

THE DAILY EXAMINER. FEBRUARY 9, 1893.

The Clergy and the Laity.

REVELATIONS which are continually being made are calculated to lessen very materially the respect and reverence of the laity for their clergy. Sermons on purity of life are not likely to lead to edification when delivered to congregations who may have reason to suspect that the preacher is looking with a lecherous eye on some fair hearer. Nor is confidence likely to be imparted to one who may, for aught the laity know, be hypocritically intriguing with some other man's wife. How can a layman respect the clergyman who has permitted a "brother" to be punished for his own crime, or has allowed one "brother" to be punished for an offence of which he knew that another "brother" was guilty? Is it possible to respect clergyman who enter into conspiracies to defraud? What is to be thought of a clergyman who is capable of writing to his neighbor's wife letters of which the following are extracts:

"You were so charming and constrained and shy in the parlor, just allowing your pretty foot to peep out tantalizingly. I thought much of you last evening, but did not dare to look at you as I have not thought it discreet to look at you however much I wanted during the last four years, although in all that time the congregation has contained only one face for me. I have always been so happy at your presence and have so much missed your absence, and now that you know how I feel you must help me, Queenie, all you can, for you must always remember that I am the target of many and perhaps curious eyes." "You can help me my love very much in this way. During prayers, if you don't care to kneel, have an open prayer book and read the prayers to yourself, following me, will you? and I will give you an extra and secret prayer and blessing every time. And don't I pray for you and preach to you? Indeed I must confess that my congregation very very often consists of only one, and if I were not on my guard I should be tempted to begin—'dearly beloved Queenie.'"

Letter of Dec. 20th: "My sweet Queenie Pet need not be afraid of her big lover in the slightest. When you come to know me better, you will smile at the thought that you were ever frightened while in the presence of the big boy who loves you so truly, if you don't mind. I love the mystic witchery of your ways, for beauty's charm is strong and love obeys. [I see this rhymes. I often slide into poetry before I know it. Do you love poetry? I am not so very bad a hand at it and will write you an occasional little poem if you don't object.] Let me try my hand now. (Here follows poetry.) How many, both men and women, don't love their husbands and wives, but seek for their affluence—that piece of human flesh (whoever owns it and to whomsoever it legally belongs) which magnetically and electrically attracts it. 'I love you as I loved no other woman for the last 15 years, and as I loved none of my many mistresses, none since the little girl of my early boyhood.'"

The clergy must be purged of such scoundrels as the writer of these letters, or the cloth will become altogether disreputable. Pure clergymen and honest clergymen must, in their own interests and in the interests of Christianity, take measures to rid their sacred calling of scoundrels. The highest and best of all professions ought not to be disgraced and degraded.

It seems to be necessary (1) that greater care be taken in the selection of men for the ministry, in respect to moral and social character as well as learning and fitness for the work; (2) that offenders who are discovered be placed under discipline and severely dealt with by the bishops of the churches and the governing bodies of the denominations; (3) and that sufficient wholesome employment be given clergymen to divert their thoughts and to keep them out of mischief. Discipline in all the churches is too much relaxed. The moral and religious standing of the clergy must be kept high or the laity will most assuredly cease to regard clergymen as moral and spiritual leaders and teachers.

That the majority of clergymen are really worthy the confidence and respect of their followers in spiritual things, we are ready to believe. But the succession of rude shocks which has lately been given the body of the Church are calculated to disturb faith in clergymen as a class, and to begot a feeling that it is hard to know whom to trust. If we look to churches or denominations we are at a loss, for scandals have recently been found in all; if we look to the men, we are equally at a loss, because we know that preachers and teachers who have been trusted as honorable and good and pious have been proved to be dishonorable, and bad, rank hypocrites. The authorities in all the churches should be careful that wolves in sheep's clothing are not let loose to devour the flocks and bring discredit upon Christianity.

Ottawa Notes.

Messrs. Macdonald and McLean of King's County, have not yet taken part in the proceedings in the House; but are constantly engaged in visiting the several Departments, looking after the interests of their constituents. Mr. McLean visited the Marine Department on Friday a. m. to see about the bounty checks that had been refused.

The electric car system in Ottawa seems to be very complete, and the cars rush along the streets at a great rate. They seem to go faster than they do in Montreal.

The weather this week has been fine, although pretty cold, and to-day snow is falling.

MR. JAMES SHARD, the well-known auctioneer, says: "Had considerable expectorations and disagreeable cough. Physicians recommended Patten's Emulsion. Took six bottles—cough vanished. Am convinced your preparation brought about my speedy convalescence."

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, the great blood and nerve restorer!

Diocesan Church Society.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Diocesan Church Society was held in St. Paul's Schoolroom last evening. There was a fair attendance of clergy and laity. Mr. Justice Hensley occupied the chair.

