

FOR THE TUNNEL, AND FOR RECIPROCITY.

THE CANDIDATES.

QUEEN'S COUNTY.

Donald Ferguson, Patrick Blake.

KING'S COUNTY.

A. C. Macdonald, John MacLean.

PRINCE COUNTY.

George W. Howlan, Richard Hunt.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUARY 20, 1891.

HOIST THE UNION JACK!

"Let us nail our colors to the mast!"

A profound sensation was caused at the great meeting in Toronto on Tuesday night when Sir John Macdonald read the treasonable document prepared by Mr. Edward Farrar, editor-in-chief of the Toronto Globe, for the Americans, showing how he thought Canada might be forced into annexation with the United States.

The authenticity of this precious document has not been denied. It could not be, for Sir John has in his possession sworn proof of its authorship.

This Edward Farrar was editor of the Mail. He was suborned by Sir Richard Cartwright, and given the editorial charge of the Globe. A short time ago he accompanied his chief to Washington, and there this brace of conspirators, steeped to the lips in treason, prepared a document showing the Americans how they could best cripple our trade, oppress our industries, harass our fishermen, and induce England to withdraw her protection over us, so as to compel Canada, by annexation, to seek refuge from the ruin they trusted would follow.

We give our readers a verbatim extract from this treasonable document, italicizing one portion, to which special attention is given to our Province:

"A word in conclusion about the situation in the Maritime Provinces. Outside of Halifax, the people as a body are well disposed towards the United States. The fishermen's phrase that they should like to see Gloucester moved east, in order that they might enjoy higher wages, commends itself to the majority. Sir John Macdonald secures the election of a Tory majority from Nova Scotia only by a system of largess and corruption, carried on without attempt at concealment. A constituency which returns an Opposition member is forthwith excluded from sharing in the railway subsidies and other appropriations lavished on the rest. The fishermen have a saying that a Nova Scotia member on the wrong side at Ottawa is 'a spare pump in a dry ship.' In Prince Edward Island, where it is impossible to spend public money except on a few wharves and lighthouses, the people return a solid Liberal contingent to Ottawa. The Islanders are exceedingly friendly to the Americans and it is said by one who knows the state of the feeling there that fully 70 per cent of them would vote for full reciprocity or for annexation!!! provided the question were submitted to them free from any entangling issues of a local character, and that the Ottawa Government abstained from the use of bribery.

It is felt by all that Sir John's methods of reconciling those provinces to the vast economic loss they sustain from being severed from their natural market in New England cannot survive the man himself. No one else could employ them with equal skill or success. He is now 75 years old.

The fishery question owes its existence not to the people, but to the fish merchants and vessel owners. The traders in other lines would be glad to see the widest privileges extended to the Americans whose custom was once, and might be again, an important factor in the business of the Provinces, more especially since the decay of the inshore fisheries has rendered it all the more essential that the coast population should be permitted to resume their former relations with the visitors. The influence of the fish merchants is far-reaching. They control the newspapers and to some extent the politics of the Provinces. The headland question, the dispute over the right of Americans to enter the Bay of Fundy which was terminated by the arbitration in the case of the vessel "Washington," and other points of controversy, were all pressed by them in the hope, to which they still cling, of being able to force Congress into yielding free fish. If their minds could be disabused of this notion, and they were made to see that free fish was not procurable through coercion, we should soon hear the last of the cry that to grant commercial privileges to the Americans would be to surrender an invaluable franchise. The imposition by the United States of a tonnage tax on all Nova Scotia vessels laden whole or in part with fish would speedily put an end to seizures and indeed to the whole controversy. Another ready way of bringing the Government and all concerned to their senses would be to suspend the bonding privilege, or to cut the connection of the Canadian Pacific with the United States territory at Sault Ste. Marie. Either of these methods would rouse the full force of Western Canada influence against the Government. It would be better still to oblige Britain to withdraw her countenance and support from the Canadian contention, as she did in 1871. That would secure the end desired without leaving the United

States open to the charge of being animated by hatred of Canada, on which Sir John Macdonald trades. Whatever course the United States may see fit to adopt, it is plain that Sir John's disappearance from the stage is to be the signal for a movement towards annexation. The enormous debt of the Dominion (\$50 per head), the virtual bankruptcy of all the Provinces except Ontario, the pressure of the American tariff upon trade and industry, the incurable issue of race, and the action of the natural forces making for the consolidation of the lesser country with the greater, have already prepared the minds of most intelligent Canadians for the destiny that awaits them; and a leader will be forthcoming when the hour arrives."

