

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1890.

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The Daily Examiner

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ALMANAC FOR FEBRUARY, 1890.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Full Moon, 4th day, 9h., 1.0m., p. m., S. E.
Last Quarter, 12th day, 2h., 38.8m., p. m., W.,
below horizon.
New Moon, 19th day, 6h., 15.2m., a. m., E.,
below horizon.
First Quarter, 26th day, 9h., 53.9m., a. m., E.,
below horizon.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Day's length
1 Saturday	7 28 5	0 1 55	8 24	9 32	9 32
2 Sunday	26	1 2 47	9 9	35	35
3 Monday	25	3 3 40	9 52	38	38
4 Tuesday	24	5 4 47	10 29	41	41
5 Wednesday	22	6 5 51	11 4	44	44
6 Thursday	21	8 6 55	11 37	47	47
7 Friday	19	9 8 1	12 10	50	50
8 Saturday	18	11 9 7	0 43	53	53
9 Sunday	16	12 10 13	1 16	56	56
10 Monday	15	14 11 21	1 54	59	59
11 Tuesday	12	17 0 32	3 32	5	5
12 Wednesday	10	18 1 44	4 47	8	8
13 Thursday	9	20 2 57	6 15	11	11
14 Friday	7	21 4 7	7 39	14	14
15 Saturday	6	23 5 11	8 45	17	17
16 Sunday	4	24 6 4	9 39	20	20
17 Monday	2	26 6 50	10 28	23	23
18 Tuesday	1	27 7 24	11 10	26	26
19 Wednesday	1	27 7 54	11 50	29	29
20 Thursday	6 59	28 8 19	morn	33	33
21 Friday	56	32 8 44	0 28	36	36
22 Saturday	54	34 9 7	1 5	40	40
23 Sunday	51	35 9 31	1 44	44	44
24 Monday	49	37 9 58	2 27	48	48
25 Tuesday	47	39 10 30	3 18	52	52
26 Wednesday	45	40 11 8	4 23	55	55
27 Thursday	7 44	5 41 11 50	5 38	10 59	10 59

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

GET A BOTTLE OF
Johnson's Cough Syrup,
PRICE 25 CENTS,
—AT—
A. S. JOHNSON'S DRUG STORE.
Corner of Kent and Prince Streets.
jan17

JOHN T. MELLISH,
Barrister, Attorney, Notary
Public, &c.,
44 CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
OFFICE—London House Building,
(Davies' Corner), Queen St.

All kinds of Legal Business promptly attended to.
Money to Loan at low interest.
—dy & wky 17

A COOK BOOK
FREE
By mail to any lady sending us her post office
address. Wells, Richardson & Co., Montreal.

MONTAGUE DRUG STORE,
MONTAGUE BRIDGE.

JOHN T. ROBISON,
Druggist and Chemist.

HAS always on hand Pure Drugs, Chemi-
cals, Patent Medicines, Spices, etc.
Also, Fancy Articles and Christmas Goods.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS care-
fully and promptly filled.
ROBISON'S BLOOD CLEANSER, for
Horses and Cattle, has no superior, and is
highly recommended by horse fanciers and
farmers throughout the country.
nov22—wky 3m pd

MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,
BROKERS

—AND—
Commission Merchants,
HALIFAX

Consignments of Island produce will receive
prompt attention.
REFERENCES: Thomas Fyche, Esq., Cashier
Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; D. C.
Chalmers, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia
Charlottetown.

WARREN & JONES,
TEA MERCHANTS,
LONDON, ENGLAND.
Represented in Canada by MORRISON &
MUSGRAVE, Halifax.
Oct. 24, 1887.

BANKRUPT FURNITURE!

Lower than Auction Prices.

An Immense Lot of
Bankrupt Furniture for
sale at Dazzling Dis-
counts. Must be sold at
once. I defy competition.

JOHN NEWSON,
South Side Queen Square,
Charlottetown, Jan. 29, 1890. OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

The Writs Are Out

ELECTION "PROBABILITIES" for the next Thirty Days
is not the question of the hour, but for
Bargains in Fur Caps, Fur Coats and Robes
—COME DIRECT TO—
D. A. BRUCE.

