

THE DAILY EXAMINER. MARCH 11, 1890.

Notes and Comments.

The English mail for this Province arrived at Halifax in ample time to have been forwarded yesterday by the Stanley. But it was not forwarded. Official carelessness or stupidity—which?

The Portuguese difficulty is not yet solved. A London despatch states that the Portuguese minister has failed in negotiations with Lord Salisbury for the settlement of the African territorial dispute, and that he will return to Lisbon immediately.

The project to found a Catholic Bank in Paris is not likely to be much more successful than the scheme to organize a Protestant life insurance company was in Ontario a short time ago. As the Montreal Gazette remarks, the law of finance is no respecter of religions.

The will of the late ex-Governor James E. English, of Connecticut, gives the New Haven hospital \$20,000 to found free hospital beds; the scientific department of Yale, \$20,000 to found a chair in mathematics; Yale library, \$10,000; New Haven orphan asylum, \$5,000; St. Francis orphan asylum (Catholic), \$5,000. These are noble bequests.

Referring to the dual language question and the recent act of parliament respecting it, the British Colonist says: It is too much to hope that the question has been ended for ever, but if the leading men of the Dominion continue to act as they have acted since this race and religious question has been brought before parliament, the short-sighted and intolerant agitators, although they can cause disturbance and create anxiety, can never do the country permanent harm.

The deepest bore hole in the world, claimed at different times for a number of places, is, according to latest accounts, at Schladebach, a small German village near Leipzig. It measures 1,749.4 metres, or about 5,735 feet. The time expended in boring to this depth amounted to six years, at a cost of \$52,500. A peculiar experience encountered in connection with this and other deep holes in different parts of Germany is, according to Umland's Wochenschrift, that the observed temperatures, while steadily increasing with the depths, show a small ratio of increase in the lower strata.

The idea gained from the results of the state elections last fall, that the Democrats were growing in strength throughout the country, is borne out somewhat by the outcome of the municipal elections in New York state cities on Monday. The Democrats were more than ordinarily successful, Rochester electing the first mayor of that political persuasion for fourteen years. The fair inference is that some general causes are at work on the side of the national opposition, chief among which are the blunders of the Republicans. These, the past year, would have done credit to the Canadian Liberal record in that line.

The New York Tribune remarks that disagreeable though the climate of England may appear to the uninitiated, yet it is apparently conducive to longevity. In addition to Mr. Gladstone, whose mental and physical vigor at an advanced age are well known throughout the world, there are some nine or ten octogenarian members of the House of Commons. In the House of Lords no less than thirty of the peers are over 80 years old, Lord Lotelose, who is the father of the House, being 91, and the Earl of Albemarle, who fought as an ensign at Waterloo, 90 years of age. On the active list of the British Navy we find the name of Admiral Sir Provo Wallis, of Shannon and Chesapeake fame, who is now about to enter on his 99th year, while on the bench there are no less than four judges who passed the age of four score years.

It appears that low prices for agricultural produce do not prevail in Canada alone, and United States Senator Teller, in a recent debate, contended that agricultural depression is not confined to the United States. It prevails in all the countries of the world except France. A recent parliamentary enquiry has shown that the British farmers have within twelve years sunk more than half their capital. The trouble is neither free trade nor protection. Since the United States resumed specie payment in 1873, there has been a continuous drop in the prices of farm produce. The wheat crop of this year, with only a difference of 8,000,000 bushels in quantity, was \$180,000,000 in value less than that of the wheat crop of 1889. The corn crop of this year was 500,000,000 more than that of 1882, but it brought the farmers less. Evidently, says the Milling World, the American depression, great as it is, is far less than the European depression, whatever the cause of the depression may be.

The Provincial Exhibition.

The memorial of the Provincial Exhibition and Driving Park Association should be very favorably considered by the City Council. That it is expedient to have the Provincial Exhibition held annually at Charlottetown is a proposition which no citizen will dispute. To this end, it is particularly necessary that the first exhibition held under the auspices of the Exhibition Association should prove to be in every way successful. The memorial sets forth that—

"The exhibition will continue for four days instead of two, as formerly. The Government of the Province have agreed to give the sum of \$2,000 yearly for five years towards making up a prize list for an annual exhibition to be held here, and the Association have agreed to supplement that amount by a further sum of \$1,000 out of their own funds, and also provide suitable buildings for exhibition purposes.

"The total sum therefore already secured for making up a prize list amounts to three thousand dollars (\$3,000). The Association have provided very spacious and conveniently situated grounds upon which to hold the exhibitions and have entered into a contract for the erection of a large exhibition building in which there will be ample room to properly display all the exhibits (whether of the products of the soil, the sea, or manufactures of this Island), which for many years to come may be shown. In addition to the main building the directors are entering into contracts for the erection of buildings capable of comfortably housing all the horses, cattle, calves, sheep, pigs, and poultry that may be offered for exhibition. The Association will have expended on the grounds and buildings, when completed, about thirty-five thousand (\$35,000) dollars. The prize list buildings and grounds will be an immense improvement upon, and in marked contrast with, anything of the kind yet seen on this Island, and will not be surpassed, if equalled, in the Maritime Provinces. The holding of a first-class exhibition, such as that proposed, will be a great advantage to the whole province, and the directors are of the opinion that it will also prove a special direct benefit to the business men and other citizens of Charlottetown, inasmuch as the large number of visitors who are expected from all parts of the Island and from the neighboring provinces, will give an impetus to trade, afford employment to a large number of citizens and be an indirect, but none the less substantial benefit to all owners of property.

