

Liberal-Conservative STANDARD-BEARERS.

PRINCE COUNTY. FIRST DISTRICT.— LARKINS & BLANCHARD. SECOND DISTRICT.— A. MacKINNON, ESQUIRE. THIRD DISTRICT.— HON. JOSEPH O. ARSENAULT & HON. J. A. MacDONALD. FOURTH DISTRICT.— HON. G. W. BENTLEY & MAJOR WRIGHT, ESQUIRE. FIFTH DISTRICT.— DAVID ROGERS, ESQUIRE, & GILBERT DesROCHES, ESQUIRE. KING'S COUNTY. FIRST DISTRICT.— JOHN MacLEAN, ESQUIRE. SECOND DISTRICT.— J. C. UNDERHAY, ESQUIRE, & J. P. SULLIVAN, ESQUIRE. THIRD DISTRICT.— CYRUS SHAW & HUGH LORD, MacDONALD, ESQUIRE. FOURTH DISTRICT.— HON. JAMES CLOW & ANGUS MacLEOD, ESQUIRE. GEORGETOWN, COMMON & ROYALTY.— HON. DANIEL GORDON & HON. A. J. MacDONALD. (Elected by acclamation.) QUEEN'S COUNTY. FIRST DISTRICT.— HON. WILLIAM CAMPBELL & J. HEBER HASLAM, ESQUIRE. SECOND DISTRICT.— DONALD McKay, ESQUIRE, & D. CURRIE, ESQUIRE. THIRD DISTRICT.— HON. DONALD FERGUSON & LUCIUS O. KELLY, ESQUIRE. FOURTH DISTRICT.— HON. ALEX. MARTIN & A. A. MacLEAN, ESQUIRE. CHARLOTTETOWN, COMMON & ROYALTY.— HON. NEIL McLEOD & P. BLAKE, ESQUIRE.

THE DAILY EXAMINER. JANUARY 25, 1890.

Bedeque.

The reports from Bedeque continue to be satisfactory. It is said that the canvass for Bentley and Wright is increasing in strength as the crisis approaches. A rattling meeting was held at Searletown last evening.

Coming Down to Business.

CONCLUDING his speech on the Address, Mr. Laurier asked the Government to "lose no time in brining down business." Such a request is remarkable, seeing that Mr. Laurier's lieutenant, Mr. L. H. Davies, is still going up and down through this Province, striving to "oust that man Ferguson," and trying to refresh his memory concerning those toll-gates. Mr. Laurier cannot be anxious to go to business while Davies is still away from Ottawa!

Misleading the Public.

A FEW days before nomination the Patriot stated that Hon. Messrs. Gordon and McDonald would be opposed in Georgetown—with good prospects of success. We, who know that Gordon and Macdonald have been elected by acclamation, know that the Patriot could not have had sufficient grounds for this statement. But the Patriot is standing by its own invention; for we still see the name of "John Lavers," in large capital letters, in the list of "Liberal Candidates" for King's County. What must the Patriot's fair-minded and honest readers, who also read THE EXAMINER, think of this barefaced attempt to mislead those who have not yet been informed that Mr. Lavers is out of the field?

Ferry Accommodation.

ALL the people south of the Hillsborough want better ferry accommodation. Well, the Sullivan Administration made some improvements in this respect; and if the people send them influential supporters, the McLeod Administration will, no doubt, complete the work as soon as possible. At all events, the people ought to put more confidence in Hon. Neil McLeod, residing in the city, than in the Hon. John Yeo, living away at Port Hill. Belfast and Fort Augustus will, if they are wise, send two representatives each, to support the McLeod Administration. To send one man to support, and another to oppose the Government will be a folly, like that of building up with one hand and pulling down with the other. Vote square for the Government candidates.

News Notes.

