

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, -THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1878.

NO. 292.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

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W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,
Manager, Office Sup't.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 3.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!

ON AND AFTER
MONDAY, APRIL 29th, 1878.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Express.	No. 3 Mixed.	No. 5 Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 4.00 pm	Dp 7.30 am	
Cardigan	ar 4.20 "	ar 7.50 "	
M. Stewart Jun.	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "	
St. Peter's	dp 5.35 "	dp 9.30 "	
Royalty Jun.	ar 6.32 "	ar 10.45 "	
Ch'town	ar 6.50 "	ar 11.05 "	P. M.
	dp 6.25 am	dp 11.35 "	dp 5.25 "
Royalty Jun.	ar 6.43 "	ar 11.55 "	ar 5.45 "
N. Wiltshire	ar 7.18 "	ar 12.50 pm	ar 6.42 "
Hunter River	ar 7.30 "	ar 1.07 "	ar 7.00 "
Breadalbane	ar 7.58 "	ar 1.47 "	ar 7.38 "
County Line	ar 8.05 "	ar 1.57 "	ar 7.48 "
Kensington	ar 8.33 "	ar 2.58 "	ar 8.25 "
Summerside	ar 9.00 "	ar 3.15 "	ar 9.00 "
Wellington	dp 9.15 "	dp 3.45 "	
Port Hill	ar 9.52 "	ar 4.40 "	
O'Leary	ar 10.22 "	ar 5.27 "	
Alberton	ar 11.18 "	ar 6.54 "	
Tignish	ar 12.00 "	ar 8.00 "	

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.	No. 6 Mixed.
Tignish	Dp 1.50 pm	Dp 6.30 am	
Alberton	ar 2.30 "	ar 7.20 "	
O'Leary	ar 3.13 "	ar 8.57 "	
Port Hill	ar 4.10 "	ar 10.22 "	
Wellington	ar 4.40 "	ar 11.10 "	
Summerside	ar 5.15 "	ar 12.05 pm	A. M.
	dp 5.30 "	dp 12.40 "	dp 6.30 "
Kensington	ar 5.55 "	ar 1.17 "	ar 7.07 "
County Line	ar 6.23 "	ar 1.57 "	ar 7.46 "
Breadalbane	ar 6.32 "	ar 2.07 "	ar 7.58 "
Hunter River	ar 7.00 "	ar 2.48 "	ar 8.35 "
N. Wiltshire	ar 7.12 "	ar 3.05 "	ar 8.52 "
	ar 4.00 "	ar 4.00 "	ar 9.45 "
Royalty Jun.	ar 7.47 "	ar 4.10 "	ar 10.05 "
Ch'town	ar 8.05 "	ar 4.30 "	
	dp 8.05 am	dp 3.40 "	
Royalty Jun.	ar 8.23 "	ar 4.00 "	
	dp 9.20 "	dp 5.25 "	
Mt. Stewart	ar 9.40 "	ar 5.45 "	
Cardigan	ar 10.43 "	ar 7.06 "	
Georgetown	ar 11.05 "	ar 7.35 "	

SOURIS BRANCH.

Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 7 Mixed.	No. 9 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 3.15 p.m.	Dp 6.30 a.m.
Harmony	ar 3.31 "	ar 6.52 "
St. Peter's	ar 4.25 "	ar 8.07 "
Morell	ar 4.55 "	ar 8.38 "

Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8 Express.	No. 10 Mixed.
M. Stewart Jun.	Dp 9.30 am.	Dp 5.35 p.m.
Morell	ar 10.02 "	ar 6.15 "
St. Peter's	ar 10.25 "	ar 6.47 "
Harmony	ar 11.23 "	ar 8.02 "
Souris	ar 11.40 "	ar 8.25 "

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE,
Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways. Supt. P. E. I. R.
Ch'town, April 20, 1878.

RINGS!

A Lot of Heavy 15-Carat

PLAIN GOLD RINGS

(assorted sizes and prices) received to-day.

W. W. WELLNER.

April 15-31

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The Great English Remedy is an infallible cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse, as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Before Taking, Premature Old Age, and After Taking, many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address WM. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Dr. Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, Dr. Dodd, C. D. Rankin, P. G. Fraser at Apothecaries Hall, and by all Druggists anywhere.

1878.

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It Contains Twenty-eight Columns, nearly every one of which is in closely set READING MATTER.

