THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR. "This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES. SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, MAY 27, 1890. VOL. 26.—NO. 4

A BONANZA

—FOR—

Bargain Hunters

—AT THE—

STAR TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

—[x]—

We offer for the balance of February, a SPECIAL LOT OF STAPLE TWEEDS at Cost, over the counter or made up as you wish. Genuine Bargains Genuine Goods! Call and be convinced, as we mean what we say.

McLEOD & McKENZIE.

Charlottetown, Feb. 17, 1890

B. S. DAVIES & CO.

Merchant Tailors.

—(o)—

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF WOOLENS, in Suitings, Overcoatings and Trouserings, suitable for Spring and Summer wear, at the lowest possible prices for Cash.

MR. McDONALD, for the past six years (previous to coming with us) of Boston, where he acquired a thorough knowledge of his business, has charge of our Tailoring Department. As a Cutter of correct styles of Garments, Mr. McDonald has no superior in the Lower Provinces. He has given our customers the very best satisfaction. Men who care to dress well can make no mistake in giving us a call.

Three Cases CHRISTY'S BEST LONDON HATS just opened. MEN'S FINE NECKWEAR, DRESS SHIRTS and UNDERWEAR; Lot of BOYS' SUITS low to clear.

B. S. DAVIES & CO.,

Ch'town, March 25, 1890. CAMERON BLOCK.

HATS!

—[x]—

JUST OPENED—New Hats, in English and American makes, in Stiff and Soft, will be sold very low for cash.

.....

.....

CUSTOM SUIT!

We have TWEED and WORSTED SUITS, made by us during the dull season, that will be found better value than any of the imported Clothing.

See our ALL-WOOL TWEED SUITS for $12 00.

☞ FINE NECKWEAR a Specialty.

D. A. BRUCE.

Our May Bargain

—(x)—

A TEAPOT GIVEN AWAY FREE WITH EVERY FIVE POUNDS OF TEA.

—(x)—

WISHING to introduce our TEA into every household in the country, we will, during the month of May, offer a special inducement to CASH BUYERS.

—(x)—

To every person buying 5 pounds of Tea, at either 24c., 28, or 32c., per pound, we will present FREE OF CHARGE a good medium-sized Teapot.

—(x)—

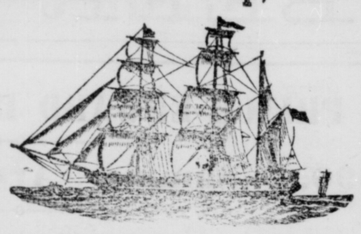
We do this on account of having a large stock of Teapots on hand, and also wishing to have our TEA introduced, knowing that if it is once tried we will have your trade afterwards.

You will find that you will save money by buying your TEA from

BEER & GOFF,

Ch'town, May 1, 1890—dy wky Queen and King Square Stores.

Midsummer Trip, 1890.



THE BARKENTINE "EREMA," now loading, will sail for Liverpool, G. B., on SATURDAY, the 10th inst Returning, will sail from Liverpool for Charlottetown about the 15th June next.

For Freight apply in Liverpool to William Bullen, 51 South John Street; in London, to John Pitcairn & Sons, 7 Union Court, Old Broad Street, or here to the owners,

PEAKE BROS. & CO.

Ch'town, May 7, 1890—eod tf

REAL ESTATE,

BY AUCTION.

Part of the Esker Property.

I AM instructed by Brenton F. Longworth, Esq., to sell by Auction,

ON THURSDAY. 22nd DAY OF MAY,

At 11 o'clock, on the Premises,

A number of valuable BUILDING LOTS between Fitzroy and Euston Streets, as per plan (on handbills).

Terms at sale.

R. BEAIRSTO, Auctioneer.

may7

CARRIAGES.

WE desire to inform the public that we now have ready for sale an unusually large stock of CARRIAGES, in Open and Covered Carriages of all kinds, which we offer for sale on the same easy terms as formerly.

Carriage Tops in stock and supplied at short notice.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming done with neatness and despatch.

Intending purchasers will do well to call and inspect our large stock before purchasing elsewhere.

All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

LARGE & SON,

105 Upper Great George Street.

may23—wky 3i dy 3w (tues fri)

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I HAVE THIS DAY admitted Mr. Donald Nicholson a Partner in the Tobacco Manufacturing Firm of HICKEY & STEWART, the business of which will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of HICKEY & NICHOLSON, and I take this opportunity of sincerely thanking the business public for their liberal patronage in the past, and respectfully solicit a continuance thereof for the future.

