

THE DAILY EXAMINER. JANUARY 3, 1883.

Efficient Steam Communication.

SENATOR HOWLAN in his forcible and timely letter in THE EXAMINER of yesterday, does not dwell sufficiently on one important point. In the paragraph respecting an improved edition of the "Northern Light," he does not state whether he would have her replaced by the "improved edition," or have the new steamer run in connection with the "Northern Light."

For years the want of a powerful propeller to ply between Charlottetown and Pictou, at the close of general navigation in winter and before it opens up to ordinary vessels in the spring, has been severely felt; and perhaps never before has such a steamship been so greatly needed, or the want of one deplored so much, as since the "St. Lawrence" and "Princess of Wales" went into winter quarters this year. Scarcely a day since they were laid up, would even an ordinary Newfoundland sailing steamer have been prevented from running between Charlottetown and Pictou. Of course it is not every season that navigation remains open so long, but any season, for a few days to some weeks after our side-wheel steamers are laid up, a suitably designed propeller could run from our port to Pictou, to the great profit and convenience of our farmers and traders.

The people of the Island and of Charlottetown in particular, should insist upon the Dominion Government securing such a boat—to be used as a freight boat in summer, and thus relieve the travelling community from transportation in cattle pens, and from hours of detention almost every trip that is now made by the present steamers.

The only just way of providing the boat we suggest, is, of course, to sufficiently subsidize the present Steam Navigation Company, for a term of years, to warrant them in placing such a screw boat on the route to run in connection with their present boats. That Company has for years done good and efficient work in the Straits; and unless they are unreasonable on the demands it would be manifestly unjust to place boats in opposition or give the contract into other hands.

We repeat, let the people insist on efficient communication, for mails, freight and passengers, with the mainland, under the terms of Confederation. This we have not hitherto had in accordance with that bargain. We contend that our merchants should be able to carry their freight at as cheap a rate from a given point of P. E. Island to say Pictou Landing, as have merchants on the mainland to carry freight between any two points in the Dominion, mile for mile.

Heretofore the cost of transportation of goods, and the cost of passage from the Island to the mainland, have been much greater, than between two points of the same distance on the mainland. The clause stipulating that the Island shall be placed in continuous communication with the railway system of the Dominion has never been carried out.

Jenkins vs Brecken!

DR. JENKINS presents, in the letter we publish to-day, his reasons for carrying on the suit he is pressing to the bitter end, (even to the Supreme Court of Canada) against his colleague, Mr. Brecken. He tells us that he took time to reflect, that he felt the sweet influences of the message of Peace and Good-will, and that he destroyed the severe "reply" he at first wrote. It is, fair then, to assume that his reasons for persisting in his action against his "own familiar friend" are presented in their best form. Read the carefully written letter. What do these reasons amount to? Dr. Jenkins has heard, from the tattle of the town, that somebody else has said that Mr. Brecken in conversation with somebody else, used very bad language with respect to him. Those who know Mr. Brecken will have some difficulty in believing that he could have said what Dr. Jenkins says he said, though it is a question, whether considering the provocation he received, he might not with propriety have conveyed the same idea in other words. We admire a man who stands by his rights; and if it were possible that Mr. Brecken had been in the minority, could have acted towards Dr. Jenkins as Dr. Jenkins has acted towards him, we should justify the Doctor in the use of very strong language and in fighting to the end for his rightful position. But the tattle of the town does not affect the merits of the case any more than the fact that Brecken and Jenkins have had a quarrel; and suppose, as Dr. Jenkins asserts, that Mr. Hodgson did advise the "re count," how does that justify appeal to Ottawa? Only Dr. Jenkins can explain; and, so far, he has failed to do so.

When we consider that Mr. Brecken has served this province as a public man for twenty years, when we reflect that he has taken a prominent part in the great political conflicts of all those years, that he was ever faithful to the Liberal-Conservative Party and deservedly shared in all the triumphs of Mr. Pope, that for the good of the Party he has relinquished preferment and has suffered in his person and his business, that he has stronger claims upon the Party than perhaps any other man now in the Party, that, after four years service in the

