

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 4.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1879.

NO. 517.

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

Is Published every Evening.

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ING'S BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

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W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL, Manager. Office Sup't.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. II.

### Winter Arrangement.

ON AND AFTER

MONDAY, DECEMBER 30th, 1878.

#### Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1. Express.	No. 3 Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 8.10 am	
Cardigan	" 8.35 "	
M. Stewart Jun	ar 9.55 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 10.05 "	
Ch'town	" 11.40 "	
Royalty Jun.	dp 8.00 am	Dp 3.30 pm
N. Wiltshire	" 8.20 "	" 3.50 "
Hunter River	" 9.12 "	" 4.45 "
Breadalbane	" 9.30 "	" 5.03 "
County Line	" 10.08 "	" 5.41 "
Kensington	" 10.18 "	" 5.51 "
Summerside	ar 11.30 "	ar 7.00 "
Wellington	dp 2.40 pm	
Port Hill	" 3.32 "	
O'Leary	" 4.16 "	
Alberton	ar 6.35 "	
Tignish	dp 6.40 "	
	ar 7.25 "	

#### Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.
Tignish	Dp 7.00 am	
Alberton	" 7.45 "	
O'Leary	" 8.47 "	
Port Hill	" 10.05 "	
Wellington	" 10.48 "	
Summerside	ar 11.40 "	
Kensington	dp 2.30 pm	Dp 8.45 am
County Line	" 3.00 "	" 9.15 "
Breadalbane	" 3.40 "	" 9.57 "
Hunter River	" 3.50 "	" 10.08 "
N. Wiltshire	" 4.25 "	" 10.47 "
Royalty Jun.	" 4.45 "	" 11.02 "
Ch'town	" 5.40 "	" 11.55 "
Royalty Jun.	ar 6.00 "	ar 12.15 pm
Mt. Stewart	dp 2.55 "	
Cardigan	" 3.15 "	
Georgetown	ar 4.30 "	
	dp 4.40 "	
	ar 6.00 "	
	ar 6.25 "	

#### SOURIS BRANCH.

Going West. Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 5 Mixed.	STATIONS.	No. 6 Mixed.
Souris	Dp 7.00	Mt S'tw't Jnc	Dp 7.40
Harmony	" 7.23	Morell	" 5.22
St. Peters	" 8.42	St. Peters	" 5.54
Morell	" 9.13	Harmony	" 7.12
Mt S'tw't Jnc	ar 9.55	Souris	ar 7.35

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE, Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways Supt. P. E. I. R. Ch'town, Dec. 27, 1878. p ne ar h pres kca sp sj ap 6i

### COMMERCIAL

Union Assurance Company, OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

CAPITAL - - \$12,500,000.

INSURANCE effected against Fire on all descriptions of Property throughout the Island.

Low rates and PROMPT settlement of losses.

HORACE HASZARD, Agent for P. E. Island.

Ch'town, Dec. 20, 1878.

### Administrator's Notice.

THE undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of ROBERT ORK, late of Charlottetown, deceased, intestate, hereby notifies all persons indebted to the said Estate to make immediate payment to him; and all persons having claims or demands against the said Estate are hereby required to exhibit such claims and demands, duly attested, to him for payment within twelve months.

JOHN McPHEE, Administrator.

Ch'town, Jan. 8th, 1879—2w 2aw

## H. W. Vinnicombe,

Resident Piano Tuner & Regulator.

HAS adopted the Dollar system of Tuning—six visits a year, at one dollar per visit. This system is much more economical and satisfactory than any other, as the cost is less, and the instrument is kept constantly in tune and repair.

A visit will be made to all parts of the Island once a year, or oftener if desired. Pianos tuned by Hamilton's system of even temperament.

Orders may be left at Mr. Fletcher's Music Store, or at Bremner Bros., Queen Street.

Jan. 6, 1879—

## FRANK COX, M.D. C.M.,

Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur.

OFFICE APOTHECARIES' HALL.

Residence: Capt. Mutch's, Water Street, next door to St. Lawrence Hotel.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to diseases of the chest and stomach.

Ch'town, Nov. 16, 1878—3m

## QUEEN INSURANCE COY.

OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.

Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank), Agent for Prince Edward Island

June, 1877—

## WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

THE Subscriber having fitted up the Hotel formerly known as

THE RANKIN HOUSE,

in first class style, is now prepared to give comfortable accommodation to

Permanent and Transient Boarders.

Tourists and others will receive every attention at the Wagstaff's Hotel.

WM. WAGSTAFF.

May 25, 1878

## DR. CREAMER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Kent Street, Charlottetown,

(Three doors from Dr. Johnson's).

ENTRANCE BY SIDE DOOR. Oct. 15—3m

## BROADWAY HOUSE,

BY MACKENZIE.

THE former "City Hotel," now the Broadway House, Great George Street, opposite the Catholic Cathedral, is now open for Permanent and Transient Boarders.

The rooms have been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.

The tables will be supplied with the best the market affords, and fares reasonable.

A Suite of Rooms convenient for a small family, together with board &c., can be had in the Broadway House.

