

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1884.

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ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR OCTOBER, 1884.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Full Moon, 4th day, 5:47.5 a. m.
Last Quarter 11th day, 10:16.7 a. m.
New Moon 18th day, 5:18.9 p. m.
First Quarter, 27th day, 0:41.9 a. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Low water
1 Wednesday	6 35	36 3	55 7	32 11	23	23
2 Thursday	5 34	4 26	8 43	29	29	29
3 Friday	6 32	4 57	9 26	26	26	26
4 Saturday	7 29	5 29	10 6	22	22	22
5 Sunday	9 28	6 3	10 45	19	19	19
6 Monday	10 24	7 24	11 27	16	16	16
7 Tuesday	12 22	8 14	0 5	12	12	12
8 Wednesday	14 20	9 10	1 39	6	6	6
9 Thursday	16 18	10 11	2 32	2	2	2
10 Friday	17 16	11 16	3 28	10	10	10
11 Saturday	18 14	12 16	4 25	18	18	18
12 Sunday	19 12	0 23	6 21	26	26	26
13 Monday	20 11	1 29	7 31	34	34	34
14 Tuesday	21 10	2 36	8 43	42	42	42
15 Wednesday	22 9	3 43	9 57	50	50	50
16 Thursday	23 8	4 50	11 12	58	58	58
17 Friday	24 7	5 57	12 28	66	66	66
18 Saturday	25 6	7 04	1 45	74	74	74
19 Sunday	26 5	8 11	3 03	82	82	82
20 Monday	27 4	9 18	4 22	90	90	90
21 Tuesday	28 3	10 25	5 42	98	98	98
22 Wednesday	29 2	11 32	7 03	106	106	106
23 Thursday	30 1	12 39	8 25	114	114	114
24 Friday	31 0	1 46	9 48	122	122	122
25 Saturday	32 0	2 53	11 12	130	130	130
26 Sunday	33 0	4 00	12 37	138	138	138
27 Monday	34 0	5 07	2 03	146	146	146
28 Tuesday	35 0	6 14	3 30	154	154	154
29 Wednesday	36 0	7 21	4 58	162	162	162
30 Thursday	37 0	8 28	6 27	170	170	170
31 Friday	38 0	9 35	7 57	178	178	178

THE RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

(Charlottetown Time.)

GOING WEST.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	6 47	9 12	4 27
Hunter River	7 47	10 55	5 47
Kensington	8 42	12 22	7 05
Summerside	9 07	12 57	7 37
Port Hill	9 27	2 32	
Alberton	10 30	4 15	
Tignish	12 05	6 57	
FROM WEST. <th>P. M.</th> <th>A. M.</th> <th>A. M.</th>	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Tignish	2 02	6 47	
Alberton	2 40	7 57	
Port Hill	4 15	10 25	
Summerside	5 17	12 07	
Kensington	5 42	1 22	6 57
Hunter River	6 07	2 09	7 30
Charlottetown	7 02	3 25	8 47
GOING EAST. <th>P. M.</th> <th>A. M.</th> <th>A. M.</th>	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Charlottetown	4 17	7 02	
Mount Stewart	5 22	8 37	
St. Peter's	5 27	9 02	
Souris	6 17	10 02	
FROM EAST. <th>A. M.</th> <th>P. M.</th> <th>P. M.</th>	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Mount Stewart	5 32	9 07	
Cardigan	6 29	10 22	
Georgetown	6 47	10 47	
Souris	6 47	2 17	
St. Peter's	7 52	4 00	
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 17	
Charlottetown	8 47	5 42	
Georgetown	9 52	7 32	
Cardigan	7 27	3 32	
Mount Stewart	7 45	3 57	

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

R. O'DWYER,
Commission and General Merchant
FOR SALE OF P. E. I. PRODUCE.
289 WATER STREET,
St. John's Newfoundland.
In connection with the above is Captain
English, who is well known in P. E. Island,
who will take special charge of all consign-
ments, and will also attend to the chartering
of vessels for the carrying of produce to
the firm is one of the oldest and most reliable
in Newfoundland. Returns guaranteed to
be prompt and satisfactory. Parties wishing
to procure Labrador Herring should send
their orders in time.
Sept. 6, 1884.—till 31st Dec. '84.

