

# The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1884.

VOL. 16.--NO. 22.

## The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening, by  
The Examiner Publishing Co.  
From their office, corner of Water and  
Great George Streets, Charlottetown,  
Prince Edward Island.  
Rates of Subscription:  
Six Months, \$2 50  
Three Months, 1 25  
One Month, 0 50  
Advertising at most moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly,  
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-  
ments, on application.

### ALMANAC FOR DECEMBER, 1884.

MOON'S CHANGES.  
Full Moon, 2nd day, 2h. 47.2m., a. m.  
Last Quarter 9th day, 7h. 18.0m., a. m.  
New Moon 17th day, 9a. 17.0m., a. m.  
First Quarter, 25th day, 9h. 8.7m., a. m.  
New Moon, 1st Jan., 1885.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Days
	rises	sets	rises	water	len'h.
1 Monday	7 28	4 10	3 47	9 23	8 42
2 Tuesday	30	10 4	3 39	10 12	40
3 Wednesday	31	9 5	3 30	10 58	39
4 Thursday	32	9 6	4 11	11 44	37
5 Friday	33	9 7	5 6	12 29	36
6 Saturday	34	9 9	6 1	1 14	34
7 Sunday	35	8 10	7 2	2 1	33
8 Monday	36	8 11	8 2	2 52	32
9 Tuesday	37	8 12	9 3	3 30	31
10 Wednesday	38	8 13	10 4	4 59	30
11 Thursday	39	8 14	11 5	6 28	29
12 Friday	40	8 15	12 16	7 58	28
13 Saturday	41	8 16	1 17	9 27	27
14 Sunday	42	8 17	2 18	10 57	26
15 Monday	43	9 18	3 19	12 26	25
16 Tuesday	44	9 19	4 20	1 56	24
17 Wednesday	45	9 20	5 21	3 25	23
18 Thursday	46	10 21	6 22	4 54	22
19 Friday	47	10 22	7 23	6 23	21
20 Saturday	48	10 23	8 24	7 52	20
21 Sunday	49	11 24	9 25	9 21	19
22 Monday	50	11 25	10 26	10 50	18
23 Tuesday	51	11 26	11 27	12 19	17
24 Wednesday	52	12 27	12 28	1 48	16
25 Thursday	48	13 28	1 29	3 17	15
26 Friday	49	14 29	2 30	4 46	14
27 Saturday	50	15 30	3 31	6 15	13
28 Sunday	49	16 31	4 32	7 44	12
29 Monday	48	17 32	5 33	9 13	11
30 Tuesday	47	18 33	6 34	10 42	10
31 Wednesday	46	19 34	7 35	12 11	9

### CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

**R. O'DWYER,**  
Commission and General Merchant  
FOR SALE OF P. E. I. PRODUCE.  
289 WATER STREET,  
St. John's Newfoundland.

In connection with the above is Captain  
English, who is well known in P. E. Island,  
who will take special charge of all consign-  
ments, and will also attend to the chartering  
of vessels for the carrying trade of P. E. I.  
The firm is one of the oldest and most reliable  
in Newfoundland. Returns guaranteed to  
be prompt and satisfactory. Parties wish-  
ing to procure Labrador Herring should send  
their orders in time.  
Sept. 6, 1884.—till 31st Dec. '84.

**W. WHEATLEY,**  
(OF WHEATLEY & SONS, CHARLOTTETOWN,  
P. E. ISLAND)

Commission Merchant,  
269 BARRINGTON STREET,  
HALIFAX, N. S.  
Special attention given to the sale of  
P. E. Island produce.  
April 24, 1884.

**SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
Solicitors in Chancery,  
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.  
OFFICES:—O'Halloran's Building, Great  
George Street, Charlottetown.

Money to Loan.  
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL  
Jan. 16, '82.

**McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie,**  
BARRISTERS

AND  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.  
Office in Old Bank.  
(UP STAIRS).  
Ch'town, Feb. 21, 1884.

