THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 4, 1896.

GRIT OPPOSITION.

A telegram to THE EXAMINER of to-day announces that Sir Richard Cartwright has been asking for information about the Island cheese stored at Montreal, and the quantity and prices realized. No doubt Sir Richard was put up to this by those Grits in Ontario who, it is notorious, are opposed to the Island dairy industry and jealous of the rapid advancement, both in quality and quantity, of the cheese and butter made by the Island factories. Sir Richard Cartwright and his Grit friends are endeavoring to embarass the Government because the Government has fostered the Island factories and encouraged our farmers to co-operate. The hostile attitude of Sir Richard in this regard will be duly noted along with his references to "predatory instincts," "shreds and patches," and "wet and dry nurses of boodlers." How the Leader of the Maritime Liberals can work in harmony with one who loses no opportunity to heap indignity upon the Maritime Provinces is passing strange. Politics make strange bedfellows.

POWER OF THE PRESS.

THE changed tone of the United States press respecting the Venezuelan question may be taken as expressive of a great change in public opinion. Before the matter had been discussed, the press of the United States was ready to support a vote of $100,000,000 in preparation for the war with Great Britain which was expected to ensue if the line marked out by President Cleveland's Commission were not adhered to by the British. We are now told by the Review of Reviews that "No matter what findings their investigations may compel the Committee to reach, their can be no reason for any unpleasantness between the United States and Great Britain." This great change may be taken as another evidence of the good influence of the press and the importance of public discussion. The Review of Reviews says well that "in the month which our record of events includes—namely, the closing days of December and the greater part of January—the power of the press has been exhibited as never before in the world's History."

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—To make room for THE EXAMINER'S report of Mr. Craig's very important address on fruit-growing in P. E. Island, we are compelled to hold over a quantity of correspondence on civic and other questions, as well as some editorial matters.

—Montreal Gazette: Mr. Davies' suggestion, that Mr. Foster should apologize for hinting that Mr. McShane was disqualified when he was disqualified, is rather more impudent than Mr. Laurier's statement that Mr. McShane was not disqualified.

—The Toronto Globe suggests an enquiry into the state of the militia and the best means of improving it by a commission of independent experts, and the Montreal Gazette declares that there is considerable to be said in favor of the idea. The Fenian raid of 1866 roused the military spirit of the people, and the patriotic inspiration of Confederation year resulted in a large accession to the ranks of the volunteer forces. The battalions were generally larger, and, by all accounts, better drilled than they have been since. The annual reports, in recent years especially, show, to say the least, that there is very large room for improvement in almost every respect. If a commission would be able to find out the causes of the falling away, and suggest means for maintaining the steady popular interest in the force that can alone make it efficient, it would be worth many times the money it would cost.

TERRIBLE TURKISH ATROCITIES.

A Constantinople correspondent, telegraphing under date of January 29th, says letters have been received from Marash, confirming the stories that great slaughter occurred in the recent battle between the Turkish troops and Armenians, who captured and held the town of Zeitoun. The exact number of dead is not known. It cannot be stated with certainty, but it was very large. Twelve hundred wounded men have already reached Marash, and many more are following them to that place. Many wounded have died either in Marash or along the road from Zeitoun. A number of prisoners have been taken to Marash. Their treatment was something awful. All sorts of indignities were heaped upon them. In a large number of cases they were so shockingly maltreated that it is impossible to publish details. The governor of Marash has again vainly tried to bring about a reconciliation between the Turks and Armenians in Zeitoun. Most of the prominent Armenians in the village have been arrested.

VICTORIA DIVISION.—The meeting held last night at Victoria Division rooms was a decided success. About thirty of the members from Mayflower were present and a very nice programme was carried out, consisting of readings, recitations and music. Rev. W. J. Kirby occupied the chair, and Miss Lewis, of Wes. Royalty, presided at the organ. After the programme had been exhausted, refreshments were passed round by some of the young ladies, after which the meeting closed, the brethren joining hands and singing "Auld Lang Syne." It is only fair to add that much of the success which attended the occasion was due to the efforts of Miss Chappell, who had charge of the refreshments, &c.