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CHEAPEST AND BEST

The Weekly Examiner

is acknowledged to be ahead of any other paper in the Province in the item of

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Political, Shipping, Commercial and General Information.

The debates of the Local Legislature will be carefully and impartially given. Special telegrams and letters from "Our Own Ottawa Correspondent" will contain everything of interest transpiring in the Dominion Parliament.

A Good Story will be made a specialty.

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Will be sent to any part of the Province, the Dominion, United States or Great Britain on receipt of

For Six Months, \$2.50
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W. L. COTTON,
Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.

Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

J. S. BAGNALL, D. D. S.,

T. C. ROBINS, DENTISTS,

NEWSON'S BUILDING, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
OFFICE HOURS . . 9, A. M., TILL 6, P. M.
Nitrous Oxide Gas Administered.
April 20—pa 2aw ar her pres ne 1m

PAINTING!

THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of thanking the Public for the liberal patronage he has received during the five years he has been in business, and solicits a continuance of the same.

He is now prepared to execute, in a very superior manner, House, Sign, and Carriage Painting, Paper Hanging, &c.

Special attention is given by him to WHITENING, COLORING and the DECORATING of CEILINGS, WALLS, &c.

On hand and made to order—EVERY DESCRIPTION OF CARRIAGES.

Carriage Repairing promptly attended to.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
P. H. TRAINOR,
82 Kent St., opp. Rocklin House.
April 2—3m eod

Starch Manufacturing Co.

CAPITAL . . \$25,000,
In Shares of \$25.00 each.

THIS COMPANY has been incorporated by Act of Parliament during the present session, and one-third of the Shares have been taken up by the leading men of Charlottetown. Farmers holding Stock in this Company will have the benefit of the preference in the large purchase of produce which the working of the Company entails.

Applications for Shares to be made to Messrs. Hyndman Bros., until the Directors and Officers of the Company are appointed.
April 16, 1878—

St. Lawrence Marine Ins. Co.

OF P. E. ISLAND.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL . . \$120,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, Esq., President; JOHN F. ROBERTSON, Esq.; ARTEMAS LORD, Esq.; G. D. LONGWORTH, Esq.; W. E. DAWSON, Esq.; THOMAS MORRIS, Esq.; P. W. HYNDMAN, Esq.

Risks taken daily at their Office, Exchange Building.
FRED. W. HYNDMAN,
Secretary.

March 25—1y law

JAMES HOBBS, CABINET MAKER.

Cor. Kent and Prince Streets, Charlottetown.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in returning thanks to his customers and the public generally for past favors, would take this method to solicit a further continuance of their patronage. I am better prepared than ever to execute any orders that may be entrusted to me.

The latest styles of all kinds of Household, Office, Church and School Furniture, made from well-selected and seasoned stock, at short notice.

Special attention paid to Cutting, Making and Laying Carpets.
Repairing neatly done, at short notice I would also invite the attention of Trustees of City and Country Schools to A DESK, one of the Cheapest and Best ever offered here for School purposes. Please call and inspect it at my Show Room.

JAMES HOBBS,
Corner Kent and Prince Streets,
Ch'town, Feb. 23, 1878. } 3m 2aw

Clothes Cleaning Depot,

(Above Mr. D. Farquharson's Store),
CORNER OF QUEEN & DORCHESTER STREETS.

Renovating and Repairing Clothes.

MR. PATTERSON guarantees that no matter how badly faded or stained garments may be, he will restore them to their original color.
JOHN PATTERSON.
Feb. 9—

QUEEN INSURANCE CO., OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Building, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island.
June, 1877—

THE place to get your Printing done is at the EXAMINER Printing Rooms

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents.

Imprisonment for Debt.

To the Editor of the Examiner.
DEAR SIR,—Under the heading of "Dreadful Suicide," in your issue of the 3rd inst., you conveyed a story that would thrill the heart of every person who read it; and cause many to doubt that there is a land of British liberty and British justice.

Is it not high time, Mr. Editor, that something should be done to strike from our statutes the power given to hard hearted and grinding creditors to throw an unfortunate fellow-creature in prison after taking from him what little he had of this world's goods?