House of Commons, he came back to his constituents, worked for his colleague in the contest which took place much harder than he did for himself, and was ahead of his colleague at the close, that there is not a stain upon his honor and that he has done nothing whatever (more than fighting for his undoubted rights) to forfeit the confidence of his Party, that he has beaten Dr. Jenkins in the Provincial Courts, and (if justice prevail) is certain to beat him again at Ottawa—when we reflect upon all this, the proposal that Mr. Brecken shall now withdraw his petition and fight it out at the polls must seem pretty cool. Put the country to the expense and seven thousand electors to the turmoil of an election, in order that Brecken and Jenkins, who were lately friends and colleagues, may decide a personal quarrel! No doubt the Grits would stand by and enjoy the sport. Men naturally like a fight; and our opponents would laugh to see the strong Liberal-Conservative Party of Queen's County split into two factions and divided beyond the hope of a reunion when the time comes for a conflict of the two parties. The Doctor's proposal is too good—for the Grits! Mr. Brecken might accede to it with perfect confidence, if his self respect would permit him to do so; but if he did he would play into the hands of ex-Governor Laird and his supporters, and materially injure his Party.

No. The plain duty of Dr. Jenkins, as a member of the Liberal-Conservative Party, and as a man, is—now that he has been justly beaten—to stop proceedings which he should never have carried on against his colleague, who is rightfully the member elect. If he has not the good sense to do this his only alternative is to proceed in his mad career. His persistency will only add to the regret of his supporters and his true friends, while to him the end will be only the more bitter.

The Patriot is quite wrong. There is no similarity between the position occupied by Mr. Brecken and that of Dr. Robertson and Dr. McIntyre. Mr. Brecken has an undoubted right to his seat in the House of Commons; Dr. Robertson has no more right than any other member of the Local Legislature; Mr. Brecken is not accused of corrupt practices and treating by his agents; Dr. McIntyre is accused of both. There is a fundamental difference in the cases; and Dr. Jenkins is not following the example of McDonald and Muttart, but is fighting his own colleague.

MASONIC.

ON Wednesday, Dec. 27th, (St. John's Day) the brethren of the "Mystic Tie" comprising the three city lodges, "St. John's," "Victoria," and "King Solomon," met together in annual communication for the purpose of transacting usual business, and the installation of the officers elect, of their respective Lodges, for the ensuing Masonic year.

The following are the officers of St. John's Lodge, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., Reg. P. E. I., for ensuing year:— J. Alfred Rowe—W. M. Rev. J. H. Read, D. D.—S. W. Thomas Taylor—J. W. A. N. Large—Treas. John G. J. Weldon—Sec'y. Thomas J. Leeming—Chap. Wm. H. Lochhead—S. D. —J. D.

John Bins—S. S. S. W. Crabbe—Marshal. H. J. Worth—J. G. C. Hanson—Tyler. Officers of Victoria Lodge, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., for 1883:—

A. H. B. Macgowan—W. M. Wm. Bethune—S. W. F. S. Chandler—J. W. J. A. Lawson—Sec'y. Rev. J. M. McLeod—Chap. R. McMillan—S. D. C. B. Warren—J. D. E. F. Purdy—Marshal. John Stewart—J. G. C. Hanson—Tyler.

List of the Officers of King Solomon Lodge:—

J. R. Davison—W. M. A. W. Holroyd—S. W. J. T. Crockett—J. W. W. R. Borham—Sec'y. W. H. Aitken—Treas. F. H. Beer—Chap. A. P. Large—S. D. A. Carvell—J. D. L. M. Poole—Marshal. W. J. Miller—Organist. Benj. Bremner—Stewards. Wm. Keeping—R. A. Cox—J. G. Bro. Hanson—Tyler.

Everything points to a long continued occupation of Egypt by England in order to secure her interests, and the longer the occupation is continued the less likelihood there is that when the work of reconstruction is completed she will be willing to withdraw. The necessity of guarding her pathway to India until everything is settled will reconcile the English people to the maintenance of an armed force in Egypt, and as the Eastern question is one of chronic and ever-recurring difficulties, matters may not improbably be as far from a satisfactory settlement on permanent basis half dozen years hence as they are to-day. It will be very easy to create a "strained diplomatic situation," a threatened rebellion, or some other complication, in case it seems necessary to justify the continuance of the occupation a little longer. Admiral Lord Dunsany has a paper in the Nineteenth Century urging the advisability of securing England's position as regards the canal. He trusts the Government will seize the "golden opportunity of safe-guarding our immense interests in the safe transit through Egypt," and suggests the stationing of a British guard-ship at each end of the canal and another in Lake Timsah, with possibly a small garrison at Suez. Whatever may be urged on economical or moral grounds, England once having got a foothold on the soil of Egypt is not likely to withdraw.

