

Assessors' report by rejecting it totally, and falling back upon the assessment of last year, which was an equitable one. Now, if there had been a majority of Conservatives in the City Council, the assessment for this year would remain unchanged; and we should have a practical and painful lesson of the folly of letting Conservative folks have things too much their own way.

TREASURY WARRANTS.

The Monitor, in its issue before the last, had a very dolorous whine, set up for the special comfort of schoolmasters and road contractors, whose warrants and orders, we were told, could not be cashed by the Government, as the Colony had a debt of £22,000 against it—and the Leader of the Government was sneered at for daring to assert, some years ago, that after the introduction of Responsible Government schoolmasters' warrants would be no longer shaved, and road orders would cease to be hawked about town and finally exchanged for shop goods at an extravagant price. The Monitor man, while professing great sympathy for schoolmasters and road contractors, seems rather delighted with the news he retails about warrants and orders not being responded to in cash; but like a great deal of other stuff retailed by him at the extravagant rate of three half-pence a sheet, there is not a word of truth in all that he has written about our financial affairs. In the first place, there has not yet been one schoolmaster's warrant endorsed for interest, nor do we believe there will be; every one has been promptly paid on presentation at the Treasury. In the second place, the road orders have been all paid as soon as presented. The Road Correspondent has not been obliged to keep under his desk a roll of cotton, a keg of tobacco, or a chest of tea, to be doled out in exchange for orders,—nor have the holders been compelled to run about town with them,—a genuine road order is any day as good as cash, for the Government has taken care that the Road Correspondent shall have money enough at his disposal to meet all demands upon his office, even though the Bank should continue to decline the cashing of warrants. In the third place, the Monitor forgets that £20,000 out of the £22,000 of debt are secured by debentures, given for the purchase of public lands, and not payable until the expiration of ten years, and for which there is the property to meet the payment; so that with the revenue of this year, daily flowing into the Treasury, there will be ample means to meet all demands upon the Government, and to call in the outstanding warrants from time to time. Since the prorogation of the Legislature, warrants have been called in and paid at the Treasury to the amount of several thousand pounds, and this the editor of the Monitor might see by referring to the Royal Gazette, instead of making the broad and erroneous assertion, that the Government has suspended the paying of warrants. We recommend the Protector's satellite to look about for some other grievance—some other cause of complaint against the Government. He only strengthens our position by writing on a subject of which he is totally ignorant.

We shall probably notice in our next the Monitor's very lame excuse for James B. Cooper's delinquency in his capacity as Assistant Clerk of the House of Assembly.

The excellent letter of "Incola," on the subject of the public expenditure of this Island for several years, will appear in our next No.

REMOVAL FROM THE GARRISON OF CH. TOWN OF GREAT GUNS, FIELD-PIECES, SMALL ARMS, AND MUNITIONS OF WAR OF EVERY KIND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EXAMINER.

Sir,—Having attended the Mayor's Court on Friday last, on business connected with the City Assessments as affecting myself, I was still there when, on motion for adjournment having been made, Councillor B. Davies brought to the notice of the Court a proceeding then going on by command of the Home Government; the full execution of which can scarcely fail to inspire every thinking mind amongst us with a dread for the future safety of the lives and properties of the citizens at large; the proceeding being nothing less than the removal from the Garrison for transportation to Halifax, N. S., of all the great guns, field-pieces, small arms, and other munitions of war!

When present, as I have stated, in the Police Court, nothing could be more foreign to my mind than an intention to report any of its proceedings; but the public spirit, watchfulness, and promptness of purpose displayed on the occasion by Councillor B. Davies, with reference to this apparently high-handed proceeding; and the readiness and openness of mind with which the rest of the Court concurred in his views, and adopted the action which he suggested, are altogether so worthy of public approbation that I feel it to be a duty, almost incumbent upon me, to give the several editors and publishers of our newspapers an opportunity of laying before their readers such a report of Councillor Davies's speech and of the consequent action of the Court, as I can now make from my memory, and which is as subjoined.

I am, sir, your obedient servant, R. B. IRVING.

MAYOR'S COURT, CITY OF CHARLOTTETOWN, June 26, 1857.

