

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, APRIL 11, 1882.

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THE DAILY EXAMINER

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Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR APRIL, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Fall Moon 3rd day, 1h. 34m. p. m., N. (below horizon.)
Third Quarter 11th day, 2h. 17m., a. m., E.
New Moon 17th day, 4h. 26m., p. m., E.
First Quarter, 25th day, 2h. 43m. a. m., S. E.

| DAY OF WEEK | Sun | Moon | High | Days |
|--------------|--------|--------|---------|-----------|
| M | rises | sets | water | len'th. |
| 1 Saturday | 5 44 | 3 24 | 4 49 | 9 18 |
| 2 Sunday | 4 22 | 2 5 | 5 59 | 9 52 |
| 3 Monday | 4 0 | 27 6 | 5 52 | 10 25 |
| 4 Tuesday | 3 38 | 28 7 | 4 10 | 10 58 |
| 5 Wednesday | 3 16 | 29 0 | 2 11 | 11 32 |
| 6 Thursday | 3 4 | 30 10 | 2 56 | 7 |
| 7 Friday | 3 38 | 32 11 | 1 0 | 4 45 |
| 8 Saturday | 3 30 | 33 11 | 5 6 | 1 27 |
| 9 Sunday | 2 58 | 35 | morning | 2 15 |
| 10 Monday | 2 7 | 36 | 0 44 | 3 13 |
| 11 Tuesday | 2 5 | 37 | 1 26 | 4 25 |
| 12 Wednesday | 2 3 | 38 | 2 3 | 5 53 |
| 13 Thursday | 2 1 | 40 | 2 35 | 7 12 |
| 14 Friday | 1 59 | 41 | 3 5 | 8 15 |
| 15 Saturday | 1 47 | 42 | 3 33 | 9 5 13 32 |
| 16 Sunday | 1 35 | 44 | 4 4 | 9 51 |
| 17 Monday | 1 23 | 45 | 4 35 | 10 33 |
| 18 Tuesday | 1 11 | 46 | 5 13 | 11 14 |
| 19 Wednesday | 1 0 | 48 | 5 53 | 11 55 |
| 20 Thursday | 9 49 | 6 40 | morning | |
| 21 Friday | 7 50 | 7 52 | 0 36 | |
| 22 Saturday | 5 52 | 8 32 | 1 19 | 13 51 |
| 23 Sunday | 4 53 | 9 33 | 2 5 | |
| 24 Monday | 2 54 | 10 34 | 2 34 | |
| 25 Tuesday | 0 55 | 11 39 | 3 52 | |
| 26 Wednesday | 4 59 | 57 | 4 37 | 4 57 |
| 27 Thursday | 5 58 | 58 | 1 38 | 6 7 |
| 28 Friday | 5 59 | 59 | 2 42 | 7 8 |
| 29 Saturday | 5 4 7 | 1 3 59 | 7 59 | 14 10 |
| 30 Sunday | 4 52 7 | 2 4 42 | 8 42 | |

INSURANCE OFFICE.

Queen Insurance Company,
OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

City of London Fire Insurance Company,
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

Insurance effected on all kinds of property
at current rates. Losses settled promptly
and equitably.

F. KENNEDY,
General Agent.

Office—South Side Queen Square,
Ch'town, Feb. 3, 1882.

St. Lawrence Hotel.

THE above Hotel is now REOPENED,
having been thoroughly repaired and
refurnished in the best style. Being centrally
situated and within three minutes walk of
the Railway Depot and Steamboats, it offers
inducements to the travelling public.
Permanent and transient boarders
accommodation unsurpassed by any other Hotel in
the city.

WM. E. HICKEY,
Proprietor.

W. C. BISHOP,

SHIPPING

FORWARDING AGENT,

Marine Insurance Broker,

General Commission Agent,

BERFORD ROW.

P. O. BOX 1 . . . HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the
Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned
Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks
thereon.
Hulls, Cargoes, and Freight insured in
first-class offices at most favorable rates.
Consignments of Produce solicited, and
prompt returns guaranteed.
Correspondence solicited and answered
promptly.
Nov. 14, 1881—1yr

CARD.