Nov. 23, 1878—t

## RANKIN HOUSE,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

J. J. DAVIES - - - Proprietor

(Formerly of St. Lawrence Hotel, Pictou).

THIS well-known Hotel is now open under the present management; and, having been newly furnished throughout, it offers every comfort to the travelling public. Suitable Sample Rooms for commercial gentlemen.

Oct. 15, 1878—3m

## E. C. HUNTER,

Italian and American Marble,

Monuments, Tablets, Headstones,

MANTLES, CENTRE TABLE TOPS, BUREAU AND COMMODOE TOPS, WASH BOWL SLABS, &c., &c.

Prices to suit, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Designs furnished on application.

Corner Hillsborough and Kent Streets, Charlottetown.

November 6, 1878.

## JAMES HOBBS,

CABINET-MAKER,

UPHOLSTERER, ETC.,

HAS REMOVED from McPhail's Corner to the premises just vacated by Mr. JOHN STUMBLE, Prince Street, where, with increased facilities, he is prepared to attend to the wants of his customers with punctuality and despatch, and on reasonable terms.

CARPETS cut and laid.

PAINTING and Repairing neatly done.

PICTURE FRAMES and Mouldings constantly on hand, or made up to order.

All kinds of Household Furniture made to order, cheap and good.

New Pattern School Desks made at short notice. A first-class article.

Don't forget the place: PRINCE STREET (near the new Baptist Church in course of erection).

Charlottetown, Oct. 26, 1878—



## Examiner Office!

1879.

## JOB PRINTING

PROMPTLY DONE IN

## GOOD STYLE

AND AT

## LOW PRICES!

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Local News,

Foreign News,

Political News,

Social News,

Commercial News,

Shipping News,

laid before Subscribers, Purchasers,

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THE WEEKLY EXAMINER.

A few Advertisements only, received.

J. W. MITCHELL, W. L. COTTON, Office Sup't. Manager.

### The Basis of Good Credit.

A good character is the corner stone of the foundation upon which credit rears itself. It deals with the moral, intellectual and financial ability of every man. To be deficient in any one of the qualities that go to make up the perfect man of business is to weaken in a certain degree one's credit. Every act of a man's life needs to be guarded in order that failings in one direction do not render void excellencies in another. One wrong act in mature life has closed the career of thousands of men, many of whom have made their names famous in the world's history. A man may be personally unpopular, yet possessed of a credit so high that his record is held up as a pattern for men to follow. Those things are generally the most valuable that develop slowly, and nothing more so than a good credit. The essentials are not difficult to acquire. They are within easy reach of every man, and include such homely and common traits as:—Common honesty.

Truthfulness.  
Temperance in all things.  
A right use of one's income.  
A due regard for your neighbor.

There follows a whole train of minor qualities that combine to exert a powerful influence in determining the credit and position of the man.  
Energy, promptness, civility, activity, attention to details, correct methods, celerity of action, having something to do, and doing it with a will; all combined build up and strengthen a good credit. It is not essential to success that a person act the part of a hypocrite, or indulge in falsehood in social or business life.

Show is an enemy of good credit except where it becomes a well-established fact that it is supported by an ample income. Credit is extremely sensitive and takes alarm at the very appearance of evil. If there is a lack of proper attention to business; a putting off until to-morrow what should be accomplished to-day; a habit acquired of making excuses; engaging in business operations outside of one's legitimate pursuit; associating with dangerous men either in social or business life, credit becomes at once suspicious.

Temptations beset every man's pathway, and none leads more people astray than the desire to grow rich in haste. Thousands every year are drawn into and destroyed by the whirlpool of speculation. The prudent men never risks more of his capital than he can lose without becoming crippled. The men who have become famous as defaulters appreciate the demands of credit and skillfully conceal their wrong course by a hypocritical style of living that deceives their associates. Oftentimes the world is dazzled by the success reached by unscrupulous men in acquiring fortune, but if we watch the career of such it will be noticed that they either close disastrously, or lose their standing in the community.

Every action, every word of a business man should be guarded. There is no excuse for carelessness regarding matters of every day life. They all exert an influence upon the character and credit. Not only is it a duty we owe to ourselves, but society demands that we should regard the claims of our neighbor.—Monetary Times.

