

COPIENHAGEN, Sept. 5.—The report that the Government of Denmark had sold the Danish Islands in the West Indies to the United States, is officially denied.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—Reports of the recent elections from all parts of Prussia, and from the other States of the Confederation, show that the Liberal candidates for the North German Parliament have generally been successful, and the Liberal party will undoubtedly have a large controlling majority during the coming session.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—The International races were continued at Hilsleben yesterday. The attendance was better than ever on the day before, as the contest was to take place for a grand prize offered by the Duke of Baden, and created great interest among the throng of visitors at Baden. Some of the best horses in Europe were entered in this trial. The race was very closely contested, and the result was a source of excitement among the spectators. The French horse "King-Bias" was the winner, and his owner takes the grand prize of the Duke of Baden. . . . Gold 142.

BERLIN, Sept. 6.—John A. Kasson, of Iowa, who represents the United States, is at present negotiating with the Prussian Government for the establishment of a postal treaty similar to that concluded between Great Britain and the United States.

CARLSRUHE, Sept. 6.—The Grand Duke Friedrich of Baden made a speech at the opening of the Wilhelm-Diak in this city yesterday. He took strong ground in favour of the union of Baden with the States of North Germany.

MADRID, Sept. 6.—Strict orders have been issued to the fourth authorities at all the ports in Spain, requiring vessels sailing from the United States to be subjected to a rigid quarantine. . . . Consols 94. 5-20 72. Corn 35a. 6d. Wheat 13s. 4d. Oats 3s. 5d.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—M. Moitteur, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, has issued a circular in regard to the conference recently held at Salzburg. He states the meeting of the Sovereigns was merely one of coincidence over the fate of the Archduke Maximilian. To be sure there was a general interchange of views on the situation of European politics, but no alliance or combination was planned by the Emperors as has been stated.

PARIS, Sept. 6, even.—It is stated that M. Drouin de Lohmeuil will soon enter the French capital. He is thought that he will take M. Moitteur's place in the Foreign Office.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—Recent despatches received from Alexandria seem to discredit the reports of the release of the English captives in Abyssinia. In the meantime preparations for the expedition to Abyssinia continue.

BERLIN, Sept. 7, (eve.)—A Pacific note has been issued from the Prussian Foreign Office, in which the recent note of Mr. Moitteur, the French Foreign Minister, is alluded to as being satisfactory to the Prussian Government.

BERLIN, Sept. 7, (eve.)—The yacht *John Bull*, from Baltimore for Paris, before her departure called at the residence of the English Consul, was found on the coast of Ireland near Queenstown with valuable papers on board.

FLORENCE, Sept. 7, (eve.)—Garibaldi is on his way to Geneva to participate in the radical peace conference passed through this city, and during his stay on invitation of Count D'Ussine, Minister of Prussia at Florence, dined with him at the Palace of the Prussian Legation.

BERLIN, Sept. 7, (eve.)—The second Parliament of the Confederation of the North German States, opened this city today, and was formally opened by King William, in person. In his speech from the throne, the King commenced by addressing a warm welcome to the Representatives as members of the first German Parliament which had met under the new Confederation. Alluding to the position of the South German States, he said the national relations with the rest of Germany had been improved, and that the States were now united by a common system of weights and measures for the country, and regulations of postal matters, and a re-organization of consulates in all foreign ports, and to the protection of the commercial marine of the Confederation everywhere on the high seas. The King then alluded to his address with the following successful aspects:

"Gentlemen, I propose it to be the great principle underlying all our discussions: your work will be a work of peace, and by God's blessing the Fatherland will, in peace, enjoy the fruits of your labors."

FROM THE STATES.

BRISTOL, Vt., Sept. 6.—At 1 o'clock this afternoon a frightful accident occurred during the races at the Chittenden County Fair grounds, near this city. The horses were arranged in form of an amphitheatre, and were crowded with spectators, fell to the ground with a fearful crash, bringing down with them upwards of 30,000 people, over 500 of whom were injured, some, it is supposed, fatally. . . . Brown and Hamilton race for the championship of the United States, postponed yesterday and today, on account of the roughness of the weather. . . . Gold 142.