I consider, sir, that the present Government are more to blame for allowing "Imprisonment for Debt" to remain a law of our Island, than any previous Government, because they went into power promising reform and a revision or repealing of such of our statutes as required it. We have only to turn up the Hon. W. D. Stewart's card to his constituents previous to the last General Election, and we will find that he promised, should he be elected, to endeavor to do away with "Imprisonment for Debt." Has the Commissioner of Public Works kept his pledge? He has now, for two sessions, enjoyed a comfortable arm-chair on the floor of the House, and a snug office on the lower story; but he surely has forgotten his promise to the electors of Strathalbyn; even while the House is in session, while he is heaping encomiums on the Government, and assuring the struggling tenantry that he and his colleagues are the friends of the poor man, an unfortunate fellow-creature—from the very district he represents—and whom he had promised to protect, is left to the mercies of a brutal creditor. I do not wish to blame Mr. Stewart more than any other member of the Government. They are all in fault. But I allude to him, because he most assuredly promised to use his influence in repealing the law of "Imprisonment for Debt."

As to the creature who took advantage of this vile law, and imprisoned poor Melnis after taking from him what little he had, I have nothing to say. The matter is, perhaps, better settled with his conscience and his God.

I trust, Mr. Editor, that this matter will be fully ventilated in every newspaper in Prince Edward Island, and, if something is not done before another election comes round, that every free and independent elector on this Island, will pledge the candidate who solicits his vote, to use every possible means to remove what is and has been a curse to our Island—"imprisonment for debt"—from our Statute Book.

Yours, &c.,
LIBERTY.

Ch'town, April 9, 1878.

The Great Baby Farce.

To the Editor of the Examiner:

DEAR SIR,—As you do not hold yourself "responsible for the opinions of correspondents," you will not, I presume, hesitate to give these lines admission to the columns of your journal.

Charlottetown has had its gala day. Gushing reporters have exhausted (not a difficult task) their mental powers in describing the occasion. They tell how statesmen unbent waxed enthusiastic,—how cool philosophers forgot their pursuit after riches,—and all for what purpose? To assist at a Baby Farce. The corner stone of a new school house was to be solemnly placed. Generations yet unborn were to be made acquainted, in future years, with the zeal of our Island for their education. So thought our city magnates. Dim visions of hoary antiquarians groping, a hundred years hence, amidst the ruins of the "City School," and gloating over the discovery of the "Public Schools Act, 1877," and the "Superintendent's Report," 1877, flouted through the imagination of the good gentlemen who managed the Farce. It has already been pointed out by a contemporary that the documents will impress two truths on their discoverer, viz., the unchristian spirit of our Legislators, and the sad deficiency of education in our Superintendent.

But a Latin inscription was, also, placed in the breath of us backwoodsmen. "Ay, mon, they are unco' larned," was the universal verdict, until a precocious urchin, who had attended St. Dunstan's for a couple of sessions, pronounced the inscription to be a worthy companion of the "Report." The questionable elegance of the second line—the strange expression *fundamentum* "might pass," he said; but it was certainly untrue that all the school children of the Province were present; only the infantine population of Charlottetown was represented. Moreover, he observed that future readers of the precious document will have but a faint notion of the powers and jurisdiction of the City Schools' Board; for whether they are guardians of all the schools on the Island, or of those of the whole Dominion, or exercise a vigilant superintendance over all the schools in the world, the inscription telleth not. A *Centine* Pickwick Society may find the solution of the problem quite as difficult as did a former one of that name, find the deciphering of "Bill Stumps, his Mark."

Doubtless the address of Mr. Hodgson was eloquent; but surely your reporter must have misrepresented him. I feel certain that Mr. Hodgson never gave expression to so unreasonable and anti-Christian a sentiment as that it was a duty to uphold a measure once it appeared on the Statute Book. That would be the quintessence of State Worship. Mr. Hodgson scarcely said this; but it is asserted by many. The penal laws of England against Catholics—the "May Laws" of Prussia—the vile edicts of Russia against Poland are, forsooth, to be upheld, because they are on the Statute Book! It is the darling principle of tyrants, and the watchword of infidel Parliaments, and is echoed by their feeble imitators; but Mr. Hodgson has not abdicated his manhood and his conscience.

It was wished to impress a "great moral

lesson" on the children of Charlottetown. A laudable wish. But the "lesson" could have been made more forcible by marching the "scholastic tyros" to another foundation, viz: that of the New Asylum. They might have been permitted to enjoy themselves at a game of "Jack-stones," and told to pick the required stones from the foundation-wall. Even to their undeveloped intellects the "morality" of certain parties would have been evident.

