

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 7.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1880.

NO. 129

PERKINS & STERNS

ARE NOW SHOWING A SUPERIOR STOCK OF

New Millinery, and Millinery Materials!

DIRECT FROM BEST LONDON HOUSES.

PLUSH, FREIZE, VELVET, FUR AND STRAW HATS,

IN ALL THE NEWEST SHAPES.

Silks and Satins, in Pompadour, Brocade and Plain Colors.

Velvets and Velvetens, in Plain Colors, Pompadour and Embossed.

New Laces, Ribbons, &c.,

Flowers and Feathers,

Hat and Bonnet Ornaments.

A FULL STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS,

UNSURPASSED IN VALUE AND VARIETY.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, October 4, 1880.

JUST ARRIVED!

BRITISH WAREHOUSE,

Ex S. S. "Hibernian,"
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Black Silk Fringe,
Corsets,
Cashmeres,
Colored and Black Satins,
Pompadour Prints,
TOILET COVERS & QUILTS,
(in Plain and Fancy);
White, Scarlet, Grey & Fancy Flannels,
Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,
All of which are now opened, and will be sold at our usual low prices.
W. & A. BROWN & CO.
Ch'town, Aug. 24, 1880.

PACIFIC Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK MARINE.

Assets 31st Dec., 1879, - \$744,149.00

Insurance effected on CARGOES and FREIGHTS, covering \$15,000 and upwards on first-class risks.
Certificates issued payable in London at the office of Messrs. Rose & Co., Bankers, or in New York.
Risks taken and rates fixed without being referred to Head Office.
FENTON T. NEWBERY,
Agent for P. E. Island.
May 11, 1880.

Nut Coal. Nut Coal.
FREE from Slate and Fire Clay. Also Round and Slack, at Albion Mines, Pictou, Nova Scotia. For orders apply to G. W. DEBLOIS, Sole Agent for P. E. Island.

Old Sydney Mines, Cape Breton. Lingan Mines, Cape Breton.

ORDERS for Round Coal can be obtained on application to G. W. DEBLOIS, Sole Agent for P. E. Island. Office, No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown. June 17, 1880—pat her sj kca ti

MUSIC AND SINGING.

ON and after AUGUST 1st, Mrs. JAMES BROWN will give instruction in Music and Singing at her residence, King Square. Terms on application.

CANADA CORDAGE FACTORY.

ESTABLISHED 1825.
JOHN A. CONVERSE, MONTREAL.
MANUFACTURER OF CORDAGE of Every Description, including all sizes Manila Rope, Tarrad Manila Hawkers, Lobster Marlin, Tarrad Hemp Rope, Houseline, Hammoline, &c., &c., equal in quality to the best American. Prices on application.
Jan. 7, 1880.

NEW GOODS. INSURANCE

BAKED MACARONI!
IN 2-LB. TINS.
AGRICULTURAL FIRE

NESTLE'S MILK FOOD,
A Perfect Nutriment
For INFANTS, CHILDREN & INVALIDS,
manufactured in Switzerland.

JACQUOT'S FRENCH BLACKING!
FAR AHEAD OF AMERICAN AND CANADIAN BLACKING.

TRY IT!
BEER & GOFF.
Sept. 20, 1880.

To the Stockholders of the Beliveau Albertite and Oil Company:

NOTICE is hereby given that a further Call of two and one-half per cent. on the unpaid Shares of the said Company was made by the Directors of the Company on the twenty-first day of September, instant, payable before the twenty-fifth day of October next.

By order of the Board of Directors. Dated at Dorchester, in the County of Westmorland, in the Province of New Brunswick, the 22nd day of September, A. D. 1880.
E. B. CHANDLER,
Treasurer of the Beliveau Albertite and Oil Co.
Shareholders in P. E. Island may pay the Call to the Bank of Prince Edward Island to the credit of the Company.
E. B. CHANDLER.
[se 27 till date]

Flour and Meal.

ORDERS will be received for the following Brands of Flour and Meal:—"Buda" (Patent), "Alabaster," "Golden Age," "Extra Family," "Warcup's Superior," "White Rose," "Florence," "Beaver," "Pastry" and "Amber," and choice K. D. Corn Meal—"Golden Star."
Quotations for the above Brands of Flour and Meal f. o. b. at Mills, or delivered at Charlottetown or Summerside.
J. R. FOSTER
Millers and Shippers' Agent,
Moncton, N. B.
May 6, 80.

Insurance Co'y,

OF WATERTOWN, N. Y.