"The advantages of having an exhibition of this nature are fully recognized in other places, and large grants are made from the civic funds to increase the amount offered in prizes. This is done not only in large cities, such as Toronto, Montreal, St. John and Halifax, but even in small towns. Truro, in Nova Scotia, a much smaller place than Charlottetown, so successfully having the exhibition held there, contributed out of the town funds no less than three thousand dollars."

The Directors do not, of course, expect that Charlottetown will give as much towards the Exhibition as Truro. But they hope, not unreasonably, that the Council will grant a substantial sum to augment the funds already secured to enable them to hold out the inducement of large prizes.

Sir John and the Workmen.

The workmen of Ottawa gave a banquet on the 5th inst. The Premier and several other members of the Cabinet were present. Sir John was very happy in his remarks. Towards the conclusion of his speech he said:

"The term of office of the present Government would not last much longer. The electors must be appealed to within a couple of years, and the property of the country since 1878 having been so marked and due regard to a degree to the legislation and administration of the last twelve years, he thought the Government could confidently appeal to the people of Canada for a renewal of its term of office. (Loud cheers.) He was satisfied that the workmen of Canada would rally round the Government. He was conscious that they felt that instead of despondency and despair they recognized that prosperity, due to the National Policy was here. In all that the Government had done, whether they were right or wrong in any step that they took, he could say for himself and his colleagues that they had always acted according to the best of their judgment, and they believed for the benefit of our beloved Canada. (Loud cheers.) He had no doubt that the Government would receive the support of the working classes at the next general election—(loud cheers)—and if they only acted together, as they had done in the past, victory was certain. (Loud applause.) He believed the prosperity of the country depended on the continuance in power of the Liberal-Conservative party, which had for its basis the National Policy and was resolved to carry it out. A reversal of the policy of the last twelve years, it was quite certain, would only result in ruin, depression, despondency and despair. (Hear, hear.) He did not fear any such reversal. He knew too well that the intelligence of the people of Canada would never lead them to reverse that policy. (Hear, hear.) When he was young he was proud to believe and know that he would leave behind him a body of men imbued with the same principles as those he held, resolved to carry out the great principles of Canada for the Canadians and equal rights for all. (Loud cheers.) One other satisfaction he had was that wherever he went through the country he found that the young men of Canada were Conservatives. No matter what had been the political precivities of their forefathers, the young men saw that the Liberal-Conservative party was the party of progress, and they were not going to lag behind with the do-nothing policy. (Loud cheers.) Sons of extreme Reformers were giving up the cries of their fathers and rallying around the party of progress, the Canadian party, the party of patriotism." (Loud cheers.)

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain; and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind. Marl 909yodwkyly

The rush to Goff Bros' is increasing. Boots still selling at bankrupt prices. New lines being put in our job lots. Will give you boots at price of the leather, and not charge you for stitching, at Goff Bros'. mar11

BEER BROS.

SPECIALTY FOR THIS WEEK: CORSETS! CORSETS!

Try Our B. B. Corset, the Best One Dollar Corset in the Market.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.

Moral—"I'm sure in the Travelers." Travelers' Insurance Co. OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Largest, Safest and Best Accident Company in the World.

ASSETS, \$10,383,000 SURPLUS, 2,041,000

A POLICY GRANTING: \$1,000 in event of death, \$1,000 for loss of two eyes, \$1,000 for loss of two hands, \$1,000 for loss of two feet, \$1,000 for loss of one hand and foot, \$333.33 for loss of one foot, \$333.33 for loss of one hand, And \$5.00 per week for disabling injury, costs a PROFESSIONAL OR BUSINESS MAN but \$5.00 per annum, and profits for larger policies.

These Policies cover all kinds of accidents caused by external, violent and accidental means, and limits of travel cover all the civilized portions of the globe.

For further information apply to FENTON T. NEWBERRY, Agent for P. E. Island.

Rare Chance.

THAT VALUABLE PROPERTY situate on the corner of Pownall and King Streets, known as the "Terrace House," is now in the market, and will be sold at a bargain. This property is so well known that further description is unnecessary.

For further particulars apply to the owner on the premises. MRS. CATHERINE McKENNA. mch11—dy law wky

EXTENSIVE Trade Sale!

The Subscriber, contemplating a change in his business, will sell by Auction, At his Warerooms, Charlottetown, on Wednesday, 12th March AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M. (If the weather is unfavorable, the sale will take place next day.)