A terrible fate is believed to have befallen a party of five gold prospectors who left Hormosello, Mex, several weeks ago for the interior of Tiburon Island, which is inhabited by the Seris tribe of Indians. There were six members of the exploring party originally, but one of the men has arrived at a ranch near Hormosello, and reports that he and his companions came upon a village of Indians; that they were all taken captives and preparations were begun to butcher them, when he succeeded in making his escape. He believes all the other members of the party were killed and their flesh eaten by the Indians.

White goods of every kind, at prices of the lowest kinds at to-morrow's sale.—Moore & McLeod.

HORTICULTURE IN P. E. I.

Summary of Professor Craig's Address.

VALUABLE INFORMATION FOR FARMERS AND FRUIT-GROWERS.

Lieutenant-Governor Howlan in the Chair.

A large and highly intelligent audience of ladies and gentlemen assembled in Philharmonic Hall this afternoon. His Honor the Lieut.-Governor occupied the chair. An interesting paper prepared by Mr. McRae, of the firm of Jones & McRae, Pownal, was read.

Professor Craig, on beginning his discourse, expressed himself as highly pleased with the reception accorded him since his arrival on the Island, especially at the kindly attitude taken by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and the city and agricultural press. After outlining some of the general principles upon which successful agriculture is based, which were, in the main, obtaining the largest possible product of the highest quality from the smallest possible area of ground, he entered upon a discussion of the fruit-producing capabilities of the Island, as far as his observation and experience could guide him.

The Professor was strongly of the opinion, and wished most emphatically to impress his audience with his firm belief that not only could all the small fruits be successfully grown, but most of the large ones, in nearly all parts of the Island. At the same time, he cautioned his hearers that no one should take up fruit growing with the idea that after planting the trees, nature, the favorable soil and salubrious climate of this latitude would do the rest. In many respects the Island possesses unusual advantages for the successful culture of fruits. The natural drainage of the soil by reason of the substratum of porous gravel in many parts of the Island furnishes unequalled facilities for carrying off surface water, thus doing away in a large measure with the necessity of artificial drainage. He cautioned his hearers, however, against holding too strongly the idea that with these many natural advantages fruit trees therefore would need relatively less care. In these days of keen competition, only the most intelligent, persevering and careful cultivators secure the highest rewards and greatest returns.

Professor Craig then briefly reviewed the position of agriculture as it related to the other natural sciences, and showed that as in agriculture properly the progressive farmer of to day must not only labor but must also study and think; so much the more then were these qualifications needed in carrying on horticultural practices, which being the refinement of agriculture, called for keener insight and more delicate handling of the members of the plant kingdom to which the horticulturist bent his energies, and from which he expected to reap his reward.

Taking up the soil and treating it as the bank upon which the agriculturist as well as the horticulturist drew his checks, the professor pointed out the principal elements of fertility contained in the soil, and drawn therefrom in varying proportions by the different crops cultivated by the farmer. He showed that of the three principal elements, nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash, the latter in fruit culture was the most important, and that when the apple tree (using this fruit as an example) reached the bearing age it drew very largely upon the potash of the soil. This led the speaker to say that as wood ashes were a prolific source of potash and chiefly valuable in their unleached condition, the farmer should exercise caution in preserving them and should not fail to apply them in liberal quantities to his orchard and garden.

By the use of charts the relative amount of these materials drawn from the soil was illustrated.