**L. ARTHUR & CO.,**  
GENERAL  
Commission Merchants,  
121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,  
(ROSS MARKET)  
BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.  
May 16, 1884—weekly if

**H. W. VINNICOMBE,**  
PIANO TUNER

Pianos Tuned, Re-wired and Regulated.  
**CHURCH ORGANS**  
Voiced, Tuned, and Regulated with Care.  
**CABINET ORGANS**  
Tuned, Re-toned and Repaired.

Having nearly twenty years' experience  
with the construction of English, American  
and German Pianos, and under the patronage  
of Government House, the Convent and the  
leading musical families on the Island, feels  
sure of giving universal satisfaction.  
Mr. V. will engage professionally for public  
or private concerts the coming season.  
Office—C. P. Fletcher's Music Store.  
Ch'town, Oct. 25 1884.

**WE SELL**  
Potatoes,  
Spiling, Bark,  
R. R. Ties,  
Lumber,  
Laths, Canned Lobsters, Mac-  
kerel, Berries, Eggs,  
Fish Etc.

Best Prices for all Shipments. Write fully  
for Quotations.

**HATHEWAY & CO.,**  
General Commission Merchants,  
22 Central Wharf, Boston.

Members of Board of Trade, Corn and  
Mechanics Exchange.  
Ch'town, Nov. 19, 1884.

**APPLES, APPLES, APPLES.**  
**CHARLES DONALD & CO.,**  
79 Queen St., London, E. C.

Will be glad to correspond with Apple Grow-  
ers, Merchants and Shippers, with a  
view to Autumn and Spring  
business.

They will also give the usual facilities to  
customers requiring advances. aug1

**WANZER**  
Sewing Machines.  
THESE CELEBRATED MACHINES  
RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS  
At all the leading Exhibitions of the  
World.  
Only Gold Medal in Canada, 1883.  
J. F. WILLIS & CO.,  
Sole and only authorized Agents for P. E. I  
y.30

**MONCTON**  
Sash and Door Factory.

MR. P. LEA, in returning thanks to the  
public for the liberal patronage extended  
to him while in business in Charlottetown,  
begs leave to inform his old customers and  
the public generally, that he, in company  
with Mr. William Rogers, has appointed  
**Messrs. B. Williams & Co**  
Lumber and Coal Dealers, Pownal Wharf,  
Charlottetown, our agents, who will keep  
constantly on hand a full supply of Mould-  
ings, Window Sashes, Doors, etc., at  
**LOWEST CASH PRICES.**  
All orders entrusted to them will receive  
prompt attention.

**LEA & ROGERS,**  
Moncton, N. B.  
Sept. 5, 1884

**STANDARD**  
LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

AT the 57th Annual General Meeting of  
the Standard Life Assurance Company,  
held at Edinburgh on Tuesday, the 24th of  
April, 1883, the following results for the  
year ended 15th November, 1883, were re-  
ported:—  
3,035 new proposals for life as-  
surance were received the  
year for \$ 9,754,085 38  
2,561 proposals were accepted,  
assuring 7,239,048 13  
The total existing assurances in  
force at 15th November,  
1882, amounted to \$6,936,302 91  
(Of which \$7,753,031.15 was  
reassured with other offices)  
The claims by death which  
arose during the year amount-  
ed, including beans addi-  
tions, to 2,462,226 59  
The annual revenue amounted  
at 15th November, 1882, to 4,267,546 00  
The invested funds at same  
date amounted to 29,503,416 00  
Being an increase during the  
year of 1,062,648 35  
JOHN LONGWORTH,  
Agent for Charlottetown.

THOMAS KERR,  
Inspector of Agencies.  
Ch'town, August 9, 1883.

## BEFORE CHRISTMAS ADAM BEDE.

WE SHALL OFFER A NUMBER OF  
**SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR CASH**  
—AT THE—

## LONDON HOUSE!

The balance of our stock of Trimmed  
Millinery at Half Price.

The balance of our stock of Ladies Man-  
tles, Dolmans and Ulsters at a very  
Large Reduction, to clear.

3000 Pieces White and Grey Cottons, purchased at greatly  
Reduced Prices.

WHITE COTTONS, in Lots No. 1, 24 inches, at 3 Cents.		
" " " " 2, 30	"	5
" " " " 3, 34	"	6
" " " " 4, 35	"	7
" " " " 5, 36	"	8
" " " " 6, 36	"	9
" " " " 7, 36	"	10

Best English Makes, direct from the  
Mills, from 12 to 25 Cents.