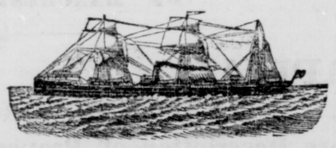
M. HICKEY.

Charlottetown, May 1, 1890.

Referring to the above, the undersigned beg to notify the public that they will continue the Tobacco Manufacturing Business in the old establishment, Lower Queen Street, and hope by strict attention thereto to be able to satisfy the requirements of the trade in their line.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON.

may6—1m (1w dy then eod)



Halifax and P. E. Island STEAMSHIP CO.

(LIMITED.)

STEAMER "PRINCESS BEATRICE,"

CAPT. A. H. KELLY.

WILL sail from Charlottetown every Thursday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, for Halifax, calling at Port Hastings, Mulgrave, and Hawkesbury, Arichat, Canso, Isaac Harbor and Sheet Harbor.

Returning will sail from Halifax every Monday night, at 10 o'clock, making same calls, and Souris.

The above steamer will make the round trip every week, making same calls until the close of navigation.

Freight and passengers solicited at lowest rates, and through Bills of Lading granted to any port on the continent or United Kingdom. Apply to

W. W. CLARKE, Agent.

Ch'town, May 3, 1890.

J. T. COLLINS, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon,

HAS OPENED AN OFFICE IN

Milton House, Kent Street, Ch'town.

wky tf

I took Cold,
I took Sick,
I TOOK

SCOTT'S EMULSION

RESULT:

I take My Meals,
I take My Rest,

AND I AM VIGOROUS ENOUGH TO TAKE ANYTHING I CAN LAY MY HANDS ON; getting fat too, FOR Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda NOT ONLY CURED MY Incipient Consumption BUT BUILT ME UP, AND IS NOW PUTTING

FLESH ON MY BONES

AT THE RATE OF A POUND A DAY. I TAKE IT JUST AS EASILY AS I DO MILK."

Scott's Emulsion is put up only in Salmon color wrappers. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

BRAN.

LANDING To-day:—One Car of Ontario Bran, excellent quality, selling low.

AULD BROS.

may19—2w 2aw pd

Kent Mills Flour.

BEST ROUTE to BOSTON

CANADA ATLANTIC LINE.

ONLY ONE NIGHT AT SEA.

Quickest and Most Direct Route. Low Fares.

The Magnificient Clyde-built Steel

S. S. "HALIFAX,"

Is the largest, safest, fastest and best furnished and most comfortable passenger steamship ever placed on the route between Canada and United States.

Sails from Noble's Wharf, Halifax, every Wednesday, at 8 o'clock, and Lewis Wharf, Boston, every Saturday at 12 o'clock.

Passengers by Tuesday evening trains can go on board on arrival without extra charge. Baggage checked through. Through Tickets on sale by P. E. I. Nav. Co, and

F. T. NEWBERY, Agent, Ch'town.

ap30—eod wky. pat

Boston Steamers.

S. S. "CARROLL"

THE sailings are arranged for the month of May, as follows:—

From Charlottetown, Thursday, May 8th and Thursday, May 22nd.

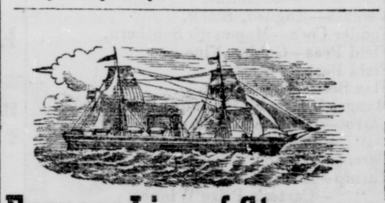
Passengers will find Saloons, Staterooms and Sleeping Cabins fitted in best possible style for comfort and convenience, and an obliging and attentive staff of officers.

Freight carried at lowest rates, and Eggs handled with greatest care.

CARVELL BROS., Agents.

R. B. GARDNER, Manager, Lewis Wharf, Boston.

may2—dly&wky



Furness Line of Steamers

HALIFAX TO LONDON.

Date of Sailings for Above Line.

S. S. ULUNDA will sail from Halifax for London on or about.....May 25
S. S. DAMARA " .....June 10
S. S. ULUNDA " .....July 7
S. S. DAMARA " .....July 25
S. S. ULUNDA " .....Aug. 20
S. S. DAMARA " .....Sept. 8

In addition to the above, we will have sailings once every month via Boston.

Through Bills of Lading granted from Charlottetown and all points and to any port required.

Canned Lobsters carried at low rates. Insurance low.

S. S. ULUNDA and DAMARA have superior accommodation for passengers.

Saloon amidship. Staterooms large and airy.

