

The Fire Fiend.

Big Blaze at Kensington.

LOSS ABOUT \$100,000

MANY PEOPLE HOMELESS.

VERY LATEST PARTICULARS

Of the Forest Fires.

SOME NARROW ESCAPES.

A Little Boy and a Match

DO SOME DAMAGE AT SOUTHPORT

This morning about three o'clock, a fire broke out in the house occupied by Russell McMillan, as a meat shop, at Kensington.

During the fire an explosion of twenty-five kegs of gunpowder occurred, which broke the windows for about one mile, and shattered the plaster from the ceiling and walls of the Kensington station house.

There is very little insurance. In fact some of the people burnt out are without a dollar of insurance.

The sight is indeed pitiable. Where yesterday was one of the most flourishing villages on the Island, is to-day a heap of ruins.

Mr. Bentley's property was saved, but the windows were all smashed.

Dr. Durrach's shop and, in fact, all the buildings on the side of the street opposite the fire are scorched badly.

The wells being low, a scarcity of water allowed the fire to gain great headway.

The probable loss is about \$100,000, Tuplin & Co.'s loss alone being \$50,000.

All the trains from Charlottetown and Summerside had to wait there until the track was made sufficiently safe to pass over.

THE PROPERTY DESTROYED.

Just how the fire originated is not definitely known. There will, however, likely be an enquiry. The property destroyed consists of—

Reuben Tuplin & Co.'s store and warehouses.

Hugh McLeod's dwelling house and tailoring establishment.

Bowness & Anderson's store and warehouse.

John Leslie's dwelling house.

Ching & Hoppood's store.

James Howard's house and workshop.

The Kensington House, kept by John Burke.

Edwin Proctor's dwelling house and blacksmith shop.

McMillan's dwelling house.

THE INSURANCE.

As nearly as we can find out the insurance is spread as follows:

Reuben Tuplin & Co.'s stock is insured in the British American Company for \$3,000, and in the Commercial Union Company for \$2,000.

Bowness & Anderson have their stock insured for \$2,000 in the Guardian, and Tuplin's stock and premises are also insured in the same company for \$3,000.

Messrs. Carvell Bros. are the agents for the Guardian in this city.

Tuplin & Co.'s store is also insured in the Imperial Company for \$2,000, and in the Hartford for a similar sum.

Mr. Fen-ton T. Newbery is the Island representative of these companies.

The City of London company has \$1500 on Tuplin's stock. The City of London is represented by Mr. John MacEachern.

Mr. F. W. Hyndman has policies on the burnt premises and the stock therein to the tune of about \$9,000.

We have not heard how the amount is spread.

The following were insured in the Queen, represented by James Desbriay:—Tuplin's store, \$2,000; Leslie's building, \$1,000; Burke's hotel, \$1,000; Burke's barn, \$400.

THE FOREST FIRES.

Advices from O'Leary this morning bring further details of the terrible fire which spread over that section of Western Prince County on Thursday last, some particulars of which we gave in THE EXAMINER of yesterday.

The fire broke out in Mr. White's house at O'Leary at two o'clock on Thursday afternoon, completely destroying it together with the post office, White's mill and several outbuildings adjacent. A 30-foot flat car was also burnt, and it was only by the most strenuous exertions that the railway station was saved.

If the wind changes to the east it is feared that there may be a repetition of the disaster, as the fire cannot be got out of the sawdust. If the rain had not set in on Thursday night O'Leary would have been swept out of existence.

Mrs. White had a very narrow escape. She was delivered of a child on Sunday evening, and was sick in bed when the fire broke out. She escaped from the burning premises in her night dress. There was nothing saved. The heat from the fire was so intense and the wind blowing so high that the people could not see fifty yards, owing to the dust and smoke.

It is blessing to learn that no lives were lost. The squaw and her child, for whose safety fears were entertained, is all right. Her camp was further back in the woods than was supposed. How she got out of the woods is not known.

Arthur's mills, and Bruce Wallace's mills at Portage, were burned, as were also several barns.

Four barns were burned on the O'Leary Road, and three on the Howlan Road. Several buildings were also destroyed at Conway and West Devon. The school-house at O'Leary was also burned. It is hard to tell what the loss by fire will be. The fire was certainly the worst ever seen on the Island. It raged all around, and it took twenty-four hours hard fighting to subdue it.