FROM CANADA.

TORONTO, Sept. 6.—A despatch from Montreal says Cartier was elected for both houses by a majority of 250. The majority of McGee at the close of the polls was 377. . . . After the announcement was made, a mob of Mechanics Hall, and tore down the statue of the Poll, and then commenced a shower of stones, directed at the Hall, the windows of which were broken. . . . There was a fight in the streets, and the mob was kept from inside. The guard then charged on the mob. Forty-four elections for House of Commons were held in Ontario, of which the *Leader* claims 39 as supporters of the Government.

BASE HALF SOVEREIGNS.—We are sorry to see that serious half Sovereigns—a very good imitation of the genuine ones—are in circulation in the Island. The forgery is not readily detected, inasmuch as the spurious coin is covered with genuine gold, and is of the ordinary size by which all are detected, and is of the ordinary color, and is not readily detected. . . . Some of the spurious ones are dated 1849. When closely examined, the A in Victoria appears without any cross—the Royal Arms present a blurred appearance. . . . The mill on the edge is rather ill-defined. . . .

Some American Fishermen were detected fishing in the waters of the Queen's Wharf. Two of them have been committed to jail to stand their trial at the next sitting of the Supreme Court. The others were dismissed for want of sufficient evidence. . . . The Mayor just issued a warrant for the arrest of a man who had a portion of two days investigating the affair, and examining witnesses. . . .

THE BEST PLACE TO SPEND YOUR MONEY is, undoubtedly, where you will get most for it. And as all are agreed that K. Young's is the cheapest store in town, we would advise all our friends who have money to spend, to go there. . . .

One of those uncomfortable people who are always going about with calculations proving the hollowness of things has just found out the secret, and says he has been at the Paris Exhibition is an impostor. No body can see it, at least not all of it. The Exhibition will be open, he says, six months. There are 45,000 exhibitors. Suppose you devote, in an moderate estimate five minutes to each that comes to 22,500 minutes altogether. This is tantamount to 3,750 hours, or 156 days, or 6 months, or 2 months 2 days and 6 hours, making the day at 24 hours. Yet the exhibition is only to be open during 8 hours daily, which would give, as the requisite for seeing everything, 468 days 6 hours, or 15 months 4 days and 6 hours. This of course would include stray visits to the cafes, the restaurants, and other entertainments around about the Exhibition.

THE INSURRECTION IN CRETE.

The following letter has been addressed by the insurrectionary government of Crete to the consuls of England, France, Russia, Austria, Prussia, Italy, Greece, Sweden, and the United States of America.—Askylo de Spahalis, August 9.—Messieurs les Consuls.—The Generalissimo of Turkey, Omer Pacha, having failed in his last expedition in spite of his immense military preparations, his numerous army, the strict blockade which he instituted both by sea and land, and his promise to the insurgents, abandoned himself without restraint to the dictates of a ferocious and unscrupulous ambition. . . .

Omer Pacha also put to death the nun Trajina, blind from her birth, Calipajicola, S. Vergaki, N. Paraki, and Jean de Trivara, whose bodies he insulted. In the village of Colocassia he had an old man named Giannoulakou and a priest slaughtered. . . .

My Dear Sir,—I have been so completely taken up with serious business matters that your kind letter is still unanswered. . . .

THE INSURRECTION IN SPAIN. According to official despatches published at Madrid, the insurrectionary movement in Spain is continuing with vigor. . . .

THE RELATIONS BETWEEN FRANCE AND ITALY. The rumour which has had pretty extensive circulation during the last few days, that a coolness had sprung up between France and Italy on account of the formation of what is known as the *Legion*, a corps raised in France for the service of the Emperor, has at length evoked a plain and unequivocal denial on the part of the Italian Government. . . .

THE ELECTIONS IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC. In the Province of Ontario and Quebec the government are carrying everything before them. . . .

PRUSSIA. BERLIN, THURSDAY EVENING.—A special Council of Ministers was held last night. . . .