As a nitrogen collecting crop the use of clovers, peas and beans was strongly recommended. When these were plowed under, the farmer was able to secure a large amount of valuable fertilizing material at practically the cost of the seed of the clover, or of the crop used. In the preparation of the orchard ground, he recommended having it deeply ploughed and cultivated with a hoed crop previous to planting the fruit trees. With regard to the site and aspect he had observed in the western portion of the Island, that on southern slopes some trees had been injured by sunscalding on the south and west sides of the trunk. This injury in those orchards was brought about by the effect of March suns beating upon the exposed stems and barks of the trees to such an extent as to start the sap. Cold weather following this warm period the consequent freezing caused expansion of the liquid sap and its attendant injury to the bark and young growing tissues. When such injury was possible he advised the planting of orchards especially of early varieties, upon northern slopes instead of southern, where the temperature would be more equable than on the Southern slope. He empahasized the necessity of careful planting, gave instruction for the pruning and cultivation of the orchard after it was planted and then entered upon a discourse of the injurious pests which the farmer and fruitgrower has to deal with. He had observed that many of the orchards on Prince Edward Island were badly infected with bark lice and black knot. These two pests were representatives of two widely separated but very injurious classes. The oyster-shell back louse represented one of the most injurious insects belonging to the suctorial class of insect pests. The treatment for all this class of insect was the use of oily sprays thrown over the trees. The case of the black knot which represented a more virulent disease belonging to the vegetable kingdom, and more particularly to that section known as plant parasites, the only remedy was a preventive one, and consisted in cutting out and destroying by fire, all the diseased portions of the tree. He was glad, in this connection, to see that P E Island had taken initiatory steps for the extermination of this disease by passing a law making it compulsory for fruit-growers to destroy it wherever it appears.

Among other insects discussed which injured the foliage by eating it, and for which Paris Green was recommended, the codling moth, the bud moth, the canker worm, and gooseberry worm, were mentioned, their life history sketched, and the best methods of treatment outlined.

By the aid of charts the lecturer gave point to his remarks on the subjects mentioned. Referring to small fruit culture, he presented in graphic form, a plan for a farmers small fruit garden, covering an area a quarter of an acre in extent, and conveniently arranged to include to the best advantage, a sufficient quantity of these healthful products to supply the farmer and his family the year around. In discussing the different classes of these fruits useful hints were given for the cultivation and management of each. The liberal use of manure was advocated; thorough cultivation was essential. In the case of raspberries, blackberries, gooseberries and currants annual pruning was necessary in order to remove the old wood and to give renewed vigor to the young canes. With regard to strawberries, he believed that the climate and soil here were admirably fitted for the production of large and luscious berries. He advised planting them in rows three and a half feet apart, being careful to select varieties which would fertilize each other in order to secure full crops. Gooseberries could certainly be grown with great success and much profit.

In summing up the lecturer advised the cultivation of the earlier winter apples instead of the later kinds, as the amount of summer heat might be insufficient to bring the latest varieties to perfection. He recommended Duchess, Wealthy, Ribston Pippin, Blenheim Pippin, King and McIntosh Red, saying that such late kinds as Ben Davis and Scott's Winter would hardly reach full maturity. He recommended the top grafting of many of the old and at present unproductive apple trees on the Island, and in order to encourage the commencement of this work, gave an object lesson illustrating the ease with which it might be done, showing that no great skill was necessary and that each farmer with a little practice might be able to aid production by introducing new varieties on the tops of these old trees at present practically useless.

The speaker closed his address by urging upon farmers to take up this work intelligently and thus add another profitable source of income to the farm and develop a mine of wealth as yet practically undiscovered. As an encouraging thought along this line he pointed out that in the near future the markets of Great Britain would, without doubt, be open, and conviniently open to the fruit-producer of Prince Edward Island as well as of the other Maritime Provinces. The comprehensive project now in contemplation by the Government for the placing on the British markets by means of cold storage warehouses on this side and fast steamers supplied with cold storage compartments for beef, mutton and dairy products, will be used also for carrying the perishable fruits of the Maritime Provinces as well as Prince Edward Island, more particularly, plums and pears. When these facilities are secured, Prince Edward Island farmers should be in a position to take advantage of them. Their geographic situation brought their small fruits to maturity at a time when, if placed upon the markets of the United Kingdom, they would be considered as luxuries, and being able to grow these fruits with such ease no time should be lost in preparing to meet the changed condition of the future.

The lecturer expressed himself as willing and glad at all times to give what service he could to intending fruit growers on the Island by means of information and advice and the more that they would take advantage of his experience in this work the better would he be pleased and the more fully would he be serving the people of the Dominion, by whom he was employed.

AN ANNUAL SUCCESS

One reason of the success that always attends Beer Bros. annual White Goods Sale is found in the preparations made months before by this pushing firm. This year their exhibit of staple goods is the largest ever made by them, and the prices are low enough to satisfy the most critical. One counter is given to new Print Cottons another to Zephyrs and Chambreys, another to Embroideries and Flowerings, and another to Ladies' White Wear. Upstairs is given to a display of Ladies' Wrappers and Children's Dresses. No one who appreciates pretty goods and low prices, should miss this sale.

