

THE DAILY EXAMINER. SEPTEMBER 13, 1882.

Abolition of the Legislative Council.

The Patriot shuffles. But shuffle as it only can, it cannot shuffle out of the "fix" it is in. In language the most emphatic, the Patriot denounced the election law "as the very worst law in existence"; and the election law was passed by the very Legislative Council whose existence the Patriot defends!

But, the Patriot says, THE EXAMINER confesses that the Island election law is as bad as the Patriot says it is. We deny this statement. It is not true. We challenge the Patriot to show that it is so. If any reader other than the imaginative editor of the Patriot thinks THE EXAMINER denounced our election law "as the very worst law in existence" we beg leave to say that he is mistaken. We add it that the election law is, in some respects, defective, and needs amending; but so far from considering it—as the Patriot does—"the very worst election law in existence," we believe it to be one of the best in the Confederated Provinces.

The Patriot says that "it is for want of registration and the ballot that the Island election law is barbarous and corrupt." Well the people of this Island had a taste of registration and the ballot, and they found them unnecessary under our free franchise and among our independent electors. They found, moreover, that registration was expensive, that it involved heavy loss of time on the part of farmers and others who could ill afford it, and that, after all, the object was not gained. They accordingly demanded a change, and the Party now in power made a change. Registration and the ballot were abolished, and a regulation was passed securing, at the same time, quiet in elections, and the good old-fashioned British way of open independent voting.

Registration and the ballot still prevail in the other Provinces; and yet they are not happy. On taking up the Daily Transcript of Moncton, which came to hand yesterday morning, we find that the leading article is devoted to the subject of the franchise; and that in it the weaknesses of registration are very clearly exposed. The Transcript says:—

"The elective franchise in New Brunswick is based on property qualification. The proof of qualification are taken from the county assessment lists by the revisors. The man assessed on one hundred dollars real estate and upwards, or on four hundred dollars real and personal estate and upwards, or on four hundred dollars annual income and upwards, is an elector, and, when placed by the revisors on their list, has the right to vote. If it is right to base the franchise on property, then it is wrong to put the man who has only \$100 on the same footing with the man who has \$1,000. The latter being worth ten times as much should have ten votes. Once adopt this principle of giving men votes in proportion to what they are worth and the (im) policy of property qualification would be so apparent that it would bring in a manhood suffrage."

Another feature of our election law, well known to many, is that a large number of persons, not having the requisite property qualifications, are put on the assessment lists, and others having the qualification are left off. We might just hint this is done sometimes when the assessors have a political leaning for the purpose of increasing the numbers favorable to their side, and decreasing those not favorable.

The actual difference between a man who has a small piece of land valued at \$100 or \$400 in other property, other things being equal, morally and socially speaking, is nothing, and as we cannot well base the franchise on intelligence and honesty, as we have no definite means for either, we conclude the only proper qualification is manhood. It would be better to give each individual in the community who has attained full age a vote, than to have the assessors to say who shall and who shall not vote."

So, registration, and the ballot, and property franchise do not give entire satisfaction; and the fact that we have free franchise and open voting should not operate as a bar to the abolition of the useless Legislative Council. Let this rotten branch be lopped off. As the Toronto Globe very truly says:—

"Our little Provincial Parliaments, with their Upper houses of play-lords, are the laughing stock of the world, and now that Canada is beginning to attract attention, should be swept away for this if for no other reason. Now that we have become men, and desire to be regarded as such, we should put away childish things."

Editorial Echoes.

The Patriot says THE EXAMINER'S "despatch dated the 11th evidently refers to the engagement of the 9th September, but that it is so bungled that even a Philadelphia lawyer could not understand it." We do not know about the Philadelphia lawyer, but we do know that THE EXAMINER never expected the Patriot to understand anything. A part of THE EXAMINER'S telegram was selected from a correspondent who telegraphed from the camp on SUNDAY morning; and Sunday was not the 9th. Talk about bungling! Here is the Patriot's account of affairs at the front on the same day on which THE EXAMINER'S report appeared: "No heavy fighting." "Things going on quietly at the front." "Nor was this sufficient. The editor of that newspaper instructed his readers, on the same day, in the ponderous style of a leader, that "There is very little news from the seat of war." It is bad enough when the blind lead the blind,

but what may we expect when the blind endeavor to lead the full-sighted.

