

THE WEEKLY EXAMINER
is issued every Friday morning. It is made up of matter which has appeared in the Daily Edition, and is a desirable weekly newspaper containing all the late news.

CALENDAR FOR OCTOBER, 1896

New Moon, 6th day, 6h. 4.8m. a. m.
Full Moon, 13th day, 10h. 34.9m. a. m.
First Quarter, 21st day, 6h. 4.8m. noon
Last Quarter, 29th day, 11h. 8.2m. a. m.

SPORTSMEN.

I have now in stock the largest and best line of Breech & Muzzle Loading Guns

Day of Week	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
1 Thursday	6	4	5	3	5	3	4
2 Friday	6	4	5	3	5	3	4
3 Saturday	7	5	6	4	6	4	5
4 Sunday	8	6	7	5	7	5	6
5 Monday	9	7	8	6	8	6	7
6 Tuesday	10	8	9	7	9	7	8
7 Wednesday	11	9	10	8	10	8	9
8 Thursday	12	10	11	9	11	9	10
9 Friday	13	11	12	10	12	10	11
10 Saturday	14	12	13	11	13	11	12
11 Sunday	15	13	14	12	14	12	13
12 Monday	16	14	15	13	15	13	14
13 Tuesday	17	15	16	14	16	14	15
14 Wednesday	18	16	17	15	17	15	16
15 Thursday	19	17	18	16	18	16	17
16 Friday	20	18	19	17	19	17	18
17 Saturday	21	19	20	18	20	18	19
18 Sunday	22	20	21	19	21	19	20
19 Monday	23	21	22	20	22	20	21
20 Tuesday	24	22	23	21	23	21	22
21 Wednesday	25	23	24	22	24	22	23
22 Thursday	26	24	25	23	25	23	24
23 Friday	27	25	26	24	26	24	25
24 Saturday	28	26	27	25	27	25	26
25 Sunday	29	27	28	26	28	26	27
26 Monday	30	28	29	27	29	27	28
27 Tuesday	31	29	30	28	30	28	29
28 Wednesday	1	30	31	29	1	29	30
29 Thursday	2	31	1	30	2	30	31
30 Friday	3	1	2	31	3	31	1
31 Saturday	4	2	3	1	4	1	2

SPORTSMEN.

I have now in stock the largest and best line of Breech & Muzzle Loading Guns

Guns

Ever shown on P. E. Island. In 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, bore. Prices from \$4.00 to \$60.00; from which I give special Discounts

FOR CASH

I have also a complete line of RIFLES both for long range and gallery shooting, which include the celebrated WINCHESTER REPEATER, just the thing for goose shooting.

See the DUCK and PLOVER DECOYS at

W. E. Dawson's

FOR SALE.

All that pleasantly situated freehold property on the corner of Richmond St. extending on to the corner of Queen St. with a dwelling house on part thereof. Will be sold in the block or division, there being four building lots. This affords a rare opportunity to persons of small means intending to build in a commodious part of the city. Same will be sold at a reasonable price. For further particulars apply to

J. D. MASON,
Ch'town, Oct 18-24.

TO LET

That beautifully situated two story dwelling on Prince St. now occupied by Mr. Thos. R. Brooks. Possession given about 1st November. Apply to

PEAKE BROS. & CO.,
sep22-1f

Quality, Not Price

Is the true test of cheapness. Some custom made clothing is not cheap at any price.

A SUIT that don't fit is not cheap at \$5.00, even if it cost \$20.00

OUR MAKE is all first class. We have no way of making cheap clothing, and put as good work on \$15.00 suits as on our \$25.00. We keep no cheap workmen for cheap suits. No Apprentices in our workshop; only keep the best.

ENGLISH GOODS, imported direct. See our overcoatings, see our suitings.

ALL OUR Canadian Tweeds are bought from the manufacturers. Not one yard in our store bought from a wholesale house.

OUR \$16.00 Tweed Suit, made to order, beats anything on P. E. I.