Parties in want of White or Grey COTTONS are invited to  
examine the above, as they are the Cheapest we  
have ever offered for sale.

2000 yards Table Linen,  
7000 do Bed Ticking, bought  
Cheap.

A number of DRESS LENGTHS, in Colored Silks, good colors,  
worth \$1.35 to \$1.50, all for 95 cents to  
\$1.10 per yard.

450 yards Colored Dress Silks, worth 85  
and 95 Cents, for 65 and 75 cents.

Lengths of Japanese Silks, worth  
70 cents, for 50 cents.

Lengths of Striped Washing Silks at 50cts.

A Large Stock of DRESS GOODS, Black and Colored French  
MERINOS, CASHMERES, SERGES, COSTUME CLOTHS,  
RUSSIAN CORDS, &c., &c.

Ends and pieces Fancy Flannel SHIRTINGS, 32 inches wide,  
all wool, 38 cents, former price 50 cents.

Bargains in our Large Stock of Ready-Made Clothing.

MEN'S OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, REEFING JACKETS, BUF-  
FALO AND BLACK DOGSKIN COATS, FUR  
CAPS AND GLOVES.

250 BOYS' SUITS, IN LOTS, AT \$1.50,  
\$2.00, \$3.00 AND \$4.25.

Men's and Boys' Underclothing, in great  
variety, of Quality and Price.

A LOT OF REMNANTS OF TWEEDS.  
ULSTERS AND MANTLE CLOTHS MARKED VERY LOW.

Blankets, Quilts & Comfortors in Great Variety.

**BUFFALO & JAPANESE ROBES,**  
&c., &c., &c.

A LOT OF HORSE RUGS BOUGHT  
AT A BARGAIN.

**GEO. DAVIES & CO.**  
Charlottetown, Dec. 3, 1884.

## ADAM BEDE.

CHAPTER X.  
DINAH VISITS LISBETH.

At five o'clock Lisbeth came down stairs  
with a large key in her hand; it was the key  
of the chamber where her husband lay  
dead. Throughout the day, except in her  
occasional outbursts of wailing grief, she  
had been in incessant movement, perform-  
ing the initial duties to her dead with the  
awe and exactitude that belongs to religious  
rites. She had brought out her little store  
of bleached linen, which she had for long  
years kept in reserve for this supreme use.  
It seemed but yesterday—that time so  
many midsummers ago, when she had told  
Thias where this linen lay, that he might  
be sure and reach it out for her when she  
died, for she was the elder of the two.  
Then there had been the work of cleansing  
to the strictest purity every object in the  
sacred chamber, and of removing from it  
every trace of common daily occupation.  
The small window which had hitherto free-  
ly let in the frosty moonlight or the warm  
summer sunrise on the working man's  
slumber, must now be darkened with a fair  
white sheet, for this was the sleep which is  
as sacred under the bare rafters as in ceiled  
houses. Lisbeth had even mended a long  
neglected and unnoticeable rent in the  
checked bit of bed curtain; for the  
moments were few and precious now in  
which she would be able to do the smallest  
office of respect or love for the still corpse,  
to which in all her thoughts she attributed  
some consciousness. Our dead are never  
dead to us until we have forgotten them;  
they can be injured by us, they can be  
wounded; they know our penitence, all our  
aching sense that their place is empty; all  
the kisses we bestow on the smallest relic  
of their presence. And the aged peasant  
woman most of all believes that her dead  
are conscious. Decent burial was what  
Lisbeth had been thinking of for herself  
through years of thrift, with an indistinct  
expectation that she should know when she  
was being carried to the churchyard, fol-  
lowed by her husband and her sons; and  
now she felt as if the greatest work of her  
life were to be done in seeing that Thias  
was decently buried before her—under the  
white thorn, where once in a dream she had  
thought she lay in the coffin, yet all the  
while saw the sunshine above, and smelled  
the white blossoms that were so thick upon  
the thorn the Sunday she went to be  
churched after Adam was born.