ORGANIZED 1853.
Net Assets for Protection of Policy Holders
\$1,137,549.73.

Deposited with the Dominion Government for Security of Canadian Policy Holders,
\$100,000.00.

LOSSES PAID TO DATE, OVER
\$3,000,000.

Parties desiring Insurance on Private Residences and contents, or Farm property, had better find out rates, etc., of this Time Tried and Fire Tested Insurance Company.
N. B.—Canvassers wanted.

Rob. Angus, Special Agent for the Maritime Provinces.
JAS. DESBRISAY,
General Agent for P. E. I.
Ch'town, July 31, 1880—3m

QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y,

OF ENGLAND.
CAPITAL . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June, 1877—

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER the Cheapest and most Newsy Paper published in the Provinces.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

OCTOBER 22, 1880.

It certainly looks as though Ireland is in about as bad a state as she is represented to be in, when the condition of the country will admit of speeches like the following, which was recently delivered by a fire-eating preacher, bearing the ominous name of Kane:—

"I said a better man was shot in a worse cause, and the bullet by which a Kane falls will be the first flash of the fire that will arouse the Protestants—the Orangemen of Ireland. (Cheers.) And I say if it has that result, if the bullet that terminates my career has the effect of waking up the Protestants to their duty, the sooner it comes the better. (Loud cheers.) In that case the Rev. R. R. Kane will never be missed. He will lie composedly in his grave, and bless God in Heaven that he was the means of arousing the Protestants of this land to do their duty. It may be necessary for us some day to start from Gifford and march through Tullalish, and Dromore, and Hillsborough, and Lisburn to Belfast, increasing as we go, and then, 20,000 strong, each man with a rifle in his hand, we would trace our steps and go towards Dublin, and show to the whole world that it is to be a game of lead then the Protestants of Ireland are ready to take their part in that game, and God defend the right. (Loud cheers.) I know what I am saying. I know the Protestants of Ireland, for I have been among them over the length and breadth of the land, and I say if it comes to a game of lead we are the men who can play that game, and the battle would be but a short one. But we shall not do that until we see the necessity."

Mr. J. R. CALHOUN has a long letter in the *Visitor* on the trouble that has unfortunately come upon the Baptist denomination in this Island. The *Visitor* says, editorially:—

We deeply regret the occurrence of the events which have disturbed our co-religionists on the beautiful Isle of the Gulf, and to which our correspondent refers. We should have been glad, indeed, if the unfortunate matter had not become so public, but now that everywhere on the Island the matter is discussed, and the confession of the erring one has become public property, it seems to be only proper that the circumstances should be presented so as to give our readers a full view of the facts. The following is a copy of the Resolutions passed at the second meeting of the Council, and probably in our next week's issue, comments on the resolutions and other statements referring to the ordination and its concomitants, may be presented by Pastor D. G. McDonald:—

Whereas, We have learned with deep sorrow of the grievous fall of our erring brother, and deeply deplore the evil influences of his sin upon a denomination, and upon the cause of Christ in general.

Whereas, We have also learned, with great joy, that the Lord has given him repentance;

Resolved, That while we denounce the sin and deplore its effects, we also accept his repentance as genuine.

D. G. McDONALD,
JAMES SIMPSON.

Resolved, That we concur with the Summerside church in rejecting his resignation for the present.

E. N. ARCHIBALD,
SAMUEL SIMPSON.

Free Seats in Churches.

A strong petition was offered in the Episcopal Diocesan Convention, in this city last week, praying for the abolition of special rights to pews in churches. The petitioners believe that the practice, never prevalent until within a few years, of renting pews and seats in advance, smacks a great deal of sharp business. They claim that every church should belong as much to the poor as to the rich, and that a man's spirit, instead of his clothes and his money, should determine where he may sit or kneel. This may be hard doctrine to the wealthy saints and sinners who are glad to pay any price for pews that suit them, but the agitators of the question are right in supposing that the present system keeps thousands and thousands of estimable people out of the churches. To go to any prominent church regularly is almost impossible to a man who is not in comfortable circumstances, for the tax in the shape of pew rent is practically prohibitory; whereas even in church an American never is happy unless he is just as good as any one else and pays his own way.—N. Y. Herald.

Ireland and the Papacy.

The *Osservatore Romano* says: "Numerous inquiries have reached the Vatican from Ireland in regard to the attitude the Pope intends to observe in regard to the troubles there." The *Osservatore Romano* says the Papacy has, more even than in the past, resolved to avoid all interference in the political affairs of nations. It has always recommended the clergy not to depart from its mission of peace. The Pope has recently exhorted the bishops to keep strictly within the limits prescribed by the laws of the countries in which they are located whenever a question of internal order or of policy should arise.