I have decided to sell AT COST for Cash the balance
of FUR GOODS.
Just Opened—40 pieces Tweeds and Worsteds, received
ex S. S. "Stanley," and will be sold away down.
D. A. BRUCE, Queen Street.
Ch'town, Jan. 9, 1890—eod & wky

CLOTH! CLOTH!

GENUINE MARKED DOWN SALE
—FOR—
THIRTY DAYS ONLY.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN WOOLEN MILLS CLOTH
DEPOT, before their Annual Stock-taking, will, during
the month of January, offer their immense stock of Tweeds,
Dress Goods, Homespuns, Druggets and Flannels of their own
make at cost.

All desirous of purchasing Heavy Winter Goods, for Men
and Boys, are invited to examine our stock
These goods are offered at the present low prices to
make room for New Spring Patterns.
ALSO—Five Hundred Pairs of Custom-Made Pants, from
our own make of Cloth, which will be sold low.
Charlottetown, January 4, 1890—1m

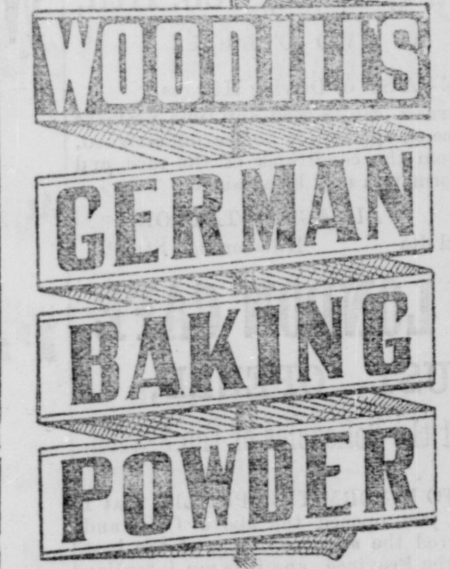
A CHANGE IN BUSINESS.

I HAVE DECIDED TO SELL ALL MY STOCK OF JEWELRY, SILVERWARE
and CLOCKS at greatly reduced prices to clear for Sixty Days. Watches at the
usual low prices for cash. All goods warranted as represented. Watches, Clocks and
Jewelry repaired and warranted.
E. S. BONNELL, Upper Queen Street.
Charlottetown, Jan. 21, 1890—1m law

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by Public Auction, at the Law Courts
Building in Charlottetown, on FEBRUARY, the
Twenty-eighth day of February next, at the
hour of Twelve o'clock, noon:—
A certain tract, piece and parcel of land and
premises, situate in Charlottetown afore-
said, being the south-eastern quarter or fourth
part of Town Lot Number Eighteen, in the
Second Hundred of Lots in Charlottetown afore-
said, having a front on the north side of Sidney
Street of forty-two feet, and extending back
by parallel lines eighty (80) feet, being bounded
on the east by the western fourth part of Town
Lot Number Nineteen in the Second Hundred,
owned by the said Patrick Sweeney.
The above sale is made under and pursuant to
a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture
of Mortgage bearing date the Twenty-third day
of September, A. D. 1871, and made between
Patrick Sweeney, of Charlottetown, in Prince
Edward Island, Trader, and Joanna Sweeney, his
wife, of the one part, and Thomas Essery, of
Charlottetown, in the said Island, Carpenter,
of the other part (which said Mortgage was duly
assigned to the undersigned by Indenture of
Assignment, dated Twenty-first March, A. D.
1877), default having been made in payment of
the principal money and interest thereby secured.
For further particulars apply at office of
Messrs. Hazard & Rattenbury, Solicitors, &c.,
Charlottetown.
Dated at Charlottetown, this 16th day of
January, A. D. 1890.
JOHN INGS,
Assignee of Mortgage.
jan17—wky 15 ale