The general report, which was read by Mr. P. Pope, sets forth that there has been no change in the ministerial ranks, but expresses regret that the Rev. C. L. Lowe has resigned the charge of St. Eleanor's and Summerside and intends to leave the Province after Easter. Milton parish has again united with the Society and handed in a generous contribution.

The short special reports of the clergy are of little public interest. From most of the parishes there are statements showing enlarged congregations and improved conditions. After the passage of the formal resolutions, a discussion concerning the relation of the pulpit to the pews was opened by Judge Fitzgerald. He referred to the charges incident to the spread of learning and the freedom of enquiry and discussion, and argued that the duty of the clergy lay not so much in the pulpit as in working hand in hand with his people, thus showing forth the value of religious principles and manly sympathy in the affairs of every day life. The minister should have the loyal support of his people and his people are entitled to almost his whole service in the cause of the Master of both. The people, too, had a right to expect from the clergy union among themselves. Personal bickerings and minor differences should not be permitted to interfere with their work. They should also unite to remove biots upon the fair fame of the Church, such as are seen at the eastern part of the Province, in which there is no resident clergyman.

Rev. T. B. Reagh, Rev. Mr. Hamlyn, Charles Palmer, Esq., and Rev. Mr. Simpson followed in short addresses, generally expressive of agreement with and appreciation of Judge Fitzgerald's remarks. At the close a unanimous vote of thanks was given Mr. Fitzgerald.

Clerical Association.

The quarterly meeting of the P. E. Island Clerical Association was held in this city yesterday. The proceedings began with a celebration of the Holy Communion in the chapel of St. Peter's Cathedral at 7:45 a. m.

At 10 a. m. the clergy of this Island, with the exception of Rev. Thomas Lloyd, who we regret to say is unwell, and Rev. A. A. Daniel, who was prevented by important business, met at the house of the Rev. James Simpson for a business session. The president, Rev. James Forbes, took the Chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted, and some unfinished business was concluded. The election of officers then took place, with the following result: President, Rev. James Simpson; Secretary, Rev. F. C. L. W. Rev. W. Hamlyn brought the needs of the P. E. I. Hospital before the meeting, and suggested that each clergyman should have an annual collection for this object. The proposed division of the diocese of Nova Scotia was discussed at some length, and several other matters of local interest were gone into. It was decided that the next meeting should be held at Georgetown on June 6th at 1 p. m. The members of the Association were entertained at dinner by Rev. James Simpson, and after a social chat, debanded, to meet again at 6 p. m. at Riverdale, where Mrs. L. H. Davies had a high tea prepared for them. Shortly before 8 p. m., all left for the D. C. S. meeting in St. Paul's Schoolroom.

The Barnard Syndicate.

The Argosy, published at Georgetown, Demerara, in the course of an able review of the year 1892, makes the following reference to the gold industry:

"In connection with this (the gold) industry we have to observe that this year's output and export have been the largest on record. Messrs. Jacobs, Carreiro and Rosa have once more been the most successful gold-finders, their return from the Onais aggregating close upon 8,000 ounces for the year, which is very nearly the same ratio as in 1891. The Barnard Syndicate comes next with a record of over 7,300 ounces for the year, produced from their placers on the Mazurui. This is almost the only limited liability company engaged in the search for gold, and so phenomenal has been its success that the shares, which cost about twelve dollars originally, have all through the year commanded in the local market a price varying from about thirty to forty-eight dollars."

Alexander Barnherman Barnard, of this province, is the principal of the Barnard Syndicate referred to in the above extract—the second largest concern gold-mining in British Guiana. From all accounts Mr. Barnard has a fortune there. He is the second youngest brother of Captain W. H. Barnard, who left the Island when quite a young lad, residing for many years in California. Upon hearing of gold in British Guiana, he was one of the first to go out there and prospect for it, with what success may be seen from the article quoted above. THE EXAMINER wishes the Barnard Syndicate continued success.

News Notes.

The Court House at Port Hope, Ont., was destroyed by fire a few days ago. Two tramps in the lock up narrowly escaped being burnt to death.

The Papal brief, nominating Monsignor Satolli as Papal delegate in the United States, is a document of considerable length. It confers plenary powers on Mgr. Satolli, including authority to regulate all contentions in the church and to confer dispensations.

Cheap Sale.—Geo. Carter & Co. will open their store to-morrow morning and sell the goods saved from the fire at prices to suit the occasion. Grand chance for bargains.

J. M. McLeod & Co are now selling their boots and shoes damaged at the late fire at immense reductions. See their advt.

If you want a hat to become you at a small advance on cost, go to Prowse Bros, the Wonderful Cheap Men. They study to please all customers and can do it. Try them.