SUPREME COURT.

The Supreme Court met yesterday at 2.30 p. m., Mr. Justice Hodgson presiding without a jury. The suit for which the Court met to hear was brought by John A. McDonald, Administrator of Donald McDonald, against Walter B. Robertson, Sheriff of Queen's County, and arose out of a seizure of certain goods by the Sheriff under an execution issued at the instance of a man named McPherson against John A. McDonald. It is claimed that the goods belonged to the deceased Donald McDonald and not to John A. McDonald, and this action is brought against the sheriff on that claim. The hearing of the plaintiff's case was continued to-day and will likely last over to-morrow.

McLean, Q. C., and Morson, Q. C., for the plaintiff; Attorney-General Peters, Warburton and H C. McDonald for the defendant.

Catarrh Cured for 25 Cents

Neglect cold in the head and you will surely have catarrh. Neglect nasal catarrh and you will as surely induce pulmonary diseases or catarrh of the stomach with its disgusting attendants, foul breath, hawking, spitting, blowing, etc. Stop it by using Dr. Chases Catarrh Cure, 25 cents a box cures. A perfect blower enclosed with each box.

LADIES, clean your kid gloves with Jos Shine Glove Cleaner. It is not a liquid gives no odor, and can be used while the glove is on the hand. For sale only at A. W. Reddin's drugstore. tf.

Our great annual white goods sale commences to-morrow morning. Don't miss it—Moore & McLeod.

ICE.

We are now cutting Ice on Mutch's Pond at Kelly's Cove, only a few minutes' drive from the city, and will deliver it there cheap. We are also cutting on Higgins' Pond, three miles out.

J. H. MYRICK.

Feb. 4—3i

HOT AIR, HOT WATER,

In House or Office

Sometimes causes headaches, etc. Salines before breakfast, are

Pleasant,
Cooling,
Refreshing,
Invigorating.

Eno's, Dunn's, Montserrat, fresh stock.

A. W. REDDIN, Phm. B,

CENTRAL DRUG STORE.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE CIVIC ELECTION.

SIR,—The time has come when our city is in great excitement about choosing a Mayor and Councillors. I wish to speak to the temperance people of this city. You must be aware that one of the candidates for ward four, Mr. D. Nicholson, is a member of the Charlottetown Club, that ornaments our city, and not only a member but the President of it. Sons of Temperance I expect you are on your guard. Your principles will not allow you to put men of this stamp in our City Council. If you do it will be a stain on your garments that will not be easily washed off. Brethren, I believe better things of you, though I thus write I only want to remind you of your duty.

I now turn to the citizens in general and I ask you the rule that you are going to take to choose which of the two candidates for mayor you intend to have. What is the matter with Mr. Dawson? What has he done? One person writing in THE EXAMINER says that he has been eight years in that office and it is time to have a change, and he recommends that some other person should have it now. But this arrangement is "too thin" for me. Having eight years' experience would not disqualify him for that office. But according to the principle that practice makes perfect he would be all the better qualified to fill that office, that is, if you have not got anything worse than being in that office eight years. His crime is small. But some say that we want Mr. Hazard—he will make a better Mayor. We will look into the case, and see whether Mr. Haszard will be likely to do so or not. I have only to judge from his actions in the Council. We will take his action on the Park Roadway. Could any man act more arbitrary than Mr. Haszard did? He made light of the decision of the three Judges. He must have thought that they knew no better, or that they were all biassed. He looked on their decision with contempt, and would not give up till Mr L H Davies was fed, and twenty dollars more had to be paid by the city, and if you would be lead by Mr Haszard, you would be involved in a lawsuit that might cost the city a large sum. I think it would be wisdom to keep clear of such a man. I hope that you will be cautious and make a wise choice.

Since writing the above, I find that Mr. Haszard is a member of that celebrated club. Sons of Temperance, awake and do not soil your garments, and leave us to mourn over your fall.