L. ARTHUR & CO.,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,
(ROSS MARKET)
BOSTON, MASS.
Eggs and Produce a Specialty.
May 15, 1884 - wky 17

McLeod, Morison & McQuarrie,
BARRISTERS
—AND—
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Office in Old Bank.
(UP STAIRS).
Ch'town, Feb. 21, 1884.

W. WHEATLEY,
(OF WHEATLEY & SONS, CHARLOTTETOWN,
P. E. ISLAND)
Commission Merchant,
269 BARRINGTON STREET,
HALIFAX, N. S.
Special attention given to the sale of
P. E. Island produce.
April 24, 1884.

SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Solicitors in Chancery,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.
OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great
George Street, Charlottetown.
Money to Loan.
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL
Jan. 16, '83.

APPLES, APPLES, APPLES.
CHARLES DONALD & CO.,
79 Queen St., London, E. C.
Will be glad to correspond with Apple Grow-
ers, Merchants and Shippers, with a
view to Autumn and Spring
business.
They will also give the usual facilities to
customers requiring advances. ang1

CAIRNS' MARBLE WORKS.
MR. CHARLES CAIRNS, in returning
thanks to the public for the liberal
patronage extended to him, begs leave to in-
form his old customers and the public gener-
ally, that he has taken into partnership Mr.
Malcolm McLean, and that hereafter the
business will be carried on under the title of
CAIRNS & CO.,
Marble & Stone Cutters.
They have on hand a fine stock of Monu-
ments, Tablets and Headstones, in Italian and
American Marble. They are of the latest de-
signs, and at prices to suit all.
C. CAIRNS,
M. McLEAN.
Ch'town, June 30, 1884—pres n e pat s j wp

N. J. CAMPBELL,
(Successor to Campbell & Rayden)
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,
SHIP BROKER,
AND INSURANCE AGENT,
COR. OF QUEEN AND WATER STS.,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
Importer and Jobber of Choice
Groceries and Spices
General Agent for P. E. Island of the
British Empire Mutual Life Assurance Com-
pany, of London, England
Special attention given to Auction Sales of
Lumber, Coal, Fish, Apples and other Fruit,
Real Estate, Household Furniture, Bankrupt
and other Stocks, and all kinds of Merchan-
dise.
Correspondence and Consignments solicited.
Returns promptly made.
March 20, 1884.

Prince Edward Island Hospital.
MEDICAL BOARD:
Dr. Hobkirk, Consulting Physician.
Dr. Johnson, Dr. Taylor,
Dr. Beer, Dr. Dawson,
Dr. Warburton, Dr. MacKay.
Matron—Mrs. Hannah Robinson.
Applications for admission may be made
to the Visiting Physician or Matron, at the
Hospital, daily (Sundays excepted), between
ten and eleven, a. m., or by correspondence
with any member of the medical Board, or the
Matron.
The friends of patients will be admitted
from two to four, p. m. every day (except
Sunday).
The general visiting day for persons wish-
ing to see the institution is Thursday of
each week, from two to four o'clock, p. m.
D. B. MACLENNAN,
Secretary of Trustees.
April 24—wky 17

BARGAINS.
I AM selling the balance of my Furniture
saved from the fire of the 20th ult., at J.
D. McLeod's corner, Queen Street, at a
reduction of from twenty-five to fifty per
cent below usual prices.
JOHN NEWBORN
Ch'town, March 8

NOTICE.
—O—
MORE ROOM. MORE GOODS.
—O—
LOWER PRICES!
—O—
As my Store has been greatly enlarged, my importations have been greatly
increased, thus enabling me to show a very much better assortment of
Goods than usual.
Every Department is well filled with Choice NEW GOODS, imported
direct from the English Markets. And, as I am bound to sustain my past
reputation for selling Cheap Goods, those who patronize me will find my
Prices Low.