AT BLOOMFIELD AND PIUSVILLE.

All the woods in the vicinity of Bloomfield were burned. A widow named Thomson, who lived about one and a quarter miles from the station, lost her dwelling house and everything it contained, besides her barn. Mrs. Thomson was away from home at the time. Several others lost cattle and sheep. The place was surrounded by fire at one time, and it was only by the hardest work that anything was saved from the flames. Had the rain not come when it did, it is feared that every building in the place would have been destroyed.

At Piusville the fire was equally as bad. A man named Wedge, living on the Hartlin Road (a new settlement), lost his barn, which contained all his grain, etc. Between Bloomfield and O'Leary, a man named Martin lost his house and barn and everything he had. All the fences in the country round were destroyed, as well as some grain that was out in the fields in the vicinity of Piusville. There must be a large lot of cattle lost, as all were in the surrounding woods.

At Campbellton the fire was very bad, but the people battled it back, and it did no further damage than the burning of fences. A few dwellings and barns had a very narrow escape.

"THANK GOD I HAVE ESCAPED."

The following is an extract from a letter from Hon. Jas. Murphy, Freeland, to Mr. John Ball:—

"Awful fires over the country. On Lot 11 there have been three barns burned with all their contents, and one dwelling house. Fences are burned and fields open. It is a terrible time; but thank God I have escaped. There has been thousands of dollars worth of fencing burned, and much valuable lumber. James Moran's barn was burned with all his crop. Alex. Bolger's barn was destroyed with all his crop. A barn on the old Finner farm was burned with a lot of grain in it, and a dwelling house belonging to the Yeo estate, and a house occupied by James Bolger, a joiner, is burned and all its contents. Yesterday was a fearful day—it will be long remembered."

Children and Matches—The Usual Result.

We regret to learn that about noon on Friday, the 20th inst., all the farm buildings connected with the residence of Alexander McNeill, Esq., teacher, of Lot 49, were consumed by fire, together with all his grain crop, ten tons of hay, and a valuable lot of farming implements. The building consisted of a barn, horse stable, hay house, granary and shed—all first-class and in a thorough state of repair. The fire originated by a little boy of four years of age setting fire to a barrack of grain in the barn. Had it not been for the prompt assistance of the neighbors, at the risk of their lives, the dwelling house would also have been reduced to ashes. Mr. McNeill's loss is not less than \$1200, there being no insurances. Mr. and Mrs. McNeill were reading a letter just received informing them of the death of their son in the United States, when the alarm of fire was given, and much sympathy is felt for them by their numerous friends. Only three of their nine children are now living. Mr. McNeill is probably the father of the teaching profession on the Island, having been engaged continuously in the work for about half a century.

The Maritime Exhibition.

As already indicated in THE EXAMINER's telegraphic intelligence, the Maritime exhibition, held at Moncton, was very successful. The exhibit from the Island was not so large as was expected, but the quality was excellent. Below are the names of the Island prize winners as far as obtainable:—

Spring wheat, one bushel—1st, H A Stewart, Hamilton, P. E. I.

Panning mill—1st, Thomas Hall & Co, Summerside.

Shire stallion, 4 years old—1st, Alexander Laird, Summerside.

Stallion, 3 years old—1st, Thomas Doyle, North Rustico.

Stallion 2 years old—1st, John Horne, Charlottetown.

Telegraphic Odds and Ends.

A BUDGET OF GENERAL NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

MONTEREAL, Sept. 19.—The Anglican synod closed to-day. The Jesuit question was referred to a committee. A resolution was passed supporting temperance.

WINNIPEG, Man., Sept. 19.—Arrangements are completed for the reception of Lord Stanley, who will arrive on Monday night.

BELFAST, Sept. 19.—A banquet was given here this evening in honor of the Earl of Dufferin, formerly Viceroy of India. Most of the leading Orangemen of the city were present. In his speech Lord Dufferin said the men of Ulster had made their mark in every quarter of the globe, especially in India.