Saloon Fares $45 00 and $50.00, according to location of Stateroom. Ten per cent. reduction on return tickets.

For any further information required apply to

W. W. CLARKE, Agent.

may13—pat tf

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Queen's Birthday.

SIR,—If the dry goods merchants of today who ordered their clerks back to work on Saturday evening after subscribing their names to the list which appeared in THE EXAMINER on May 14th would calmly look at the matter it would stimulate them to take wider and loftier views of their power. A holiday is considered by the statesman a right, and he has labored to a great extent to make it compulsory. The toiler at the desk and anvil is to be freed from the office or workshop, and we all profess a grateful thankfulness for the boon. To how many does it not result in sad disappointment. It was with painful feeling I listened to one of our merchants saying:

"I will not again consent to a holiday. Why this sudden step, Mr. ——?"

"Because my brother merchants are mean and tricky. They subscribe their names to a list to celebrate the Queen's Birthday by closing their stores on Monday, the 26th inst., but after it became generally known that the trip to New Glasgow would take place on Saturday, they reconsider their resolution of May 14th and agree to close on Saturday the 24th. They change their minds again on Friday evening, the 23rd, and order their clerks back to work at six o'clock, and so steal my customers."

Now, Mr. Editor, there must be some dishonesty in this. Let your readers turn up THE EXAMINER dated 14th and 17th, and see who the mean men are. Those who had any shopping to do, and did do it, will know who they are. Mr. Editor, the season of bright sunshine is approaching; mother nature invites us to embrace her charms; we find our rural friends commending the scenery of their districts to the people who may have a day or two to spend. One says, "Here we have an Island with pretty fields and streams—an Island that strangers call the Gem of the Sea." He says, too, that the geologist and the botanist have great scope. Now, these are the true, legitimate objects of the man and woman who have a day to spare. But what about the poor clerk? What can he do when his master objects to a holiday or two a season? Let every reader of THE EXAMINER look at it without prejudice. Is it consistent that from two to three hundred clerks are to suffer because one, two or three business men chose to order their clerks back to work on the evening of a general holiday, when all other merchants have the courage to close their places of business. There is nothing more despicable than one business man taking a mean advantage over another. How does his account stand? On the debtor's side is found the confidence of the country and clerks—which would have supported him for life—gone; on the creditor's side is found a temporary advantage gained, and the balance is largely against him. Do not kill your clerks—give them one full holiday. The man who killed his goose to get at the golden eggs has not been handed down to us as a very wise man. And Solomon says, "He that getteth riches, and not by right, shall leave them in the midst of his days, and at his end shall be a fool." Policy, right, reason and revelation all harmonize.

FAIRPLAY.

Miss Willard's Letter to Women's Societies.

DEAR SISTERS, FRIENDS AND COMRADES.—In the work for God and for humanity, the World's W. C. T. U. has auxilaries now in every nation where English is spoken, and is sending out its organizers to every land; so far as I know, it is the only association broad enough to take in all women who are banded together for any good work, and is a channel of communication well worthy to be sought by those who answer this description.

The women's National W. C. T. U. numbers ten thousand local auxilaries and counts among its adherents, including men who are honorary members and children in the Loyal Temperance Legion, a half of a million of persons.

The World's W. C. T. U. was originated by this society, which, as the chief auxilary pays most of the money thus far received into its treasury.

Mrs. Hannah Whithall Smith, one of the earliest and most helpful members of the World's W. C. T. U., is organizer for Great Britain; indeed is our organizer at large in whatever country she may visit, and is hereby duly appointed to secure the affiliation of such societies as she may deem it best to invite into this sisterly comradeship of philanthrophic work.

Yours for God, home and humanity,

FRANCIS E. WILLARD,

President of the World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union, and of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union of the United States.

District Meetings.

The Annual Methodist District Meeting will be held in Summerside Church. The public services will be as below:—On Monday, June 9th, at 8 p. m., a Social Service by Rev. W. J. Clements. On Tuesday, the 10th, at 8 p. m., preaching by Rev. W. W. Brewer, Sacrament of the Lord's Supper afterwards. On Wednesday, the 11th, at 8 a. m., Social Service by Rev. A. D. McLeod; at 8 p. m., Sunday School Service, addresses by Revs. S. James, C. Bell and W. J. Kirby. District Sessions at 9.30 a. m. on Tuesday, and at 2 p. m; sessions at same hours on Wednesday. Return ticket at one first-class fare will be issued from all stations to Summerside on the 9th, 10th and 11th of June, good to return up to and including the 14th of June.