Quality Good. Assortment Large.
CALL AND SEE US,
L. E. PROWSE,
Sign of the Big Hat, 74 Queen Street.
Ch'town, Sept. 26, 1884—wky 17

NEW FALL GOODS.
—O—
100 Cases and Bales now open and more to follow.
—O—
**J. B. Macdonald has Opened a Great
Portion of his Fall & Winter Stock.**

AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF CLOTHS IN
LADIES & GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,
LADIES DRESS MATERIAL in all the newest fabrics,
VELVETEENS & SILK VELVETS,
CASHMERE & FRENCH MERINOES,
LADIES MANTLES & SHAWLS,
FRINGES, GIMPS & MANTLE ORNAMENTS.
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.
—O—
500 OVERCOATS, 200 REEFING JACKETS,
200 MEN'S SUITS in Worsted and Tweed,
200 doz. SUITS MEN'S UNDER CLOTHING, from 75 cents a suit upwards.

HATS & CAPS IN GREAT VARIETY AT LOW PRICES.
—O—
20 bales of COTTON WARP,
150 chests FINE CONGOU TEA.
Inspection Solicited, and the Lowest Possible Prices for Goods at
J. B. MACDONALD'S.
Ch'town, Sept. 18, 1884.—2aw wky.

DORSEY, GOFF & CO'S.
—O—
Celebrated Make of Boots are taking the lead all over the
Island.
—O—
People say our Boots are Water-tight,
Good Fit, Very Cheap, and wear as
well as Custom Boots.
—O—
BE SURE AND GET OUR MAKE.
DORSEY, GOFF & CO
Ch'town, Sept. 18, 1884—wky 17

TEA. TEA.
—O—
Extra, Prime, Cheap, Strong, Nice, Al, Splendid
—O—
Beer & Goff's for Extra Tea,
WHOLESALE.
BEER & GOFF'S FOR PRIME TEA.
RETAIL.
BEER & GOFF'S FOR CHEAP TEA,
WARRANTED.
BEER & GOFF'S FOR NICE TEA,
5 POUND TINS.
BEER & GOFF'S FOR AL TEA
HALF-CHESTS.
BEER & GOFF'S FOR SPLENDID TEA,
ANY QUANTITY.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
Ch'town, July 9, 1884—2aw

**A Training Ground for Britain's
Public Men.**
(London Canadian Gazette.)

The career of Lord Dufferin brings to
mind the value of Canada as a training
ground for the public men of the empire.
Before Confederation, Canadian services
were made the direct stepping-stones to
other and more coveted positions, but the
old race of colonial governors, valuable as
their terms of office often proved did not
supply the polished and statesman-like men
who have held the reins of power during
the last fourteen years. That Lord Dufferin
gained much experience and diplomatic
skill during his stay at Ottawa is undoubt-
ed; he himself would probably be one of
the first to acknowledge it. The Marquis
of Lorne came to Canada comparatively
unknown in the political world. His able
and courteous discharge of the vice-regal
functions, which though apparently of a
ceremonial nature, call for considerable
administrative ability and sagacious tact,
and, above all, his unbounded faith in the
future of the Dominion, gained for him the
confidence and esteem of all Canadians, and
he left the country with a much enhanced
reputation. In the Marquis of Lansdowne,
Lord Lorne has a worthy successor, whose
term of office bids fair to equal that of any
previous Governor-General. Lastly, the
value of Canada as a training ground has
been forcibly brought to our recollection
of late by the use to which the experience
gained by Colonel Wolsley and his fellow-
officers in the Red River expedition of 1870,
is now being utilized in Egypt. Lord
Wolsley is not, moreover, unmindful of
his obligations to Canada, and we feel sure
he has the cordial goodwill of the Canadian
people in the hazardous task he has un-
dertaken in the service of the Empire.

Habits of Fishes.

