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"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—Euripides.

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VOL. 37.

CHARLOTTETOWN P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY FEBRUARY 23, 1897

NO 45

JOB PRINTING
FOR BEST WORK
AT LOWEST PRICES
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We Can Handle any kind of Job Printing.
EXAMINER PUBLISHING CO

The Daily Examiner is for sale in Charlottetown at the following places:—
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CALENDAR FOR FEBRUARY, 1897.

New Moon, 1st day, 4h. 07m. p. m.
First Quarter, 7th day, 3h. 12.6m. p. m.
Full Moon, 16th day, 5h. 58.6m. a. m.
Last Quarter, 23rd day, 11h. 31.1m. p. m.

Day of Week	Sun rise	Sun set	Hight water
1 Monday	6 59	2 59	10 4
2 Tuesday	7 29	3 0	11 25
3 Wednesday	7 58	3 11	12 10
4 Thursday	8 27	3 22	1 0
5 Friday	8 56	3 33	1 45
6 Saturday	9 25	3 44	2 30
7 Sunday	9 54	3 55	3 15
8 Monday	10 23	4 6	4 0
9 Tuesday	10 52	4 17	4 45
10 Wednesday	11 21	4 28	5 30
11 Thursday	11 50	4 39	6 15
12 Friday	12 19	4 50	7 0
13 Saturday	12 48	5 1	7 45
14 Sunday	1 17	5 12	8 30
15 Monday	1 46	5 23	9 15
16 Tuesday	2 15	5 34	10 0
17 Wednesday	2 44	5 45	10 45
18 Thursday	3 13	5 56	11 30
19 Friday	3 42	6 7	12 15
20 Saturday	4 11	6 18	1 0
21 Sunday	4 40	6 29	1 45
22 Monday	5 9	6 40	2 30
23 Tuesday	5 38	6 51	3 15
24 Wednesday	6 7	7 2	4 0
25 Thursday	6 36	7 13	4 45
26 Friday	6 45	7 24	5 30
27 Saturday	6 54	7 35	6 15
28 Sunday	7 3	7 46	7 0

PERT PERSONALS.

Herrmann is dead, but Mark Hanna still lives to perform cabinet tricks.—Salt Lake Herald.
John Lawrence Sullivan has grown side whiskers. How have the mighty fallen.—Boston Traveller.
From the frequency of his gunning trips Grover may well be termed one of our shooting stars.—Philadelphia North American.
It is said that Tom Watson is writing a history of France. It is a good thing that Arthur Sewall that he is not a Frenchman.—Florida Times-Union.
James J. Corbett, it is reported, is rehearsing a new farce comedy. The name of the other combatant will be announced later.—Philadelphia Ledger.
Harry Lockwood of Newark, O., has been arrested for trying to blow up his mother-in-law with dynamite. Mr. Lockwood shouldn't take so seriously what the funny papers say about the mother-in-law.—Chicago Times-Herald.

BUNKO BANKING.

In China they behind the bank officials. Why not try it here? Not a Chinese bank has failed in hundreds of years.—Wilkes-Barre News Dealer.
The "ill advised business methods" of bankers are always indictable when employed by housebreakers and highwaymen.—Detroit Free Press.
The time is coming when the spirit of courtesy will give out, and then the utilitarian which characterizes recklessly land banking as "ill advised business methods" will be dropped.—Chicago Record.
Bankers are trustees. People are compelled to trust them. People are compelled to trust their investments shall be made as safe as possible and that punishment shall be meted out to any man who betrays their interests.—Indianapolis News.
FIGS AND THISTLES.
If there is good in us, it will bring out good in others.
The man who would be wise must sit on the feet of the fool.
How many fathers and mothers make religion such a cruel thing that their children hate it.
One reason why the world gains knowledge so slowly is that every child must find out for itself that fire is hot.
Many a face we consider homely would be radiant with beauty if we could see it without looking through darkened windows.—Sam's Horn.

THIS WEEK.

Buy your Clothing this week; the lowest ebb of prices has been reached

Men's Overcoats. Half Price.
Youths' Overcoats Half Price.
Children's Overcoats, Half Price.

1-3

Some of our Children's Suits cut 1-3 their original value. Our entire stock of clothing at prices that have never been known or heard tell of. **BUY THIS WEEK.**

McKAY WOOLEN COMPANY,

THE GREAT BARGAIN GIVERS.