The greatest distress is said to exist in Demagel.

Honor to Doctor O'Brien, to Archbishop elect of Halifax.

The Rev. Dr. O'Brien preached in the Catholic Church, in Summerside, on New Year's evening, after which a number of the members of that Church called upon him at the Parochial residence of the Rev. P. Doyle, and congratulated him on his recent election to Archbishop of Halifax. A deputation of Protestant gentlemen also waited upon him and presented an address, a copy of which we publish below, together with the learned Doctor's reply:—

TO THE REV. CORNELIUS O'BRIEN: REV. AND DEAR SIR, We, the undersigned, members of the Protestant community of Summerside, avail ourselves of your presence here, this evening, of extending to you our congratulations on your recent elevation by the Holy See of Rome, to the Archbishopric of Halifax.

The fact of a young man, a native of this Island, being selected by His Holiness the Pope of Rome, to preside over so important an Ecclesiastical Province, is verigratifying and pleasing to us.

We cannot resist expressing our regrets that your duties compel you to leave this Island. We, however, feel assured that your many Christian virtues will gain for you the respect and friendship of larger communities, and that your excellent qualifications for so important a position which you will soon occupy, will insure you a great and happy future.

With most sincere wishes for your happiness and prosperity,

We have the honor to be, Rev. and Dear Sir, Your obedient servants,

- JOHN LEFURGEY, ALEX. HALLAN, ANGUS McMILLAN, LEONARD MORRIS, NEIL McKELVIE, ARCH. McMILLAN, ROBE. McCARTHER, RICHARD HUNT, W. H. MITCHELL, G. A. BERRISTO, JOSEPH POPE, WM. GREN, ALEX. GREEN, GEORGE HELLON, JOHN MCKENZIE, PETER MCGILL, BENJ. S. MILLS, W. A. BERNAN, C. B. SAUNDERS, CHAS. E. LEFURGEY, H. C. GREEN, JAMES W. HOWE, WM. T. HUNT, A. H. OMPTON, NEIL McQUARRIE, THO. J. CLARKE, P. MCN. BERRISTO, DAVID GURMAN, J. W. McLEOD, JOHN GREEN, CHARLES LAFFERTY, W. REIL and others. Summerside, New Year's Day 1883.

REPLY.

TO HON JOHN LEFURGEY, ANGUS McMILLAN, ESQ., and others:—

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to thank you, very sincerely, for your kind words of congratulation as well as for the good wishes to which you give expression.

I own to a peculiar feeling of pleasure at receiving this proof of kindly regard from those who are separated from myself in religious belief. Whilst firmly holding to my own faith, I have ever wished to live on the most friendly terms with all.

I assure you that the regret which you express, at my leaving the Island, is shared in by myself. My departure is not of my own seeking; to the call of duty I submit my own inclinations.

Whilst wishing you an abundance of God's choicest gifts, and thanking you again most sincerely,

I beg to remain, Gentlemen, Yours respectfully, C. O'BRIEN. Summerside, Jan. 1, 1883.

The Parishioners of Freetown also waited on the Rev. Dr. and presented him with the following address, accompanied by a handsome purse:—

TO THE REV. DR. O'BRIEN:

REV. AND DEAR SIR,—We, the undersigned, on behalf of your parishioners of Freetown Mission, wish most earnestly to congratulate you on your elevation to the Archbishopric of Halifax, and ask you to accept the accompanying purse as a token of our undying love towards you from whom we are about to be separated.

Your elevation, and consequent removal from our midst is truly a source of joy and sorrow. We all heartily rejoice at your being chosen to fill so high a position in our Holy Church, and will ever continue to beseech Almighty God to enable you to discharge the increased duties about to be laid upon you by the Holy See.

Our deep rooted sorrow arises from the thought that we must be separated from one who has laboured so zealous both for our spiritual and temporal welfare, since you came amongst us, and from whom we have always received such christian counsel and kindness.

Believe us, Beloved Father, that we will always remember your attention and kindness, and ever continue to pray God to enable you to be a successful teacher of christian principles.

JOHN LAMB, JOSEPH LAWLESS, PATRICK L. MURPHY, JAMES McDONALD, MATHEW WHITE, RONALD McDONALD. On behalf of the Parishioners. Indian River, Dec 26, 1882.