THE WEATHER DOES,



Never Varies.
jan13

DESIRABLE FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale the valuable
Freehold Farm, beautifully situated at
Lower Montague, Lot 59, containing 110 acres
of Freehold Land, with Farm Buildings; 85
acres in a high state of cultivation, remainder
covered with fencing. It is well watered.
Mills, Schoolhouse and Church all within a
quarter of a mile. Best shipping on the Island
within one mile. The buildings are sheltered
from the north and west by a good grove.
JAMES PHILLIPS.
dec21—dy 31 wky 41

A Fancy Dress Carnival

WILL BE HELD IN THE
GEORGETOWN RINK,
—ON—
Tuesday, Feb. 11th.

GEORGETOWN BRASS BAND will be in
attendance.
Each person in costume will please hand in
a card bearing name and character.
The managers reserve the right to reject
any objectionable character.
Excursion Tickets issued at all Stations
East of and including Charlottetown.
Ticket Holders in costume, free. Non-
ticket Holders in costume, 25 cents.
Promenade—Adults, 25 cents; Children,
15 cents.
Doors open at 7.30 p. m.
Georgetown, Jan. 30, 1890—wky 21 pat

GEO. CARTER & CO.,

Market Square, Queen St cet.
SPEED TIME is yet in the distance, but we
are preparing for it. All of our Flower
Seeds are here, and nearly all of the Vegetable
Seeds, and the coming weeks will find us
busy testing, packing and arranging, so as to
be ready when the season opens for the
rush of orders, which is one of the features of
the Seed trade.
In the meantime we must close out our
Winter Stock of GROCERIES and FRIED-
ING STUFF, which we will do at very low
prices. Flour, Tea, Sugar, Kerosene Oil,
Molasses, etc., must go, as we want the room
they occupy as well as the money for our Seed
Department.
The balance of our Feeding Stuff must fol-
low suit, and we offer as follows, viz:—
BRAN, per 100 lbs., \$1.00 Bags 10 cts. each
SHORTS, " 1.25j extra.
OIL CAKE, " 2.50
STOCK FOOD, " 3.00
Special prices for lots of 5 bags and up
wards.
GEO. CARTER & CO.
jan29—dy law wky

WANTED.

DURING Months of Janu'y & February
and March, Stock suitable for Canning,
viz: Beef, Mutton and Poultry, at Robert
Bridges' Meat Store, Charlottetown.
jan3—wky 3m

England's Military Power, and Why She Needs a Great Statesman.

The present establishment of the British
army is as follows: cavalry, 19,094; infantry,
140,278; artillery, 35,728; engineers,
7,905; colonial troops, 2,989; and depart-
mental corps, 6,113. This gives a total of
211,107 of all ranks. The First Class Army
Reserve numbers 51,584 men, which, added
to this total, gives a grand total for our
active army of say, in round numbers, 260,
000 men. The number of horses and mules
—officers' charges not included—is 25,578,
of which a very small proportion are mules.
The law forbids us ever to exceed
by one man or horse at any time through-
out the year the establishment fixed annu-
ally by Parliament; so, with an army scat-
tered all over the world, it is practically
impossible to keep it actually up to the
fixed number. As a matter of fact, we are
generally now about one thousand under our
establishment. Our number of field guns
on peace establishment is 600, to which 36
guns would be added upon the mobilization
of the army.
Of this army 72,408 British soldiers, 10,
336 horses, and 318 guns are in India, 30,
595 men and 905 horses are abroad else-
where; the balance being at home.
In addition to this, we have an Indian regu-
lar army of 21,700 native cavalry, 109,000
native infantry, and 2,000 native artillery, all
under the command of 4,111 British officers.
With the exception of 48 mounted guns, all
the artillery in India is now English. From
these figures it will be seen that of the
army with which we hold India, not more
than 36 per cent. are English, whilst 64
per cent. are natives.
This article deals only with our regular
army, but still it would be absurd to make
no allusion in it to the yeomanry, militia
and volunteer forces. I shall not attempt any
description of them, but will content myself
with giving their numbers. The actual
strength—all ranks included—of the mili-
taries of the crown on the 1st July, 1888,
was:
REGULAR ARMY.
At home..... 168,283
Abroad..... 101,880
Native army of India..... 134,109
RESERVE FOR REGULAR ARMY.
First Class Army Reserve..... 51,890
Second Class Army Reserve..... 2,922
Militia Reserve..... 29,780
Yeomanry cavalry..... 12,245
Militia, exclusive of Militia Reserve..... 89,750
Volunteers..... 117,821
Grand total of all ranks..... 757,698
Besides the numbers here given there are
about 800,000 men who have been trained
as volunteers, one-quarter of whom, it is
calculated, would be available for the de-
fence of the country if the emergency were
great. I do not profess to enter upon the
strength of the military forces maintained
by Canada, Australia and our other col-
onies, but they are of great importance.
Their importance will be fully recognized
by the world whenever God in His mercy
is pleased to send us a statesman wise
enough and great enough to federate and
consolidate into one united British Empire
all the many lands and provinces which
acknowledge Queen Victoria as their sov-
ereign—From "The Standing Army of
Great Britain," by General Viscount Wol-
seley, K. P., etc., in Harper's Magazine for
February.