IF YOU DOUBT our ability to turn out the best suits and overcoats on P. E. I., just give us a trial; we won't ask you to take a garment from us if it is not as above stated.

You will find our prices right if you take quality into consideration.

McKay Woolen Company,

High Class Tailors and Gents' Furnishers.

HOW ALLSPICE GROWS.

Something About the Beautiful Pimento Tree.

The pimento or allspice tree is cultivated in the West Indies and Jamaica. This beautiful tree grows to a height of about thirty feet; it has a straight trunk, much branched above, and covered with a very smooth brown bark, but are always of a dark, shining green color. During the months of July and August the tree is in full bloom, the blossoms consisting of very fragrant, small, white flowers.

When a new plantation of pimento trees is to be formed, no regular sowing or planting takes place, because it is next to impossible to propagate the young plants, or to raise them from seeds in parts of the country where they are not found growing spontaneously. Usually a piece of land is selected either close to a plantation already formed, or in a part of the woodland where pimento trees are growing in a native state. The chosen piece of land is then cleared of all wood except these trees, and the felled timber is allowed to remain on the ground for the purpose of protecting the young pimento plants.

At the end of two years the land is thoroughly cleared, and only the most vigorous and perfectly dry trees are left standing. The plants come to maturity in about seven years.

In favorable seasons the pimento crop is enormous, a single tree often yielding a hundred or more pounds of the dried spice. The berries are plucked while green, because if left on the tree until ripe they lose their pungent odor and are valueless. The green berries are exposed to the sun for a week or ten days, when they lose their green color and turn a reddish brown, and are perfectly dry when they are put in bags and casks for exportation.

The odor and taste of the pimento berries are thought to resemble a combination of those of cinnamon, nutmeg and cloves—hence the familiar name "allspice."—Philadelphia Times.

Broad Pills and Mutton Chops.

In the life of Sir Samuel Ferguson to a story of Dr. Stokes, the celebrated English physician. One autumn he took a tour in Ireland. That year the country, the crops and the people suffered from almost continuous rains, which made potatoes, the chief food of the inhabitants, more than usually wet and waxy. Sickness was very prevalent, and when it became known that a great physician was staying at one of the Donegal hotels, he was every morning beset with requests that he would visit the sufferers in their cabins.

Dr. Stokes was ever the friend of the poor, and would accordingly take down the addresses of his petitioners. Then, at the breakfast table, he would crumble some bread, crush a few lumps of sugar, add some innocent white powder to the mixture, and mold a quantity of pills, which he would put in his waistcoat pocket. Then, having visited some ruin or spot of general interest for his own pleasure, he would proceed on a round of medical visits, and the people generally found to be men and women much advanced in years, who complained of a "weakness round the heart," a "weight on the chest," "trouble in the stomach," &c.

The Doctor would listen with cordial and genuine sympathy, and then offer his prescription, the broad pills. With these he would take a glass of water at intervals, he produced half a crown, with strict instructions to apply it to the purchase of mutton chops, one of which was to be eaten daily. His companions rallied him on this uniform treatment, but he was not in the least disturbed.

"My dear friend," he would say, "in whatever manner people describe their symptoms, their ailments spring from one cause; they have no change of diet, and their only food is a moist, waxy, and unwholesome potato. As long as they last, as for the rheumatism, it is highly intensified by the wetness of the season; that is all."

Youth's Companion.

It Made Her Angry.

"It's strange how seriously some women seem to regard trifles," said the flat tenant thoughtfully.

"What's the matter now?" asked the householder.

"What's that woman with the upright piano in the flat next to mine, you know?"

"Yes. What of her?"

"She has played one tune eighteen times a day for the last three months."

"Of course. Nearly all women who play apartment building pianos do that. You can move, you know, if you don't like it."

"Well, we didn't want to do that. It might seem rude and we didn't want to hurt her feelings, so we just got her a note in which we asked her to bar with the compliments of all the other tenants. And, do you know, she's mad as a hatter about it."

"What was the title of it?"

"Soft and Low, I think. Something like that, anyway."—Chicago Post.