P. E. Island Railway
On and after MONDAY, 4th January 1897 the trains of this Railway will run daily Sundays excepted as follows:—

Trains Outward. Read down.	STATIONS.	Trains Inward. Read up.
9:10 P. M.	Charlottetown	9:10 P. M.
9:17 P. M.	Royalton Junction	9:50 P. M.
9:24 P. M.	North Wiltshire	10:05 P. M.
9:31 P. M.	Hunter River	10:20 P. M.
9:38 P. M.	Bradshaw	10:35 P. M.
9:45 P. M.	Emerald	10:50 P. M.
9:52 P. M.	Freetown	11:05 P. M.
9:59 P. M.	Kensington	11:20 P. M.
10:06 P. M.	Souris	11:35 P. M.
12:50 P. M.	Souris	1:00 P. M.
1:11 P. M.	Micochich	1:10 P. M.
1:32 P. M.	Wellington	1:20 P. M.
1:53 P. M.	Port Hill	1:30 P. M.
2:14 P. M.	O'Leary	1:50 P. M.
2:35 P. M.	Bloomfield	2:10 P. M.
2:56 P. M.	Alberton	2:30 P. M.
3:17 P. M.	Tignish	2:50 P. M.
3:38 P. M.	Charlottetown	3:10 P. M.
3:59 P. M.	Royalton Junction	3:30 P. M.
4:20 P. M.	North Wiltshire	3:50 P. M.
4:41 P. M.	Hunter River	4:10 P. M.
5:02 P. M.	Bradshaw	4:30 P. M.
5:23 P. M.	Emerald	4:50 P. M.
5:44 P. M.	Freetown	5:10 P. M.
6:05 P. M.	Kensington	5:30 P. M.
6:26 P. M.	Souris	5:50 P. M.

FOR SUPERIOR FLAVOR FRAGRANCE, BOUQUET, HEALTH PROPERTIES.

DRINK...



It Isn't the Store That Promises

But the store that does, that grows strong in the people's confidence. We weigh every word we print thoughtfully in the scales of fact. We measure every value we put before you carefully, as a result this is a "sincere store". Everybody knows just what to expect, and expect just what they find, the very best at the very lowest prices. Bedroom Suits, from \$15 and up.

JOHN NEWSON
THE BARGAIN GIVER

It Isn't the Store That Promises

But the store that does, that grows strong in the people's confidence. We weigh every word we print thoughtfully in the scales of fact. We measure every value we put before you carefully, as a result this is a "sincere store". Everybody knows just what to expect, and expect just what they find, the very best at the very lowest prices. Bedroom Suits, from \$15 and up.

JOHN NEWSON
THE BARGAIN GIVER

Don't be Carried Away

By so-called cheap sales. Some goods are expensive at any price. Good reliable quality at a low price is what we aim to give. We invite an inspection of our goods. If you like reliability give us a call.

GOFF BROS.

Advertisers!

The home circulation is the most valuable to advertisers. THE EXAMINER reaches the home of our citizens every evening. That accounts for our large advertising patronage.

THE EXAMINER PUB. COMPANY

OFFERED A DUKEDOM.
The Marquis of Salisbury Can Have the Honor—He Refuses It Once Before.

Lord Salisbury can have a dukedom if he wishes it this year, according to a late despatch from London. The Queen made him the offer in the jubilee year of 1887, but he refused to accept the honor. Probably he will not care to refuse twice. Moreover, during the past ten years his record and esteem in public life now make the promotion natural. Personally, there is no man in the country who cares less for the outer pomp and circumstance of his position. It is with great difficulty that he can be got to attend any crowded society function, or to bring there, keep up a semblance of interest in his surroundings. In private life he is silent and likes to be alone, but is very even-tempered and generally cheerful. His chief friend in the Cabinet is Lord Salisbury, who is a man very much after his own temper. As Lady Salisbury has no social ambition, there will be no domestic pressure for him to accept a dukedom. She is not in very strong health, and has always been somewhat of a recluse. Moreover, she has a positive dislike for some of the great nobles of society.

BREAD WITHOUT FLOUR
Made by Crashing the Wheat into a Dough From Which It is Made.
(Montreal Star.)