A Rival to Samson.

THE FEATS OF STRENGTH PERFORMED BY A
WELSH NOBLEMAN.
Sir Nicholas Keynes, bart., of Cefu
Mably, was accounted one of the strongest
men of the day, and a tradition of him cor-
roborative of his great strength, still exists
in Glamorganshire. The story runs that
one summer evening at Sir Nicholas's
walking in the deer park at Cefu Mably
with some guests, an athletic man, leading
an ass upon which was his valet, approach-
ed, and respectfully saluting the company,
said he humbly supposed that the huge
gentleman he had the honor of addressing
was the strong Sir Nicholas Keynes. The
stranger being answered in the affirmative,
declared himself a noted Cornish wrestler,
who had never been thrown, and that hav-
ing heard from a Welshman, whom he had
met at Bristol, of the great bodily strength
of Sir Nicholas, had made this journey to
see his honor, adding that, if it was not
asking too great a favor, he trusted Sir
Nicholas would condescend to 'try a fall'
with him. The baronet, smiling, assented,
but advised the Cornishman to first go to
the battery and get refreshments.
The Cornishman declined with many
thanks, saying he was quite fresh; so they
fell to wrestling, and in a moment the Cor-
nishman was thrown upon his back. The
baronet, assisting him to rise, asked him if
he was now satisfied of his strength. The
reply was, "Not unless you throw me over
the park wall." The tale continues to say
that this request was readily complied with,
when the unsatisfied wrestler entreated
that Sir Nicholas would throw his ass after
him over the wall, which was accordingly
done.
A place is still shown in the ancient park
wall as the scene of that exploit. A fine
picture now at Cefu Mably, in the posses-
sion of Colonel Kemeys-Lynte, represents
Sir Nicholas as of great stature and appa-
rently gigantic strength. He was subse-
quently killed at Opestow Castle in defending it
against the troops of Cromwell, having
slain many of the enemy with his own hand
in the sortie in which he fell.

One Hundred People Drowned

BY A CLOUD BURST IN CHINA—AN AWFUL
STORY OF SUFFERING FROM JAPAN.

A San Francisco despatch of the 5th
says: Chinese advices say the town of Tein
Li Chow, on the Yangtze River, was
visited by a cloud burst during the first
week of December. One hundred people
were drowned and much shipping destroy-
ed, hundreds of vessels being either totally
wrecked or badly damaged. The cloud
came up suddenly on a clear day, envelop-
ing everything in a dense fog, burst with a
tremendous report and the town was deluged
with water. Fifty persons were rescued in
an exhausted condition.
Li Hung Chang is said to contemplate a
project for the introduction of silver coin-
age in China. Deutsche Asiatische Bank,
with a responsible capital of 5,000,000
taels, began business in Shanghai at the be-
ginning of the year.
Japanese advices say the American ship
Joseph S. Spinney arrived at Higo, Ja-pan,
Jan. 23, with six Pelew Islanders, whom
she had picked up in an open canoe over
200 miles from land. Seven men and
their old king had set out to pay a visit to
the chief on another island of the Pelew
group. Their craft was blown out to sea.
They were without food or water for 18
days. On Dec. 11 the old king decided his
boy, aged 16, must be killed in order that
the others might live. Preparations for the
sacrifice were nearly completed when the
sails of the Spinney appeared on the hori-
zon and the boy was saved. The king
was so wroth that the chief mate carried
him up the ship's gangway under his arm.
Before reaching Higo the king and one
other man died.

