

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JUNE 4, 1887.

No. 1—The Queen—Her Accession.

FIFTY years ago, in this leafy month of June, the Princess Victoria Alexandrina ascended the throne of Great Britain. She had then but just reached her majority—her eighteenth birthday having been celebrated on the 24th of May previous. King William, her predecessor, passed away at two o'clock on the morning of the 20th day of June, 1837, and immediately afterwards—according to a late chronicler—the Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Hawley, and the Lord Chamberlain, with the Earl of Albemarle and Sir Henry Halford, left Windsor for Kensington to announce that the King was dead, and to wish long life to the Queen. Shortly before five o'clock, when the birds were already in full chorus in Kensington Gardens, the party stood at the main door demanding admission. Though it had been well known that the King lay on his deathbed, it does not appear that there were any watchers on the alert at Kensington, and we are told that "they knocked, they rang, they thumped for a considerable time before they could rouse the porter at the gate." They were again kept waiting in the courtyard, then turned into one of the lower rooms, where they seemed forgotten by everybody. They rang the bell and desired that the attendant of the Princess Victoria might be sent to inform Her Royal Highness that they requested an audience on business of importance. After another delay and another ringing to inquire the cause, the attendant was summoned, who stated that the Princess was in such a sweet sleep that she could not venture to disturb her. Then they said: "We are come on business of state to the QUEEN, and even her sleep must give way to that. It did; and, to prove that she did not keep them waiting, in a few minutes she came into the room in a loose white night gown and shawl, her night cap off, and her hair falling upon her shoulders, her feet in slippers, tears in her eyes, but perfectly collected and dignified."

The Marquis of Conyngham was the bearer to the Queen of a request from the Queen Dowager that she might be permitted to remain at Windsor until after the funeral. In reply Her Majesty wrote an affectionate letter of condolence to her aunt, begging her to consult nothing but her own health and convenience, and to stay at Windsor just as long as she pleased. The writer was observed to address this as usual "To the Queen of England." "A bystander interposed, "Your Majesty you are the Queen of England." "Yes," answered the considerate girl-Queen—"but the widowed Queen is not to be reminded of the fact first by me."

Election of Water Commissioners.

THE election of Water Commissioners will be held on Monday, and will mark another forward step in the movement to obtain a supply of water for fire and domestic purposes. Canvassing has gone on quite actively during the week, with the usual result, that every candidate feels quite sure that he will be elected in any event. For ourselves, we see no very certain prospect for any of them. The citizens seem to be agreed that two of them—Messrs. Douse and Davy—though good citizens in their proper places, are not fitted for the position of Water Commissioners. But these candidates will undoubtedly be able to secure a sufficient number of votes to make the election of other candidates uncertain.

As to the voting, we have only to say that which we said at the beginning: let every man vote for the candidate whom he really thinks will be most likely to conduct the important business in hand to a successful issue, in the most economical way, and regard with suspicion the canvassing candidate—especially the one who runs down his opponents, and urges considerations of party, religion or race.

Evictions in Halifax.

A genuine eviction scene was witnessed Wednesday afternoon on Brunswick street, the tenants in all the houses from McNutt's carriage factory south to DuRo's Street, and from Brunswick street to Albermarle street on Duke, having been turned out. These houses were all held by Frederick Allen under lease. He has left the city it is rumored before the lease expired and a new man has taken charge who intends to convert the houses into respectable tenements. These houses have of late been occupied by a bad class. The evicted tenants were very angry and threatened to do all sorts of wicked things. Two watchmen were employed, but the only damage reported was the knocking down of two gates. The evictors were treated to some pretty rough scenes while proceeding with their work—scenes which could not be witnessed in any other locality.—Herald.

ANOTHER match between Hanlan and Gaudaur has been arranged for July 23rd on Lake Cayumet for \$1,000 a side, with the option of increasing it to \$2,500 and 50 and 40 per cent gate receipts. Hanlan says he will row from Australia, Nov. 20, whether he wins or loses the match with Gaudaur.

Mount Allison.