Cheap Bread.—Having for the present withdrawn our bread team from supplying retail stores with bread, our customers will get the benefit of the extra cut by buying direct from our store. Every loaf warranted of best quality and only 5c per loaf of 2 lbs. Send along your orders and save money. Cakes of all kinds and pastry baked every day at the Eclipse Bakery, Kent St.—D. Stewart's Bakery. Feb 9 ly

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Debate on the Corn Duties.

Mr. Laurier Criticized by the Finance Minister.

OTTAWA, Feb. 9.

After routine yesterday in the House of Commons, Mr. Pope, of Compton, moved a resolution that it is expedient to place corn on the free list, and as the debate thereon lasted till six o'clock the subject goes down to the bottom of the motion paper, and will not be heard of again till the tariff changes come before the House.

Hon. Mr. Foster expressed satisfaction at the information brought out by the debate; but in view of the fact that the government would soon announce its tariff measures, he asked the House to suspend judgment till then. Replying in general terms to the tariff criticisms from the Opposition Party and press, the Finance Minister assured the House that the government was as anxious as it could be to conserve the general interests of the country, and was not wedded to any other interest. He showed that while the grit leader, in his Toronto speech, had asserted that the grit policy was the outcome of the circumstances and conditions of the country, yet when he came down to details in this House the other day, he forgot all about the "circumstances and conditions," and announced that whether skies were fair or skies were dark, the Liberal party was indissolubly connected with Free Trade. The Liberal Conservative party looked at the conditions in 1878, and the grits did not, and the Government was prepared, now as then, to do what the growth and circumstances of the country required.

Among the notices of motion was one by Mr. Perry, for the number of employes and the names of clerks who were dismissed from the P. E. I. Railway with the cause thereof; also the names of the employes reinstated if any.

The Newfoundland Question.

Summary of the Proceedings of the Halifax Conference.

The Union Question Brought Up, But Nothing Done About It.

OTTAWA, Feb. 9.

The Premier laid on the table of the House of Commons yesterday the report of the proceedings between the delegates from the governments of Canada and Newfoundland on the Labrador question. Mr. Harvey repudiates the action of the officer at Labrador, who collected out on goods intended for consumption in Canadian territory. The bait question was introduced by Mr. Harvey.

Sir John Thompson reviewed the previous negotiations affecting the relations of Canada and Newfoundland to the United States. After pointing out that the Bond-Blaine convention would result in a discrimination against Canada, he suggested that the following principles be assented to:—

That Canada as well as Newfoundland should have a right to take part in such or any negotiations which would affect the interests of both countries.

That no convention should be concluded of which both countries should not have the option to avail themselves.

Sir John Thompson thought that any separate arrangement such as the Bond-Blaine convention, would divide the hitherto united interests of the British American dependencies. The Newfoundland delegates after expressing regret at the failure of the Canadian to withdraw their protest against the Blaine-Bond treaty, proposed that if the Canadians would recommend to their colleagues the withdrawal of their protest against the first of June, 1893, of the Canadian and the United States negotiations were not then concluded, they would agree to the proposal submitted by the Canadian Minister.

The Canadian delegates declined to agree to recommend the withdrawal, and suggested that the time for negotiations be extended to the first of August next. After several proposals and rejoinders, no definite agreement was reached, each party agreeing to submit the matter to their respective governments.

At one stage of the discussion Hon. Mr. Bowell called the attention of the conference to the greater question involved in the proposal that Newfoundland should become a Province of Canada, and argued that the union would prove beneficial to all concerned, and would solve all the questions before the conference.

Hon. Mr. Whiteaway said that the delegates from Newfoundland were not empowered to discuss the union question, but he was favorable to union. He said the matter was one of terms.

Hon. Mr. Harvey objected to the discussion of the union question before other matters regularly delegated to conference were disposed of. The union question would not, he said, be a practical one in Newfoundland for many years to come, and the delegates were here to deal with present issues.

A Guilty Minister Disgraced.

ST. JOHN, Feb. 9.

The Church Court of Inquiry into the case of the Rev. Sidney Welton is finished. The trial was with closed doors. It is given out, however, that the majority of the Court deemed Mr. Welton not a fit person to preach the gospel, and passed a resolution to the effect that the Main Street Baptist Church be asked to withhold fellowship from him as a christian minister.

Barque Lost.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9.

The barque barque Alpheus, which left here Dec. 1st for Dunkirk, has been given up as lost. She was owned by Troop & Son, Digby, N. S.

Good Profits.

HALIFAX, Feb. 9.

The profits of the People's Bank in the past year amounted to \$76,500. Fifteen thousand dollars have been added to the reserve fund.

Weather Bulletin.

TORONTO, Feb. 9.—10 a. m.

Fine and cold.

Damaged Goods!

YOUR OWN PRICE.