Owing to the severe weather Wyoming cattle men are shipping their stock into Kansas. It is estimated that 50,000 head of cattle will be transferred. Some Wall Street financiers say that 5,000,000 counterfeit silver dollars have been put in circulation in the States by counterfeiters operating in Mexico. Portugal, finding that no power is willing to arbitrate, has decided to submit to England's demands under protest. The question of French rights in Newfoundland came up in the Chamber of Deputies at Paris a few days ago and led to quite a breezy discussion. The Government said the French rights were confirmed by

Qualification of Voters in Charlottetown.

Every voter must be a male person of the age of twenty-one years, a British subject, not subject to any legal incapacity, and must have been duly qualified for at least twelve months next before the seventh day of January, inst., which is the date of the writ of election; and must, in addition, be entitled to one or more of the following qualifications:—

First.—For the Town and Royalty, must own a Freehold Estate, consisting of one whole Water, Common, Town or Pasture Lot, or a Freehold Estate of the clear yearly value of Forty Shillings, consisting of a Dwelling House, Warehouse, Shop, or other Building, or a piece of Land, or must be in the bona fide use and occupation, or actual possession, of any Dwelling House, Warehouse, Shop, or other Building, or piece of Land of the clear yearly value of forty shillings, the qualification to be within the Town, Common, or Royalty.

Second.—For the City of Charlottetown, and the Common thereof, where no Provincial Poll Tax is imposed, and where the voter claims to vote as franchise voter, and is liable to pay civic poll tax, such voter must have paid such poll tax in full, or seventy-five cents, part thereof, in case such poll tax exceeds that sum. The voter must also have resided for twelve months previous to the date of the writ of election, either east or west of Great George Street. The voter must also produce, if required, a receipt for such tax, signed by the City Collector.—Sec 45 Vic., Cap. 1, Sec. 2, P. E. I. Laws. In Charlottetown and Royalty there are but two Polling Divisions, but these divisions have been sub-divided into districts, and it is not necessary that a poll tax voter should reside for twelve months in the district wherein he votes, but he must have resided for twelve months in one of the polling divisions, that is either east or west of Great George Street. This rule does not apply to any but poll tax voters. Tenants and property owners may cross and re-cross the street without losing their votes.

Meeting at Cavendish.

A meeting of the independent electors of Cavendish and vicinity was held in the Cavendish Hall on Wednesday, 22nd. William J. Simpson was voted to the chair. The political questions of the day were discussed by the candidates, Messrs. Currie, Wise, McKay and Farquharson, and also a few of the electors. The meeting was very orderly till the last speaker was about half through. He was coming down a little hard on the Opposition when a dispute arose which broke up the meeting in disorder; but by all appearances the majority of the meeting were in favor of the Conservative candidates—Messrs. McKay and Currie. E. McK., Secy.

Personal.

Emin Pasha is suffering from an abscess on the skull. M. Sagasta has succeeded in forming a free trade ministry in Spain. Senator Montgomery is reported as seriously ill, at Ottawa. Mr. McDonald, of Cape Breton, is seriously ill of sciatica. We are pleased to learn that Mr. Unsworth, who has had a severe attack of influenza, is out again. Mr. John L. Trainor, formerly of Charlottetown, is president of the Emerald Glee Club, recently organized at Woodstock, N. B. This Club is in connection with Woodstock Division Ancient Order of Hibernians, and has for its object social culture and the encouragement of musical and literary talent. The St. John Telegraph reports: It is related that Mrs. Jemima Hanington, of Shediac Cape, being informed that her name was on the voters' list went to the polling place and tendered her ballot in due form. It was put in the box by Returning Officer McQueen, who said he had no authority to do otherwise. We congratulate Mrs. Hanington as the pioneer lady voter in a provincial election. A little while ago a Spanish painter was commissioned to paint a likeness of the baby King. He did so, and presented a bill for \$20,000. Queen Christina objected, and said the price was too extravagant. The artist expressed his regret that his terms were too high for the royal purse, and begged her majesty to accept the picture as a gift. The Queen, highly indignant, wrote a check at once. A beggar, who for thirty years has been a familiar figure in St. Peter's, Rome, died recently from apoplexy as he was leaving the church. He was the only mendicant who was permitted to beg within the church itself. Pius IX having granted him that privilege, Leo XIII confirmed it later. When Marcolino was received by Pius IX he complained of the cold he felt within the church, whereupon the Pope bestowed upon him an old dressing gown of his own. This the beggar wore only on great occasions. He had repeatedly had offers of large sums for it, but always refused them. The garment will, presumably, descend as an heirloom to Marcolino's children, together with the snug little fortune of 50,000 fr. which he accumulated during thirty years of begging.