### The Daily Life of Her Majesty.

The Queen leads a very quiet, and yet a busy life, and few great ladies find time to compress so many occupations into a day-time as she does. She breakfasts at nine, lunches at two, and dines at eight. From three to five she generally drives or walks out; but the remainder of her hours is devoted to State business, study, or correspondence with members of her widespread family. All the Queen's private letters are written in English, not in German, as many think; and, in fact, German is so little spoken among the royal family that even when the Crown Prince of Germany comes over he speaks English at Court like his wife's relatives. The Queen reads all the daily newspapers, and the proprietors of the Daily Telegraph, with the vein of toadyism that distinguishes them, print several copies of their journal for the royal palaces on special paper. The Queen's devotion to state affairs is well known, and her intervention in them, particularly when religious questions are involved, is not at all half-hearted. She also exercises her own discretion very freely in the appointment of Bishops and Peers. Dr. Tait was nominated by her to the See of Canterbury before Mr. Disraeli had recommended anyone; and about a year previously her Majesty had flatly refused to bestow a mitre on Dr. Wordsworth, owing to the protests which this divine had emitted when Dr. Stanley was made Dean of Westminster. A little later she consented to appoint Dr. Wordsworth to the See of Lincoln, but rather as a compliment to his scholarly attainments than out of any feelings for his views as a Churchman. As to peers, the Queen, anxious to preserve the prestige of the nobility, has made it her rule never to ennoble men of small fortune unless they were persons of fairly advanced age, having no sons. On a certain occasion, when advised to raise to the peerage a diplomatist more ambitious than wealthy, she replied pretty shrewdly: "I should be rendering him a poor service;" and the diplomatist had to be content with the ribbon of G. C. B. I have just alluded to Dean Stanley. He is, of all divines in the Church of England, the one whom the Queen likes best as a preacher, and this liking is backed by a strong personal regard. During the lifetime of Lady Augusta

Stanley, Her Majesty was a frequent visitor at the Deanery, and there on several occasions met Mr. Carlyle. Mr. Carlyle (who, by the bye, refused the Grand Cross of the Bath at the same time when Mr. Tennyson declined a baronetcy) is no courtier, and his unsophisticated manners more than once amused the Queen. One day, being perhaps, "hard of hearing," and wishing to hear Her Majesty's remarks distinctly, he came close to her, dragging a chair after him, and having made himself cozy by her side, proceeded to question her as to her historical likes and dislikes, instead of waiting till he was himself questioned. It should be mentioned in connection with these visits to the Deanery that whenever the Westminster boys hear of them they used to troop out and pray that a half-holiday might be commanded for them, a petition which was always complied with—London Truth.

### Pleuro-Pneumonia.

The Minister of Agriculture moved with some promptitude in the matter of the cattle disease. He has written the following to the American Bureau of Agriculture:—

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,

Ottawa, Canada, Jan. 31, 1878.

SIR,—Professor McEachran, who had the honor to have an interview with you while recently in Washington, has reported to me the prevalence of the cattle disease called pleuro-pneumonia in several parts of the United States, at the same time that a cable message from the agent of this department in Liverpool informed me of the slaughtering, on their debarkation at that port, of a cargo of cattle afflicted with the same disease bought in the United States. In view of the very serious consequences both for the farming interests of the United States and Canada, and of the present and future of the cattle trade with Great Britain, I have thought it my duty to inform you that, although such a step is entered into with a great deal of reluctance on our part, the Dominion Government is about to take measures to prevent the introduction of this fearful disease in Canada, and I beg to be permitted to request from you the kindness of informing me of any measure adopted by your Government for the stamping out of the said disease. The interests of the two countries being almost identical in the question, and both countries having been exempted from the slaughtering clause of the English "Contagious disease (animals) Act of 1878," you will see at once the advisability of the two governments being made aware of each other's action in so important a matter.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. H. POPE, Minister of Agriculture.

### A Woman who Lived for 108 Years.

MONTREAL, Feb. 10.—Yesterday, at the residence of Mr. Thomas Coffey, Queen Street, Mrs. Margaret McElhain (whose great age was referred to some time since) died, being 108 years old. She was born in the town of Nauch, County of Donegal, Ireland, in May, 1770, and was married when 18 years of age. She had seven children, one daughter, now aged 83, and living in the same house with her, having been born a year before the Irish rebellion. It is now fifty-five years since her husband died, and in 1834 she came out to this country. She was always very regular in her habits and was a consistent advocate of temperance. With the exception of a fever, which she suffered when a child, she had no serious illness during her life, and, until two years ago, could read and even thread a needle without the aid of spectacles. It is four years ago since she was out of the house, but her health continued good until a few weeks ago, when she gradually succumbed to the feebleness of old age. A few days ago there might have been seen a truly refreshing family scene. There were her children, grand-children, great-grand-children, and one great-grand-child, a boy about ten years old, all in one house.

### An Anecdote of McMahon.

At a ball at the Elysee, Marshal de McMahon noticed a young lieutenant, who had just graduated at St. Cyr, leaning pensively and timidly against a door. He went up to him and asked: "Do you not dance?" "Indeed I do not. I have no luck. I asked a lady to dance with me, and she refused point blank." "Point her out to me." When the Marshal saw who she was, he said: "See here, young man, you must look around and find out people's standing if you don't want to stumble. You must not, unless you are acquainted with them, ask wives of marshals to dance with you. The lady asked is Mme. de McMahon. She never dances, but for this once I am going to ask her to dance with you." The Marshal went up to her, related this incident, and the next quadrille she danced with the young lieutenant, he blushing like a bride.

Mr. Spurgeon, yielding to the earnest solicitations of the majority of his flock, has consented to take a vacation of three months, to be passed at Mentone, France. The "Spurgeon Bazaar" has closed with a receipt of about \$32,000. The movement while professedly started to compliment Mr. Spurgeon, has resulted in the securing of a permanent source of comfort and happiness to several aged and deserving people. Mr. Spurgeon declines to accept a penny, and the funds will be invested for the benefit of those needing help.