For the Next 30 Days

WE OFFER

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

OF

BOOTS & SHOES

AT

Tremendous Discounts

ALL GOODS MUST GO.

Sale Commences To-day.

J. M. McLEOD & CO.,

QUEEN STREET.

Charlottetown, Feb. 9, 1893.

GRAND

ORGAN RECITAL,

(IN AID OF ORGAN FUND).

IN ST. JAMES' CHURCH,

—ON—

Monday Evening, February 27th,

—BY—

MR. S. N. EARLE,

Assisted by the Choir of the Church.

SOLOISTS:—Mrs. Malcolm McLeod, Mrs. Rooome and Mrs. E. H. Norton.

Programme later. Admission, 25 cts. Feb 9



THE TRAMP

who was so hard up that if Suits were selling for a cent apiece he

Couldn't buy the

Armhole of a Vest,

induced our friend Jones to give him a Suit. Jones came right over to our

Closing Out Sale

of Winter Wear,

and said he really made money by his generosity. He bought a new Suit for less than his old one cost.

We're here for

Business,

and sell Clothing at exceedingly low prices. Come and inspect.

McKAYWOOLEN CO.

Charlottetown, Jan. 28, 1893.

FOUND—A bunch of keys on Queen Street Feb 8

Apply to PATTON BROS.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. A. CAMERON, Pownall St. Feb 8

JAMES PATON & CO.

Carpets, House Furnishings and General Dry Goods.

Dressmakers, Mantlemakers, Furriers, Milliners, Hosiers, Glovers, Readymade Clothing, etc.

COMPLETE MARRIAGE OUTFITS.—In addition to our large stock of regular Dress Goods, we have several lots on our Bargain Counter that must be cleared out, and in order to do so offer them at very tempting prices.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.—Superior makes and designs in Brussels, Tapestry, Velvet and Scotch Carpets. Tapestry Carpets from 21c. per yard; Brussels Carpets from 35c. per yard. Parties furnishing should, before buying, see the stock shown by JAS. PATON & CO. in the Carpet, Curtain, Table Cover, Bed Tick, Table Linen and Quilt departments. All goods bought for cash and sold at lowest possible price.

Rooms measured and Carpets made and laid by experienced workmen. FAMILY MOURNING—Inspection freely invited.

JAMES PATON & CO.,

Charlottetown, February 3, 1893.

SCOTCH STORE, BROWN'S BLOCK.

VICTORIA HOCKEY CLUB. Grand Hockey Match, SCOTCH vs. ENGLISH, —IN THE— HILLSBOROUGH RINK, —ON— Tuesday Evening, Feb. 14th, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

CITIZENS' BAND in attendance. A roarin' game expected. Admission, 10c. Feb 8

Epworth League Lecture Course.

A. A. BARTLETT, Esq., will deliver his Lecture on "Around Paris," illustrated by Stereoscopic Views, in the Basement of the Methodist Church, on TUESDAY, February 14th. Admission, 15 cents. Doors open at 7:30. Lecture commences at 8 o'clock. Feb 8

The Y. M. C. A. Concert

HAS BEEN POSTPONED

From 2nd of March to Thursday, March 9th.

MR. VINNICOMBES ORCHESTRA have kindly consented to give several choice selections. The best talent in the city is being engaged. Remember the date—March 9th. Feb 8

BEER BROS.

Would you Like to go Shopping in MONTREAL

COLONIAL HOUSE, PHILLIPS SQUARE, MONTREAL.

Special Attention given to Mail Orders

Dry Goods, Carpets, Curtains, Furniture, China and Glassware, Kitchen Utensils, Silverware, Lamps, Japanese Goods, Ladies' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers, Mantles and Millinery.

Full Stocks in each department. Trial orders solicited.

HENRY MORGAN & CO., MONTREAL.

WANTED!

WE have an export order for two tons of FEATHERS, and for two months will pay in own goods, at Cash prices, as below. The Feathers must be clean, free from sand, dirt and all quills.

NEW GOOSE FEATHERS, Pure White, 30c. per lb. " " " White & Grey, 25c. per lb. " " " Grey, 20c. " " " " " White, 15c. " " " " " Mixed, 10c. " " " " " HEN & CHICKENS, Mixed, 4c. "

Second-hand Goose Feathers in good condition will be taken at 10c. per lb.

Big Bargains in FURNITURE this month.

MARK WRIGHT & CO., Ltd.

Charlottetown, February 9, 1893.—2w & wk

FOR THE PRESENT

DIAMOND BOOKSTORE

WILL BE FOUND IN THE

New Store, Stamper's Corner,

ONE DOOR WEST FROM THE

Merchants' Bank of Halifax.

THEO. L. CHAPPELLE,

DIAMOND BOOKSTORE

Charlottetown, Feb. 7, 1893.