"How art thou fallen, thou son of the morning, how art thou cast to the ground?"

OBSERVER

THE COLOR LINE IN BOSTON.

Bishop B. W. Arnett, D. D, of Wilberforce, Ohio, arrived in Boston one day last week to attend the Christian Endeavor celebration. He applied for room at the Parker House, Young's Hotel and the Adams House, but was unable to secure quarters at either place, and finally obtained a room at the Revere House. When questioned about the matter the clerk at Young's Hotel stated that the colored man had not been absolutely refused admission, but was given to understand through the committee who represented him that they did not care to quarter colored men, as the regular patrons of the hotel objected to anything of the sort. "If he had insisted upon coming in we would have told the committee that he could have a room for $25, and then by the time he had reached the desk to register the house would have been filled, you know." Bishop Arnett is president of the Board of Trustees of Wilberforce University and of the Board of Directors of the Theological Seminary. He also presided over the Parliament of Religions in 1893.

OPEN AIR CARNIVAL.—The management of the Carnival on Government Pond on Wednesday night, wish to announce that in order to give colour to the proceedings Mr. Nathaniel DeCoursey is expected to be present, with his filley, in the character of "Oats Wanted." They also wish to state that there will be no objection whatever to members of "the Gentlemens' Club" taking part, provided they bring their tank with them. Mr. Facing-Both-Ways, Mr. Soak Head and other members of the Citizens' League are invited to be present and deliver orations on "what they don't know about temperance." Dudes dressed in a straw hat will be strictly barred.

Cured Weak Back for 25 Cents

For two years I was dosed, pilled and plastered for weak back, scalding urine and constipation, without benefit. One box of Chase's Kidney Liver Pills relieved, three boxes cured. R. J. Rmith, Toronto One pill a dose, price 25 cents.

St. Dunstan's

—VERSUS—

Prince of Wales,

In a Challenge Game of Hockey at the Rink,

On Friday Evening, Feb. 7th.

—ALSO—

One Mile Amateur Race

for a Medal and the Championship of the City, between GAUDET and ROBINSON.

A good evening's fun guaranteed.

J. B. DAWSON,
GEO. J. ROGERS,
Managers.

feb1—6245

THE GAME OF WHIST.

KING PRIZES,
QUEEN PRIZES,
BOOBY PRIZES.

The best assorted stock of Whist Cards in the city.

REDDIN BROS

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

feb3

TEETH $10 per Set. Partial Sets $2 and upwards. Gold and Porcelain Crowning. Best material, best workmansn. best satisfaction.

DR. J. P. MURRAY,
Queen Street, Charlottetow

u25

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Cartright Gets His Answer.

The Government Loses Nothing by P. E. Island Cheese.

Some Wild Rumors—Minister of Agriculture Ill.

OTTAWA, Feb. 4.

Hon. Mr. Foster informed Sir Richard Cartwright, in reply to his question, that 800 cheese were in store in Prince Edward Island, where they were held to meet the requirements of the local trade. The product of the dairy stations in P. E. Island had, he said, been sold to Hodgson Brothers, of Montreal, for the past three years because they bid the highest price of any Canadian firm. Last year's make had been sold to this firm on terms which are to be kept private until the cheese are disposed of by them. The amount realized will be quite sufficient to pay the Government advances, charges, etc., and would leave a considerable amount for distribution among the patrons of the different factories.

On motion of Mr. Perry, a motion was carried for a return of correspondence and engineers' reports in connection with the Tignish Breakwater.

The story from Toronto that Archbishop Walsh will shortly issue a letter declaring it to be his conviction that the Manitoba School Question occupies a secondary place to other issues in Federal politics is discredited here.

Another statement that His Excellency and Mr. Laurier had written to the Archbishop to take the step suggested in the interests of "peace among the sects" almost bears its refutation on its face.

Mr. Laurier was asked by a correspondent as to the accuracy of the report, and he gave it emphatic contradiction.

The remedial bill was under the consideration of the Council again yesterday, when it is said the measure was got into something like ship-shape for presentation to Parliament.

Hon. Mr. Montague is in very bad health, and goes to New York to-day to consult a specialist.

Protection of British Subjects.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Feb. 4.