THE anniversary exercises of the Sackville Institution came off during the past week. Appropriate sermons were preached on Sabbath, by Rev. Benj. Chappell, M. A., and Rev. H. P. Cowperthwaite, M. A. Both efforts are highly spoken of. On Monday morning an exhibition was given by the boys of the male academy, and in the evening a public meeting of the Alumni and Alumna Societies was held. On Tuesday the closing programme of the ladies college was successfully rendered, and on Tuesday convocation was held, when degrees were conferred. Very full reports of all the exercises are given and all agree in speaking of the past year as being a most successful one, in every department. We notice in the various lists the names of a number of Island students. Master Alfred Lefurgey, son of Hon. John Lefurgey, of Summerside, and Master Raymond Archibald, son of Mrs. Archibald (formerly Miss Mary Mellish), the accomplished and talented Chief Preceptor of the Ladies' College, both acquitted themselves very creditably, and Master Ayers, of Little York, was awarded a matriculation prize. Miss Milford, of Charlottetown, performed a piece at the grand drawing room reception, Miss Shenton read an interesting essay, and Miss Harrison, daughter of Rev. George Harrison, of Tryon, gained the highest marks in the Ladies' College. Miss Maud Johnson, daughter of Dr. Johnson, of this city, receives high praise for painting. Mr. Howard, of Cornwall, and Mr. Alexander, of Stanhope, gained prizes for elocution. Samuel Prowse, son of Hon. S. Prowse, gained honors in natural science, and Messrs. Balderston, Dennis and McLaughlin also stood creditably. We notice also the names of Miss Crabbe, of Summerside, Miss Phinney, daughter of Rev. Mr. Phinney, and Miss McDonald, of Georgetown, on the list. Mr. G. H. Harrison, son of Rev. G. Harrison, received the degree of B. A. with honors.

Affairs in Afghanistan.

Affairs in Afghanistan are seriously critical. The report that Ghulam Haider Khan, Abdur's commander-in-chief, has been killed in a fight with the rebels, north of Khelet-i-Ghizai, is confirmed. This district has for some time been in rebellion, the insurgents having at the end of last month captured a party of the Ameer's troops who were levying revenue. Since then the governor of Maruf, with fifty of his followers, was killed apparently by the same force, and two hundred others were captured. These successes appeared to have emboldened the rebels for the greater effort which resulted in Ghulam Haider Khan's defeat. Their latest victory has been over a force of about five thousand men under a former Sipah Salar, Parwana Khan, whose defeat as far north as Noni, on the Candahar road, about fifty miles south-west of Ghuzni, will put to the test the loyalty of the Ghuzni garrison, an uncertain factor to which no small importance is attached. The revolt of the Ghilzais may now be deemed complete, and its success thus far will do much to damage the prestige of the Ameer, who cannot long maintain his position, even at Cabul, as a frequently defeated ruler. It is true that thus far the successes of the rebels have been confined over comparatively small parties, and that their fighting has been mainly that of guerilla warriors, skilled in the planning of ugly surprises. Abdur Rahman must now make a serious effort, or he will have to choose between disaster and the conquering back of his kingdom—a task which at his time of life will be even harder for him than was Shere Ali's prolonged struggle against her enemies. There are enough elements of danger in the situation to account for the tearing off of British brigades for Afghanistan which we announced recently, even though the direct connection between the two facts is not as yet quite apparent. The escape from Abottabad of Nur Mohammad Khan, nephew of the late Ameer, Shere Ali, must also be borne in mind. It is supposed that he is endeavoring to find his way to the northern (Ghilzai) to lead them to Cabul. The political situation in Afghanistan is very grave, but great as the difficulties undoubtedly are, the Ameer is not quite unprepared for them. He has been taking his measures in advance, and has endeavored to give an outward direction to the explosive forces which exist in Afghanistan as well as in the dominions of the Czar, where nihilism is rampant. A yellow pamphlet, written by himself and very well printed, is in circulation amongst Mussulmans, who may be reasonably supposed to be open to conviction. Some of the copies of this interesting brochure have found their way to Peshawar, where they are read with interest. The pamphlet begins by pointing to the example of Stamboul, which, beset by the infidels, organized a strong army and raised money from the faithful by taxes and gifts. The result has been that even Russia, the enemy of Turkey, has seen reason to become friends with her, and has signed excellent treaties which give to the Sultan his full rights, and acknowledge that he is not to be molested again. Now Afghans should take this to heart; they, too, should prepare an army, and they should get funds to pay the soldiers and buy guns and ammunition. This would enable them to hold their own against the infidel, and even to make a jihad if the faith were endangered. And then comes the practical part of a state paper which is the Afghan counterpart of Sir Auckland Colvin's financial statement. We cannot give in detail the list of the taxes which patriotism should prompt the Pathan to pay; but the list begins with 10 per cent. on the product of the fields, and goes on to 15 per cent. on commodities less liable to the vicissitudes of the weather. On the whole, the Afghan treasury would profit handsomely if the proposals made in the yellow pamphlet received the favorable consideration of its favored readers. But this is doubtful. The Ameer is not popular amongst his subjects; he is feared, which is much, but not everything. He rules by the strong hand, and cuts off the heads which think differently from his own. He has given Afghanistan some years of stern government, and if his people only loved him he would now have the prospect of a tranquil reign. With such turbulent races as he has to contend against, the odds are greatly against him; the more so, as if his troops either prove unwarlike, or are beaten, the splendid arms with which he has equipped two of his battalions will sooner or later be used against him in the first instance, and lastly against ourselves. General Roberts is keenly alive to the situation, and has just returned from inspecting the frontier forts. These have been pushed on rapidly, and when completed will form a powerful chain of resistance. Our hopes must, however, greatly lie in the maintenance of peace throughout the country generally. A conflagration through Afghanistan might entail results disastrous in the extreme.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Franchise Vote.