On motion for adjournment having been made, Councillor B. Davies rose, and, addressing His Worship the Mayor, spoke nearly as follows:— "Your Worship,—Before this Court shall be adjourned, I wish to bring under its immediate notice and consideration a certain very extraordinary, and, as I think, very alarming proceeding, which is now actually in progress whilst I am speaking. This is no less than the removal—in obedience to a command of the Home Government, from the Garrison of this city, for immediate transportation to Halifax—of all the great guns, field-pieces, small arms, and munitions of war of every kind, which we have hitherto considered as belonging to this place. Up to this time they have been wisely kept in our Garrison for the use, in case of need, either of the regulars who might be stationed here, or, in such case, in the absence of a military detachment, as a means whereby our militia might be armed. With the final withdrawal of the military we have been and are still, with great reason, much dissatisfied. But, if the further proceeding now going on—the depriving us of all public military means of defending ourselves in the event of aggression from without, or the lawless and riotous assemblage of foreigners or strangers on our wharfs or in our streets, should actually be carried out to the full extent proposed, would not our dissatisfaction be excited to the utmost? What treatment from the Home Government could it with any shadow of probability, be imagined, could be extended to us, that would aggravate use more? This, if fully accomplished, will not be merely a throwing of a Colony, in a certain satisfactory state of progress and prosperity, upon its own resources, which, in many cases, may not only be justifiable and reasonable, but even advisable for the well-being of the Colony itself: it will be much more—it will be casting us off, in the most unprovided state for self-defence, to become the prey of the first band of piratical marauders whom chance or design may bring to our shores. It is well known that, at the present time, under some bold, adventurous ruffian, armed men—men equally desperate and ruffianly with their leader—are frequently associated on board of some small, fast-sailing, armed vessel, in which cruising along the coasts of the neighboring continent, they, from time to time, suddenly enter the harbour of some thriving town, which is either quite defenceless, or unprovided for resistance to aggression, and, by fierce threats and unmistakable manifestations of both will and power to execute their threats, levy upon and force from the inhabitants the largest contributions. With respect to ourselves, in the utterly defenceless position in which we have

the best of reasons to apprehend we are about to be left, it is no unwarrantable stretch of the imagination to suppose, that some night our harbor may be entered by some armed vessel, of perhaps about a hundred or a hundred and thirty tons burthen, with a large crew of piratical ruffians, commanded by one still more ruffianly and rapacious than themselves, and that at daybreak, landing in irresistible force, they may with threats of cannon, fire and sword, compel us to submit to whatever possible contribution they may please to demand. Thus our lives and properties might be held in extreme jeopardy for days; and, having no means of making any effectual resistance, we should at last, in order to free ourselves from the dread of a still greater calamity, be compelled to submit to their piratical exactions. And, again, let us look to the possibility of another calamity or misfortune, which may so easily befall us in the defenceless position in which we are on the very eve of being left.

In the event—as was only a year or two ago the case in Georgetown—a banded body of armed foreign sailors were to land in the city, and assault the peaceful inhabitants, what means, beyond the very inefficient one of sticks, could we oppose, disarmed as we shall be, to even their most infuriated brutality? Viewing the proceeding which I have now brought before your Worship and the Council, as most likely, if fully carried into effect, to subject the city to some such calamity or evil as the one or the other of which I have just spoken,—and which, as I have said before, are at this time frequently occurring along the coasts of the neighbouring continent, occasioned by such piratical depredations as were the Normen or Danes, who infested the narrow seas between England and France, and ravaged the coasts, and plundered the inhabitants of both—I have thought it my bounden duty, as a member of this Council—and considering that we have all been chosen and constituted members of it for the express purpose of watching over, and protecting the public rights, the lives and properties of the citizens at large—to lay the fact and my apprehensions before it, in the hope that we may be able to devise some means whereby we may in part diminish, if we cannot completely avert, the impending evil. I would, therefore, suggest the propriety of making an immediate application to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, and ascertaining from him whether or not he may, by an exercise of discretionary power, retain at least a part of the munitions, of the whole of which we shall, without some such effective intervention on his part, be speedily and at once deprived."