THE MISSES CURRIE

HAVE removed from the Rooms recently
occupied by them above the Store of R.
W. Tremaine, Esq., to the Store lately occu-
pied by their late father, near cor. of Pownall
and Grafton Streets, where they are still pre-
paring to fill orders for Dress and Mantle-
making. Mantles a specialty. [64 mced

For Sale or to Let.

THAT Freehold Property, with a front of
Twenty feet on Pownall Street and eighty-
four feet on Sydney Street, the House occu-
pied by large rooms and two Kitchens.
Can be turned into one Dwelling by unlock-
ing a door. Apply on the premises to
MRS. BOWWALL.

March 12, 1881—4f.

BRITISH WAREHOUSE, QUEEN SQUARE.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Keep in Every Department of their Establishment a full assortment of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
of superior quality and texture, which cannot be surpassed either for price or quality,
as they import direct from the best British and Foreign markets.
INSPECT THEIR STOCK IF YOU WANT GOOD VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY.

AT COST!

Readymade Clothing, Tweeds and Heavy Cloths,
AS I WANT TO CLOSE OUT MY STOCK IN THIS LINE.

Some Expensive Ladies' Cloth Mantles and Dolmans, and
Fur Lined Cloaks, Sealettes and Colored Dress Goods.

AT A LARGE REDUCTION.

JUST OPENED AND MARKED LOW.

A Select Assortment of Flowers, Feathers, Velveteens, Ladies' Sacques, &c., &c.

Nov. 1, 1881.

R. W. TREMAINE,

83 QUEEN STREET

SELLING OFF

—AT—

W. A. HUTCHESON'S.

I shall Sell off my Stock of Groceries at
COST.

Parties wishing to get their **GROCERIES** Cheap should call at once and leave their orders.

GOOD TEA, 25, 30 and 33 cents; CRACKERS, 4 to 14 cents; MOLASSES, 47 cents;
RAISINS, 10 cents; CURRANTS, 8 cents; SUGAR, 8 cents.

A large lot of CONFECTIONERY from 15 to 20 cents; lot CHRISTMAS GOODS, very
cheap; and sundry other articles too numerous to mention—all at cost for Cash only.

W. A. HUTCHESON,

109 UPPER QUEEN STREET

BOSTON BRANCH

THE BOSTON SILVER PLATING CO. are
now prepared to do all kinds of Gold
and Silver Plating, such as Knives, Forks,
Spoons, Cake Baskets, Ice Pitchers, Cruet
Stands, Tea Sets, Watches and Jewelry of
every description, Carriage Work, Handles,
Dashers, etc., etc.

Also, Sewing Machines and Guns repaired,
and all kinds of fine Machinery.
Every job warranted to give entire satisfac-
tion or no charge made.

WILLIAM BROWN,
Manager.

Shop on the corner of Prince and Grafton
Streets,
Charlottetown, Feb. 4, '82.

CHARLOTTETOWN

BUSINESS COLLEGE,

(ESTABLISHED 1873.)

Welsh & Owen's Brick Building, Corner of
King and Queen Streets, Char-
lottetown, P. E. I.

BEAGH & MILLER, - - Proprietors.

Designed to Educate Young Men
for Business.

OUR SYSTEM is conducted on Actual
Business and Scientific Principles, and
embraces all subjects necessary for a thorough
COMMERCIAL Education. Our facilities for
teaching these are the most complete that have
ever been devised. Theory and practice are
combined, and the whole course rendered so
interesting and practical that the duller stu-
dent cannot fail to be largely benefited. The
course of Study is short, practical, useful and
reasonable; it is just what every Man needs
and will use, no matter what his calling or
profession is to be.
The youth commencing a business life with
only industry and integrity as his capital, the
clerk engaged during business hours, but
desirous by evening study to repair the
defects in his education, each have the advan-
age offered by our sessions occupying DAY
AND EVENING. Morning Session, 9.30 to
12, and 2 to 4 p. m. Evening Session, 7.30
to 9.30.