SIR,—I find in my canvass that friends of my opinion are trying to attach blame to candidates for the attempt made to disqualify franchise voters at the approaching election. Now, as I desire a fair fight and no favors, let me put the saddle on the right horse. In so doing I take the liberty of quoting from the secretary's report of this year's first waterworks meeting, held in the Market Hall:—

Therefore Resolved, That the construction, management and control of the waterworks of Charlottetown be vested in three Water Commissioners to be elected by the citizens, one of whom to retire annually. The qualification of electors and mode of election to be the same as for Mayor.

John Kelly, Esq., moved in amendment, seconded by F. L. Hazard, Esq., that the following words be added, "with the exception of franchise voters." At the conclusion of that meeting a committee, composed of Messrs. Charles Palmer, Dr. McLeod, M. P. Hogan, Daniel Davies, John Ings, James McDonald and George R. Boer were appointed to draft a bill. As a matter of course, in accordance with the resolutions passed at said meeting, it was manifestly their duty to follow strictly the course laid down, and they did so. If they had done otherwise they would have been censured at the subsequent meeting. At this meeting I spoke in favor of leaving the franchise as it was; that is, the same as for Mayor and Councillors. I also urged the same on the committee, fearing the loss of the bill before the Legislature by the disfranchisement. Consequently the franchise voters must thank the Legislature that they still enjoy the privilege of voting. On a previous occasion it was rumored that I was instrumental in imposing the poll tax, when the reverse was the fact, I being the only opponent thereto on that committee. Recourse to files of THE EXAMINER at that date will prove my assertion.

M. P. HOGAN.

"The Danites."

SIR,—As a member of "Mystic Lodge" Oddfellows of Halifax, and being deeply interested in any matters connected with the advancement and well being of the "Order," I beg leave to trespass upon your valuable space in endeavoring to answer a question put to me by several citizens of your pleasant town, viz.: Is the play, entitled "The Danites," (which is to be produced at the Lyceum on June 15th, under the auspices of the united Lodges of Charlottetown Oddfellows) suitable for ladies to attend? I would state that the Order of Oddfellows, known and respected the world over, with their unchanging motto of Friendship, Love and Truth, with the moral, social and commercial standing of the Charlottetown members, with their reputation as entertainers, and with, as I understand, the worthy object of their coming performance a second consideration, would prevent any doubt as to what they, after mature deliberation and inspection of the play, consider worthy of being produced by them for the amusement of their fellow-citizens.

Personally I have no interest in the matter, but as an Oddfellow I consider it my duty to try and prevent such or any reflection upon the Order.

PERCY J. A. LEAR.

A Query.

SIR,—At a large and influential meeting of citizens held in the Market Hall several months ago, it was unanimously decided that a system of waterworks was absolutely necessary for Charlottetown. A question arose as to the feasibility of constructing such works, either by company or by the corporation—if by the latter, would it be undertaken by the Council or a board of commissioners? The question being submitted to the meeting it was agreed without a dissenting voice, that three water commissioners should be elected by the citizens for the purpose. This was solely owing to the fact that the people had little if any confidence in the City Council who, with very few exceptions, are men of no ability.