Bread without flour sounds like an absurdity; something unheard of and impossible. And yet it has come to pass, for such bread is baked at the establishment of Mr. James Strachan, Montreal, and delivered to a number of his customers. This process of breadmaking is new, it is simple and inexpensive and likely to revolutionize the bread-making of our cities. The process is technically known as the "Antisepsis Panitator," and simply described as follows: The wheat, just as it comes from the threshing mill is cleaned by washing and if Manitoba No. 1 Hard, it is soaked in water for a short time. Our Eastern or Ontario wheat requires washing only. The grain is then ready to be reduced to a homogeneous paste or dough as the baker would call it. The machine that does this is the feature of the process. The small one in use at the Strachan bakery is a one-man but capable of producing eight pounds of paste per hour. It stands about four feet high with a small "hopper" on top into which the damp grain is placed. The wheat disintegrates into a steel cylinder below, about two and a half feet long and six inches in diameter. Inside is the patent roller driven, in the case of this machine by a motor of but three and one-half horse-power. At one end of the cylinder is a pipe of an inch diameter and within two minutes after the wheat is put into the hopper and the machine started the paste or dough begins to flow in a continuous stream through this pipe. This paste is the whole wheat reduced. Nothing is lost. This dough is then ready for the baker. Salt is added and yeast, the kneading done, leaves made and the process of "rising" begins, which in this case is quicker than with bread made from flour.

The process is the invention of two Russians of Odessa, but it was first put in practice in Belgium. From there it spread to Germany and England, and is now introduced into Canada.

Three widows, each holding proof of her marriage, survive the late Charles W. Brooke, of New York, whose death a week ago robbed the American bar of one of its brightest lights. These women all live within a radius of fifty miles of each other, all knew of the relations which they separately bore to the dead baronet, and most remarkable yet, none seems to bear any malice towards the others, or to curse the man who, they claim, was husband to them all.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

Spoken Language.

The speech of the aborigines of Africa changes with almost every generation. Very rapid speakers enunciate about two words per second, or from 120 to 160 per minute.

The Bible societies of the world have printed the whole or parts of the Scriptures in 412 different languages or dialects.

The Zend is said to have been the ancient language of Bactriana and also of Zoroaster and the fire worshippers of Persia. At the beginning of this century there were only 6,000 Spanish speaking people in the United States. Now there are 650,000.

The Malay language, spoken in the south seas, is softer than the Italian and is said to be totally unlike any other known language.

Since the beginning of this century the use of the Italian language has greatly increased. In 1801 it was spoken by 16,076,000 people, and in 1890 it was used by 33,400,000.

The larynx of man is twice the size on an average of the same organ in woman, although this disproportion is equalized by the fact that woman uses her larynx a little more than twice as much as man.

The most accepted ancient theory of language declared that words were imitations of natural sounds, and the fact that every language contains such words is regarded as a strong confirmation of the theory.

YOUR BABY'S SKIN NEEDS

"BABY'S OWN SOAP"

NONE BETTER FOR DELICATE SKINS

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

Farming—No. 9.
A PLEA FOR THE HEN.

It is said that you can "ow, if you are a good judge of dairy points, go out into the country, and for \$25, purchase a cow and pay yourself for the outlay in the fall when the factory closes. No doubt this is true. There are cows furnishing milk to almost every factory which realize \$25 on their milk. If the owner of such a cow knew the potentiality of her abilities in this direction, he would hardly part with such an one for \$25, though the story has come down to us that a man once sold a goose that laid golden eggs for a mere bagatelle. If a man had a breeding mare of such of whose foals would be worth four times her own value, he would be considered a lucky man, likewise would he, or rather, he, to own a sheep that would produce four times her own value in one year. But there is a little animal in our barnyards that, good care and feed given, will at present prices, produce four times her own value in the twelve months. That little animal is the hen.

Like all our domestic animals hens adapt themselves to climatic conditions. In the warm spring time they breed, and later, but in time for the progeny to attain sufficient strength to winter, they bring forth. Such are natural conditions with our domestic animals. Such are also the conditions that govern the wild animals of the wood—the bear, the partridge, both quadruped and biped. It, as a matter of fact, takes very little skill to follow nature in her certain rigid laws. If the bear, the fox and the feathered songsters can bring forth their young, why not our human assistance, what we boast of if our domestic animals are doing no better? It is only the result of domestication? But the hen is the animal now under consideration. Well on in March, on about St. Patrick's day, we shall be expecting to find a few eggs in the barn lot, or in some old box or barrel which she has found warmest to build her nest. Meanwhile our hen gets out into the sunshine by the last of March or first April; the snow is melting before the barn and the hens pick up a lot of grain. There are some

AT STITTSVILLE!
The Town's Leading Merchant Laid Up

Rheumatism in various forms is one of the most common diseases there is, and a broken down system, in the limbs it is painful; in most of the internal organs dangerous, and in the heart usually fatal.