Diplomas granted to such as pass satisfac-
tory examinations. Students may enter at
any time. No entrance examination required.
Business men and others are cordially invited
to call and examine our system.
Teach your sons what they will practice
when they become men.
Full particulars concerning Terms, Tuition,
Scholarships, &c., &c., on application to
L. B. MILLER,
Principal

Jan. 7, '81—o d.

THE EXAMINER

JOB PRINTING OFFICE

HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH

A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material,
OF THE LATEST INVENTION AND BEST DESCRIPTION,

AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED,

Under the Careful and Skilful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell,

TO PRINT

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS,
BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS,
NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS,
HAND BILLS, DODGERS, &c., &c.,

On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS SALE.

I am prepared to dispose of the whole of
my Stock of

DRY GOODS,

—CONSISTING OF—

Readymade Clothing,
HATS AND CAPS,
Shirts, Collars, Scarfs, Ties.

—AND—

Gents' Furnishings Generally, &c.

I will sell the Stock in lots to suit purchas-
ers, or in one lot.

—ALSO—

The Lease, for three years, of the PREMISES
at present occupied by me.

CHARLES I. MORRISON.
Ch'town, Feb. 2, 1882.

Herring. Herring.

100 bbls. Extra Fat No. 1, equal to Yarmouth
Boaters.
100 quintals Codfish,
100 do. Hake,
12 casks Cod Oil,
300 Mackerel Barrels (good stock),
1,000 bushels Fishing Salt.
On hand, a full supply of Cotton Duck
Bolt Rope, Hemp and Manila Cordage, Lines
and Twines, Paints and Oils.

DAVID SMALL.

Queen's Wharf, Sept. 10, 1881.

Coal! Coal!

A Quantity of Piton and Albion Mine
ROUND COAL, for sale for Cash only.
N. B.—Orders to be left at Kougan's
Stores, mch9

WANTED.

AT THE JUNK STORE, Head Pownall
Wharf, old Copper, Brass, Iron, Lead,
Zinc, Rope and Canvas, Horse Hair, Rags,
&c., for which the highest price will be paid.
Ch'town, Jan 13, '82—m

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the
opinions or statements of our correspondents.

Our Correspondent "B."

To the Editor of the Examiner.

DEAR SIR,—The "Notes of a Natural
ist," by "B." are exceedingly well
written, and are highly interesting and in-
structive. The writer is a close observer of
Nature, and his poetic description of familiar
objects, clothed with beauty many ani-
mate and inanimate things, which scarcely
engage the attention of people of town or
country, although they are continually
surrounded or in contact with them. "B."
has also, through your paper, given us a
clear and lucid description of the geological
formations or strata to be found or encoun-
tered in boring a tunnel at the Capes.
These Notes on Nature and Geology should
be interesting to our young students, as
they are on subjects relating to the Island,
and are, therefore, doubly valuable.

My principal object in writing this, is to
call the attention of the officers of the Educa-
tional Institute to the possibility that
"B." might be persuaded to read a paper
before the Institute on the geological for-
mation and strata of P. E. Island, and its
immediate vicinity. A letter from the
Secretary, through you, sir, would no doubt
reach "B." That such a paper would not
fail to be instructive, as well as interesting,
is evident from the fact that "B." seems
to understand the subject upon which he
writes.

A Few Stray Shots.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

MR. EDITOR,—As we drift along through
life, how often the question is asked one of
another: Are we, as a people, getting any
better? Are we in this age of Telephones
and Electric Light better members of
society than our forefathers were, who
acquired the little knowledge they possessed
not by the glittering flash of the electric
light, but by the dim blaze of the old-
fashioned fireplace. I fear, were a truthful
answer given, it would be: We are not.