Let us, a second meeting was called for the purpose of nominating such commissioners. A number were nominated, among whom the citizens could easily decide as to the fittest—but the meeting wisely refrained from suggesting the name of any past or present City Councillor. In the face of this we find two of the present board and one who recently sat there fastening themselves upon a long suffering people—their only qualification being an adaptation for persistent back-door canvassing, and their hesitancy in stating anything they succeeded in doing for the city during their term of office.

Do the citizens consider these worthies competent for the position of water commissioners after having proven themselves incompetent in a far less onerous place. Electors decide for yourselves and spurn the check of those self-nominated candidates.

Yours,

Ch'town, June 4.

A Cowardly Attack.

SIR,—A most unmanly and unjust attack was to-day made upon John Kelly, Esq., one of the candidates for Water Commissioner, by a correspondent in the Island Guardian, and which, there is reason to believe, has been made by the writer from a desire to serve his own rather than the public interest. This disinterested "Elector" alleges that Mr. Kelly and Mr. Douse, another of the candidates, "have been regarded as the exponents of the law-breaking rum-sellers; and adds, in order to create a prejudice against Mr. Kelly, "therefore it is impossible for electors who obey the law to vote for such candidates." The most effectual answer to this slander is that John Kelly was one of the only two licensed dealers in Charlottetown who refrained from the liquor business on the passing of the Scott Act, and that ever since he has faithfully and honestly respected that law.

This letter of "Elector" which was pur-

posely withheld from publication until the day before the election in order to prevent an answer, is a mean and cowardly attack upon the character of an honest man, and is unworthy of a newspaper which professes to be independent and free from bias and to be governed by motives of Christian charity.

FAIR PLAY.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

RANKIN HOUSE. June 3—H Murray, New Glasgow; J B Lefebvre, Montreal; S H Barker, St John; W McLean, do.

REVERE HOUSE.

June 3—W Edmunds, Montreal; E L Joshier, do; E G Higginson, do; N T Norman, do; T A Seney, do.

OSBORNE HOUSE.

June 2—J P Sullivan, St Peter's Bay; T C Connor, Moncton; E K Caldwell, Rochester, N Y; J T Rupert, do; C A McIntyre, do; F E Burnett, do; T F Farquharson, Clifton; S W Prowse, Murray Harbor; Miss Bessie McKinnon, Caribou, Maine; Miss Annie McKinnon, do; Charles Teed, do. 4—P Palmer, Victoria; S C Clark, Mt Stewart; W Honeywell, M D, West River; Thos Barry, C T Brookwell; R Brookway, J S Showalker, Marie Showalker, Georgie Osborne, Florence Brookway, Harry Harford, Harry Wilson, J R Fisher, D Durand, M Luce, E Thomson, T Dunn, members of Abbey's Uncle Tom's Cabin Co.

The Entertainment in Aid of Queen Square Gardens WILL TAKE PLACE TUESDAY EVENING, 21st JUNE, ON WHICH OCCASION CLAIRS SOOT "LADY OF LYONS," assisted by S. K. COBBERN as "Claude Melchotte," KATIE SOOT, and well known local talent in the cast. Ch'town, June 4, 1887—sat tues

CARPET SWEEPERS.

1 Case Carpet Sweepers, (DIFFERENT STYLES.)

JOS BILLINGS.

In July, 1878, having heard of the great superiority and real merit of the BISSELL CARPET SWEEPERS, ordered one for his wife, and soon after its arrival wrote as follows:—

DEER BISSELL—Your sweeper kum safe, and I must say that it will worry the dirt off a carpet more sudden and sincerely than any enterprise I have met yet. Me and my wife has had 2 quarters already, who should use the deer sweeper necks.

Yours without a struggle.

JOSH BILLINGS.

P. S.—My wife has rigged a bradle on the top of the sweeper, and rides the baby around the room and hunts for kambrick needles at the same time. Bully for the Sweeper. J. B.

FOR SALE BY

SIMON W. CRABBE,

WALKER'S CORNER.

June 4—21 sat wed

NEW GOODS.