—Maine has as far as can be gathered from the latest despatches, pronounced in favor of the Republican ticket. The political lull will be hailed with delight by every Maine resident. The state has been surfeited with politics for the few past months and endless quantities of wind-bags, have been imported from different parts of the country to raise the rhetorical thunder of the campaign. It was feared that Maine would go Democratic, on account of the nudging antagonism of the State to the present Republican administration. Maine favored the party, but not the administration. Now she votes for the party, not the administration; for the party stands, when the petty cliques and the unbridled jealousies of its selfish members have fallen.

—The curious fact that the Grits of this Province are opposing the abolition of the Legislative Council, while the Grits of the Dominion (including those of the Island) are demanding the abolition of the Senate is attracting attention abroad. The Toronto Mail remarks:—

"The Reformers of Prince Edward Island are opposed to the abolition of the Legislative Council of that province. It appears that there are some old Reformers in the Council. Judging the Grit party by its attitude toward the P. E. Island Senate, it is clear that if the Dominion Senate could be made a Grit caucus Mr. Blake and his friends would see some good in it, and desire that it might live long."

—The Montreal Gazette says:— "Liberal principles in Canada are thoroughly elastic, and can be made to suit any locality. In Quebec it is the very embodiment of Liberalism that the Legislative Council should be abolished. So far as the leading organ of Liberal principles in Canada is concerned, it is an article of faith that the Senate is unnecessary, and that a single chamber is quite sufficient. In Prince Edward Island, on the other hand, the Grits are moving heaven and earth to prevent the abolition of the second chamber."

—Matthew Arnold, familiarly known as the apostle of culture, has been lecturing before the University of Cambridge, Eng., and drawing attention to the dissimilarity between the two great Universities. Both Universities, he says, have told powerfully upon the mind and life of England. Oxford has been the source or the centre of great movements. In the range of modern history, this University has the great movements of Royalism, Wesleyanism, Tractarianism, and Ritualism. On the other hand, the lecturer drew attention to Cambridge being the University of movements but of men. "Your surpassing distinction is not your movements, but your men. From Bacon to Byron, what a splendid roll of names you can point to!" This dissimilarity is interesting. Masses make movements, but individuals destroy them. The insight, independence, and self confidence of powerful single minds break down the yokes which encircle the masses.

—A man named Donahoe has died in a Fredericton lock-up from the effects of a drunken debauchery. Another victim has been added to the long list of those murdered by the demon drink. When we remember the enormous quantity of poisonous stuff, called liquor, which is imbibed by the ordinary drunkard, the wonder is that the deadly poison does not carry its fatal dart to a greater number with swifter rapidity.

—But temperance friends must be careful. A report comes from Toronto that a tailor, who was a most devout prohibitionist, one day imbibed such a quantity of ice water that he actually had the very same symptoms as those manifested in delirium tremens. The tailor was brought round with something of a stimulating nature. Drink is decidedly a mocker, but the prohibitionist must not forget that it has its medicinal uses. Water is a dangerous thing, more deaths occur from it than people suspect—for instance, from drowning.

The Exhibition at Toronto.

Monday was a grand day at the exhibition. Between fifty and sixty thousand persons were present, the principal attraction being the exhibition of naval warfare, which came off in the afternoon. An old two masted schooner, rigged to represent a man-of-war was anchored about 800 yards from the Lake shore fronting the grounds. An insulated wire was connected between the vessel and the shore to convey an electric flash to explosive material beneath the ship, consisting of 1,000 pounds of powder. A battery of garrison artillery fired 18 shots at the vessel and when the last was fired, it was intended that Mrs. Robinson, wife of the Lieut. Governor, should fire a charge by making the electrical connection, but owing to the resistance being so great, part of the wire had to be taken out of the circuit and the charge was fired from the wharf by the officer in charge. A dull heavy sound was heard and then a thousand fragments of the vessel were seen in mid air, surrounded with dense volumes of smoke, and so ended the mimic naval warfare. The cattle shown by Mr. Whitfield of Roncesvalles, Quebec, attracted considerable attention and general admiration. They include Polled Angus, Galloways, Devonshires, Saxons and Highland cattle. In the former a bull is shown which among other prizes took first prize and gold medal at the Paris exhibition of 1878. What excites the most interest and curiosity is the Highland cattle, the first shown in Toronto exhibitions and which have just been imported by Mr. Whitfield from Scotland. There are also excellent exhibits of Jersey cattle which attract almost as much attention as the Highlanders. During the bombardment on Monday, a man became so excited that he jumped into the lake, and before assistance could reach him he sank and was drowned.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The British Advancing, Facing ARABI'S FRONT Marching on Tel-el-Kebir Battle Probably Proceeding.