DUBLIN, Sept. 19.—At a meeting of the Dublin corporation to-day, Lord Mayor Sexton, referring to Balfour's offer to establish a Catholic university in Ireland, said: No matter what remedial measures were passed as a part of the policy of the of the coercion government, the Irish people would not swerve from their main object, namely, to obtain an Irish parliament and secure the management of Ireland's revenues and the administration of her laws by a judiciary responsible to the people.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—A cable despatch has been received at the department of State from consul Allan, at Kingston, Jamaica, saying that a riot occurred at Navassa, an island in the Caribbean Sea, in which a number of Americans had been killed. The consul says that at his request a British warship left Jamaica for the scene immediately upon receipt of the news of the trouble. The despatch contains no further information. The United States warship Galena is now on her way to Navassa and will probably arrive there tomorrow.

PARIS, Sept. 19.—According to advices received from Correspondence DeLest, there has recently been an alarming outbreak of brigandage in Macedonia. Two hundred persons are reported to have been murdered and robbed by brigands during the past two months.

PARIS, Sept. 19.—After the review of the troops by the Minister of War at St. Michael yesterday afternoon, General De Marbel, commander of the sixth army corps, made an address to the officers. He said France, supported by the army, has been reinstated to her former rank among the nations. She feared nothing nor nobody.

Who Killed Cronin?

THE LAWYERS CLAIM TO HAVE EVIDENCE THAT HE WAS MURDERED BY PAID AGENTS OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

The Chicago Evening Mail prints a sensational article in regard to the Cronin case. It says that the lawyers for the defence claim to be in possession of evidence showing that the murderers of Cronin were paid representatives of the English Government, who had been duped by Cronin, who was supposed by the British authorities to be one of their American spies. The evidence consists of a number of letters written by Miss LeCaron, daughter of the notorious witness in the London Times-Parnell case, to her affianced husband, a prominent Irish American of Chicago. The story as outlined in a series of letters, of which there are very many, is to the effect that LeCaron and Burlingham were both brutal spies; that Cronin, in his intimacy with them, soon learned their real character, and in order to obtain from them fuller insight to their plans and duplicity and designs of the English government, he permitted them to think that he also was venal, and he could be hired by their employers. They finally, however, became suspicious, and sought to obtain from him in his supposed character of spy. Cronin refused to yield and threatened an exposure of the English practices in America. The Scotland yard people grew desperate. It was resolved to rob him of the papers and it was in that attempt that the doctor was killed, the conspirators believing that he always carried the much wanted papers on his person.

Voluntary evidence given every day as to the superior quality of boots sold at the Dominion Boot and Shoe Store. s13 2w

Don't fail to see P. J. Foran's new stock of suspenders. sep16, 1w

FODDER CORN.

20 Tons Fodder Corn FOR SALE.

APPLY AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE. sep21—2w eod

NEW DRUG STORE,

—CORNER OF— Prince and Kent Streets.

OPEN ON MONDAY NEXT,

With a full line of Drugs, Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries.

A share of patronage solicited.

A. S. JOHNSON. sep21—1i

For St. John's, Newfoundland.

THE S. S. "COBAN," for St. John's Newfoundland, will be due at Charlottetown on TUESDAY MORNING, 24th inst., and will carry Cattle and Sheep on deck. For Freight or Passage apply to E. H. NORTON & Co., Auctioneers. sep21—2ins

BAKE BROS. & Co., Agents.

"Who's Done the Gnashing?"

MR. EDITOR, Sir: This is a question that was asked last night in the Salvation Army Barracks of this city, by Capt. Gardiner, in his feeble attempt to blackmail and slander me. We think the question is a very easy one to answer. Some five or six months ago, when we were led to see that the doctrines of the Salvation Army were false, by reading a book written by Dr. Horatius Bonar, a man who occupies a high position in the estimation of the Christian public, we resolved to resign. No sooner had we done so than untruths respecting our character were manufactured and circulated by prominent soldiers of the Salvation Army. They reported that I was insane or devil-possessed, and that I was a thief. They spread these reports broadcast over the country. We challenged them to prove these things, but they have never as yet attempted to do so. In order to prejudice the Methodist Church against me, they charged me with saying that the doctrines and discipline of the Methodist Church were rotten. This is a daring falsehood. We never uttered the words, and we defy them to prove it. They have charged me with saying that I wrote to General Booth and received an answer to this effect, viz., that I was to sell my farm and give the proceeds to the Salvation Army. This is another falsehood circulated and no doubt manufactured by them. We never wrote General Booth, neither did we ever say that we did. The whole thing is a lie from beginning to end. And yet his honor, Capt. Gardiner, undertakes to slander and abuse me, having no other foundation for his abuse than the very unreliable information imparted to him by soldiers of the Salvation Army. It would pay our friend a great deal better to deal in facts, not in hearsays.