Cleaning Fruit.

Day by day it is proved that bacteria make the larger proportion of the air we breathe, the water we drink, Canton, and, in another matter, and belongs to all who own common sense, and it is especially required in dealing with modern dirt, which is in the process of being washed with bacteria at their work. The human animal is uncleanly an extremely dirty one, and the fruit which has passed through the hands of the great unwashed man, better never be eaten without cleansing. Street dust itself holds foul germs of dirt, and when to this is added the handling of scores of people it is plain that these surfaces unwashed are not for any rational human stomach. Even strawberries can not be exempt, but they never seek; only let water run over them, a wire basket being the best method of securing its immediate passing off. Grapes require the same treatment, but in either case only enough should be done at once for a meal.

Progress in the Art of Navigation.

Uncle Cyrus was asked by his thoughtful nephew—

"Uncle, what do you regard as the real difference between the times when you were young and the present day?"

"Wal, it's just this way, Henry," answered the old man. "When I was a young man everybody was satisfied to paddle his own canoe, but nowadays everybody thinks he has a call to steer the ship of State!"

An Able Financier.

Gaggs—Gorkins lives by his wit.
Baggs—I didn't know he was such an able financier.
Gaggs—Why?
Baggs—I make a living on so small a capital.—Washington Star.

AS OLD AND WELL TESTED REMEDY—
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, cures his colic, and all the pains and troubles of his stomach, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea, is pleasant to the taste. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle, its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind. 513

Bank

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina, Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 75 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. He gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

"I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a very good medicine, especially as a blood purifier. It has done me good many times. For several years I suffered greatly with pains of

Neuralgia

In one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pills very much."—ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists sell. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, carefully prepared. 25 cents

SUN LIGHT SOAP PICTURES WRAPPERS

A pretty colored picture for every 12 "Sunlight" or every 6 "Lifebuoy" Soap wrappers. These pictures are well worth getting.

ADDRESS: Lever Bros., Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto

P. E. Island Railway

On and after SATURDAY, 19th October 1896 the trains of this Railway will run daily Sundays excepted as follows:

Trains Outward, Read down.	STATIONS.	Trains Inward, Read up.
7.15 A.M.	Charlottetown	8.30 A.M.
8.30 A.M.	Royalton Junction	9.45 A.M.
9.45 A.M.	North Wiltshire	11.00 A.M.
11.00 A.M.	Hunter River	12.15 P.M.
12.15 P.M.	Bridford	1.30 P.M.
1.30 P.M.	Emerald	2.45 P.M.
2.45 P.M.	Freetown	4.00 P.M.
4.00 P.M.	Kensington	5.15 P.M.
5.15 P.M.	Ar. S. Side	6.30 P.M.
6.30 P.M.	Ar. S. Side	7.45 P.M.
7.45 P.M.	Micoche	9.00 P.M.
9.00 P.M.	Port Hill	10.15 P.M.
10.15 P.M.	O'Leary	11.30 P.M.
11.30 P.M.	Bloomfield	12.45 P.M.
12.45 P.M.	Alberton	1.00 A.M.
1.00 A.M.	Tignish	2.15 A.M.

It Pleases Us

To have people critically examine our furniture. It stands critical examination. It stands the wear. It's made to wear, not merely to sell. We won't sell anything that people won't satisfied with after they get it home and live with it. There is no profit in such selling. A dissatisfied customer will spoil lots of business. We won't allow a customer to feel dissatisfied either what he gets or what he pays for it. Many people buy all their furniture here—DO YOU?

JOHN NEWSON

FURNITURE

BY SPECIAL PERMISSION

We invite visitors to the Charlottetown Exhibition to inspect the

JEWEL RANGES

Now in use at the Revere Hotel, the Russel House and the Morell House. Reference to hundreds of private houses on application at "The City Hardware Store."

R. B. NORTON & CO.

We carry a complete stock of wood, cook and all hat ing stoves at lowest prices.