The experience of Mr. S. Mann, the well known general merchant of Stittsville, is interesting:

"Last winter I was badly afflicted with rheumatism. I decided to try Dr. Chase's Pills. To my surprise, I got immediate relief, and before I had used one box my affliction was gone. I was also troubled with biliousness for years, and at intervals of three or four weeks would be laid up with a severe headache and sick stomach. Since using Chase's Pills I have not had an attack of either."

I may add that Dr. Chase's Ointment for piles and skin diseases is just as effective as Dr. Chase's Pills for blood troubles. I have a clerk who suffered terribly from bleeding piles. He tried Chase's Ointment and in a few days was completely cured."

All dealers and Edmondson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto, 25c.

Chase's Liniment and Turpentine for colds, bronchitis and consumption. Size cure, 25 cents.

bare spots and biddy finds some grain and maybe a blade of green grass, and as a result of the vagaries of springtime we begin to gather eggs. When we find the hens are laying pretty well we begin to feed some grain, and so the eggs continue to come more or less regularly till after harvest. Then they begin to moult, and the egg season stops for the year. It lasts just six months. We then undertake to board, not the hens alone, but the big and more expensive cows and horses. The sheep are no doubt growing a fleece all the while; but the hen barnyard hen is a good hustler. She—the round next St. Patrick, when we will begin to look for eggs again. The partridge does nearly as well as this, and she has no egg care-taker. What constitutes skill is overcoming natural conditions. It does not require much skill to get eggs in April, nor likewise in September. But it does to get eggs in November, December, January, February and March. Now, how can one get eggs in those months? By supplying nature's conditions. By giving our hens May weather, and conditions in December. This is the whole secret. To get eggs in December, when they are worth from three to four times what they are in May, requires a warm house built purposely for the hens—two houses much warmer than the average dwellings are a winter heat. This can be done by double boarding with two thickness of tar paper. In fact the hen house must be so warm that water will freeze only in very cold nights. Next is gravel feeding and exercise. Under good winter conditions, one dollar and fifty cents can be made from each layer, and under skillful management the same hen can be made to bring forth eight chicks. With two dollars more, allowing one dollar for feed of hen and twenty-five cents for feed of chicks, it will be seen that a direct profit of \$2.25 can be obtained per hen, and this hen can be brought to the profit of 450 per cent. What other animal on the farm can we hope for such possibilities? Better build a poultry house, and be sure and build it warm. It needs to be made warmer than your dwelling.

THE LISTENER.
The Aberavon (England) town council unanimously elected as mayor Mr. Henry Richards, who is totally blind.

The grand council of the town of Italy has been conferred upon Dr. Bering, the discoverer of the anti-phthisis serum.

William Lyman of Middlefield, Conn., who died recently, was the inventor and manufacturer of the Lyman gun sight, in use all over the world.

General J. Courtenay Hixon, United States consul at Fuzhou, China, is enjoying a brief vacation in Washington. His first since his appointment three years ago.

Oliver H. P. Belmont, who by special dispensation wears three degrees in the Freemasonry in three weeks, has been elected junior warden of St. John's lodge, No. 1, the oldest Masonic lodge in America.

Lord Mayor Faulder-Phillips intends to signalize his year of office, in which will fall the completion of the sixtieth year of Queen Victoria's reign, by raising by subscription the \$100,000 needed for the great public hospitals of London from debt.

Joe Jefferson's son possesses an album of thumb prints, some of which belong to very famous people. The Hon. Daniel Lambert has left an impression of his thumb on one page, and those skilled in such matters can read in it candor, discretion and joviality.

According to a Madrid paper, Major Cirujeda, before whose column Maceo is said to have fallen, has been made a colonel. No less than four times the Spaniards have opened subscriptions in order to raise funds to purchase swords of honor to be presented to him.

Dr. Johnson's aversion to Scotland was shared by the late Sir Edward Bate, an English millionaire who died recently, and who left his money to his daughter, married to a Scotchman, on condition that she should not speak more than six months a year in Scotland.

Ex-Congressman Bingham, Lincoln's judge advocate general, is passing his declining years in Cadiz, O., an old man of 82. One of his choicest possessions is the shaking hands with Lafayette. He was a schoolboy in an Ohio village when the great Frenchman passed through the town.

Richard Croker's experiences on the turf have already cost him in the neighborhood of \$500,000. His English experiment is set down as costing him \$290,000. All this was the result of the advice of a play-similar to that outdoor life as a relief from insomnia and other ills that were annoying him.

