. Tremaine.

JAS. DESBRISAY.

Charlottetown, Dec. 29, 1882.—t

THE EXAMINER JOB PRINTING OFFICE

HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH

A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material

OF THE LATEST INVENTION AND BEST DESCRIPTION,

AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED,

Under the Careful and Skilful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell,

TO PRINT

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS,
BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS,
NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS,
HAND BILLS, DODGERS, &c., &c.

On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices.

King's County Election Case.

(Ottawa Correspondence of the Toronto Mail)

The result was that the Committee
adopted the amendment of Mr. McCarthy,
declaring that Mr. McDonald was entitled
to the seat. The argument turned upon
the point whether the Act of 1872 applied
to the case or not. The Act of 1872 says:
"No person shall be eligible or be
capable of being nominated or voted
for, or of being elected to the
Senate or the House of Commons
who on the day of the nomination is a mem-
ber of the Legislative Council or Assembly
of any province in which by law members
of the Senate or House of Commons are
rendered incapable of being appointed to
the Legislative Council or of being a mem-
ber of the Legislative Assembly." The Act
further declares that the votes given for
such a candidate are thrown away, and
instructs the returning officer to return the
candidate having the next highest num-
ber of votes in any case where the ineligible
candidate has the highest number of votes.
On the face of it, the Act applies to the
Province of Prince Edward Island, and
that contention is strengthened by the fact
that the Act of 1873 expressly applies Acts
passed in the Parliament of Canada to the
Provinces which shall come into the union
as well as to those which had already
entered the union.

THE ACT OF 1874,

while it minimizes the judicial functions of
the returning officer, does not repeal the Act
of 1872. There is no doubt at all that this
Act of 1872 did not apply to the province
of Prince Edward Island up to 1876. The
condition of things which is presupposed
by the Act of 1872 had not up to that year
been operative in the Island province, but
in the year 1876 the Island Legislature
adopted a law which rendered the members
of the committee incapable of sitting in the
Legislative Assembly of that Province.
The moment that was done, the Dominion
Act of 1872 came into force, and the effect
is that, since that date of 1876, no man in
that Province could become a candidate for
the House of Commons who was at the
time a member of the Provincial Assembly.
It rested upon those adverse to this natural
and logical conclusion to show that the law
of 1872 was repealed or was inoperative,
and upon this point the discussion waxed
warm. The question involved a nice point
of law; but the burden of proof rested upon
those who declared that the plain enact-
ments of the law of 1872 were in operation,
because the law of 1874 was repealed. It was
for them to show when and where this
law was repealed. It was just here their
difficulty began. There is no repealing
clause anywhere in the subsequent Acts.
There was none quoted by those members
of the committee opposed to Mr. Mc-
Carthy's amendment to Mr. Weldon's
motion. If it could have been shown that
the explicit provisions of

THE ACT OF 1872

confirming in this respect the judicial
powers in the returning officer had been
repealed, the committee would doubtless
have at once decided unanimously that the
seat should be declared vacant. The inten-
tion of the Act of 1874 is undoubtedly to
deprive the officer of judicial powers, but
the two Acts must be read together, seeing
that both remain on the statute book. The
conclusion is inevitable that the returning
officer, while generally deprived of judicial
powers under the Act of 1874, is clothed
with judicial powers for the purpose of
carrying out the Act of 1872, relative to the
incapacity by local law created. The
majority arrived at the conclusion that
they must recognize the Act of 1872
as operative with evident reluctance.
Mr. Cameron, of Huron, admitted
his doubts on the point, and Mr.
Blake retired from the committee before
the vote was taken. It would certainly
have been better if the opinion that the
Act of 1874 repealed the Act of 1872 could
have prevailed. But in the face of the
facts that was impossible. In strict law,
the seat was Mr. McDonald's, and there
was no help for it. Mr. Richey held so
strongly to the equity side of the case that
he voted to declare the seat vacant, but
those who felt bound by the strict inter-
pretation of the law as it stands, represented
by Mr. Robertson, of Hamilton, Mr. Mc-
Carthy, and Mr. McMaster, were compelled
to vote that the seat were not vacant, and
that the general principle of the law of
1874, that the returning officer had no
judicial powers, was suspended in this case
by the Act of 1872.

The Princess en route for Ottawa.

THE VICE REGAL PARTY AT BOSTON.

The Princess Louise left Newport for
Boston, Saturday afternoon amid salutes of
the "Tenedos" and "New Hampshire." She
called her arrival to the Queen. A
crowd saw her off. Directly after
the train had drawn into the depot in Boston,
the Marquis, who arrived the evening pre-
vious, stepped aboard and soon after he and
the Princess came to the platform where a
large crowd of gentlemen saluted the party
by lifting their hats. Coaches were in
readiness and soon the members of the
party were made comfortable in the rooms
of the Brunswick, where the names of Her
Royal Highness and suite were registered
as follows: Princess Louise, Miss Harvey,
Miss McNeill, Lord J. Hervey, Capt. Jocelyn
Bagot. The Princess expressed herself
opposed to any attempt at demonstration
in her behalf. The rather tempestuous
voyage from Bermuda to Newport on the
"Tenedos" tired the princess in her present
state of health, and until noon on Monday
she stopped quietly at the hotel. In the
forenoon the Marquis with two gentlemen
of the Princess' party took a long walk,
and in the afternoon the whole party went
upon a pedestrian excursion, returning
shortly before six o'clock. Neither the
Marquis nor Princess attended church. It
was expected that they would be present at
service, at Trinity Church, and there was

an unusually large attendance there in the
forenoon. The party remained until Mon-
day when they left by train for Ottawa via
Montreal.

