

**FAT AND LEAN**

That is, babies: fat, they are happy and safe; lean, they are neither happy nor safe.

Apart from being entirely healthy or not quite well, a fat one has much reserve of vital strength to resist any sudden attack, while the lean one has little or no reserve.

The way to be fat and well is Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil. A little: only a little. Not any, if healthy and plump already; "let well enough alone."

We'll send you a little to try if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

**White's Caramels and Snowflake Chocolates**

Can be had at any following first class store

- T. J. Morris
- D. L. Hooper
- W. Pickard & Co.
- W. A. Hutcheson
- W. F. Carter
- Stewart & Gates
- Sanderson & Co.
- J. D. McLeod & R. H. Mason,

**Plant Line TO BOSTON TO BOSTON**  
Commencing Oct. 16th 1900  
**S. S. Halifax**

Will leave Charlottetown at NOON on TUESDAY. Passengers leaving Charlottetown on Wednesday and Saturday mornings make close connection at Halifax for Boston.

**AUTUMN EXCURSIONS.** Special Return Tickets now being issued at Reduced Rates. For tickets, rates and all information apply to

W. W. CLARKE, Agent Charlottetown, H. L. CHIPMAN, Manager, Apl 24th.

**Misty Vision**



Comes with advancing years, but can be cleared by properly fitted glasses. Spectacles are our specialty. When we fit them, they give satisfaction. Eyes examined free.

**G. F. HUTCHESON,** Watchmaker & Jeweler.

**Matchless Blend Tea the best 25 cent Tea on Earth.**

If you want to use the best 25 cent tea you'll have to use Matchless Blend

Our sales of this tea have been something marvellous. They have increased every week since we first began to sell it—and they're increasing yet.

Try a pound of Matchless Remember we are sole agents. You can't get the best 25c tea anywhere else.

**Jenkins & Son** Charlottetown.

**CIVILIZATION'S REVENGES.**

[London Express.]

The civilized world is aghast at the most awful crime of the century. Never has such a shout for vengeance gone up; never before has the head of a great Empire pledged his own imperial word that the murderer of his subjects shall be terribly avenged.

It is too true that the history of the last hundred years has been stained with the records of more than one foul massacre, but in each case retribution, if not always swift, has been stern and sure.

Twenty years ago, almost to a day, Tien Tsin, now apparently in peril, was the scene of a murder grim and great. It was the French population that the rage of the yellow hordes was directed against. The French consul, with his family and guests, was slain amid circumstances of sickening horror. The consulate was fired, as was the cathedral—an act which resulted in the total destruction of both edifices. Nor was this all. Not the saintly lives and gentle deeds of the Sisters of Mercy attached to the French Mission could save them from an awful fate. The worst feature of the outrages was that the fanatical mob, composed of the scum and sweepings of the city, were instigated and directed by the local Mandarins. Prompt and vigorous representations secured the arrest, trial, and execution of a large number of persons alleged to be concerned in the crimes, but so tortuous are the ways of Chinese officials that there is only too much reason to suppose that the condemned persons were in very few cases the actual rioters. The date of the massacre was June 21, 1870.

The nearest parallel to the crime of Peking is found in that of Cawnpore, more than forty years ago. July 15, 1857, saw this orgy of innocent blood. The male portion of the garrison having been treacherously murdered after having been first induced to lay down their arms, the women and children were carried to a building formerly used as an assembly room, where they were kept close prisoners. Nana Sahib, having learned that nothing could stop the march of the British column under Havelock, in his fury gave the fearful order that the whole party of prisoners were to be killed. The dreadful work was done by five men—two peasants, two butchers, and one soldier of the body guard. The massacre began by some Sepoys firing volleys into the windows of the building. Then the five assassins, armed with sabres, entered and closed the door. What next took place no one was spared to tell. Heart-rendering screams and the noise of struggling reached the ears of those outside. Occasionally one of the murderers would come to the door, hand out a hacked and bloody sabre, and obtain a new one in exchange. The screams became fewer and fainter; only a feeble moaning and could be heard at intervals. Then the back fiends who were the hired instruments of this ghastly crime emerged from the slaughterhouse covered from head to foot with the blood of the women and children who had been done to death.

A touch of unusual horror was added to the thing by the fact that the murderers had not troubled to finish their bloody work. Three women and a couple of children, sorely wounded, were alive when the doors of the slaughterhouse were opened the next morning. Imagine their sufferings during that awful night! The bodies of the hapless victims were thrown into a well in the compound, the wounded being cast still living into the depth with the dead.