REPLY.

TO JOHN LAMB, JOSEPH LAWLESS, PATRICK L. MURPHY, JAMES McDONALD, MATHEW WHITE, and RONALD McDONALD:—

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to thank you very sincerely for the kind words of congratulation to which you gave expression, both on your own part, and on that of my well beloved parishioners of the Freetown Mission. The purse which accompanies your address, testifies to the sincerity of your words, and merits, as it has my heartfelt thanks.

The sorrow which you feel at our separation is, I assure you, shared by me; for during the years that I have labored, alas! too feebly, amongst you, I have ever experienced the most unvarying kindness, and hearty co-operation in everything undertaken for promoting the Glory of God. It is no wonder then that I should feel sorry, when such happy relations must be broken off forever.

The assurance which you give of remembering me, and of praying for my success is most grateful to my feelings; and I hope I shall ever do the same by you.

Thanking you again very much, and praying God to keep you always in his Holy peace, I remain, Gentlemen, Faithfully yours, C. O'BRIEN.

(SIGNED) Dec. 26th, 1882.

Special Notices.

LADIES' Felt Over-shoes, all sizes, just received at the Dominion Boot and Shoe Store. [Dec 29]

PROSPECT relief in sick headache, dizziness, nausea, constipation, pain in the side, etc. guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One pill a dose. 25 cents. [Dec 29]

CANDIED PEEL—One cwt. Keiler's just received at BEER & GOFF'S, wholesale and retail. [Dec 27]

LADIES' and GENTS' Skating Boots at the Dominion Boot and Shoe Store. [Dec 29]

FURNITURE, FURNITURE, AT COST.

Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.

BEDSTEDS, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Sofas, Lounges, Parlor, and Drawing Room Bedroom Suits, Looking Glasses and Mirrors, Window Furniture, Picture Frames and Picture Mouldings.

JOHN NEWSON.

Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1883—17

L. E. PROWSE

Will, for the next Two Weeks, give

SPECIAL BARGAINS,

Men's Overcoats, Reefers & Ulsters, MEN'S FUR CAPS,

Tweeds, Winceys, Wool Squares, Scarfs, Sacques, &c

Everyone should call and see those Goods, as Great Bargains will be given.

L. E. PROWSE,

74 Queen Street.

Ch'town, Dec. 19, 1882.

TO LET,

The Business Premises Known as

"83 Queen Street,"

Lately in the Occupation of R. W. Tremaine.

The Stock on hand is now selling at COST and CHARGES,

will be cleared off at AUCTION about the middle of January,

of which due notice will be given.

JAS. DESBRISAY.

Charlottetown, Dec. 20, 1882—17

WE ARE OFFERING AT THE

LONDON HOUSE,

BEFORE CHRISTMAS,

The Following Goods, at Reduced Prices.

A Lot of White Blankets, at \$1.50 and \$2.75.

A Lot of Men's Reefing Jackets, \$2.75 and \$3.50.

A Lot of Men's Overcoats, \$4.00 and \$4.50.

A Lot of Men's Ulsters, \$5.50.

A Lot of Men's Pants, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

A Lot of Ladies' Cloth Sacques, \$1.00, \$1.75 and \$2.25.

A Lot of Ladies' Skirts, 50 cents.

A Lot of Cheap Tweeds, 40, 50 and 60 cents up, for Men's and Boys' Wear.

A Lot of Winceys, Wool Goods and Dress Goods,

A Lot Men's Wool Underclothing, very low.

A Lot of Men's Shirts, job lots.

A Lot of Horse Rugs and Carriage Wraps at very low prices.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Charlottetown, Dec. 8, 1882.

C. B. WARREN

Has now on hand a Large and Well-Selected Stock of

HOME MADE AND IMPORTED

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Our MEN'S and BOYS' BOOTS are HANDSIDED, SIDE-LINED, Good Stock and First-Class Work.

In WOMEN'S, MISSES' and CHILDREN'S, a Large Variety, Nice Fitting, Well Made, and Warranted equal to any in the Market.

A Choice Lot of Felt Boots and Slippers, Overshoes, Rubbers and Moccasins.

The Whole Lot to be Cleared Out as Soon as Possible. Cheap for Cash at Stamper's Corn'r. Ch'town, Nov. 7, 1882.—17 C. B. WARREN.

CIVIC ELECTION BY THE MAYOR.