Coming Visit from Royalty.

PRINCE AND PRINCESS OF WALES TO TAKE AN AMERICAN TRIP. LONDON, Jan. 20.—It is stated on excellent authority that the Prince of Wales contemplates a visit to America in the spring. He will be accompanied by the Princess of Wales and possibly his second son, Prince George, who will be 25 next June. The royal physicians have for some time past advised the Princess to undertake a sea voyage for the benefit of her general health, and now that she has suffered severely from the influenza, the recommendation has been urgently renewed. The Prince has been considering the Atlantic remedy for some time in connection with his own recent ailments, and will no doubt sail on his second visit to the new world as soon as the present tempestuous weather moderates. The journey will be confined to New York State and Canada, as time is limited. The royal party will travel incognito.

Weather Bulletin.

TORONTO, Jan. 25—10 a. m. Fair to-day, followed by increasing southeast to south-west winds; snow or rain; rising temperature. Well Rated.—Father.—"Clara, I think the count will propose to-night." Clara.—(excitedly)—"What makes you think so, papa?" Father.—"I discovered him in the hotel to-day looking me up in 'Brad-streets.'" New Goods.—Received some nice overcoats per S. S. Stanley, Solid cheap. McLeod & McHenry.

Varia.

The excitement in Portugal over England's action in regard to the Serpa Pinto affair seems to have almost died away. To be rudely awakened, by the Marquis of Salisbury, from their dreams of conquest in East Africa was no doubt very annoying and disappointing to the Portuguese, and occasioned a great deal of noise and talk. But time has passed, and the justice of Lord Salisbury's demands have become manifest, and the people of Portugal have calmed down. There can be little doubt of England's right to the territory in dispute; and although it might be said that Portugal was forced by the stronger power into submission, such a statement is not true. It is a matter for Englishmen to be thankful for, that such a man as the Marquis of Salisbury stands at the head of affairs, a man who has the courage and will to maintain the rights of his country.

I have received a letter from a correspondent asking me to tell him in this column "What claim have shoe-makers upon 'Crispin'?" Who was he? and why do they name their best tools after him? It is St. Crispin my correspondent means. He and his brother Crispinian have from time immemorial been regarded as the patron saints of shoemakers, who formerly, in England, celebrated their feast day—the 25th October—with great rejoicing. Indeed the day is, I believe, still observed in some places. One special ceremony was a procession of the brethren of the craft, with banners and music, whilst various characters representing King Crispin and his court were sustained by different members.

SS. Crispin and Crispinian were of a good family of Rome, and being converted to Christianity travelled northwards into France to propagate the faith. They fixed their residence at Soissons. In the day they preached the Gospel to the people, and in the night they worked with their hands making shoes to earn their subsistence. This was in imitation of St. Paul, who worked at his craft of tent making and suffered himself to be a burden to no man. They furnished the poor with shoes, it is said, at a very low price, and the legend adds that an angel supplied them with leather. The infidels listened to their instructions and were astonished at the conversion of many to the Christian faith. The brothers had continued this occupation several years, when the Emperor Maximian Hercules, coming into the Belgic Gaul, a complaint was lodged against them. They suffered martyrdom by the sword about the year 287, and according to a Kentish tradition their relics, after being cast into the sea, were washed ashore at Romany Marsh. In medieval art the two brothers are represented as two men at work in a shoemaker's shop, and in the Clog Almanac the emblem for their day is a pair of shoes.