- A PORTION OF HIS STOCK, VIZ:— 50 Puns } Molasses. 10 Tierces } 10 Brls } 350 bbls "Kent" and other Flour. 50 bags Rice. 50 Casks } Kerosene Oil. 50 Cases } 50 bbls Herring. 25 bbls Beans. 75 boxes Valencia Raisins. 20 boxes London Layers } 20 1/2 boxes " 55 trials Figs. 10 casks Vinegar. 10 boxes Cheese. 25 boxes Soda Biscuits. 10 tins Ground coffee. 10 cases Pickles. 25 caddies Chewing & Smoking Tobacco. 100 cases Lamp Chimneys. 100 dozen Lamp Burners. 100 sides Sole Leather. Soaps, Spices, Pepper, Mustard, Starch Baking Soda, Corn Starch, Castor Oil, Axle Grease, Cream Tartar, Pails, Wash Tubs, T. D. Pipes, Coppers, Cocoanuts, Preserve Jars, Alpha, Corks, Latherine, Wax, Sperm and Tallow Candles, Black Lead, Bluing, Shoe Brushes, and other goods. Terms Liberal, and made known at sale.

Fenton T. Newberry. E. H. NORTON & CO, Auctioneers. m6—dw

Notice of Assignment.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Benjamin Balderston, of Charlottetown, Merchant, has assigned all his stock of goods and other personal property contained in his Store and Warehouse, south side of Queen Street, to me, in trust for his creditors. The assignment and stock list can be inspected at my office. A. A. McLEAN. Ch'town, March 10, 1890—dy 2i

Westbourne House For Sale.

OFFERS to purchase this House are invited by the undersigned. If it is not sold in a short time, offers to rent it for two years certain, partially furnished, would be entertained. Apply to PALMER & McLEOD, or W. M. RAYDEN. mch9—1w pd

STATEMENT OF The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President. For the Year ending December 31st, 1889.

Table with columns: ASSETS, Increase in Assets, Surplus, Receipts, Increase during year, Paid Policy-Holders, Risks assumed, Increase during year, Risks in force, Increase during year, Policies in force, Increase during year, Policies written in 1889, Increase over 1888.

THE ASSETS ARE INVESTED AS FOLLOWS:

Table with columns: Real Estate and Bond and Mortgage Loans, United States Bonds and other Securities, Loans on Collateral Securities, Cash in Banks and Trust Companies at interest, Interest accrued, Premiums deferred and in transit, etc.

I have carefully examined the foregoing statement and find the same to be correct. A. N. WATERHOUSE, Auditor.

From the Surplus above stated a Dividend will be apportioned as usual.

Table with columns: Year, Risks Assumed, Risks Outstanding, Surplus. Rows for years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

- Samuel E. Sproull, Lucius Robinson, Samuel D. Babcock, George S. Coe, Richard A. McCurdy, James C. Holden, Herman C. von Post, Alexander H. Rice, Lewis May. Oliver Harriman, Henry W. Smith, Robert Olyphant, George F. Baker, Jos. Thompson, Dudley O'Leary, Frederic Cromwell, Julien T. Davies, Robert Sewell. S. Van Rensselaer Cruger, Charles R. Henderson, George Bliss, Rufus W. Peckham, J. Hobart Herrick, Wm. P. Dixon, Robert A. Grannis, Nicholas C. Miller, Henry H. Rogers. Jno W. Auchincloss, Theodore Morford, William Babcock, Preston B. Plumb, William D. Washburn, Stuyvesant Fish, Augustus D. Juilliard, Charles E. Miller, James W. Husted. Robert A. Grannis, Vice-President; Isaac F. Lloyd, 2nd Vice-President; A. N. Waterhouse, Auditor; William J. Easton, Secretary; Frederic Schroeder, Assistant Secretary; Emory McClintock, LL. D., F. I. A., Actuary; John Talbot, Jr., Assistant Actuary; Charles B. Perry, 2nd Assistant Actuary; Frederic Cromwell, Treasurer; John A. Fonda, Assistant Treasurer; William P. Sands, Cashier; Edward P. Holden, Assistant Cashier; William G. Davies, Solicitor; William W. Richards, Comptroller. Medical Directors—Gustavus S. Winston, M. D., Walter R. Gillette, M. D., E. J. Marsh, M. D. JOHN MACEACHERN, Agent for P. E. Island, Charlottetown, P. E. I. JOHN L. STEARNS, General Manager, 107 Hollis Street, Halifax, N. S. mch10—dy 1i

Blank Books.

I BEG TO INFORM my Patrons and the Citizens generally that I have secured the services of MR. W. G. GILLESPIE (late of Mr. John Coombs'), until the end of the present month. As Mr. Gillespie's artistic merits in his line are well known in Charlottetown, I would advise those wanting anything in the line of BLANK BOOKS of any description to leave their orders early. ALSO—The Binding of Law Books, Magazines, Works of Art, etc., etc.

JAS. D. TAYLOR, BOOKBINDER, Ch'town, March 11, 1890. North Side Queen Square.

BANKRUPT FURNITURE!

Lower than Auction Prices.

An Immense Lot of Bankrupt Furniture for sale at Dazzling Discounts. Must be sold at once. I defy competition.

JOHN NEWSON, South Side Queen Square, Charlottetown, Jan. 23, 1890. OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.