The British warship Mohawk was despatched hastily yesterday from this port to Havana. It is thought by many that the cause of the sudden departure was that there had been a revolt among the Spanish volunteers in the Cuban capital, and that the Mohawk is sent there to protect the lives and property of British subjects.

Bayard's Resignation.

LONDON, Feb. 4.

The United Press learns that Ambassador Bayard has authorized President Cleveland to announce his resignation in the event of a vote adverse to him passing the House of Representatives, censuring him for his utterances in recent speeches.

Loss by Fire.

MONTREAL, Feb. 4.

The Island City white lead and varnish works were last night gutted by fire. The loss is $50,000.

Sir Donald Ill.

MONTREAL, Feb. 4.

Sir Donald Smith is again confined to his room, and his friends are anxious.

Carter's "Tested" Seeds.

You can buy Seeds at almost any price, **BUT**—they are **not CARTER'S SEEDS.**

We seek the trade of merchants, farmers and gardeners who appreciate the value of **First Class Seeds,** and supply (wholesale and retail) the high quality of goods which has built up for us **the largest seed trade in the Maritime Provinces.**

Our prices are fair—as low as you can buy good seeds for—higher than you should pay for poor.

It is not their cost, number, how they are put up, or how advertised, that makes good seeds—it's what the seeds themselves are.

Our best customers are those who know us best.

It is our business to sell **the best seeds that grow.** This has been our business during the past sixteen years. We can safely claim that **we know seeds.**

We are now registering applications for our **Illustrated Seed Catalogue for 1896**—ready in February. Free to all. Address

GEO. CARTER & CO.,

SEEDSMEN,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

A Field of Flax.

You'll find a Field of Flax on Paton & Co's. counters, comprising 100 dozen Table Napkins, Table Linens, Towelings, etc, etc.

To-morrow closes our offer for Napkins at advertised prices.

See to it that you get a dozen. Only $1.00, $1.50 and $2.25.

JAS. PATON & CO.

CARRYING FIRE INSURANCE

is like putting $1,000 of another man's money into the bank to your credit for a contingency. Failing to carry it is like staking your whole business on an uncertain game.

E. R. BROW,
Insurance Agent.

Office, Brown's Block

The shoes we have are the shoes you want, and our prices are always right.

J. M. McLEOD & CO.

Money Saving Distributers of Foots, Shoes & Rubbers, Charlottetown.

TICKLING

In the Throat

Irritates in day time,
Prevents sleep at night.
Is immediately relieved by

Watson's Balsamic Syrup.

The best Cough Medicine. 25 cts. per bottle.

WATSON'S DRUG STORE.

Charlottetown, February 4, 189[illegible].

LEAGUE OF THE CROSS.

Grand Musical Entertainment IN THE LYCEUM, On Wednesday Evening, Feb. 5th.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

1 Grand Overture—"Good Fortune"...Goetz
The L C Band.
2 Piano Solo—"Chasse au Papillon"....
.....H Ketlen
Miss F Gallant.
3 Vocal Solo—"Le Masque de Fer".....
Miss E Benoit.
4 Recitation—"Moa's Waters".....
Miss C Kelly.
5 Vocal Solo—"The Old Turnkey."C A White
Mr Brent McInnis
6 Mandolin Selections.....
7 Vocal Solo—"This Time Last Year".....
Miss Annie Hyndman.
8 Recitation.....
Miss Florence McKenzie.
9 Vocal Solo—"In the presence of the King"
.....Kensuti.
Miss Adelle Sullivan.

PART II.

10 Grand Selection—"Bohemian Girl"..Balfe
The L C Band.
11 Violin Solo—Canonzetta.....
Prof Winnicombe.
12 Character Song—"Hi-al-ar-ity"McGlennon
Mr W C Whitlock.
13 Instrumental Quartette—"Boys' Own".....
.....M. M. G
Members of L C Band.
14—Vocal Solo—Selected.....
Mr F Trainor.
15 Cornet Solo—"Sounds of the Alps"....
.....Th Michaelis
Mr M M Galbraith.
16 Reading—"The Generous Soldier Saved"..
Mr C B Warren.
17 Fantasia—"The Witch Dance".....Goetz
The L C Band.
18 Optical Illusion.....