The fullest concurrence in all that had been said by the worthy Councillor, Mr. Davies, was manifested by His Worship the Mayor and the rest of the Councillors; and, after some necessarily hasty, but earnest communing and deliberating, a draft Address to His Excellency, which Mr. Davies had had the fore thought to prepare and bring with him, was submitted and agreed to, clause by clause, and Councillors Davies, Rankin and Rigg, and the Recorder, John Lawson, Esquire, were appointed a deputation to wait upon, and present it to His Excellency without any unnecessary delay; it being presumed, as was observed by His Worship the Mayor, that on an occasion so urgent, they might with certainty conclude that His Excellency would courteously waive all consideration of the usual preliminary ceremony exacted by etiquette, as due to his rank. The deputation, as the Reporter has since learned, accordingly waited upon His Excellency with the Address; and he understands His Excellency verbally, in reply, addressed His Worship the Mayor and the deputation of the Council to the following effect:—

"I assure you it is with regret I view the removal of the cannon and arms from the Garrison; but it is under orders, direct from the War Department, to the officer commanding, that the transportation of the arms takes place. I cannot interfere; and, I assure you, I have used my influence with, and repeatedly urged reasons on the Secretary of State, for not only allowing the cannon and arms to remain, but shewing the necessity of re-establishing the military force from which you formerly enjoyed protection. But, I regret to acknowledge to you, I have been unsuccessful in the application, as the Home Government will allow the arms to remain here only on the condition of the Colony's paying for them.

"I do not apprehend the alarming danger, a dread of which the Council entertain, as I have orders on an emergency to send to Halifax for arms and assistance when required; and I have to inform you I have retained 100 stand of arms for Capt. Rankin's Company, with sabres and accoutrements for Queen's County Cavalry Troop."

His Excellency said he would reply in writing to the Address of the City Council, and that he merely made these preliminary remarks to allay any undue alarm arising in that body.

When His Excellency's written reply shall have been received by the City Council, both it and the Address will, no doubt, be laid before the public through our local press.

R. B. IRVING, Reporter.

The foregoing, in manuscript, is sent to the office of the Examiner, as that paper will be published to-day; and consequently, the first in which the Report could appear. The editors and publishers of the other Island newspapers are respectively requested to copy, and to consider the papers and report as addressed and sent to each of them; the letter as, had it been necessary to do so, they would individually, have been.

R. B. I.

CENTRAL ACADEMY.

List of classes at the Central Academy, June term, 1857, and the names of those pupils who have most distinguished themselves in each, as determined from a register of their progress from week to week during the term. Those classes left blank, and the names of those who were either where there has not been sufficient competition, or who were not pupil Las, in the opinion of the masters, so distinguished themselves as to deserve public notice.

- 1st class Reading—James McKenna, George Alley, 1st equal; Allan Simpson, John Roche, 2d equal.
2d do—Donald P. Ross, John Griffith, 1st; Charles Bevan, Richard Passmore, 2d.
1st Spelling (with meaning of words)—Wm. Warburton, G. A.ley, 1st; Stai north Macgowan, Bernard Reddin, 2d.
2d do—William Murphy, 1st; William White, Charles Hughes, 2d.
3d do—Chas. McGregor, Michael Cummings, 1st; John Hughes, 2d.
1st Recitation—S. Macgowan, George Alley, 1st; John Cox, Jesse G. ley, 2d.
2d do—Edward Love, Mat thew Murphy, 1st; Benjamin Heartz, Henry McGregor, 2d.
3d do—Daniel Hickey, John Griffith, 2d.
1st English Grammar—J. McKenna, Jesse Gidley, 1st; Bernard Reddin, S. Macgowan, 2d.
2d do—Henry McGregor, 1st; Thomas Doyle, John Griffith, 2d.
1st Penmanship (pupils over 12 years)—J. Cox, G. Alley, 1st; James McKenna, Allan Simpson, 2d.
2d do (pupils between 12 and 15)—J. O'Neill, 1st; S. Macgowan, John Arbuckle, 2d.
3d do—C. McGregor, 1st; R. Passmore, 2d.
1st Geography—Stainforth Macgog John Cox, Wm. Jesse Gidley, 1st; Wm. Warburton, 2d.
2d do—Hugh McLeod, 2d.
3d do—Elias Wright, 2d.
1st Dictation—John Cox, Allan Simpson, 1st; S. Macgowan, John O'Neill, 1st; Frederick Ceffir, Charles Bevan, 2d.
2d do—Allan Simpson, G. J. Cox, Elias Wright, 1st; J. McCormack, Charles McGregor, 1st; Wm. White, 2d.
1st General Information—George Hodgson, 1st; Bernard Reddin, Allan Simpson, 2d.
2d do—S. Macgowan, Wm. Warburton, 1st; E. Wright, F. Longworth, 2d.
3d do—John Griffith, 1st; John O'Neill, 2d.
1st Algebra—G. Hodgson, 1st; John Cox, G. Alley, 2d.
2d do—Allan Simpson, 1st; Nathaniel J. McDow, 2d.
3d do—John Cox, 1st; Francis I. John, 2d.
1st Composition—G. Hodgson, 1st; John Arbuckle, 2d.