Rumored Changes in English Cur- rency.

The New York Times' London correspon-
dent cables the following: "Information
has come to me from four independent
sources confirming the original statement
that England is about to take the first step
in bi-metalism. Four millions sterling of
one-pound silver notes have been or are
being printed, and as one of my informants
puts it, these do not follow Weldon's idea
of being based on bullion, but rest on the
more intelligible foundation of minted coin.
The government will make a profit by this
of nearly 35 per cent., certainly amounting
to over a million sterling. The prevailing
impression is that Goschen will utilize this
to call in the present large stock of under-
weight sovereigns with which the banks
are now incumbered. His former experi-
ment of recalling light half sovereigns was
very successful and it is assumed that he
will repeat it now in order to placate the
bankers, who, so far as they have been
sounded, are hostile to the idea of one-
pound notes."

News Notes.

Alfonso, the baby King of Spain, is
pretty comfortably fixed financially. His
salary is \$1,000,000.
A jeweller at Suisun, Cal., has made a
clock that will run four hundred and eighty
days without winding a second time.
During the last five months 850 patients
have been treated at the Pasteur Institute
in Paris, and not a single death has oc-
curred.
The Gospel Standard, an English Baptist
newspaper of very strict tendencies, adver-
tises that "no charge is made for inserting
the death of godly persons."
The burglars who unsuccessfully tried to
blow open a safe in Montreal recently must
have been chagrined to read in the papers
that the safe was not even locked.
Stanley has announced that he will not
be able to lecture this season at least. He
will not leave Cairo until the bulk of his
voluminous notes are ready for the printer.
A recent report of the directors of the
Paris exposition places the final figures
covering the amount of money brought
into Paris by out-of-town people at \$250,-
300,000.
Ex King Milan, of Servia, gets a pension
of \$2,000 a month for not writing a book.
He threatened to write his reminiscences,
when the above amount was cheerfully ac-
corded him if he would abstain.
The Emperor William has issued an
order that in future no paintings, or statues
or busts of himself or of any members of
the royal family, either alive or dead, are
to be purchased with any public funds for
galleries or public buildings.
Berlin has established perambulating
post offices, which are a great success. The
mail carts drive about in eleven different
directions, deliver local letters at their des-
tinations, and sort the letters collected
while they are being taken to the post
office.
Samuel Cable, a Stark, Ohio, farmer
worth \$50,000, thought he was dying, and
deeded his property to five children. He
recovered and asked them to restore it, but
they refused, and now he appeals to the
court on the plea that he was not of sound
mind when the deeds were made.
The Semitic museum, for which \$10,000
has been given Harvard by Jacob H. Schiff,
of New York, is the first of the kind in the
States. The relics of the Semite race—the
Assyrians, Phoenicians, Hebrews, Arabians,
and the rest—bear an interesting relation
to modern culture.
An English woman who married an Austrian
Count and was left a widow has set up in
the manure business in London and has
a distinguished patronage. The rank of
the lady and the riches of her friends en-
ables her to charge half a guinea for her
manipulations, and she will not work for
less.
W. H. Mallock, author of "Is Life Worth
Living?" has established a bureau in Lon-
don where men who have no engagements
for an evening may register themselves as
"disengaged diners," and there may be
sought by hostesses who have invited four-
teen, but whom an unlucky chance has set
a trembling through fear of having thirteen
at table.