Our friend charges us with "gnashing." We defy him to find any such thing in the pamphlet that we have just published. It is a plain statement of facts proven from the authority of God's Word. He says I "have construed Scripture to suit my own ideas." Will he show us a solitary instance in which we have done so? It's very easy for him to blow off a Mt of gas, but the public want things proved on the authority of God's Word. Will our friend please show the public where in we have misconstrued Scripture? We challenge him to do so.

Why didn't our friend, Capt. Gardiner, instead of trying to make a false impression on the minds of the public (which he was most assuredly doing), expose the errors of the pamphlet that I have just published. This he was unable to do. We must confess we have no great admiration for his ability when he was not able to prove from Scripture that the one solitary sentence that he read from the pamphlet is incorrect.

Our friend says that "he does not follow General Booth any farther than he (General Booth) follows God." This is untrue. Does General Booth follow the teachings of God's Word on the rite of Baptism, or the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, or the mode of collecting money for the support of the Gospel? And yet our friend, Capt. Gardiner, follows the example of the General in these matters. Our friend evidently talks away at random, and does not think what he is talking about.

Again, he says that he believes in the doctrine of "justification by imputed righteousness." Then why has he not the courage to denounce Mrs. Booth for terming it "a cheat of the devil"? It is evident to all that he is lacking either in the courage or ability to do so.

He charges us, too, of "speaking in very slighting terms of Mrs. Booth." We never uttered a solitary word against the personal character of Mrs. Booth. We have simply shown from Scripture that the doctrines which she advances are erroneous and misleading.

The Salvation Army may kick, and twist, and wriggle all they please, but the sum and substance of the matter is just this: if the Salvation Army is right, then Luther, Melancthon, Calvin, Tyndal, Bunyan, Wesley, Chalmers, McCheyne, Bonar, Baxter and J. A. James were all wrong. The Reformers were all wrong, and the Reformation was a monstrous mistake, and the "Scottish Covenanters" and many others shed their blood in an unworthy cause; they were deluded by false doctrines.

If the Salvation Army is right, then is the Church of Rome right, because their teachings on the doctrine of justification are one and the same. This we have clearly shown in the pamphlet which we have just issued.

No doubt Capt. Gardiner thinks that by reading in public the letter of our application for Salvation Army work, he has demolished us. If he had a grain of sense he would see that they had just the opposite effect, because they clearly show that the very time I came out from the Salvation Army I had good hopes of getting out as an officer. The last letter that I received from Major Deakin goes to show this.

Our worthy friend evidently thinks that there is no sphere in which we can labor for God except in the ranks of the Salvation Army, but we can inform him that both before and since we belonged to the Army we have been offered positions in which we can do this, and that, too, by more honorable and respectable denominations than the Salvation Army ever was or ever will be.

The Salvation Army have manufactured and circulated daring falsehoods concerning me, and yet our friend, Capt. Gardiner, last night consoled himself and his associates with the thought that they were the righteous and that I was the wicked who was "gnashing" upon them with my teeth. Well, we must confess that if manufacturing and circulating falsehoods is being righteous, we have no desire for any such righteousness.

The Salvation Army has also circulated the report that we did not write the pamphlet alone. We can inform the public that this is another untruth that has been manufactured by the great S. A.

We do not boast in any way of the pamphlet, but it was written such as it is wholly and solely by myself. In this pamphlet we have shown, on the authority of God's Word, that the doctrines of the Salvation Army are false, and we have also shown that they willfully disobey God's positive commands and take General Booth as their guide. If this is "gnashing," it is a gnashing that we will indulge in as long as we have a tongue to speak or a hand to write.

Why don't the Salvation Army act like men, and prove, on the authority of God's Word, that the doctrines advanced in the pamphlet are untrue, instead of trying, in a sneaking, underhanded sort of way, to blackmail and ruin a person's character? However, we are not surprised at them, because they are proverbial for these sort of actions. We think it is an easy matter for an intelligent public to see "who's done the gnashing." The actions of the Salvation Army are a perfect solution of this problem.

Yours truly, JOHN T. CUDMORE. Charlottetown, Sept. 20, 1889.