We ask our readers if there is not in this sufficient to justify the charge of "treason" in Sir John's manifesto. In all countries traitors have been found. But never before in the history of Canada were the leaders of a political party found secretly plotting with a foreign power to work ruin and disaster,—hoping, by the misery their wretched work would bring, to breed discontent against the Mother Country and shake the allegiance of a people loyal to their most gracious Sovereign.

We ask the electors of this Province to stamp with their disapproval this secret conspiracy against our country and our Queen; to join in that mighty protest which, on the 5th of March, will be heard from the Atlantic to the Pacific, declaring that "God Save the Queen" shall still be our national anthem.

There are strong reasons why this appeal should find a heartier echo among us than in many of the other Provinces. Here in Charlottetown, and in many a section of our Island, are to be found the descendants of the old Loyalists—men whose love for their king and their country was so deep and so strong that they left the United States at the revolution, abandoned their property, went out forever from their homes, from the land that held the ashes of their dead. They left all this to lead a life of hardship. They abandoned comfort, and in many cases wealth, that they might die Britons and see their sons grow up Britons not less loyal than themselves—to smite these traitors hip and thigh and nip their treason in the bud. Let us adopt the flag of our country as our standard. Let us until election day hoist the Union Jack upon our public buildings, upon every school-house, even upon every church; for it is no unworthy symbol to float from the tower of every sacred edifice in the land. It is a symbol to be proud of. Wherever it floats, there is the might of England, there is law and order, there is civil and religious liberty, there is liberty for every man to worship God with those rites which he believes to be in accordance with His most Holy will. For a hundred years it has never gone backward on any battle-field, however bloody or however few its defenders may have been. It has been the pall, covering the coffin of our bravest dead. Let every loyal subject, then, hoist it. Let the Washington conspirators or any of their satellites touch it if they dare. We trust our grit friends will not be afraid of their colors. Let them hoist the Stars and Stripes. Mr. Donald Farquharson, the Grit M. P. P. for Queens, will supply them. He had plenty of them only lately displayed in his shop window emblazoned with the motto "PROTECTION TO AMERICAN MANUFACTURES."

Once more we ask our readers to peruse this treasonable document, once more to read that statement which we dare to say will make their cheek burn with indignation, that if "the Ottawa government abstained from bribing, fully 70 per cent of them (P. E. Islanders) would vote for annexation." It is an infamous lie. Bribery! We undertake to say that not only is no money expended by the Ottawa Government in bribing, but that in no part of Canada is less money spent illegally during elections than here. In this statement we include both political parties. We believe, nay, we have reason to know, that not one cent of money has been sent from Ottawa even for legitimate election purposes in any election since Confederation. It is but fair to state that we include the election in 1874 and 1878, when a grit government was in power.

Yet in this document, the base slander is uttered, that the independent electors are held to their allegiance, are saved from being traitors, by money bribes. Farrar and Cartwright talk of us as a mercantile commodity, in the same way as a pair of cowboys would speak of horned cattle on a western ranch.

Never was there a time when our freemen should act and work as now. Their loyalty has been questioned! Nay, it has been declared that at every election we are paid to be kept from treason.

There is a broad, deep gulf between the two political parties. It is not

of our make. But it is there now. Over one party floats the flag of England, the Union Jack; over the other the Stars and Stripes.

A Word to the Electors.

Be up and doing! Let there be no over-confidence. Let there be no underestimating the strength of the enemy.

Every loyal voter owes it to himself and to this great and growing country to use every honest and honorable means, within his power, to support and elect the nominees of the Conservative party.

All know that the policy of that remnant of the Liberal party, at present under the leadership of Mr. Laurier, means direct taxation, discrimination against Great Britain, and eventually annexation to the United States!

The policy of the Liberal-Conservative party is diametrically opposed to this.

Sir John's policy is to bring about a renewal of the reciprocity treaty of 1854, changed so as to suit the altered conditions of the two countries!

Sir John has also practically agreed to let us have the tunnel if Sir Douglas Fox's estimate is at all reasonable. By means of the Liberal-Conservative party, also, we may expect grants for branch railways to the more populous portions of the Province, a boon which it would not now be necessary to ask for were it not for the non-progressive and obstructive tactics of the grits!

The policy of the opposition, as announced by their present leader, Mr. Laurier, in the Market Hall recently, is to apply the "pruning knife!"

The application of the "pruning knife" would not mean the granting of "a sum sufficient" for the construction of a tunnel across the Straits, or a branch railway to Belfast! Would it?