But now she had done everything that  
could be done to day in the chamber of  
death—had done it all herself, with some  
aid from her sons in lifting, for she would  
let no one be fetched to help her from the  
village, not being fond of female neighbors  
generally; and her favorite Dolly, the old  
housekeeper at Mr. Burge's, who had come  
to condole with her in the morning as soon  
as she heard of Thias's death, was too  
dim-sighted to be of much use. She  
had locked the door, and now held the  
key in her hand, as she drew herself  
wearily into a chair that stood out of its  
place in the middle of the house floor,  
where in ordinary times she would never  
have consented to sit. The kitchen had  
had none of her attention that day; it was  
soiled with the tread of muddy shoes, and  
untidy with clothes and other objects out  
of place. But what at another time would  
have been intolerable to Lisbeth's habits of  
order and cleanliness, seemed to her now  
just what should be; it was right that  
things should look strange, and disorder-  
ed, and wretched, now the old man had come  
to his end in that sad way; the kitchen  
ought not to look as if nothing had hap-  
pened. Adam, overcome with the agitations  
and exertions of the day, after his night  
of hard work had fallen asleep on a bench  
in the workshop, and Seth was in the back  
kitchen, making a fire of sticks, that he  
might get the kettle to boil, and persuade  
his mother to have a cup of tea, an indul-  
gence which she rarely allowed herself.

There was no one in the kitchen when  
Lisbeth entered and threw herself into the  
chair. She looked round with blank eyes  
at the dirt and confusion on which the  
bright afternoon sun shone dimly; it was  
all of a piece with the sad confusion of her  
mind—that confusion which belongs to the  
first hours of sudden sorrow, when the  
poor human soul is like one who has been  
deposited sleeping among the ruins of a  
vast city, and wakes up in dreary amaze-  
ment, not knowing whether it is the grow-  
ing or the dying day—not knowing why and  
whence came this illimitable scene of deso-  
lation, or why he too finds himself desolate  
in the midst of it.

At another time, Lisbeth's first thought  
would have been, 'Where is Adam?' but  
the sudden death of her husband had  
restored him in these hours to that first  
place in her affections which he had held  
six-and-twenty years before; she had for-  
gotten his faults as we forget the sorrows  
of our departed childhood, and thought  
of nothing but the young husband's kind-  
ness and the old man's patience. Her  
eyes continued to wander blankly until  
Seth came in and began to remove some  
of the scattered things and clear the small  
round deal table, that he might set out his  
mother's tea upon it.

'What art goin' to do?' she said, rather  
peevishly.  
'I want thee to have a cup of tea,  
mother,' answered Seth, tenderly. 'I'll  
do thee good; and I'll put two or three of  
these things away, and make the house  
more comfortable.'  
'Comfortable! How canst talk o' ma'in'  
things comfortable! Let a be, let a be.  
There's no comfort for me no more,' she  
went on, the tears coming when she began  
to speak, 'now thy poor feyther's gone, as  
I'n wished for and mended, an' got's vic-  
tual for'm for thirty year, an' him allays so  
pleased w' everythin' I done for'm, an'  
used to be so handy an' do the jobs for me  
when I war ill an' cumbered w' th' baby,  
an' made me the posset an' brought it up  
stairs as proud as could be, an' carried the  
lads as war as heavy as two children for five

mile, an' ne'er grumbled, all the way to  
War'son Wake, 'cause I wanted to go an'  
see my sister, as war dead an' gone the  
very next Christmas a e'er come. An' him  
to be drowned in the brook as we passed  
o'er the day we were married an' come  
home together, an' he'd made them lots o'  
shelves for me to put my plates an' things  
on, an' showed 'em me as proud as could  
be, 'cause he know'd I should be pleased.  
An' he war to die an me not to know, but  
to be a sleepin' i' my bed, as if I carenda  
nought about it. Eh! an' me to live to see  
that! An' us as war young folks once, an'  
thought we should do rarely well when we  
war married! Let a be, lad, let a be! I  
wonna ha' no tay; I carena if I ne'er ate  
nor drink no more. When one end o' th'  
bridge tumbles down, where's the use o' th'  
other stannin'! I may's well die, an' foller  
my old man. There's no knowin' but he'll  
want me.'