- 3d do—Bernard Reddin, S. Macgowan 1st; Jesse Gidley, Charles Bevan, 2d.
4th do—Trigonometry—George Hodgson, 1st; James McKenna, 2d.
French—George Alley, 1st; George Wright, 2d.
1st class Latin Grammar—George Alley, Chas. Jenkins, 1st; Allan Simpson, 2d.
2d do—Wm. Warburton, 1st; Ber. Reddin, 2d.
3d do—Wm. Bell, H. McKenzie, 1st; F. Coffin, 2d.
Sallust.
Caesar—George Alley, 1st; Henry Murray, 2d.
Delectus—Wm. Warburton, 1st; Bernard Reddin, 2d.
1st Latin Exercises—George Alley, 1st; Charles Jenkins, 2d.
2d do—William Warburton, 1st; John Arbuckle, Bernard Reddin, 2d.

Died.

On the 6th of May, at the residence of the Rev. T. Desbrisay, Teignmouth, in the 60th year of his age, Colonel Theophilus Desbrisay, late of the Royal Artillery, only surviving son of the late Lieut. General Desbrisay, of the same branch of Her Majesty's service. The deceased was highly respected in his regiment as an officer and a gentleman, and much esteemed by his numerous friends.

On the 12th instant, of Consumption, at his residence at Montague Bridge, in the 20th year of his age, Mr. William Emery, youngest son of Peter Emery, Esq., of Wood Islands. The deceased has left a widow and two infant children to mourn their irreparable loss.

At Halifax, N. S. on Friday, 19th June, in the 53rd year of his age, Mr. William Wood, Shipwright, a native of Devonshire, England, and son-in-law of Mr. James Pollard, Charlottetown.

Launched.

From the Shipyard of J. C. Pope, at Summerside, on Saturday, 20th instant, a Brigantine, called the "Percy."

Passengers.

In the "Majestic" for Liverpool, G. E. on Saturday the 27th instant. Lady of Capt. William Southey, 48th East India Regt. Native Infantry, five children and servant, Lady of Hon. P. Walker, William Brown, Esq., Lady, child and servant, Miss Warburton, Miss Lea, Messrs. Artemas Lord, and J. Farrow.

Police Court.

June 22—Richard Dale, for assault and battery on Robert Madge; convicted and fined 10s. with costs, or he imprisoned one week. Robert Madge, artful seaman of brig "Intended," charged with desertion; not proved. Angus McPherson, drunk and disorderly; convicted and fined 5s. or he imprisoned 48 hours.
23—William Godfrey, drunk and disorderly; convicted and fined 5s. or he imprisoned 48 hours. John Baker, artful seaman of barque "Elen," charged with deserting himself from his company; no prosecutor appearing he was dismissed.
25—William Bryson, drunk and disorderly; convicted and fined 5s. or he imprisoned 48 hours. Julia Kavanagh, John Kavanagh and Flora Smith, charged with assaulting William King; settled out of court. Angus McDonald, charged with larceny; committed to take his trial in the Supreme Court.
26—Robert Madge, artful seaman of brig "Intended," for continued absence from his employ, sentenced to be imprisoned 21 days.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.
June 16—Schr. Charles Weldon, M'Lean, Richibuctou; boards, &c. 18 Beaton, Port Hood; limestone. Oriander, Lund, Pictou; w. mus, Iris, Laird, Pictou; coal. Unicorn, Lutes, Pictou; w. mus, &c. Ellen, Spencey, Tatnagouche; boards, &c. 20—J. P. sundries. Antigonish; limestone. Mary, Glasgow, Halifax; goods. Deang, Bears, Antigonish; limestone. Ariel, Moore, P. da. Virgin, Maria, Murey, Shediac; boards, &c. Native Luce, Boston; goods. sundries. 22—Clepper, Ford, Richibuctou; de Gerroir, Arichat; chard, Tracadie; shingles. Unicorn, Lutes, &c. Sophia, Blank, Pictou; Robertson, Pictou; coal. Bee, Shemogou; deals. deale, &c. Jane, Grosby, Pictou; Ariel, Pictou; w. mus, &c. Land, Pictou; mails, &c. 23—Mary, B. da.; limestone. Oriander, Belle, Sprague, Bay Verte; deals, &c. chard, Caracquet; shingles. Pictou; limestone. Oriander, Lund, &c. Two Sisters, McDonald, Boston; goods. Ossema, Torrey, Pictou; mails. Combine, Reid, Siliker, Bay Verte; boards, &c. York; goods. 24—W. Nelson, Virgin, Bears, Pictou; coal. 25—Dove, Campbell, Miramichi, Anderson, Bay Verte; boards, &c. Oriander, Lund, Pictou; mails. Glide, &c.