After resting from the fatigue of the journey
from Montreal, the Marquis waited on one
or two old friends in Boston. He said that
he wished it to be distinctly understood he
never desired any extra force of police to
be detailed on his account, and that he felt
himself almost as much at home in Boston
as he would be in London. The Marquis
was asked what ground there was for say-
ing that he had asked for an extension
of his services as Governor-General for
another year. "Why" said he, "there is
just as much reason for that as there is for
any other of the ridiculous rumors which
you have heard." In answer to other ques-
tions His Excellency said he had become
attached to the people of America, and he
hoped that the two countries lying so close
together might always have the same feel-
ing for each other that prevails to-day.

Death in the Portland Police Station.

About 7 o'clock, last evening, a man
named Joseph McDonald was brought in a
carriage to the Portland police station by
John Knowles, an employe of the Inter-
colonial Railway. He had fallen in a fit in
the railway passenger depot, and as there
was no place to put him in that vicinity he
was taken to the police station. Officer
Collins was in the station at the time, and
had to assist Knowles and the man with him
to carry McDonald into the lock-up. The
unfortunate man was unconscious at the
time, and the officer in charge tried to
bring him too by throwing water on him but
without avail. He was not put into a cell
but placed on a bench in the hall. At 8.30
Sergeant Hamilton put a man in one of the
cells and noticed that McDonald was all
right. At 10 o'clock, officer Collins visited
the cells and noticed that McDonald was
groaning as if in pain. He had fallen from
the bench to the floor, but as it is not an
unusual circumstance for a man under the
influence of liquor to groan, no particular
attention was paid to him. About 11
o'clock Captain Rawlings sent Policeman
Collins in to see how the sick man was, and
he was found lying on his back dead. He
did not appear to have changed his position
in the time when the officer last saw him
alive, and had apparently died without a
struggle. The body was lifted from the
floor to a bench, and the coroner notified.

McDonald is a ship carpenter by trade,
and, although a native of Prince Edward
Island, has been a resident of St. John
and Portland for some years. He has on
several occasions recently been before the
Portland police court, and by reputation is
a hard drinker. On Thursday evening
Officer Joseph Woods found him lying
asleep under the Intercolonial Railway
cattle sheds, in Gilbert's Lane, and locked
him up. When he was before the court
yesterday, he answered the questions put to
him by the magistrate, in a rational man-
ner. Mr. Joseph Sullivan, with whom he
has worked, became surety for the fine im-
posed, and McDonald was set free. It is
thought that instead of quitting drinking
he had continued, as he appeared under
the influence of liquor when he fell in the
fit. He is a single man and until recently
has been boarding with Amos Tower on
Main street, Portland. It is not known
that he has any relations living in St. John.
An inquest will be held to-day.—St. John
Telegraph, April 14.

Special Notices.

Five Cases Hats, two Cases Tweeds, opened
to-day at D. A. BRUCE'S. [April 6]

A LARGE quantity of seed wheat daily ex-
pected, direct from Canada.—W. P. COLWILL.
[Mar 29 6w wy 6]

HEADQUARTERS for White Russia Seed
Wheat this spring, is at GEORGE CARTER'S
Great George Street. [ap 6 w 2i dted]

GOLD and silver plating of every description
done at BROWN'S. Shop on corner of Prince
and Grafton Streets. [Feb 22 3m, wky]

"KENT MILLS"—The best family flour, at
Cheapside.—HENRY BEER. [Mar 12 10i]

ALWAYS avoid harsh purgative pills. They
first make you sick and then leave you con-
stipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate
the bowels and make you well. Dose, one
pill. [all 2w eod wky]

NINE or ten hundred teaspoons to be sold
cheap at COLWILL'S. [Feb 21 2w wy]

A SEWING MACHINE that Brown cannot
make work, you may just as well throw it
away. Shop of corner of Prince and Grafton
Streets. [Feb 22 3m, wky]

The cheapest place on P. E. Island for
Trunks and Valises, is at L. E. PROWSE'S
[Mar 5]

PLENTY of garden seed of various kinds at
COLWILL'S.

L. E. PROWSE received to-day a fine assort-
ment of Buttons, in steel, gilt, silver, &c. [ap 6]

ONE HUNDRED Barrels Apples, in prime
order, at BEER & GOFF'S. [Mar 29t]

BROWN is a man you don't *make* every day.
He says he will defy the inhabitants of P. E.
Island to carry him a gun to repair that he
cannot mend, or make next. Now boys beat
me if you can. Shop on corner of Prince and
Grafton Streets. [Feb 22 3m, wky]

PEAS, Beans, Beet, Carrot, Parsnip, and
Cabbage Seed, in large quantities at COLWILL'S.
[Mar 29 6 w wy 6]

FRESH Oranges and Lemons (very choice),
just received at Beer & Goff's. [ap 7]

A CHOICE selection of Clover and Timothy
Seed at COLWILL'S. [Mar 29 6w wy 6]

The great rush for Boots is to the Boot and
Shoe Factory. [Mar 22]

We are selling off our large stock of
Crockery at reduced prices, to make room for
our new supply in the Spring.—W. P.
COLWILL. [Feb 21 3w wy]

A GREAT SHOW of Spring Hats at L. E.
PROWSE'S. [Mar 20]

The only steam, sewing machine, and gun
repairing shop on P. E. Island, and the only
place where you can get every part of a
sewing machine or a gun made, is at BROWN'S
shop, corner of Prince and Grafton Streets.