The people have everything to gain by voting for the retention of Sir John's Administration; and everything to lose by supporting Mr. Laurier and his candidates!

This being the case, let them go to the polls on the 5th March, and give each of the Conservative candidates a rousing majority!

In the meantime, be up and doing!

The Philharmonic Concert.

The success of the Philharmonic, when the Society was first formed, seemed visionary and uncertain. But so complete has been the work done, so excellent the evidences of it as given in three concerts, this musical club of ours is now one of the city institutions, and its concerts are, without any doubt, as far as Charlottetown is concerned, the musical events of the year.

Last night, Mendelssohn's jubilant and stirring "Hymn of Praise" was the main fare offered by the Society. But the rendition was prettied, and, as it were, led up to by four numbers. The first and last from Haydn's Creation, and respectively the chorus "The Heavens are Telling" and the duet and chorus "By Thee with Bliss." There were over forty performers on the platform, and the hall is small, which probably magnified the volume of sound, so that it seemed to us almost too great even to express the grandeur of the magnificent chorus. But no over-anxiety to find fault could succeed with regard to the duet and chorus. We have never heard Professor Caven sing better, and it is needless to say that Mrs. Malcolm McLeod was all that one could wish for in sweetness of tone, delicate expression and accurate interpretation. Mr. Vinnicombe played very well Alfred Lebeaux's beautiful "Ave Maria" and Mrs. Roope sang "Wir He Come,"—a song which well suited her rich, musical voice—with much expression and care. Then followed Mendelssohn's exquisite cantata. Space will not permit us to do justice to all the excellent factors which combined to make the rendition the source of most extreme satisfaction and emotional delight to the audience, which was privileged to occupy the auditorium last night. It must suffice to generalize. Mrs. MacLeod naturally filled the foremost role which is hers by right, as our most graceful and sweetest prima donna. Her rich voice with all its flexible adaptability, afforded delightful means of presenting the beauties of the several parts allotted to her. Miss Barrett, too, as second soprano, in spite of her evident nervousness, sang sweetly. We thought the solo "Praise thou the Lord" hurried, and thereby made difficult for Miss Barrett, who, however, acquitted herself as a worthy associate of Miss MacLeod. Rev. Fred. E. J. Lloyd, in all his parts, but especially in the thrilling solo "The sorrows of death" fully sustained his well merited and incontestable reputation as possessor of a sweet, sympathetic, elastic and expressive voice with extended range, and which the talented conductor knows how to use with richest effect. The uncertain violin accompaniment did not add to the charm of the solo just mentioned. The duet "My song shall always be Thy mercy," as sung by Miss Barrett and Mr. Lloyd, could not fail to please the most unmusical. Here Mr. Sharp's support on the bass viol blended richly with the voices. The chorus was well balanced and adequately sustained the vocalists. The tenors, however, needed a little toning down and finish, being in all loud places unduly prominent. The bass was rich and well regulated, the alto mellow and subdued. Mr. Heartz, as hitherto, was perfect in his conscientious piano playing—the backbone and ground work of the accompaniment. There was apparent need of more careful or thorough practice of all the accompanists, except the pianist, with the vocalists; yet the service rendered by the orchestra was efficient and at times exceptionally good, as for instance in chorus No. 7. In individual members excelled in certain places—Mr. Vinnicombe and Mr. Sharp supporting Mr. Lloyd in "He Counteth all your Sorrows," and Mr. Fletcher in the last chorus. Altogether the concert was a rich treat. Mr. Lloyd deserves the thanks of musical Charlottetown, and is to be congratulated upon being instrumental in supplying such a feast as was enjoyed last evening. The audience was not as large as it should have been; but what it lacked in numbers it made up in enthusiasm as evinced by frequent and hearty applause.

KING'S COUNTY Meeting at Souris.

Confidence and Enthusiasm Prevails.

[SPECIAL BY TELEPHONE.] SOURIS, Feb. 20.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Liberal-Conservatives was held here last night. Rousing speeches were made by Dr. Muttart, Messrs. Jas. Keefe, S. Morrow, D. Murphy, R. S. McDonald, Dr. McLellan and others, in support of the Liberal-Conservative Candidates, the Tunnel and Sir John. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed throughout the meeting, and from the tone of the speakers every confidence of success pervades the party in King's County.

Meeting at St. Peter's.

Success to McDonald and McLean.

ST. PETER'S, Feb. 20.