Ladies' Dolmans, a beautiful range just opened, at J. B. Macdonald's. dw—my21

Don't forget that Prowse Bros. have the largest, best and cheapest stock of children's clothing on P. E. I. may17

The Spectre of Socialism

DEFINED BY LORD SALISBURY IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

In the House of Lords, on the 20th, the Earl of Wemyss and March (Liberal-Conservative) denounced the tendency of the government toward socialist legislation. Parliament, he declared, seemed ready to do anything in the shape of grandmotherly legislation, and to meddle with affairs that ought to be left to private initiative, like workmen's houses, the payment of wages, and the feeding and education of the poor. The London county council, he said, was especially inclined to predatory objects, and fostered projects to abolish leaseholds and deprive landlords of their ground rents. They even proposed to take by compulsion, without compensation, property belonging to city guilds, in order to apply it to what they called industrial schemes. Serious legislative bodies ought to look where socialism was leading. It was not land alone but every kind of property that was threatened. Freedom of contract and freedom of private enterprise were assailed. State help was substituted for self help, thus destroying the fibre of the nation.

Lord Salisbury, the prime minister, admitted the existence of a strong tendency to lean upon the state on every occasion. Against this, he said statesmen must guard. If they imposed upon the state burdens beyond its power to bear, they would create an indefinite source of expense, and would ultimately produce unlimited corruption. Socialism might be defined as the state doing something that might be done by private persons for the sake for gain. Sometimes this was a very unwise thing to do, and at other times a wise thing. There was nothing so socialistic as the mint and post-office; yet, at the same time, there was nothing more justifiable. It was not practical politics to classify legislative proposals as socialistic or otherwise. Every subject ought to be treated on its own merits. Too much importance, Lord Salisbury declared, was attached to the spectre of socialism. The public could be trusted to find out what practical good lies behind the socialistic doctrine. Nobody not absolutely blind could deny the existence of great evils from which arose the socialistic proposals and actions. Industrial and other causes produced great centres of misery. We are bound to do all we can to remedy these evils, even if we get called socialists, knowing we are undertaking no new principle, or striking out on no new route, but are simply pursuing the long and healthy tradition of English legislation. Lord Salisbury's remarks were received with cheers.

Gladstone Denounced.

HIS COMPARISON OF IRISH AND SIBERIAN OUTRAGES IS NOT RELISHED.

Several of the Liberal papers condemn Mr. Gladstone's comparison of the atrocities perpetrated by Russitn officials upon exiles in Siberia with the Mitchellstown, Ireland, affair.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says that England is a land of constitutional liberty where, happily, the unjust shedding of the blood of a single citizen is enough to damn the Government. Mr. Gladstone's reference to Mitchellstown, the *Gazette* says, has no weight with men like Stepnink, the noted Russian agitator, who is unable to see what more we want in free England than we have already got.

The *Standard* says it cannot find language to adequately express its disgust at the parallel drawn by Mr. Gladstone. What can be thought, it asks, of a man who is trying to persuade his countrymen that a confused street riot can be classed with the deliberate flogging of naked women and kindred barbarities. It shocks one's moral sense to find that a party leader has reached a stage of rancor where truth, decency and self-respect are obliterated.

The *St. James Gazette* says that in making such a comparison Mr. Gladstone showed himself an unstripped and battered adventurer, sticking at nothing.

A Greatly Reduced Power.

Dahomey, with which France has been at war for some months past, was once the most powerful of the West Coast states of Africa, but has been greatly reduced in power by constant conflicts with its neighbors. It comprises an area of about 15,000 square miles, with a population estimated at 200,000. According to the delimitation agreed upon between the British and French West African possessions, Dahomey is within the sphere of France, and the probability is that France will annex it as the issue of the present contest. The king has no limit in his sway. He keeps a bodyguard of 4,000 amazons, who are wondrously trained for warfare and noted for their courage and discipline. The natives are of pure negro stock and fetish worshippers. They have been known as Dahsme, Dauma or Dahomey since the organization of the monarchy in the 17th century. They are said to be industrious. Their palm oil is the finest produced in Upper Guinea, and maize, cattle, ivory and india rubber are among their natural wealth and exports. The capital, Abomey, is 70 miles west of Whydah and 10 miles from Kalmina, the king's summer residence.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by mothers for children teething for over fifty years with perfect success It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain; and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. ap18'90dyeodwkyly