For further information regarding Saint Crispin, I would refer my correspondent to Butler's Lives of the Saints, wherein is a very full account of the formation of the pious confraternity of brother shoemakers, an establishment begun by Henry Michael Buch in Paris in the year 1645.

Shakespeare makes it appear that Crispin and Crispinian were one person, and not two brothers. The battle of Agincourt was fought on the 25th October, and in reference to the day Shakespeare makes Henry V. say to his soldiers:

"This day is called the Feast of Crispian. He that outlives this day and comes safe home Will stand a tip-toe when the day is nam'd, And rowse him in at the name of Crispian. He that shall live this day and see old age, Will yearly on the vigil feast his neighbours, And say, To-morrow is St. Crispian: Then will he strip his sleeve and show his scars, And say, These wounds I had on Crispian's Day. And Crispin Crispian shall ne'er go by, From this day to the ending of the world, But we in it shall be remembered."

The late Bishop of Manchester has been said to have been more of a statesman than a divine. A book of his sermons has been lately published (McMillan's) and singularly pleasant and instructive reading they are, especially when one considers the twaddle unctuous and otherwise which, under the name of sermons, is issued in such vast quantities from the press every year. I have no sympathy whatever with the school of thought of which Bishop Fraser was a distinguished exponent, but that does not prevent me enjoying his readable sermons. How unlike ordinary published sermons they are may be judged from the fact that there is nothing stuffy, nor artificial, nor cut-and-dried in them. There is in them an utter absence of pretence, the Bishop evidently being one who did not believe in "discourses on religion." I have never introduced theology in this column, nor shall I do so now in giving a few sentences from these sermons, some of which are strikingly original and worthy of a place in any note book:

"Feeling and action can hardly be separated." "There is a savagery in the midst of our boasted civilization." "Faith sometimes only means a particular formulation of truth." "We clergymen are a tribe and some of us live in caves." "Take heed how you multiply veils." "Fabrics are weakened, not strengthened, by accretions around the foundations." "I do not deny that sometimes an earnest man is a bore." "By an honest man and woman you mean something more than one who will not pick your pocket." "God will not judge men on the principle of a set-off." "There are imaginings which define little, but suggest much." "The mystery of our being is best solved by the old Book." "Genius cannot explain God, but goodness proves Him." "Evangelists have succeeded where philosophers have failed." "With egotism, cynicism, cruelty holding itself secure, I am not disposed to hold true or false." "A string of texts running glibly off the tongue." "It is a damnable heresy to lay down a kind of average standard of human goodness." "All privileges become duties." "Worldliness is an unwholesome spirit."

"Every contrite heart bends a stubborn knee." "It is no sign of strength to see a man leaning upon a staff." "Not Simon but Peter received the glorious promises." "Nothing is less like basking in sunshine than the energy of faith."

Mistress and Servant.

A writer in the Queen says: You cannot have a feeling of home in a place where, to put it mildly, you are not comfortable and cared for, so how can you expect servants to be so? To put it on the lowest grounds, unless we remedy 'this state of things we shall find our foes to be they of our own households. Uncared for, uncomfortable and hence discontented, servants become restless, crave for change, lose all interest in their employers, and most fatal of all, learn to seek outside for some compensation for the dreariness of their lives in the house. I shall never forget the speech of a girl who, having left a house of this kind through ill-health, had to take an apparently much inferior one on her convalescence.

"Well, how do you get on, Nelly, in your new place? You feel the change a good deal, I'm afraid?" "Change, ma'am; yes, I should think so!" she replied heartily. "Why, it's like being at home, it's comfortable. Of course, there's no servants' hall, and all that; but, ma'am, mistress orders our dinners herself just as she does for the dining-room; and we have real china tea cups and plates, not great ugly, thick things, like we had over there; and the kitchen's a real treat, with the nice clean blouses and the flowers in the window, and a book shelf for our books and comfortable chairs to sit on!" This was the key of it all. "Miasa" was the ruling spirit of the kitchen as well as of the drawing-room; her influence was felt as much in one place as the other, and she never deputed her duties to another!