[The regular despatch to the EXAMINER, for some inexplicable reason, did not arrive to-day. Just before going to press we telegraphed for the latest War news, and have just received the following:—]

LONDON, Sept. 12.

The Daily Telegraph's Alexandria correspondent says the sincerity of the officers who claim to have deserted from Arabi is doubted, and their surrender is believed to be a ruse.

A prominent financier estimates that Egypt will lose nearly £70,000,000 by the war.

KASSASSIN, Sept. 12.

The campaign has demonstrated the vast superiority of Shrapnel over Krupp's percussion shells.

The British soldiers show great humanity to wounded Egyptians.

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 12.

The Rothschilds have presented the British Army with twelve tons of tobacco and five thousand pipes.

Lieut. Goodrich, of the United States Navy, has received permission to join General Wolseley during the Egyptian campaign.

The British sick and wounded at Ismailia number 240 in hospital and 210 on board the "Carthage."

KASSASSIN, Sept. 12.

General Wolseley made a personal reconnaissance, this morning, accompanied by the Duke of Connaught and Generals Lowe, Wills and Wilkinson.

KASSASSIN, Sept. 12, 5.30 p. m.

General orders have been issued for a forward march of the whole army.

KASSASSIN, Sept. 13, 10.50 a. m.

The British Army is now bivouacking at a point two miles beyond here and facing Arabi's front.

KASSASSIN, Sept. 13, 2 a. m.

The British are now marching on Tel-el-Kebir. The attack will probably begin before daylight.

GENERAL CABLE NEWS.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

The Times' Alexandria correspondent says the Egyptians at Kafr El Dwar appear to have brought one or two mortars of heavy calibre. Fire from them is so inaccurate that they are practically ineffective.

The Times' Alexandria correspondent says one of the officers who surrendered to the British at Ramieh states that the dissensions in the Aboukir garrison consists in the refusal of 2000 raw recruits to be drilled.

ISMAILIA, Sept. 11.

The Highland Brigade which left on Saturday only advanced ten miles. The weather was hot and the men suffered terribly. Two died from sunstroke and a few others are not expected to live. Two hundred men fell out of the ranks during Saturday's march.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 11.

At the Grand Council summoned to deliberate upon the relations of Turkey with England, after the issue of the proclamation against Arabi Pasha, the Sultan as a mark of approval, increased Said Pasha's salary £500 monthly.

Lord Dufferin has complained of fresh arrests of laborers engaged in the service of the English army in Egypt.

PARIS, Sept. 11.

M. Joseph Liouville, savant and author, is dead.

Medmond Membree, a well known musical composer, is dead.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 11.

The election of a Governor and members of the Legislature and Congressmen at large occurred in this State to-day. The returns from 209 towns, already received, give Robie (Republican) for Governor, 7,744 plurality, and if the towns to be heard from return the same relative vote as two years ago, his plurality will be increased somewhat. The four Republican congressmen are probably elected by about the same vote. The Legislature is claimed by the Republicans by fifty majority on a joint ballot. A full vote generally has been polled throughout the State.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.

The Star Route Jury this afternoon returned a verdict of guilty against Rerdell and Miner. They acquitted Turner and were unable to agree on Brady and the two Dorseys. The counsel for Milner and Rerdell moved for a stay of the execution and the court adjourned till Wednesday, when argument on the motion in arrest of judgment will be heard.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Sept. 11.

The storm Saturday night was the severest ever experienced here. The quarantine despatch boat, Governor Bloxham, capsized en route from the quarantine station and two men were drowned. The British barque Roda was also capsized by the gale, but the captain and crew clung to the boom of the vessel until rescued. Several vessels are ashore near quarantine station and on Santa Rosa Island.

LIMERICK, Sept. 11.

Hynes, who was executed to-day, endured the pining and recited his prayers calmly. Only a slight tremor was perceptible immediately before the bolt was drawn. Death was almost instantaneous. A large crowd outside the jail awaited the hoisting of the soul, many praying for the convict's life. It is not known whether Hynes made a statement previous to his death, but it is certain that up to Sunday he denied any complicity in the murder.

Potatoe Prospects in Boston.