(To be continued.)  
**A Wise Man's Advice.**  
WHAT A NOVA SCOTIA PROFESSOR KNOWS OF  
PETER TUFTS AND HIS ESTATE.

Professor J. F. Tufts, of Horton Colle-  
giae Academy, has written a letter refer-  
ring to the reported action being taken by  
descendants of Peter Tufts to recover a  
large area of ground embracing a con-  
siderable portion of what is now known as  
the town of Medford Mass. Prof. Tufts,  
who is himself a descendant of the ancient  
Peter, says:—The first person bearing the  
name of Tufts who came to New England  
was Peter Tufts. He settled in Medford  
and owned about 1,000 acres of land in that  
vicinity. At present there are records of  
twenty-seven different deeds of land pur-  
chased and held by him. He left three  
sons and six daughters, who inherited his  
property. His eldest son, Peter Tufts, was  
born in 1648. He lived in Medford, and  
died there in 1721, leaving sixteen children,  
four by his first wife and twelve by his  
second, who was a daughter of Rev. Sea-  
born Cotton. This man had children  
enough to take care of his property. Rev.  
John Tufts, the seventh son of the last  
named Peter, was born in 1689, and died  
in 1750, leaving four children, one of  
whom, Rev. Joshua Tufts, came to Nova  
Scotia as chaplain to a British regi-  
ment. He and his wife died soon after  
coming to this province and left three sons,  
from whom the people in Nova Scotia bear-  
ing the name have descended. It is not  
true that most of the descendants of Peter  
Tufts are or ever have been in Nova Scotia.  
I fail to see how anybody can expect to  
recover lands in Medford, Mass., that  
have so many years been held in peaceful  
possession. I trust none of the descend-  
ants of Peter Tufts resident in Nova Scotia  
will build any hopes upon this "tremendous  
fortune."

### CURRENT NOTES

There is to be a Chinese Council of War  
in a few days.  
Toronto will not allow tallow-rendering  
within the city limits.  
Ottawa brewers refuse to buy barley  
from Scott Act farmers.  
Vanderbilt has filed a judgment against  
Gen. Grant for \$155,000.  
A pearl weighing 93 karats has just been  
shipped to London from Mexico.  
Herbert Bismarck will begin his duties  
as German Under-secretary of State in  
January.  
It is generally accepted that President  
Arthur will enter the Senatorial contest in  
New York.  
DeLesseppe says the report that it has  
been decided to widen the Suez canal is  
premature.  
The home government continues to re-  
ceive information of the continued activity  
of the dynamiters.  
Mr. George Stephen hopes to beat the  
United States route between China and  
New York by a week.  
A Chattanooga, Tenn. woman has for the  
second time within the year presented her  
husband with triplets.  
The Prince of Wales will not ask parlia-  
ment for an allowance for Prince Victor  
until the youth marries.  
Diphtheria is more than usually fatal in  
New York at present, forty-three deaths  
being reported last week.  
It is expected that Bismarck's recent re-  
marks in the Reichstag were not intended as  
a special criticism of Mr. Gladstone.  
The Italian finances are reported to be in  
good condition, notwithstanding the bad  
effect on trade of the cholera epidemic.  
The Pope has ordered an enquiry into  
certain grave charges that have been pre-  
ferred against members of the Italian  
clergy.  
Thirty thousand acres of land on the  
north shore of Lake Superior have been  
bought by American speculators for mining  
purposes.  
A St. Louis lady has given \$300,000 of  
the three million that will be required for  
the proposed new Catholic university in the  
United States.  
The Times says the prospect that America  
will stop the coinage of silver has unsettled  
business in India, and caused Calcutta ex-  
change to decline to 1s. 6½d.  
Sunday's meeting of Paris workmen  
urged the repudiation of all rents under  
500 francs, and demanded that government  
relief be given to the unemployed.  
Besides the reciprocity treaties with  
Spain, and Mexico, conventions have been  
negotiated with Guatemala, Salvador and  
the Colombian States, and will be laid be-  
fore the Senate shortly, where it seems  
probable they will meet with strong opposi-  
tion.