June 17—W. Nelson, Siliker, CLEARED.
Pugwash; bal. Rigby, Bay Verte; sundries. Sovereign, Purdy, Schr. Oriander, Faith, Taylor, London; timber & deals. 19 Richibuctou; bal. Lund, Pictou; mails. Chas. Weldon, M'Lean, LeBlanc, Bay Verte; Dove, Campbell, Pictou; do. Bridg, George, do. 20—Schr. Oriander, do. Schr. Unicorn, Lutes, Pictou; chard, &c. Jane, Grosby, Pictou; Ariel, Pictou; w. mus, &c. Schr. Ariel, Chibucto, Miramichi, Liverpool; timber and deals. Labrador; Spencey, Tatnagouche; bal. Native Luce, G. rrior, M'Lean, fishing stores. Virgin, Bears, Pictou; bal. 23—Trial, Port Hood; bal. Venus, Beaton, Port Hood; do. Oriander, Lund, Pictou; mails. Eldon, Turnbull, Sydney; bal. Mary, Pictou; do. Eglantine, Hibbert, Boston; mails, &c. Mary, anchored, Caracquet; bal. 24—Belle, Sprague, Bay Verte; do. Conservative, M'Fadyen, Shemogou; do. Mary, Glasgow, Sydney; do. 25—W. Nelson, Siliker, Bay Verte; do. Clipper, Forrest, Richibuctou; bal.
Sailed from Beaton, on Tuesday, the 23rd instant, Barque "Aurora," Hobbs, Master, for Liverpool; timber and deals, by J. C. Pope, Esq. Sailed from Richmond Bay, on Tuesday last, Barque "Malakoff," for Bristol, by James Yeo, Esq.

New Advertisements.

Band Pic Nic.

MR. LOBBAN'S AMATEUR BAND intend holding their usual PIC NIC on THURSDAY, the 9th July next. Mr. Burke's Steamer will leave the wharf (formerly Tremain's) at 9 o'clock precisely, and convey the party to Mr. McEwen's wharf, West River, returning in the evening. Violin performers are engaged, and every exertion will be used to make all happy and comfortable. Parties to furnish themselves with provision stores. Tickets to be had at Mrs. T. Burris's, or from any of the members. Price—Gentlemen and Lady, 3s. 9d.; Single, 2s. 3d.
June 29, 1857. Isl. H. W. LOBBAN, Manager.

A Card.

MORNING and Afternoon Class Tuition. R. B. IRVING, Teacher of English, French, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, Book-keeping, and the Mathematics.

MORNING CLASSES—Senior and Junior—for pupils of both sexes. Also a JUVENILE CLASS, which will be taught under Mr. Irving's immediate superintendance, by a Young Lady, a Licentiate of the Board of Education.

AFTERNOON—A YOUNG LADIES' CLASS. This Class will be opened for such Young Ladies as desire to complete a good English Education, by a finishing course of English Grammar, Exercises and Composition, Geography, History,—and Book-keeping, or the regular modes of keeping and making out accounts.

A few Young Gentlemen received as PUPIL BOARDERS. Terms and arrangements adapted to accord with the reception of only a select and limited number of pupils. Full Programmes thereof may be had on application to Mr. Irving.