IN pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly of this Island, made and passed in the forty-third year of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the Act of the Eighteenth Year of a Chapter thirty-four, intituled 'An Act to Incorporate the town of Charlottetown and all Acts amending the same.'"

I do hereby give Public Notice that an Election of a Mayor and One Person to Serve as a Common Councilman in the City Council for each Ward of said City,

Being in all a MAYOR and FIVE COMMON COUNCILMEN, will be held on

WEDNESDAY,

the 24th Day of January, A. D. 1883.

At the several places, that is to say:—

In Ward No. 1, at or near the Street Messrs. J. & T. Morris, corner of Queen and Water Streets.

In Ward No. 2, at or near the house of Mr. Thomas Connolly, opposite Mr. R. H. Harte's Warehouse, Sydney Street, between George and Prince Streets.

In Ward No. 3, at or near the Main House.

In Ward No. 4, at or near the Fire Engine House, fronting on Kent Street, east, between Weymouth and Cumberland Streets.

In Ward No. 5, at or near the House of Widow Tierney, corner of Euston and George Streets.

And at the said Election the Poll will be opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to continue open until five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

DESCRIPTION OF WARDS.

Number One shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Dorchest Street, and the parcel of land formerly known as the Military Barrack Ground.

Number Two shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Richmond Street and north of Dorchester Street.

Number Three shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Grafon Street and north of Richmond Street.

Number Four shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies south of Fitzroya north of Grafon Streets.

Number Five shall comprise all that part of Charlottetown which lies north of Erie Street, including the Common of the Town.

NOMINATION DAY.

Act 43, Victoria, Cap. 15.—"Seven Days before the time of any and every election of Mayor or Councillors, the Person or Persons for the office of Mayor or Councillor shall give their names in as such Candidates to the City Clerk, and the City Clerk shall enter the names, residences and addresses of such persons, together with the office or offices for which they are candidates, in such entry, when made, shall be deemed a nomination for such candidates."

There shall be paid by each person so nominated for Mayor, at the same time, a fee of ten dollars, and by each person so nominated as Councillor, a fee of five dollars, which shall go toward paying the cost of the election.

No person shall be qualified either for the office of Mayor or Councillor unless such nomination be made in manner and at the time aforesaid.

The time appointed for the nomination of candidates shall be from the time of twelve noon, until the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon of the day fixed for that purpose. Qualification of candidates, see Act 40, Victoria, Cap. 15, sec. 20 and 24.

DAVID R. M. HOOPER, Mayor of City of Charlottetown.

Wm. B. MORRISON, City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, Charlottetown, January 2nd, 1883.—17 24 dly

To the Electors of Ward

GENTLEMEN,—Thankful for the expression of confidence in me, which I exhibited at a public meeting of the Ward, nominating me as a candidate for City Council, I most cordially accept the nomination and solicit your active co-operation in securing my election.

I am, most respectfully yours, WILLIAM LADNER

Ch'town, Jan. 3, 1883.—31.

TEA.

350 Half Chests receiving to-day. Very superior quality, in addition to 720 Half Chests in stock.

wholesale only, at usual reasonable prices. CARVELL BROS.

Jan'y 2, 1882.—pat 2ins

FLOUR.

500 Barrels Choice Superior. 500 Barrels Extra.

Special inducements to Cash Customers. CARVELL BROS.

Ch'town, Dec. 2, 1883.—pat 2ins.

MOLASSES & SUGAR

160 Puncheons MOLASSES, 48 Hds SUGAR, 135 Barrels DO.

CARVELL BROS. Ch'town, Jan 2.—pat 2i

KEROSENE.

245 Casks AMERICAN. CARVELL BROS.

Ch'town, Jan. 2.—pat 2i

SUNDRIES.

250 sides SOLE LEATHER, 10 crates EARTHENWARE,

20 kegs TOBACCO, 50 casks TOBACCO,

200 doz BROOMS, 100 doz PAILS,

150 boxes SOAP, 180 boxes MUSTARD, Pepper, Ginger,

60 cases MATCHES, 30 blbs. BEANS,

20 do. WASHING SODA, 60 kegs BLUE-CARB. SODA,

25 blbs. DRIED APPLES, 100 boxes VALENCIAS,

100 " LAYERS, 50 " CURRANTS, 80 bags RICE.

WHOLESALE. CARVELL BROS. Jan. 2, 1882.—21.