It must be, indeed, discouraging to those
philanthropists who have the interests of
their fellow mortals at heart—who are
endeavouring night and day, by precept and
example, to elevate the tone of morality,
and make useful members of society of
those who have erred from the paths of
right, to find so many persons occupying
important positions exerting their influence
in the opposite direction; how often do we
find men who should be the sentinels of
our laws and institutions in sympathy with
the violators of the "Scott Act." No time
in the history of any community is society
in a more dangerous condition, than when
its guardian angels wink at wrong doing, and
approve by their own signatures the
"white" example of offenders of our laws.

We know of an instance where an in-
dividual was about to leave the "scene of
his keenest joys and pleasantest associa-
tions" being presented with an address
lauding to the skies his many good quali-
ties, assuring him that "the influence of his
noble example had been duly appreciated,"
and signed by three J. P.'s., before one of
whom this ideal of Christian excellence (?)
was convicted and fined not many months
before, for a grave offence. The men who
publicly approve of such conduct, whether
in jest or earnest, are doing a great injustice
to the youth of this country, they are hold-
ing up false lights for them to follow, which
will allure them to the paths of folly, sin
and shame. I remain,

Your obdt. servant,
VIGIL.

April 3, 1882.

The Canada Pacific Railway Company
issued a new set of regulations which will
for the present govern all their sales of
land. In order to prevent speculative pur-
chases of their land, they have raised the
nominal price to \$5 an acre, one-fourth of
the purchase money to be paid at the time
of sale and the balance in five years with
interest. The rebate for land brought
under cultivation is very large, being in
fact three fourths of the original five dol-
lars per acre. Failure to fulfil the condi-
tions as to the time and amount of the pay-
ments made by the settler entail, as before,
absolute forfeiture, and it is now added
that the option reserved to the Company
of resuming the forfeited lands "is not to
interfere with or supersede the ordinary
legal or equitable remedies" they may
have for the recovery of the purchase
money with interest. Unwilling to deal
with the troublesome question of squat-
ters' claims, the Syndicate by the new
regulations give the purchaser of their
land the option of either ejecting anyone
who may have squatted on it or of giving
up the land.

The *St. James' Gazette*, referring to a
despatch stating that the American Sec-
retary of State had requested Mr. Lowell to
apply for a respite of Dr. Lamson, hopes
Mr. Frelinghuysen has not instructed Mr.
Lowell to do anything so unusual and im-
proper, and has the following paragraph:—
"We trust that if the United States Gov-
ernment should really have committed
themselves in the manner alleged, they
will receive a rebuff at the Home Office,
which they so richly deserve and which the
Home Secretary, among his other accom-
plishments, is very well qualified to ad-
minister to them."

No lady who has passed through the
Divorce Court can, at the present time,
appear at Court, says the *London Truth*,
however blameless her conduct may have
been. Recently the Queen has been dis-
posed to relax the stringency of this regu-
lation in special cases, where no fault of
any kind has been attributed to the lady.
The matter, however, was submitted to the
Lord Chancellor and other officials, and
opinion was not in favor of this proposal.

NEWS NOTES.

Nearly 1,000 persons daily leave Chicago
for Dakota, Manitoba and Montana.

A joint stock company is to be organized
in Toronto, with a capital of \$1,000,000,
under the style of "The Ontario Poultry
Breeding and Stock Association."

The Porte is disturbed by the announce-
ment that the French troops in Tunis are
advancing towards the Tripolitan frontier,
and it has in consequence decided on
raising the effective force of Turkish troops
in Tripoli to 30,000.

A Berlin semi-official journal declares
that General Ignatieff is endeavouring to
provoke Germany into commencing hostilities,
and that Prince Bismarck knows it.
It further states that there is little proba-
bility of Germany firing the first shot.

The Garfield Club of New York is send-
ing a monster petition to Washington asking
for the pardon of Sergeant Mason. The
document contains over 150,000 signatures,
and is more than a mile long. When com-
pleted it is expected it will contain half a
million signatures.

Branches of the following banks are
shortly to open in Winnipeg:—Nova Scot-
ia, Ottawa, Federal, Dominion, Molson's,
and Bank of Commerce, which will make,
with five already there, eleven banking
houses, besides three or four private banks.