CLASS ROOM—at his residence, the House in Pownall Street, lately occupied by Mrs. Douglas. The Classes will be opened (D. V.) on Monday, 20th July, 1857. 6w. Charlottetown, June 29, 1857.

For Liverpool.

THE fine new juniper built, copper-fastened Bark "JAMES WILSON," of 600 tons burthen, John Oliver, Commander, will leave Charlottetown for Liverpool, on or about the 10th July next. Has good accommodation for a few Cabin Passengers. Apply to W. WELSH, June 29, 1857.

Glenfield Patent Starch.

GENTLEMEN should order their linens dressed with this Starch. They will be delighted with its elasticity and beautiful finish. It is used in the Royal Laundry, and pronounced by Her Majesty's Laundress to be the finest Starch she ever used. For sale wholesale and retail at the "ACADIA GROCERY," Queen-square. 2s. June 29.

CONFECTONARY.—Just received, at the "ACADIA GROCERY," Queen-square— 16 Cases Wetherspoon's Superior CONFECTONARY, (in tin caddy of 14lbs. each.) Also—I Case Scotch MARMALADE, manufactured by Wathespoon, Edinburgh. 2s. June 29.

Horticultural Society.

THE Summer Exhibition, of Vegetables, Fruits and Flowers, will be held on Wednesday, the 15th of July next, on the lawn at Government House. By order, G. HUBBARD, Secretary. June 29, 1857.

New Advertisements.

Extensive Sale of Household Furniture, Glass, China, &c., Horse, Cow, Sleigh and Furs, &c. TO BE SOLD, by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the residence of JAMES PEAKE, Esq., Water-street, the whole of his valuable

Drawing-room, Dining-room, Parlor, Bed-room, Kitchen & other Household Furniture, China, Glassware, &c. All of which is in superior order, and of excellent manufacture. Sale to commence on THURSDAY, the 16th of JULY next, at 11 o'clock. Catalogues, with full particulars and descriptions, will be ready for distribution. June 29, 1857. A. H. YATES, Auctioneer.

Stoves, Stoves.

"Odessa" from Albany.

THE subscriber begs to inform his friends in the city and country, that he has received by the above vessel a large and varied assortment of Cooking, Franklin, Air-tight and Close STOVES; also, Shop and Parlor ditto—all of the newest patterns, which he offers for sale at a small advance at his Auction Room, Queen-square. June 29, 1857. Isl & P. WILLIAM DODD.

Arrival of the "Odessa," From Albany direct.

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale at the "AMERICAN HOUSE," Queen-square— 300 COOKING STOVES, of the following descriptions, viz: Governors, Morning Stars, Forest Queen, Improved National, Red Jacket, New England Premium, Black Diamond. Together with a large variety of Parlor, Hall, Shop and other STOVES, suitable for wood and coal. June 29, 1857. W. B. DAWSON.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, under the firm of Lawson & Mackinnon, as proprietors and managers of the Victoria Hotel, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The Hotel will in future be conducted under the sole management and superintendance of Peter Mackinnon, who is duly authorized to receive and pay all debts due to and by the late firm. JAMES D. LAWSON. PETER MACKINNON. Charlottetown, June 29, 1857. 2w.

JUST RECEIVED, on consignment, and for sale by the subscriber— 1 Superior PIANO FORTE, 1 6-octave MELODEON, 3 5-octave MELODEON, 4 4-octave do. June 29, 1857. W. B. DAWSON.

NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED, per "Leo," "CAROLINE" and "ARIEL," from Boston, and for sale at the American House— 25 SOFAS, 50 BEDSTEADS, 50 dozen CHAIRS, 10 sets painted Bed-room FURNITURE, 20 Cases COOKING, 50 Tables, 250 sides Sole Leather, Buckets, Brooms, Syle Smeaths and Seythes, Hay Forks, Manure Forks, Hay Rakes, Spades, Shovels, Fixtures for Chain Pumps, Boots and Shoes, and a variety of other articles. Also—Extra-superfine FLOUR, done up in Bags of 28lbs. each. June 29, 1857. W. B. DAWSON.

Marble Headstones & Monuments!