AUSTRIA. VIENNA, THURSDAY.—Here von Becke will shortly lay proposals for the lowering of the deficit of 1868 before the Austro-Hungarian Diet. . . .

TURKEY. The Russian Ambassador returned to Constantinople with Fud Pacha. The latter has received the order of Alexander Newski. . . .

GRECE. ATHENS, THURSDAY.—The Greek Chambers have been convoked for the 6th October. . . .

WAR WITH ABYSSINIA. It has at length been resolved to dispatch a large army force to march to the March of Abyssinia, and the utmost expedition is being used to organize and make it ready for the field. . . .

WESTMORLAND ELECTION. The following is the vote in Westmorland County, the Election having been held yesterday. Mr. Smith's majority is overwhelming.

SMITH. LANDRY. Dorchester, 478 81; Monckton, 216 454; Salisbury, 2-8; Sackville, 2-8; Sbadine, 361 130; Westmorland, 202 63; Ebstford, 280 46. Total, 2216 454. Majority for Mr. Smith 1,762.

The strongest Confederate Pariah—Salisbury—seems to have been quite unanimous for Mr. Smith. . . .

INQUEST.—An Inquest was held at Killare, Lot 3, on the 5th instant, before Mr. P. Conrick, one of Her Majesty's Coroners for the County of Kerry. . . .

THE HON. E. KENNY.—In the *Examiner* of Monday week last, we gave the substance of a rumour, which was then circulated about town, to the effect, that the Hon. Edward Kenny, Receiver-General of the Dominion, would be elected President of the Senate on the meeting of Parliament. . . .

MADRID, WEDNESDAY EVENING.—Official despatches from Catalonia state that the chiefs Zamora, Pellicer, Parreta, and Bais, with 653 men, had been captured by the Spanish Government. . . .

MADRID, THURSDAY.—According to despatches received by the Ministers of War, 4,000 insurgents have submitted to the authorities in Catalonia. . . .

SEVERAL communications received towards the close of the past week, must remain over until we can find time for a careful examination of them.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The Examiner.

Charlottetown, September 19, 1867.

ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH MAIL.

The R. M. S. *China*, from Liverpool, arrived at Halifax on Tuesday last, bringing dates to the 31st ult. The Mail for this Island was brought over on the following day. The harvest prospects in England and Ireland are represented as being very good. . . .

THE MEETING AT SALZBURG.

The speeches of the Emperor of the French at Arras and Lille attract the attention of the Paris press to the almost total exclusion of every other topic. . . .

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there the virgin Andromeda, chained naked to the rock, awaits in agony the approach of the devouring monster; there the luxuriant yellow hair of Broom hangs suspended as a tress of glory to Venus; while the dim "Pinnacled" of the mountain, that is topped from Dana's breast, and which, as it fell upon the earth, changed the lilies from purple to a snowy whiteness, extends across the heavens like the ghost of a rainbow. . . .

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH. On the afternoon of the 21st ult. Parliament was prorogued by commission. . . .

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN: I am happy to be enabled to release you from the labour of a long and more than usually eventful session, and to offer you my acknowledgments for the successful diligence with which you applied yourselves to your Parliamentary duties. . . .

At the commencement of the present year there were relations of a friendly and amicable character between France and Prussia which had led to a war of which it was impossible to see the ultimate result. . . .

The Emperor, in reply to a question whether he supposed it possible that the Indian agents, such as Wyncoop and Leavenworth, can be trusted in the execution of issuing goods to any part of these people, said:—

I do not know Wyncoop; I think the trouble with agents is that they are all probably connected with trading interests, and think that such persons ought not to be trusted with such distribution. . . .

There was one case in October, 1856, where arms were furnished to the Indians by the agent, after being officially notified that they were inclined to hostility. . . .

The Indians always pierce the bodies of white persons they kill with arrows. The friends of persons killing him all put an arrow into him. They never burn powder when they can use arrows. . . .

The treacherous conspiracy in Ireland, to which I have before called your attention, broke out in the early part of the year in a futile attempt at insurrection. . . .

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