There is a good deal of common sense in
fish after all! A codfish, when hungry,
takes a whole oyster into his mouth, cracks
the shells, digests the meat and spits out
the rest. Crabs crack the shell and suck
out the meat, and in this way whole
mounds of empty shells are dredged up.
Animals dredged up from below seven hun-
dred fathoms either have no eyes or but
faint indications of them, or else their eyes
are very large and protruding. Crabs'
eyes are four or five times as large as those
of a crab from surface water, which shows
that the light is feeble and that eyes in that
vicinity, to be of any use, must be
very large and sensitive.
Another strange thing is that where the
creatures in these lower depths have any
color, it is of orange, or red, or reddish
orange. Sea anemones, corals, sponges
and crabs have their brilliant coloring.
Sometimes it is pure red or scarlet, and in
some specimens it inclines towards purple.
A blue or green fish is found. The
orange red is the fish's protection, for the
bluish green light in the bottom of the
ocean makes the orange or red fish appear
of a neutral tint and hides it from its
enemies. Many marine animals are black,
others neutral in color, while some of them
are provided with boring tails, so that they
can burrow and hide in the mud.

The Price of Wheat.

Only twice before, in the last hundred
years or so, has the English price of wheat
been as low as at present. The London
Economist published a table of average
prices of wheat every year for a century
back, which shows that the price of wheat
was lower during the first half of the
present year than for any year since 1780.
The average for the last half year was
37s. 8d. per quarter in England, against
45s. 8d. for 1884 and 45s. 1d. for 1882. In
order to get a parallel for such a price we
have to go back to 1851, when it touched
38s. 6d., and then to 1780 when it was 36s.
And yet the Economist shows that the
third quarter of this year has opened with
lower average prices than the first half, and
prophesies that with good crops in prospect
here and in Europe the values will be lower
still. The wheat situation is really un-
precedented; for no such general conditions
of supply and demand as the present pre-
vailed in 1851, much less in 1780.

Lord Lansdowne and the Farmers.

Lord Lansdowne in the course of his
reply to the address presented him by the
Provincial Fair Association at Ottawa on
Thursday, said: "To my mind not the
least remarkable point of what I saw at
Montreal and Toronto was the gathering of
the people of the surrounding country at
these great shows. I must own that my
impression in this respect was a most favor-
able one. Let me give you an illustration.
One day at Toronto I was told there were
50,000 people on the ground. I did not
see a single person whose appearance was
otherwise than creditable and respectable."

A statement of claim in the second suit
of Gordon Brown vs. Nelson, has been
filed at Osgoode Hall, Toronto. This ac-
tion is brought by Mr. Brown to recover
\$50,000 damages for alleged wrongful dis-
missal from the position of editor-in-chief
and managing director of the Globe. The
plaintiff, in his statement of claim, alleges
that he was induced by Nelson to purchase
seventy-four shares of Globe stock, repre-
senting some \$33,000, from defendant,
who by managing the affairs of his bro-
ther-in-law, the late Hon. George Brown,
secured practical control of the Globe, upon
condition he would be continued as editor
and manager at \$5,000 per year, with
which he was to pay for said stock, and
without which he was unable to do so:
that at a meeting of the directors his ap-
pointment was ratified, and subsequently
he was dismissed by defendant's agent in
this province, wrongfully and maliciously
in order to enable Nelson to carry on the
paper in his own personal interests.

CURRENT NOTES.

Prussia and the Vatican are still negotia-
ting.
Osman Digma has now only 200 fol-
lowers,
Claims against the Exchange Bank must
be filed before Dec. 1st.
There were 187 failures in the United
States during the past week.
It appears that a Chicagoan has been
forging Cypresdale pedigrees.
Cicconi's oven moulders, after being on
strike a year, have gone back to work.
The Italian Government treasury in
Rome has been robbed of 300,000 florins.
The Cape Colonists are denouncing the
action of the Boers in occupying Bechuana-
land.
A violent and prolonged shock of earth-
quake was felt in Santiago, Chili, on the
24th ult.
Evidence of a liberal conspiracy are said
to have been discovered by the Belgian
authorities.
Mr. Gladstone has been advising the
peers to study the best means to provide
that the House of Lords shall not fall.