THE subscriber having opened an establishment in this city, for the purpose of carrying on the Marble business in all its various branches, respectfully solicits the patronage of those who wish to preserve and beautify the last resting-place of their friends. Monumental work of every description will be executed in the neatest manner, at prices as reasonable as can be obtained in the United States or elsewhere. Also, Marble Chimney Pieces, Tables, Fountains, Counters, &c., furnished to order.

Confident that the above branch of mechanical business will be appreciated, orders will be expected without unnecessary delay, that the stone may be ordered as soon as possible. STANFORD WELLS.

Jakeman's Building, corner of Grafton and Hillsborough-streets, Ch. Town, June 29. Isl & P 4w ANGUS MACISAAC, Agent.

Auction.

W. DODD, Auctioneer, will continue to sell at Public Auction, ON THE PREMISES, at SUMMERSIDE, BEDDEQUE, on To-morrow, TUESDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock, forenoon, the remainder of the property of Jonathan Weatherbe, consisting of some 20 or 30 Village Lots, 12 to 15 five acre Lots, and LANDS on Lots 3 and 18 and Fifteen Point, as also some other LANDS. Terms—one-third down, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, with 6 per cent. interest. J. WEATHERBE. Summerside, June 22, 1857.

Great Bargains!

UNRESERVED SALE of Dry Goods, Hardware, Glassware, Crockeryware, Chinaware, Soap, Coffee, Saleratus, Starch, Rum, Porter, Gin, &c., &c. To be sold, by AUCTION, on TUESDAY, 30th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the Store lately occupied by Mr. JOSEPH PRAUGHT, Queen-street, a large assortment of DRY GOODS, consisting of—

Cloths, Doeskins, Prints, Orleans, Alpacaes, Jeans, Flannels, Derrys, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Bonnets, Hats, Hosiery, Hardware. A large lot of China and crockeryware, consisting of—Tea and Breakfast Sets, Toilet Sets, Cups and Saucers, Basins, Bowls, Tea-pots, Crocks, Jars, &c. A large lot of Decanters, Tumblers, Wines, Jugs, Sugar and Cream Jugs, &c., &c. Show-ware, consisting of—Show Cases, Scales and Weights, Tea Cannisters, Liquor Casks, Writing Desks, &c., &c. Also, Puncheons RUM, Doz. PORTER, Casks GIN, Tons Common Iron, 40 Boxes SOAP, Boxes Saleratus, Ground Coffee, Boxes Glass, Seal Oil, Boxes Pipes, Boxes Green TEA, Iron Pots, Dye-stuffs, &c., &c. TERMS.—£10, three months; £30, four months; £50 and upwards, six months credit upon approved joint notes of hand. June 15. M.P. & L. JAMES MORRIS, Auctioneer.

Sale of Valuable Township Lands!

TO BE SOLD, by Public Auction, without reserve, on FRIDAY, the 31st day of July next, (1857), at or near the residence of Thomas Gilbert Ruggles, Esquire, Kildare, Lot 3, at 12 o'clock, noon, unless previously disposed of by private sale, 2,500 ACRES OF FREEHOLD LAND, being Plots or Subdivisions Numbers 6, 16 and 18 of Township Number 3 in Prince Edward Island, part of which held by tenants under agreements, &c., and part is in a wildness state and unoccupied.

The soil of the above property is perhaps the finest in Prince Edward Island, and being in the neighborhood of Kildare River and the Sea, it possesses great advantages in point of situation. It will be sold in blocks to suit intending purchasers. For further particulars and terms of purchase money, apply to Dr. WINTER, St. John's, Newfoundland, or to the subscriber at his office in Charlottetown. Charlottetown, June 15, 1857. JOSEPH HENSLEY.

JOHN HOBBS, Hatter, Clothes Cleaner, and general Renovator; continues to clean gents' clothes, and Hats, of every description, extracting all spots of grease, paint, &c.; restoring the garment to its former colour and lustre, without soiling the trimmings. Orders left at the store of Mr. J. Williams, Market Square, will be promptly executed. 4i City Royalty West, May 18, 1857.

Removal.

THE subscriber wishes to inform his friends and the public generally that he has removed to MORELL TANNERY, where he intends to carry on the Tanning and Currying business. He has also established, in connection with the above, a BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY. All orders will receive his best attention. GEORGE COOKE. Morell Tannery, June 8, 1857. 1m