Just now in Boston the potato market appears to be overstocked, and prices have declined. Considerable shipments of potatoes from Western markets there had a damaging effect upon the high tone at which Eastern stock has been held, and prices are weak in consequence. Good lots of Western potatoes of good quality are offered at 75c., 80c. per bushel, and the best Eastern Rose would not bring over 90c. Barrel stock cannot be quoted above \$2.75 unless it be something very choice at \$3. In Western Maine the crop is large and of excellent quality. In southern and western Maine the crop is not so good, though ahead of last year. The crop in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia is represented above the average, and it is predicted by prominent dealers that potatoes are to go down low and to remain so through the season.

Winnipeg Prices.

The following gives the prices of living, and of produce in Winnipeg:— In making calculations regarding the cost of living house rent may be placed at \$40 a month for 7-roomed houses. Spare rooms can be rented at \$10 a month furnished, or with board at \$7 to \$8 per week, if the food be first-class, \$9 to \$6 if the table be fair. Domestic servants are paid \$15 to \$20 a month, of course with board and every night out.

PRICES CURRENT.

GRAIN.—Wheat, 85c to 90c; oats, 74c to 82c; barley, 65c; peas, \$1; flax seed, 90c; flour \$3 to \$3.25.

MEAT.—Beef, 10c to 25c; do corned, 10c to 15c; do boiling, 8c to 15c; pork, 15c to 25c; do steak, 20c to 25c; ham, 15c to 20c; bacon, 17c to 20c; mutton, 15c to 25c; veal, 20c to 25c; fish, 10c to 15c; chickens, 75c to \$1.25; eggs, 30c to 33c.

VEGETABLES.—New potatoes, per bushel, 80c to \$1; do per bag, \$1 to \$1.50; turnips, per dozen, 30c; carrots, per dozen, 30c; new cabbage, per head, 10c to 25c; cauliflower, per dozen, \$1.50; red cauliflower, per dozen, \$1.75; radishes, per dozen, 30c; celery, \$1; new onions, per bunch, 2c to 5c.

DAIRY PRODUCE.—Butter in pails, per lb, 30c to 32c; do firkins, 30c to 35c; cheese, 15c to 16c.

OUTSIDE MARKET.—Hay, No. 1, \$14, do No. 2, \$11; wood, No. 1, \$9; do No. 2, \$8.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

OSBORNE HOUSE.

Sept 11.—Nathaniel Milligan, Summerside; Richard Kerwin, St John; George Dickerson, L. Forrester, Halifax; W. J. Nelson, Newton, Mass; James McAnchlan, S. G. Brown, Halifax; E. M. Jones, St John; John LeLachure, do; James McVittie, Banor, Me; John Bouke, Kensington; Mrs Chas Prescott, Cape Tormentine; Miss Prescott, do.

HANKS HOUSE.

Sept 11.—R. H. Tremaine, city; R. Borradaile, Halifax; M. Stanley Richey, do; C. P. Harris, Moncton, N. B.; C. H. MacNeil, New York; M. C. H. MacNeil, do Sept. 12.—Dr. A. T. Davidson, Boston; Dr. D. F. Whittier, do; L. C. Grand, Philad-Iphia; J. L. Rankin, E. L. Wetheriel, Taunton, Mass.

MARRIED.

On July 29th, at St. Ann's Church, Tellington Park, London N., by the Rev. W. Boyd Carpenter, M. A., Canon of Windsor, W. Bartlett, eldest son of Rev. R. W. Dyer, P. E. Island, to Janie, third daughter of the late Josiah Bartlett, Esq., Finsbury Park, London, Eng.

On the 13th inst., at St. James' Church, by the Rev. Kenneth MacLennan, M. A., T. Walter Douglas Haszard, of the Post Office Department to Annie Wilson Campbell, eldest daughter of Capt. Alexander Campbell, of Anklund, New Zealand.

At St. Bonaventure Church, on the 12th inst., by the Rev. Thomas Phelan, P. P., Mr. Michael Berrigan, of Charlottetown, Royalist, to Miss Elizabeth Jane, third daughter of Mr. George Bennett, of Brackley Point Road.

DIED.

At Baldwin's Road, on the 31st ult., after an illness of three weeks, Margaret, wife of the Hon. Robert Mooney, in the eightieth year of her age. May she rest in peace.

At Butte City, Montana, on the 5th inst., of pneumonia, Alex. McLeod, blacksmith, Rose Valley, aged 41 years. Deceased left this Island 4 years ago. He was very successful, and got many of our Island men into good situations etc. He left a widow and seven children to mourn the loss of a kind husband and an affectionate father.