DIED.

At Blooming Point, Lot 36, on Friday, the 24th inst., Mrs. Butler, in the 90th year of her age. R. I. P. Cashmere hose, knitting yarns and plushes opened to-day at Stanley Bros., Brown's Block. Jan 24 3c. ead.

Penny Readings!

SECOND OF THE COURSE.

Wednesday Next, JANUARY 29th.

PROGRAMME ON MONDAY.

Jan 25

To the Electors of the First Electoral District of Queen's County.

GENTLEMEN.—After a careful investigation of the state of parties, and the blind adherence of many of our prominent public men to obsolete and almost impracticable time-honoured customs, and also to a slavish and unintentional mistake of relying to the bugle call in connection with old and at one time meaning party names, I have had the temerity of placing my name on the nomination papers of this important district. I am rated by many as an incorrigible "Grit." I proclaim myself an Independent Liberal.

A careful examination of our financial affairs assures me that some amendments to our Educational laws are necessary. Laws in the direction of absolute prohibition must be enacted.

Some system of equitable taxation must be adopted to efficiently maintain all branches of the public service. I believe in no distinction of sex in citizenship. You have a chance to place Peter Sinclair first and myself second on the 30th inst. In consequence of the state of the roads and the prevalence of influenza in the District, I cannot do more than meet you at the public meetings. Having many interests in common with the electors, and conscious of having some natural ability and common sense, I feel sure that if you elect me, as I now feel certain will be done, you will not regret it. I am sorry that I could not possibly consult with more of my friends before appealing to you.

I am, yours faithfully, JOHN C. CLARK.

January 24th, 1890.—pat

THE WELTHER DOES, BUT WOODLIES GERMAN BAKING POWDER

Never Varies. Jan 18

BEER BROS.

CONTINUATION OF

Special Sale of White Goods!

MUSLINS! TRIMMINGS! Victoria Lawns, Swiss and Tape Check, Nainsook, Hair Cord, Lawn Flouncing, Lace Flouncing. Swiss Embroideries and Insertions, Cash's Frilling, Arnold's Frilling, Linen and Cotton Edgings.

Several Choice Bargains in Embroideries.

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SPECIAL PRICES ON ALL LINES IN THIS DEPARTMENT. CALL AT ONCE FOR FIRST CHOICE.

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- FLOUR. 150 barrels Choice American FLOUR, Murdock, 500 " " Canadian " Howard, 150 " " " " " Chipman's Patent, 50 " " " " " White Eagle. TEA. 150 half chests Choicest CONGOU TEAS, 20 boxes INDIA TEA (assorted grades). SUGAR. 100 barrels Yellow Extra SUGAR, 25 " Standard Yellow " 50 " " Granulated Sugar. MOLASSES. 25 puns. DEMERARA MOLASSES. TOBACCO. 50 caddies BRIGHT TOBACCO, 25 butts and caddies TWIST " 50 boxes Choice Table CODFISH, 50 half boxes 50 barrels and half barrels LABRADOR HERRING, 25 cases CANNED SALMON. Sundries. 500 reams Assorted WRAPPING PAPER, 100 dozen BROOMS, 2,000 GRAIN SACKS, 2,000 cases TALL CANS, 10 bales MANILLA MARLINE, AT LOWEST PRICES. HORACE HASZARD, Lower Queen Street.

The Place to Buy Your Books and Stationery!

THE BAZAAR CO. have opened a Store on QUEEN STREET, Two Doors Above Watson's Drug Store, where they are able to furnish all the latest books of the day. Stationery at prices unheard of. School Books of all kinds. See the Statuettes of Sir John Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper.

BAZAAR CO., A. FULTON, Manager, Charlottetown, Jan. 24, 1890-24