The dread news of the massacre did not reach England officially till the end of August, causing a thrill of the most intense horror and rage among all classes. Stern retribution followed hard on the heels of crime. "Remember Cawnpore!" was the watchword, and our soldiers felt a grim joy in driving the bayonet home to the cry on their lips. Many of the captured rebels were blown from guns—a fearful punishment, as the Sepoys believed that in this way soul and body were destroyed altogether. Before execution the condemned men were dragged to the scene of the massacre and forced to

lick the blood from the floor of the room in which the victim had perished. What this meant to the highcaste Hindus may be imagined. September 16, 1850, was a day of blood, when the Christian population of Aleppo were massacred by the fanatical Moslems. Fire and sword were carried into the Christian quarter of the city, and ghastly scenes were enacted. Every Christian place of worship was burned to the ground, dwellings were plundered and their inhabitants slaughtered. Vengeance was taken in summary fashion. No fewer than 1,800 of the rebels were shot and their quarter of the city razed to the ground.

There is a sad similarity between the Peking horror and the massacre of the members of the British mission in Cabul on September 3, 1870. It was the month of Ramazan, and Moslem fanaticism was at its height. Hatred of the stranger and the "infidel" and hope of plunder combined fanned the mob, and they attacked the residency first, with stones and then with rifles obtained by force from the Ameer's arsenal. Very soon the buildings of the mission were in a state of siege. The defenders were driven from point to point of their frail fortress. The men of the guides, who formed the guard at the residency, fought like heroes headed by their British officers. The latter fell one by one, and the native officers assumed the command, and with unabated spirit headed the desperate charges with which the tiny force hoped to beat back its multitudinous assailants. At last the buildings were set on fire, and the defenders, rushing out, were slain to a man. The British Resident, Sir Louis Cavagnari, fell, and with him all the members of the mission.

England was not slow to take ample vengeance. An army was quickly in motion and the command was entrusted to the great little General who is now Field Marshal Lord Roberts. The Ameer, after piteously protesting his innocence of any complicity in the massacres, took refuge in the British camp.

The operations were a splendid success, and, after a magnificent march and some sharp fighting, Cabul was occupied, the Afghans disarmed, and England had the stern satisfaction of knowing that the blood of her slaughtered sons was amply avenged.

**WOULD YOU HAVE SUPPORTED THIS?**

Suppose that in 1896 Laurier had made a speech like this to the electorate, would you have voted for his candidates:

"Gentlemen,—We propose to make great reforms. Your taxes are too light; we shall increase them by \$12,500,000.

"The Tupper Government have spent but \$40,730,853 this year; we shall gladly add to the expenditure until they reach \$51,942,635 in 1899.

"The debt is altogether too small; we shall add \$8,000,000 to it.

"We have too many markets; we shall refuse a preference in the British market; we shall give the Yankees all they want in our market so that their tariff against us may be kept up, and we shall induce the Germans to put a discriminating tariff upon Canadian products, that the United States may have that market exclusively.

"You are paying far too little for your coal oil; we shall sell out our oil

industry to the Standard oil monopoly, and I will thus raise the price by from six to ten cents a gallon.

"The idea of standing by Great Britain in periods of crisis is absurd; if trouble arises, and the Empire is threatened, we shall refuse to help the Imperial defence until we are forced to act, and, if we do act, we shall notify the Queen not to look upon our action as a precedent.

"The Tories gave too little to railway corporations; we shall double the bonuses, and shall subsidize parallel lines all over the country.

"Too small are the amounts paid for public works; we shall introduce 'go-betweens' to take contracts and pocket the difference between the amount the contractor charges and the larger amount that we shall pay.

"The elections give too much anxiety to the people; we shall see that the ballot boxes are duly stuffed thus relieving you of the necessity of forming a judgment on public affairs.

"Our friends have been long out in the cold; we shall warm them with boodle, according to their deserts; the Toronto Globe shall be granted a coal mine it does not earn, and faithful politicians shall make money, even out of the food of our soldiers."

If this had been the announced programme, would you have supported it?

**Pullets EGGS Wanted NOW.**

For the next four months the demand will be large. Get your pullets to laying by October. A well-filled egg basket now is what makes poultry pay. You can obtain these much desired results by good care, proper foods, and the use as directed in the morning meal of

**Sheridan's Powder.** It causes perfect assimilation of the food elements needed to form eggs in the winter.

If you can't get the Powder send to us. One pack, 25 cts. Five, \$1. Large can, \$1.50. Exp. paid. J. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

**Charters!** I have several new schooners seeking produce charters from Island Ports to Nova Scotia, United States or West Indies.