English Manures

Sole Agents for P. E. Island for THE BRADLEY FERTILIZER CO., the largest concern of the kind in the world. We have a large stock, on hand and to arrive, at these well known MANURES, and can refer purchaser to many of our very best farmers who have been using them for years with very gratifying results.

We can also supply the same goods (Ground Slag) as offered by our would-be competitors as "English Fertilizers" at at least 20 per cent less price than they now ask for it, but at the same time we would not advise its use, believing that THE GENUINE ENGLISH MANURES AS SOLD ONLY BY US ARE MUCH THE BEST VALUE. Prices, Pamphlets, etc., on application.

AULD BROS.

Headquarters for rubbers at McEachern's Shoe Store.

Now is the time to get supplied with good and crockery ware as we will sell it cheaper than ever before removing.

W. P. Colwill.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF AFRICA.

Henry M. Stanley, M. P., has written an article entitled "The Story of the Development of Africa," which appeared in the February Century. Recent events in Africa give this a particular timeliness and importance. Concerning the partitioning of the continent Mr. Stanley says: "Within the last ten years France has acquired an equatorial Africa about 300,000 square miles, in which there are now 300 Europeans; Germany, 400,000 square miles; Italy, 547,000 square miles; and Portugal has a vast land territory extending over 710,000 square miles. France, moreover, has been active farther north, in the Sahara and in west Africa, and claims rights over 1,600,000 square miles, while Germany, in southwest Africa and the Cameroons, asserts her rule over 540,000 square miles." England was the last European power to engage in the rush for African territory, efforts for some years after the Berlin conference had been confined to reserving spheres of influence, rather than to violate annexation, and to moderating the passion for African land manifested by Germany, France and Italy. If any power had the moral right to interfere with this, it was England, and she has done so. In 1891 it absorbed the African Lakes Company, and thus British Central Africa, with 500,000 square miles, was formed. To the British East Africa Company was given authority over 700,000 square miles. By placing these statistics in a tabular form the reader may best see the subdivision which has taken place since Feb. 25, 1885:

Sq. miles	Total
To the Congo State, by consent of the powers.....	600,000
France annexed.....	1,900,000
Germany.....	940,000
Italy.....	547,000
Portugal.....	710,000
Great Britain.....	750,000
South African Company.....	750,000
British Central Africa.....	600,000
British East Africa.....	700,000
Total.....	6,947,000

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

OCTOBER INDUSTRIAL CANADA.

The October number of this interesting trade monthly well sustains its character in a discussion of topics distinctly interesting to Canadians. Besides the regular departments, which contain a valuable industrial news from all parts of the Dominion, and the mining department, where mining topics and information relative to mining in Ontario, Nova Scotia and British Columbia, are given without any of the marks of the boomster, there are found a number of special articles of particular interest. One of the most important of these is a sketch of flour milling in Canada, giving data of this industry that will be valuable for reference, as well as interesting to those specially in the business. The effect of free trade in flour is discussed. An editorial sounds a warning note to those who would play sharp with the foreign capitalists who are disposed to invest their money in mining or other industries, and a reference to former practices in the respect is cited. The methods of Banks and the attitude of Bankers to creditors forms a subject of a timely editorial. The prominent position that Germany is taking as an industrial country is made the subject of a special article. The new bridge at Niagara and the application of electricity to farming are two of the illustrated articles of this issue. True to its thoroughly patriotic character, the number contains an article on what American visitors write to American papers of Canada, pointing out the absurdity of many of their calculations, and how little they know of the country. Other articles are—Canada's Opportunities in Japan; Canada as a Field for Settlement; Farming in Manitoba; British Columbia as a Hunting Ground, etc. Industrial Canada is doing good work in bringing the industrial development of the Dominion before the public, not only in our own provinces, but in England and the Colonies, as well as other lands. It is published by the Industrial Canada Co., Mr. W. S. Johnston, Managing Editor, 34 Adelaide St. West, Toronto. \$1.00 a year, single copies 10 cents.

REMARKABLE CASES

Chronic Inflammation of the Spleen Cured After Giving Up Hope.