A return presented this afternoon shows
that the amount of Newfoundland herring
inspected in the Dominion from 1874 to
March, 1882, was 173,201 barrels, and
8,696 half barrels, upon which fees of
\$3,556 were collected. Of the total quan-
tity 108,264 barrels, and 7,441 half-barrels,
were inspected at Montreal.

DEAR TRIS.—Arthur E. Meek, son of
Wm. Meek, of Canning, N. S., has a child,
whose father and mother, two grandfathers
and two grandmothers, four great grand-
fathers and four great grandmothers are
living. The entire ages of the lot are 861
years, and they are all healthy and smart.
—*Moncton Times*.

It is reported that two members of the
British Cabinet, Mr. Chamberlain, Pres-
ident of the Board of Trade, and Sir
Charles Dilke, Under-Secretary of State for
Foreign Affairs, will retire from office on
account of the disapprobation with which
they view the proposed extension of the
Government's coercion policy in Ireland.

Sir William Harcourt declines to give to
Parliament the papers received from the
United States relating to Dr. Lamson. If
Sir John Macdonald refused such a request
the whole Grit press and party would coin-
cide in denouncing him. But when a
good Liberal like Sir William Harcourt
does it, there is nothing to be said.

It is expected that the Indians will kill
more or less of the ranchers' cattle on the
ranges about Blackfoot Crossing during the
summer. An increased number of police
at the Crossing is deemed necessary to
protect the ranchers. The past has been
an unusually mild winter on the plains
through the entire territories, a circum-
stance much in favour of stock-raisers.

At the Wellington, Ont., Assizes on the
4th inst., a man named Kenny was tried on
a charge of murdering a Mrs. Hough, in
fact of beating her to death. The defence
was that the woman had only been pushed,
and had received the injuries from which
death resulted in the fall. A verdict of
manslaughter was rendered, and the
pioneer sentenced to seven years' imprison-
ment in the penitentiary.

The bill making marriage with a de-
ceased wife's sister has become law at last.
It passed the Dominion House of Com-
mons some little time ago, and on the 3rd
inst., after two days' debate, the motion
for a six months' hoist was defeated in the
Senate by a vote of 18 to 40, and the bill
was then read a second time on the same
vote. The opponents of the measure, led
by Mr. Bellerose, made a strong fight, but
from the outset it was evident that the
majority of the House was in favor of the
bill.

The President's veto of the Chinese bill
has caused intense excitement on the
Pacific slope. In the interior anti-Chinese
leagues are being formed, indignation
meetings are being held, and in some in-
stances the President has been hanged and
burned in effigy. Senator Miller, of Cali-
fornia, has introduced in the United States
Senate a bill almost identical with the
vetoed measure, the only difference being
that it limits the term of the suspension of
Chinese immigration to ten years, and
provides for the embargo going into effect
sixty, instead of ninety, days after its en-
actment.

One of the most fashionable tonsorial
establishments in Philadelphia, Pa., is that
of Mr. Chas. Binder, at the N. E. corner
of Seventh and Chestnut streets, under
Guy's Hotel. Mr. Binder was a soldier in
the late war, and for some years past he has
had constant reminders of his exposure in
the field in the way of rheumatic pains in
different portions of his body, and he has
always found it very difficult to obtain
relief. Lately the disease mentioned
attacked his knee-joints, and Mr. Binder
suffered night and day. He had both read
and heard about the remarkable properties
of St. Jacob's Oil, and resolved to give it a
trial. Mr. Binder says he is very glad he
did so, for he has found that rheumatism
and St. Jacob's Oil could not both hold
possession of his knee-joints at the same
time, and whenever the Oil made a move-
ment in that direction the rheumatism
would leave a hasty retreat. The disease
made several attempts to regain its old
position, but was each time routed by the
Great German Remedy, and has broken
camp and departed entirely. Mr. Binder
now has an exalted opinion of St. Jacob's
Oil, and whenever he hears one of his cus-
tomers complain of rheumatism he exclaims:
"Try St. Jacob's Oil."