The second Chamber of the Dutch States
General by 68 to 14 have agreed to consider
a bill allowing a revision of the constitution
during the regency.

The Glasgow conservative association
has received letters containing threats
against the Marquis of Salisbury, who is
about to visit Glasgow. It is supposed to
be a hoaxing scheme.

While Robert Bonner, now a millionaire
many times over, was in Hartford recently,
he visited the Court office, and told
remembrances of the time when he worked
there for \$3 per week.

At the close of 1882, the total railroads
of the world footed up to 264,826 miles.
Of this amount Canada had 7,894 miles,
and the United States 117,617, Great
Britain and Ireland 18,168 miles, Australia
5,592, and India 9,872.

The whole English press concur in urging
upon the government its immediate atten-
tion to the state of the navy. The question
is attracting unusual attention and dis-
cussion. The foreign press consider that
England has nothing to fear while she con-
tinues to hold her coaling stations in all
parts of the world.

A new vault has been constructed under
the Treasury building at Washington which
will hold fifty million silver dollars. This
digging a hole in the ground to hide money
in that cannot be made to circulate
involves, says the Philadelphia Record, a
cost to the country of twenty-five million
dollars per year without the least resulting
benefit.

Meissonier has never made any attempt
to conceal the low opinion he entertained
of the ability of women. "It's no use talk-
ing, your Majesty," he once blurted out to
the Empress Eugenie, at Compiègne,
"Show me a she Raphael, or a female
Rembrandt, or a female Meissonier and I'll
change my opinion, but not till then."

The Emperor and Empress of Germany
have arrived in Baden. While at Coblenz
the Emperor unveiled the statue of Gen.
August Von Goeben, who was a member of
the Emperor's staff when, as Prince of
Prussia, he aided in putting down the
revolution of 1849. The General also
served with distinction in the Franco-
Prussian war.

An Ottawa despatch to the Boston Sun-
day Herald states that the Chinese are
being smuggled from British Columbia into
the States, and that within eight weeks
over a thousand of them have been carried
over, chiefly from Vancouver Island, and
in fishing smacks, the owners of which
make large profits out of the carriage. The
British Columbians welcome the departure
of the Celestials.

A despatch in regard to the active ship-
ment of provisions which is being made
from San Francisco to China, illustrates the
old adage that "it is an ill wind that blows
nobody good." No doubt a prolonged war
with China would tend to put up the price
of many articles now greatly depressed.
The people of California appear to be find-
ing a market in China for their surplus
flour, which will, no doubt, be very wel-
come in view of the present low prices in
Europe.

The United States furnishes Great Brit-
ain with about £20,000 worth of bones,
horns, and hoof every year, a portion
of which is returned in scales for the Ameri-
can cutlers, and the remainder in the
finished cutlery from Sheffield. The shank
bones of oxen are almost exclusively used
for this purpose, 2,000,000 being required
annually by the cutlery trade, and the best
of these form a fair imitation of ivory. Of
the whole importation of bones into Great
Britain in 1880, 78,138 tons were made
into fertilizers, and 11,411 tons were used
for manufacturing purposes, chiefly by
Sheffield cutlers.

The Popular Science News recommends
that those suffering from toothache would
do well to follow this advice, as it is
founded upon actual experience: For
ordinary nervous toothache, which is
caused by the nervous system being out of
order or by excessive fatigue, a very hot
teeth will soothe the nerves that sleep
will naturally follow, and, upon getting up,
the patient will feel very much refreshed
and the toothache will be a thing of the past.
For what is known as "jumping" tooth-
ache, hot, dry flannel applied to the face
and neck is very effective. For common
toothache, which is caused by indigestion,
or by strong, sweet acid or anything very
hot or cold in a decayed tooth, a little piece
of cotton steeped in a strong camphor or
oil of cloves is the best remedy.