The political meeting held here yesterday was one of the most successful for the Government held at this place for a number of years. McDonald and McLean's triumphant return is beyond a doubt.

Queen's County MEETING AT ELDON.

Liberal-Conservatives Gaining

A large and enthusiastic meeting was held at Eldon last evening. Fully four hundred electors were present. All the candidates addressed the meeting. A large majority of those present were in favor of the Government, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed among the Liberal-Conservatives.

Prince County!

Meetings at Cape Traverse and Tryon.

For the Tunnel and Sir John.

THE EXAMINER'S telegraphic advices state that the political meetings at Cape Traverse and Tryon yesterday were largely attended, and were unanimously in favor of the tunnel.

Howlan and Hunt spoke for two hours at each place.

Each meeting broke up with cheers for the tunnel and Sir John A. Macdonald.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

SPEAKERS of the Liberal-Conservative Party will address the Electors of Queen's County at the following times and places:—

Granville Schoolhouse—Saturday, Feb. 23, at 6 o'clock.

St. Ann's Schoolhouse—Monday, March 2nd, at 6 o'clock.

New Haven Schoolhouse—Monday, 2nd, at 6 o'clock.

Emyvale Schoolhouse—Tuesday, 3rd, at 6 o'clock.

Cavendish Hall—Tuesday, 3rd, at 6 o'clock.

Montague West Schoolhouse—Tuesday, 3rd, at 1 o'clock.

Point Prin Schoolhouse—Tuesday, 3rd, at 1 o'clock.

Orwell Cove Schoolhouse—Tuesday, 3rd, at 6 o'clock.

Caladonia Schoolhouse—Tuesday, 3rd, at 6 o'clock.

Stanhope Schoolhouse—Tuesday, 3rd, at 1 o'clock.

Tranadice Cross Schoolhouse—Tuesday, 3rd, at 6 o'clock.

Alberry Plains Schoolhouse—Wednesday, 4th, at 1 o'clock.

Avondale Schoolhouse—Wednesday, 4th, at 1 o'clock.

Feb 20—her guar wat

LOST.—This morning, between Boyle's Tannery and J. B. Macdonald's Boot Store, a purse containing a small sum of money. The owner will be very much obliged if it is left at this office by finder. feb18—d&wky

Advertisement for Beer Bros. featuring a large letter 'B' and the text: 'Our Annual Sale of WHITE GOODS WILL BEGIN Monday Morning, Feb 2nd.'

We have been fortunate in securing several very attractive lots of EMBROIDERIES, FLOUNCINGS, etc., especially for this occasion. In nearly every line of Goods mentioned below we show unusual values.

- SWISS EMBROIDERIES, AMERICAN TICKINGS, LAWN EMBROIDERIES, VANDYKE EMBROIDERIES, VICTORIA and BISHOP'S LAWN, CROSSBAR MUSLINS and PIQUES, American and Canadian SHIRTINGS, LOXSDALE and NAINSOOK, COLORED EMBROIDERIES, LINEN and COTTON EDGINGS, FEATHER STITCH TRIMMING, FLOSSETTE MARKING COTTON, FRONTING LINEN, etc., etc.

Advertisement for Beer Bros. featuring a large letter 'B' and the text: 'HE MADE A MISTAKE!'



"I made a mistake" the old man said. "To spend money on shoes like these, and a tricking tear escaped from his eye As he looked at the holes in the toes." He will never make such a mistake again, for hereafter he will buy GOFF BROS' Solid Leather Boots. feb20

DO YOU KEEP IT IN THE HOUSE? ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM. NO BETTER REMEDY FOR COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, CONSUMPTION, &c.

SOCIAL!

The Young Ladies of the Wesley Mission Band will give a Social in the Basement of the Methodist Brick Church, on TUESDAY, 3rd March. The Programme, consisting of Readings, Choruses, etc., will commence at 8 o'clock, after which there will be a Sale of Useful and Fancy Articles. Admission, 10c. Refreshments at 9 o'clock. February 18, 1891—tlc

How They Enjoy It!



JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF CONTAINS ALL THE ELEMENTS THAT ARE NEEDED TO FORM "Flesh," "Muscle" and "Bone." feb18—d&wky

Advertisement for W. C. T. U. Public Meeting. Text: 'W. C. T. U. A Public Meeting WILL BE HELD IN THE Y. M. C. A., ON Tuesday Next, the 24th inst. AT 8 O'CLOCK, P. M.' Includes details about the speaker, Rev. John Read, and the purpose of the meeting.