N.
Big Woods, May, 1878.

THE QUEBEC ELECTION.

Statements and Opinions.

In view of the ill-favor in which the DeBoucherville Government were, throughout the Province of Quebec, by reason of their extravagant railway policy—and the many scandals with which their successors in office have labored most industriously to blacken their character—it is somewhat surprising that they should have had as much success as they have at the Polls. The result of the elections can hardly be said to have justified the Lieutenant Governor in his arbitrary and unconstitutional dismissal of the DeBoucherville ministry. For admitting that the Liberals are right in their count, and have a majority of one or two—that only goes to show, that notwithstanding the many sins of the late ministry, a large proportion of the people, if the Conservatives are right, a majority, preferred to support them, rather than submit to the personal government of M. Letellier de St. Just. If the July administration really have a majority, the fact is to be explained, not as the expression of a desire on the part of the people of Quebec to endorse the action of M. Letellier, but to some extent, by their disapproval of the railway policy of the old Government, and to a much larger extent, by their being influenced by the scandals above referred to.—*Torch.*

Our despatches this morning confirm the previous calculations of our Montreal correspondent. The DeBoucherville party have thirty-four seats, the Rouge party only thirty-one seats. This will make it quite impossible for Mr. Joly to elect a Speaker or pass his estimates; and the old party must again take the reins of power in the Province. It will then be in order for Mr. Letellier to step down and out for fear of the consequences. It is quite impossible that a grave constitutional outrage, perpetrated, as no one doubts, with the full connivance of the Ottawa Government, should remain unpunished. The powers of the constitution must be tested to their utmost to punish such an offence, to prevent its recurrence, and to preserve the liberties of the people.—*Her. Herald.*

Chauveau (Rimouski) has been elected by the casting vote of the returning officer, who is a strong Conservative, but doubtless deemed himself the servant of the Government for the time being. This completes the 31 Grits. The Chicoutimi election will not be known till to-morrow, but there appears no doubt of a Conservative being elected. This will make 34 on Conservative list, and complete the whole count.

The United States and Privateers

The New York Herald thinks that the United States Government is far too lax in winking at Russian operations in American harbors and cities. The Herald quotes the following extract from the laws of the United States on the subject:—

"Every person who, within the limits of the United States, fits out or arms, or attempts to fit out or arm, or procures to be fitted out or armed, or is knowingly concerned in the fitting out or arming of any vessel, with the intent that such vessel shall be employed in the service of any foreign Prince or State, or of any colony, district or people with whom the United States are at peace," shall be subject to certain heavy penalties prescribed in the act. The thing is equally forbidden whether the foreign State be at war or not."

And in another article the Herald says: "The fitting out of ships to cruise against English commerce is a thing which cannot be done in the United States unless our Government neglects its duty."

ANOTHER shaver from across the border has visited St. John, and operated successfully on one of our brokers, who has been victimized to the extent of \$500. Mr. Geo. Philips, broker, was visited by a man answering the same description, on the evening of Wednesday. His first question was the value of gold drafts and, on being told, he produced a draft of \$1000, gold, which bore the signature B. A. Morrel, was dated Galveston, Texas, and payable in New York. He said the name was his own and volunteered the information that he was a Judge of the Texas Supreme Court. His story was so plausible and he appeared so frank that any suspicions that the broker may have entertained were dispelled. Mr. Philips advanced \$500 on the draft and also gave the "Judge" a certificate of deposit for the balance. He then took his departure for the New Victoria Hotel, where he said that he boarded. The astonishment of Mr. Philips may be better imagined than described when he received a telegram on Thursday (in answer to a despatch that he had forwarded to Galveston) that the draft was a forgery. Inquiries were made at the hotel named, but as may have been expected, the "Texas Judge" was non est.—*St. John Telegraph.*

SINGULAR RESULT OF A COMMON PRACTICE.

It is no uncommon thing for persons rambling in the woods to pull a few leaves from a tree and eat them. No tree, perhaps, is more favored in this way than the cedar. Yet there appears to be great danger in the practice, for there is in this city an authenticated case where very painful results have followed the chewing of some cedar. A young lady living at the north end took a sprig of cedar in her mouth, and