I NOW offer to the trade, at prices to suit the times:—

- 100 Rolls Roofing Felt (Bee Hive), 50 Brls. Pitch, 50 Brls. Tanned Paper, 60 Brls. Dry Sheathing, 1 Roll Carpet Felt, 4 Casks Zinc, 1 Cask Paint Oil, 10 Brls. Whiting, 25 Brls. Portland Cement, 1 Ton Fire Clay, 1000 Fire Brick, 4 Tons White Lead, 1 Ton Barb Wire, 1 Ton Ribbon Iron, Nails, Spikes and other requisites for the Builders use.

SIMON W. CRABBE,

Walker's Corner.

Ch'town, June 4, 1887—21 zwks

FOR BERMUDA.

THE Brig, Peeres, 233 tons, will sail for Bermuda on or about the 10th inst., and offers an unusual opportunity for the shipment of Horses, Cattle, Produce, &c.

For freight and other particulars apply to

A. HORNE & CO.

June 4, 1887—tl 9th

REFRIGERATORS.

A SUPPLY of the above just received.

SIMON W. CRABBE,

Walker's Corner.

Ch'town, June 4—41 2aw

Canadian Cheese.

RECEIVED per S. S. Bonavista.

HORACE HAZARD.

Ch'town, June 4, 1887—31 eod

WAGONS AT AUCTION.

BY Auction at my salesroom, TUESDAY, 7th June, at 2 o'clock, sharp, several new and second hand Wagons.

G. M. HARRIS,

Auctioneer. Ch'town, May 31, 1887—eod & wky

HEAR WHAT WE HAVE TO SAY:

That the following Prices cannot be Successfully Competed with in the City:

- For \$22 a Scotch Tweed Suit, regular price \$25. For \$21 a Scotch Tweed Suit, regular price \$24. For \$18 a Scotch Tweed Suit, regular price \$21. For \$16 a Scotch Tweed Suit, regular price \$15.

These are all genuine Scotch Tweeds.

- For \$15 a heavy All-wool Worsted Suit, worth \$18. For \$10 a Blue Serge Suit, worth \$12. For \$1 a Fur Felt Hat worth \$2. Canadian Tweed Suits from \$10, up, Gents Furnishings, Shirts, Collars, Ties, Hats, &c., cheap for cash.

Military Cloth and Trimmings always on hand and made to order at short notice

JOHN MACLEOD & CO.

Ch'town, June 4, 1887—eod & wky

Millinery Department. Summer Underwear.

CARD. We take this means of thanking our customers who, by their liberal patronage, made May the largest Millinery month in our experience. Our Trimmings Millinery has given the greatest satisfaction—the fine work of Miss Saunders being fully equal to any London or Paris Patterns. A further supply Mid-summer Styles, in American Straw Hats expected in a few days. BEER BROS. All our Ladies' Underwear is of the finest English make. White Cotton Nightgowns. White Cotton Chemise. White Cotton Bodices. White Cotton Underskirts. White Cotton Drawers. Gauze Linters. Merino Linters. We are also showing a nice line of Ladies' Silk Hose, in Black and colored.

June 3, 1887—eod

Lace Curtains.

A VERY LARGE STOCK TO SELECT FROM AT

JAMES PATON & CO.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

JAMES PATON & CO.

NEW MANTLE AND JACKET ROOM

is well stocked with the Newest Shapes in Short Jackets, Cloth and Silk Dolmans, Jerseys and Waterproofs. All qualities at Strictly Moderate Prices for

READY CASH.

JAMES PATON & CO.

Millinery Department is very complete. New Gauszes, Ribbons, Flowers, Laces, &c.

Ladies' Hats, in English, Canadian and American.

Our Dress Materials are very extensive and Prices Extremely Low. Also a large assortment of Prints, Printed Muslins, Parasols and Ladies' Underclothing.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

JAMES PATON & CO.,

MARKET SQUARE.

Ch'town, May 20, 1887.—dy & wky

A Large Range of Mourning Goods

- Courtald's Crapes. Crape Cloth. Crape Laces. Crape Fringes. French Cashmeres. Bradford Cashmeres. Double Cashmeres. Nuns' Cloth. Panama Cloth. Jubilee Cloth. Henrietta Cloth. Boucle Cloth. French merinoes. French Poplins.

Marked very Low for Ready Morey.

STANLEY BROS.,

BROWN'S BLOCK.

Ch'town, May 31, 1887—eod & wky