Alfred's youngest son, Captain C. E. Nevill Macready, is well known in England as a first rate amateur actor. Macready strongly objected to any of his children going on the stage, but up to the time of his death he taught his son reading and elocution. Captain Macready served through the Egyptian war of 1882 and was decorated.

General William Collins, who recently died at his home in Clinton, Tenn., at the age of 87 years, was for several terms a member of congress from the Carlisle district, in that state, and was once the clerk of the house of representatives. He was at one time prominently mentioned for the presidency. He was an uncle of Senator Shelby M. Collins of Illinois.

If the stories told of his wealth are true, Congressman Sprague, the new representative from the Eleventh Massachusetts district, will be the richest member of the house. His wife is said to possess \$25,000,000, and on her wedding day she gave Charles a check for \$1,000,000, a sum he has since greatly increased. Mr. Sprague was a young lawyer in Boston before his marriage.

CREAT SALES prove the great merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Hood's Sarsaparilla sells because it accomplishes **CREAT CURES.**

The Manitoba Dairy Association report that \$127,264 worth of butter and \$62,000 worth of cheese were exported last year.

Hobbing, Burning Skin Diseases Cured for Thirty Five Cents.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves in one day and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Barber's Itch, Ulcers, Blisters and all eruptions of the skin. It is soothing and quieting, and acts like magic in the cure of all baby humors; 35 cents.

Cripple

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

*Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism.

Made Well

Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Prepared only by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Where cold is a relative term. The resident of the semi-tropical countries shivers when the thermometer falls to a degree, while the Laplander and Eskimo think it comfortable at zero.

For real cold, and plenty of it, one must go to the Polar regions. Think of living where the mercury goes down to 40 degrees below zero in the house, in the hot stove, in the course, in such a case, fur garments are piled on until a man looks like a great bundle of skins.

The Moss, of the Polar expedition of 1877, among other things, tells of the effect of cold on a wax candle which he burned there. The temperature was 35 degrees below zero; and the doctor must have been a thoroughly soundly educated when, looking at his candle, he discovered that the flame had all it could do to keep warm.

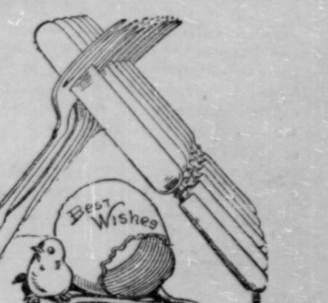
It was so cold that the flame could not melt all the wax of the candle, but was forced to cut its way down, leaving a sort of skeleton of the candle standing. There was enough, however, to melt oddly shaped holes in the tallow, which wax, and the result was a beautiful lacelike cylinder of white, with a tongue of yellow flame running inside it, and sending out into the darkness many streaks of light.

Fast Time Across the Continent.

The trip across the continent has been made in less than five days by the Southern route. It was made by a special train carrying 100 soldiers from San Francisco to Norfolk, Va. The regular time has been shortened within recent years, and the daily run of an express train to and from Chicago during the World's Fair in less than twenty-four hours gives a hint as to what we may expect when our railroads are made safe by hedged and fenced tracks, crossings above or under grade and a general adoption of the block system. The run is considered by military and naval authorities to have a strategic importance, as in the event of war it is evident that troops and stores can be swiftly shifted from one point to another and a big fleet in the Pacific could be mannaed from the Eastern yards inside of a week.

DREAMS.
To dream of fainting indicates a weak action of the heart.
Lively dreams are a sign of the excitement of nervous action.
Frightful dreams are a sign of determination of blood to the head.
Dreams of distorted form are a sign of obstruction or disease of the liver.
Dreams in which one imagines pain or injury to any part of the body indicate disease of that part.
Dense, plethoric dreams are a sign of a slight irritation of the head, but in nervous fevers often indicate the approach of a favorable crisis.
Dreaming is an experience common to humanity, though it varies widely in different individuals, and in a few exceptional cases is absolutely unknown.

A. A. McLEAN, Q. C.
Barrister, &c
Brown's Block, - - Charlottetown
BRANCH OFFICE,
Wadman's Building, - - Cra' aud
MONEY TO LOAN.



For a Few Days

We will call your attention to our line of Flatware, Spoons, Forks, Knives, Butter Knives, and Sugar Knives, at very low prices. Please call, and we will try hard to please you.

G. F. HUTCHESON