London, Ont.—Henry R. Nickolls, 178 Rectory street, catarrh; recovered. Dr. Chase's catarrh cure, 25c.

Macdill—Geo. Chase's child, (teething) cured. Chase's Ointment.

Truro, N.S.—H. H. Sutherland, traveler, piles—very bad case; cured; Chase's Ointment, 60c.

Lancaster—Wm. Branton, gardener, pin worms; all gone. Chase's Pills.

L'Anse-au-Loup—Peter Van Allan, eczema for three years. Cured. Chase's Ointment.

Gowor Point—Robt. Baxford, dreadful itching piles, 30 years. Well again; Chase's Ointment, 60c.

Meyersburg—Nelson Simmons, itching eyes; cured. Chase's Ointment.

Malone—Geo. Richardson, kidney and liver sufferer; better. One box Chase's Pills, 25c.

Chesley—H. Will's son, crippled with rheumatism and suffering from diabetes, completely recovered. Chase's Pills.

Matchard Township—Peter Taylor, kidney trouble, 30 years; cured. Chase's Pills, 25c.

Toronto—Mrs. Hattie Delaney, 174 Crawford street, subject of perpetual colds. Cured by Chase's Syrup of Licorice and Turpentine. 25 cents.

Dr. Chase's remedies are sold by all dealers. Edmondson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

NERVOUS TROUBLE

are due to impoverished blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier and NERVE TONIC.

Best quality Rubber Boots and Shoes have them.—J. B. Macdonald & Co.

CONSTITIATION

The cause of many lives

It's the cause of nine-tenths of the head aches, stomach disorders, fits of "blues," despondency, etc., which cure the lives of thousands. Doses of cheap purgative pills, while they may give temporary relief, only increase the trouble, as their use is continued. Mack's Rheumatic (Kidney and Liver) Pills not only give RELIEF, but they also CURE. They soothe up the lower wall and stimulate the secretory, that in a short time the use of medicine is unnecessary. Price 50 cents a box.

"Cough Clasher" Try It. 10c

For sale by Geo. E. Hughes and Johnson Charlottetown and Souris.

By the death of Mrs. Captain Sullivan, New Bedford, Mass., a family in Halifax has fallen heir to a considerable sum of money. The fortunate inheritors are Robert Foley and his two sisters, Malan Foley, former superior of the Sacred Heart convent, now holding the same position in London, Ont., and Mrs. Coleman. The sum left to each is \$10,000.

THE VENEZUELAN QUESTION.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The following official statement regarding Venezuela was issued this evening:—

"There is, happily, a better feeling manifested on both sides of the water between the respective peoples, and it frequently happens that manifestations of this kind lead governments to an amicable conclusion which would otherwise be impracticable.

"Regarding the allegation that Sir Julian Pauncefote has returned to America charged with a mission having for its object the settlement of the dispute, the patent fact is that he all along has had such a mission. He has returned to Washington with certain instructions, and negotiations will be opened immediately on his arrival. It is too early to say whether or not the proposals of the British government are likely to be accepted.

QUESTIONS

The present prominence of economic questions has its effect upon the students in the universities. At Cornell University the total registration in all branches of political science was 474 in 1895-96 as against 347 in 1894-95. The growth was chiefly in the division known as courses on "politics," which included courses on the history of political ideas, the history of the growth and development of political institutions, etc. This goes to show how American Universities serve as a sort of regulator to the political machine, putting an increased number of educated men on the track of the truth in any line in which the nation is particularly in need of light. Cornell students need not go to Germany for Germany has been coming to them. Professor William Durlfeld, first secretary of the German Archaeological Institute at Athens, has been lecturing at Cornell on the excavations at Hom's Troy, in which he played a part; on the Greek Theatre; and on Greek architecture. He lectured in German. So did Professor Johannes Conrad of the University of Halle, Germany, who lectured at Cornell last week on recent scientific legislation in Germany. Professor Conrad is a Privy Councillor of the German Emperor, and hence knew whereof he spoke.

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