DENNIS MURPHY, Broker and Commission Merchant, P. O. Box, No. 8 - dy

**A Delicious Tubbing** and then refreshing sleep—there is nothing better for any baby. Always use the "Albert"



**BABY'S OWN SOAP**

and your child will have a fine complexion and never be troubled with skin diseases.

The National Council of Women of Canada have recommended it as very suitable for nursery use.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., MONTREAL.

Makers of the celebrated Albert Toilet Soaps.

**A Toronto Druggist Tried All the Catarrh Remedies Known.**

**SAYS JAPANESE CATARRH CURE IS THE ONLY PERMANENT CURE.**

Mr. John Wylie, the well-known Senior Clerk for Mr. Geo. Marshall, the leading Queen St. East Druggist, Toronto, writes:—"When I say I believe Japanese Catarrh Cure the only cure for catarrh on the market, I think I know just what I am talking about. I have tried every remedy which I thought would do me good, and also several doctors, but only received a little temporary relief. After hearing several of our customers, who had used Japanese Catarrh Cure, speak so highly of it, I tried it. From the very first it gave me much relief, soon the dropping in my throat ceased, and now, after using in all four boxes of Japanese Catarrh Cure, find myself completely cured of this most disagreeable disease, after suffering for years. I have since recommended it to some of our customers, and know of several of them whom it has cured."

Japanese Catarrh Cure permanently cures catarrh and catarrhal deafness. All druggists, 50 cents.

**WE ARE AUTHORIZED**

To refund the money when Remick's Eczema Cure fails to cure any case of Eczema or Piles, no matter of how long standing.

Forsale only at **Macdonald's Drug Store** NIGHT BELL NURSES REGISTER

**The Best Sewing Machine.**

To-day—is the "New Raymond" We guarantee everyone we sell—ask your neighbor about it—she will tell you how good it is—or come down to our show rooms and see it work—If you want a Sewing Machine—and want one that will give first-class satisfaction—buy a

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**MILLER BROS**

Queen Street, Connolly's Building.

**A. A. McLean Q. C** Barrister etc., Brown's Block Charlottetown.

Money to Loan.

**JOHN P. BRENNAN**

Ship Broker, Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of produce, my large and commodious premises on Commercial Street being particularly adapted for handling of Prince Edward Island products. Consignments solicited. Prompt returns.

JOHN P. BRENNAN, North Sydney, Sept. 25, dy 135 wy.

**Choice Gravenstein Apples**  
\$2.00 and 2.25 per bbl.  
Those desiring a nice bbl of apples can obtain them from us at this low price. Call and see them.  
**SANDERSON & CO**  
Victoria Row Growers.

**SUNNYSIDE DENTISTRY,** Office in New Prowse Block first door to the right up stairs.  
Telephone connector.  
**DR. AYERS**

**Prince Edward Island Railway. THANKSGIVING DAY.**

Excursion Return Tickets at first-class one way fare, will be issued from all stations on this Railway, on October 17th and 18th, good to return up to and on October 22nd, 1900. Tickets are good only for continuous journey in either direction.

G. A. SHARP, Superintendent. Railway Office, Charlottetown, September 29th, 1900. Good till Oct. 17th

**PICKLING VINEGARS.**

- X X X Malt—48c per gal.
- Best English Malt—72c per gal.
- French White Wine—60c per gal.
- X X X White Wine—48c per gal.
- Cider Vinegar—40c per gal.

Special low prices for large quantities. Also all kinds of Whole and Ground Spices, Tumeric, etc., for pickling purposes at lowest prices

**Beer & Coff P. E. Island Commercial College**

The attention of those who desire a thorough and practical preparation for an active business life is called to the advantages offered by this College. Book-keeping, Commercial Law, Arithmetic, Penmanship, English, Correspondence, Business Methods, Short-hand, Typewriting, etc., are taught in the most direct and practical manner. Special attention is given to locating graduates in good business positions. New term opens on MONDAY, AUG. 20th inst., at 9.30 a.m. Send for prospectus. P. O. Box 242. ISAAC OXENHAM, Principal and Proprietor Aug 23rd - 1900.

**National Wheels**

Carnivals, Scotsman, 20th Century, E. & D., Columbia Hartfords have had a large sale in Charlottetown. We are still vireceing the above daily

Look them over—Write for catalogue.

Repair supplies—Second Hand Wheels.

**Mark Wright & Co., Ltd.**