N. B.—All who wish to read this pamphlet can purchase it at the Diamond Bookstore. sep21

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—A new Emerson Piano, only in use six months. Apply to E. H. NORTON & Co., Auctioneers. sep2—d tf w li

20th September.

LARGE STOCK

NEW GOODS

—NOW OPENING AT—

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, Sept. 20, 1889—dy wky

HEADQUARTERS.

WE ARE NOW HEADQUARTERS for all kinds of Custom and Hand-Made Boots and Shoes. Having now on hand and to arrive a large and well-selected stock of Uppers, also the very best brands of Leather in the market for Custom work, and claiming to have the best staff of workmen in the Province, we feel confident that we can give perfect satisfaction both in fit, price and value to all who may favor us with their orders for Gents', Ladies' Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of all kinds, which we make up at the most reasonable prices. A full line of Hand-Made Boots kept constantly on hand. Ordered Work a Specialty. Repairing of all kinds neatly and promptly done. Don't forget the place.—

J. H. BELL, Knight's Old Stand, Upper Great George Street. Charlottetown, Sept. 21, 1889—tu fri sat tf

Diamond Rings, Gold Bracelets,

Beautifully Engraved Gold Watches,

AND A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THE

LATEST STYLES IN JEWELRY,

NOW BEING SHOWN FOR THE FIRST TIME AT

E. W. TAYLOR'S, CAMERON BLOCK.

Charlottetown, Sept. 9, 1889.

TO LET. DESIRABLE PROPERTY, BY AUCTION.

A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE, with Yard Stable and Garden, on Richmond Street (West). Is supplied with city water, and is free from the dust nuisance. Apply to J. D. MASON. sep21—1w

APPLES.

BY AUCTION, on MONDAY, Sept. 23rd, at 10 30 o'clock, a. m.:— 100 Barrels APPLES, Gravensteins and other choice varieties. Sale positive. E. H. NORTON & Co., Auctioneers. sep21

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

THE Superiores of the Charlottetown Hospital begs to acknowledge the sum of Fifty Dollars, voted by the City Councilors towards the Hospital, and tenders her grateful thanks to the above-named gentlemen. sep21

W. F. M. S. TRUSTEES' SALE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society (E. D.) will be held in Zion Church on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 26th and 27th inst., at 10 o'clock, a. m., and 2 o'clock, p. m. A Public Meeting will be held on THURSDAY EVENING, at 7.30, when addresses will be delivered by Rev. Mr. Morton and Mrs. Morton, returned Missionaries from Trinidad, and others. A collection will be taken. sep20

NOTICE.

ALL PARTIES indebted to us are requested to make immediate payment, or same will be handed in for collection without further notice. McLEOD & McKENZIE. sep11—1f

DESIRABLE PROPERTY, BY AUCTION.

I am instructed by MRS. W. F. DAWSON, to sell by Auction, on the Premises, On Monday, 30th Instant, AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

12 Acres of Land lying between the Upper and Lower St. Peter's Road, about 1 1/2 miles from the city.

Also, at same time and place—11 Acres situated on the Lower St. Peter's Road. This property will be sold in 3 or 4 Acre Lots, to suit purchasers. Terms at sale. Immediately after the sale of the above property, the following Stock and Implements will be sold:—

1 Oak's Heart Filly, 3 1/2 years old,

1 Barrister Gelding, 2 1/2 "

1 Grade Holstein Bull, 2 1/2 "

7 Calves, all under 9 months.

Also—1 Cart, Plough, Wood Sleigh, Box Sleigh and Harrow.

GEO. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer. sep16—d sle

Estate of McDonald, McDonald & Co., Souris.

TRUSTEES' SALE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned at Charlottetown, until WEDNESDAY, the 25th inst., at noon, from persons disposed to offer for the following belonging to the Estate of McDonald, McDonald & Co., of Souris, P. E. I.:—

LOT 1.—Dry Goods, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Miscellaneous Goods, Wagons, Harness, Sleighs, Horse, Safe and Shop Furniture, contained on the premises at Souris.

LOT 2.—Book Debts, Notes of Hand, Judgments.

Inventories and Stock Lists may be seen on application to Mr. Reginald H. McDonald at Souris, or office of Carvell Bros., Charlottetown.

The undersigned will not be bound to accept the highest or any Tender.

Terms Cash. A. A. MACDONALD, W. H. AITKEN, Trustees. Ch'town, Sept. 17, 1889—d 25th