Prince Edward Island Railway.

DOMINION EXHIBITION.

RETURN TICKETS will be issued from Charlottetown to Kingston to-day the 15th and 18th September inst., both inclusive, for \$21.10 each, to parties attending the

Dominion Exhibition,

which opens in that City on September 18th. These tickets will be good to return up to and including the 26th of September.

L. B. ARCHIBALD, Superintendent.

Railway Office, Ch'town. Sept. 13, 1882. 3in

Horses for Sale.

1 Red Mare, a good worker.  
1 " Horse do. do.  
1 Roan " heavy draft, good family horse  
2 Roan Mares, fairly matched, young and stylish, a good family team.  
Apply to H. COOMBS.  
Sept. 13, 3c col.

1 Single Barouche, a Victoria, comfortable.  
1 Double Barouche, stylish and comfortable.  
1 Light Hotel Cab or Bus, seats 8 persons.  
All the above are good carriages in very good repair, and will be sold cheap.  
1 very good set, nearly new. Set Double Harness, Plated.  
Apply to H. COOMBS.  
Sept. 13, 3c col.

COWS.

1 Grade, Short Horn, Hon. J. C. Pope's herd, young and very fine.  
1 Large Ayshire.  
1 Dry Fat Cow.  
Apply to H. COOMBS.  
Sept. 13, 1881. 3c col.

NEW TEA

BEER & GOFF'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

EXTRA CHOICE QUALITIES.

DIRECT FROM LONDON.

For Sale in all quantities to suit purchasers 5 & 10 lb. Parcels and Half Chests very low.

Warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded. Don't forget to give it a trial.

BEER & GOFF.

COFFEE

Fresh Roasted and Ground at BEER & COFF'S.

Buy Genuine wholesome Coffee, Fresh Roasted and Ground. Do not Buy imported ground Coffee which often contains unwholesome adulteration.

Beer & Goff.

SEPTENBER. HOUSES & LANDS AT SOURIS.

MORE NEW GOODS

LONDON HOUSE,

Selected by our Mr. Stewart.

NOW OPENING, Ex Karr, Phoenician, and Assyrian.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Sept 11, 1882—wkly

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Thursday and Friday Ev'gs, September 14th and 15th.

SHAFFER'S SWISS BELL RINGERS

MUSICAL PARTY,

Introducing a chaste, varied and refined programme, comprising

New Songs, New Bell Pieces, Humorous Speeches and Cornet and Banjo Solos, Select Ballads and Trios, Character Sketches and Duets. Solo upon the Musical Glasses, Xylophone, Glocken-peil, &c. &c.

PEOPLE'S POPULAR PRICES.—Orchestra, 50 cents; Parquet, 35 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.

Tickets on sale at Dodd's Medical Hall, F. G. BRAYTON, O-SAR-HAFER, Manager.

Sept 9—5i.

SUBSCRIBE for the WEEKLY EXAMINER, the Cheapest and Best Newspaper published on P. E. Island. Only \$1 per year

BUY and Read the WEEKLY EXAMINER. Only ONE DOLLAR a year.



BRIGT. "CARITA" and Barkentine B'EREMA, now on their passage to Charlottetown from England, due here about the 1st October, will carry Lobsters to either of the above ports, providing a sufficient quantity of freight offers.

Lobster Packers will please make early applications in order to secure room.

Warehouse receipts given, and advances made against consignments.

No charge made for storage. PEAKE BROS. & CO., Owners.

Sept. 13, 1880. 3aw

Sainte Anne, Ottawa River.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for work at Ste. Anne," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western mails, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of SEPTEMBER, instant, for the excavation of a channel—principally through rock—in the bed of the river on the up-stream side of the new canal works at Ste. Anne.

A plan showing the position and section of the proposed channel and specifications of the work to be done, can be seen at this office and at the office of the resident Engineer, at Ste. Anne, on and after FRIDAY, the 8th instant, where printed forms of tenders can be obtained.

Contractors are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms and—in the case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and residence of each member of the same, and further, a certified bank cheque for the sum of \$1,000 must accompany the tender, which shall be forfeited, if the party tendering declines to enter into contract at the rates stated, in the offer submitted.

The cheque or money thus sent in will be returned to the respective persons whose tenders are not accepted.

This department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, A. P. BRADLEY, Secretary.

Dept. of Railway & Canals, G. L'ave, St. 5, 1882. Sept. 13, 1882. 2us.