The Markets and the Prospects.

LITTLE has yet been done in the sale and shipment of the year's surplus productions; for in the first place farmers have been so busily engaged in digging their potatoes that they have not had time to come to market, and in the next place much shipping has not yet arrived, and there has consequently been but a limited demand. But these causes of slackness will not probably operate after the beginning of next week; and thenceforward till the close of navigation, we may look for a fair trade.

Oats now command thirty six cents per bushel—cash. In the olden time, this would have been thought a good price. We remember well when two shillings and three pence (old currency)—"half cash and half trash"—was considered "high." But times have changed. Farmers now, it is said, hold their crops hoping for a rise; and shipowners, it is said, do not care to run the risk of bringing their ships here, fearing that they may be compelled, in order to clear before the close of navigation, to pay more than the foreign market will justify. Oats are quoted in Montreal at 30 cts; in St. John, N. B., at 35 cts; and in New York prices range all the way from 28½ cts. to 46 cts.

Potatoes are not in demand. Messrs. Carvell Bros. have just finished loading a vessel at 16 cents; and shippers are being made by B. Wilson Higgs and others, for the West India market, at the same very low price.

Pork continues firm. Mess pork sells in Montreal at from \$18 to \$18.75 per bbl.—inspected. The New York price is \$16. Dealers here have not yet commenced to buy.

The following are Montreal quotations of the 18th:—

PROVISIONS—
Mess pork, per bbl insp'd \$18.00 @ \$18.75
Thin mess, per bbl..... 17.25 @ 17.50
Hams, city cured, per lb. 0.12½ @ 0.13
do, canvassed, per lb. 0.13½ @ 0.14
Lard, in tubs and pails... 0.12½ @ 0.12½
Lard, in pails, per lb.... 0.11½ @ 0.11½
Bacon..... 09.10 @ 0.11
Beef, mess, per lb..... 00.00 @ 00.00
Tallow, rendered, per lb. 00.07 @ 00.07½
Do, rough..... 00.05 @ 00.05½
Eggs, fresh, per dozen... 00.17 @ 00.18

Latest advices by mail report a decided improvement in the tone of the British cattle market, with better prices. On October 4th the price of cattle in Liverpool advanced ½ cent per lb. for all grades, under a good demand. In London on the 4th and Glasgow on the 7th, there was a much better enquiry for cattle, and prices were firm and higher. There was also a better demand for sheep at improved rates.

Carlyle suffers very much because he cannot sleep. He has always been dyspeptic. While he was at college he studied so hard that his stomach gave way. For awhile in the country he was evidently cured; but even his temperate habits, both as to eating and as to drinking, could not save him. Yet he lived to a good old age, and as he says, "with dyspepsia." His life has not been a remarkably happy one, because of his physical ailment. He has suffered greatly. There are critics who find some acid in his writings think that his bitter day English is dyspeptic, but the idea is mistaken. His clearest early writing, notably the essay on Burns, was done at a time when he was in anguish from his physical trouble.

A despatch from Buenos Ayres states that a most terrific snow-storm, accompanied by an unusual degree of cold for the season, has swept over the province of Buenos Ayres, destroying one and a half millions of cows, sheep and horses. Many cattle-raisers and farmers are reported to have lost all their stock, and a great amount of embarrassment and suffering will be the result.

PROFESSOR SHELDON and Mr. Sparrow are so delighted with New Brunswick that they yielded to the persuasions of the New Brunswick Government and will stay in that Province two days longer than they intended to stay.

In Venice there is no wealthy class, and, as the only manufactures seem to be of fancy glassware, travellers sometimes wonder how the one hundred and thirty thousand Venetians live.

The Duchess of Edinburgh is the member of the royal family who is the least well known to the world of fashion and the people of England generally.

German hotel keepers are generally bewailing the fact that since the war Frenchmen travel no longer in the Fatherland.

The will of a colored washerwoman of New York, has just been admitted to probate. She left no less than 80,000.

Remedy for Hard Times.

Stop spending so much on fine clothes, rich food and style. Buy good, healthy food, cheaper and better clothing; get more real and substantial things of life every way, and especially stop the foolish habit of running after expensive quack doctors or using so much of the vile quack medicine that does you only harm, and makes the proprietors rich, but put your trust in the greatest of all simple pure remedies, Hop Bitters that cures always at a trifling cost, and you will see better times and good health. Try it once. Read of it in another column.