Positively no encores.
Admission—Reserved Seats, 25 cents; unreserved, 15 cents.
Doors open at 7.30. Concert at 8 o'clock.
jan31—5623

Feb. 13, 14, 15, at Crapaud.

DR. McDONALD, Dentist, will be in Crapaud on the above dates at Dr. Robertson's. Shall not visit Crapaud again before October.

J. E. McDONALD, D. D. S.
Summerside, Jan. 27, 1896.

ÆNEAS A. MACDONALD, Barrister-at-Law.

OFFICE, GREAT GEORGE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

Money to Loan.
Fire and Life Insurances taken.
Agent for Credit Foncier Franco-Canadien, Lancashire Fire Insurance Co., Great Western Life Assurance Co.
dec6—26 & vy

Inland Steam Navigation Co.

The Annual General Meeting of the Inland Steam Navigation Company will be held in the room (up-stairs) in Mr. John McEachern's Building, corner of Queen and King Streets, on THURSDAY, the 20th inst., at 3 o'clock, p. m.

L. C. OWEN,
Secretary.

Ch'town, Feb. 1, 1896—613 tl dte

DR. H. D. JOHNSON

EYE AND EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

Office -- Kent Street

Aug 16, '94—1y

NOTICE.

Having sold out my business, LePage's Old Stand, to Mr. Frank Beales, I would respectfully thank the farmers and public generally for their generous patronage and solicit the same for my successor.

D. W. FINLAYSON.

jan18

BIG DISCOUNT SALE NOW ON!

SKATING BOOTS at 20 per cent. discount. Now is your time to buy a pair.

Our $2.50 Boots now $2.00.
Our $2.00 Boots now $1.60.
Our $1.50 Boots now $1.20.

LADIES, do not let this opportunity pass to secure a pair of good Boots cheap.

A. E. McEACHEN,

jan23 THE SHOE MAN.

MONTAGUE Carriage Factory

We are showing this season a finer line of Sleighs than shown by us heretofore. The assortment consists of

Single and Double Box Sleighs, Round Back, Square, etc.

Prompt attention to Repairs. Painting a specialty. Terms reasonable.

JOHN McLEAN & SON.

dec6—dy & wky

Cold, Cold. Felt, Felt.

Twenty per cent. reduction off all our Women's New Felt Boots and Shoes for cash only.

NOTE—See our window of Slippers at 35 per cent. discount

GOFF BROS.

Charlottetown, January 23, 1896—246

WHITE GOODS SALE.

We quote you a few profitable investments for this week, bought before the big rise in cotton.

Stanley Brothers

Never Equalled.

And cannot be duplicated. 72-inch Atlantic Sheeting,

Heavy makes for this sale 20 cents per yard.

81-inch heavy Atlantic,

guaranteed without fitting 24 cents per yard.

Stanley Brothers

Bought Before the

big advance of cotton goods

40-inch Pillow Cotton, no better goods made for the money 12 cents per yard.

42-inch heavy Pillow Cotton,

for this sale 13 cents per yard.

Stanley Brothers

Ladies' Night Dresses.

65 Night Dresses, good cotton, cluster of tucks, trimmed cambric filling 57 cents.

60 night dresses, tucked, large sailor collar, good cotton 67 cents.

Stanley Brothers

Ladies' Drawers

Ladies' Drawers, good cotton, well made, tucks and frill 30 cents per pair.

Ladies' Drawers, fine cotton, tucks and trimmed embroidery 50 cents per pair.

Stanley Brothers

LADIES' SKIRTS.

Ladies' underskirts, made of extra heavy cotton, three tucks, full width, 46 cents.

Ladies' Underskirts, frills and tucks, fine cotton, well made 50 cents.

Stanley Brothers

TOWELS.

Bleached cotton Bath Towels, size 34x18 10 cents.

Bleached Bath Towels, heavy, size 34x18, 16 cents.

Stanley Brothers

TABLE LINEN,

Half bleached, 54 inches wide, good patterns 23 cents per yard.

Cream Table Linen, 60 inches wide, fine and heavy 34 cents per yard.

Stanley Broth