

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1882.

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Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR MAY, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon 3rd day, 2h. 18m. a. m., N. W.
(below horizon.)
Third Quarter 10th day, 5h. 22m., a. m., S. W.
New Moon 17th day, 3h. 20m. a. m., N. E.,
(below horizon.)
First Quarter, 24th day, 8h. 29m. p. m., S. W.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Days
M	h	m	h	water	len h.
1 Monday	4	51	7	3	5 45
2 Tuesday	49	5	6	4	9 58
3 Wednesday	48	6	7	5	10 35
4 Thursday	46	7	8	5	11 12
5 Friday	45	8	9	5	11 52
6 Saturday	43	10	10	4	12 32
7 Sunday	42	11	11	2	1 16
8 Monday	41	12	12	0	2 3
9 Tuesday	39	13	0	3	2 56
10 Wednesday	38	15	0	3	4 5
11 Thursday	37	16	1	8	5 24
12 Friday	35	17	1	3	6 42
13 Saturday	34	18	2	10	7 10
14 Sunday	33	19	2	3	8 44
15 Monday	32	21	3	4	9 31
16 Tuesday	31	22	3	4	10 16
17 Wednesday	30	23	4	2	10 57
18 Thursday	29	24	5	19	11 38
19 Friday	27	25	6	16	12 08
20 Saturday	26	26	7	16	0 18
21 Sunday	25	27	8	20	0 57
22 Monday	24	28	9	23	1 38
23 Tuesday	24	29	10	25	2 19
24 Wednesday	23	30	11	26	3 4
25 Thursday	22	31	11	26	3 59
26 Friday	21	32	1	27	5 1
27 Saturday	20	33	2	27	6 7
28 Sunday	19	34	3	29	7 9
29 Monday	18	35	4	36	2
30 Tuesday	18	37	5	39	8 50
31 Wednesday	17	38	6	42	9 34

PROFESSIONAL CARD.
PALMER & MULLALLY
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.
OFFICE—O'Halloran's Building, Great
George Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
H. V. PALMER. JAS. W. MULLALLY.
April 10, 1882.

INSURANCE OFFICE.
Queen Insurance Company,
OF ENGLAND.
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.
City of London Fire Insurance Company,
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.
Insurance effected on all kinds of property
at current rates. Losses settled promptly
and equitably.
F. KENNEDY,
General Agent.
Office—South Side Queen Square.
Ch'town, Feb. 3, 1882.

W. C. BISHOP,
SHIPPING
—AND—
FORWARDING AGENT,
Marine Insurance Broker,
—AND—
General Commission Agent,
BEDFORD ROW,
P. O. BOX 1. HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the
Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned
Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks
thereon.
Hulls, Cargoes, and Freights insured in
first-class offices at most favorable rates.
Consignments of Produce solicited, and
prompt returns guaranteed.
Correspondence solicited and answered
promptly.
Nov. 14, 1881—1yr

St. Lawrence Hotel.
THE above Hotel is now RE-OPENED,
having been thoroughly repainted and
refurnished in the best style. Being centrally
situated and within three minutes walk of
the Railway Depot and Steamboats, it offers
inducements to the travelling public.
Permanent and Transient Boarders accom-
modation unsurpassed by any other Hotel in
the city.
WM. E. HICKEY,
Proprietor
Ch'town, Dec. 21, '81.

Freehold Farms.
FOR SALE—Several valuable Farms in
different parts of the country. For
particulars apply to
A. McNEILL, Auc't'r.
April 13, '82—1f

AT COST!
Readymade Clothing, Tweeds and Heavy Cloths,
AS I WANT TO CLOSE OUT MY STOCK IN THIS LINE.
**Some Expensive Ladies' Cloth Mantles and Dolmans, and
Fur Lined Cloaks, Sealettes and Colored Dress Goods.**
AT A LARGE REDUCTION.
JUST OPENED AND MARKED LOW,
A Select Assortment of Flowers, Feathers, Velveteens, Ladies' Sacques, &c., &c.
R. W. TREMAINE,
83 QUEEN STREET
Nov. 1, 1881.

**FRESH
GARDEN & FARM
SEEDS.**
Just Received!
—BY—
F. LePAGE & CO.,
PER NORTHERN LIGHT.
Catalogues on application.
Glasgow House,
53 QUEEN STREET.
April 21, 1882.

**TO
SHOEMAKERS!**
Large Stock of Canadian and American Felt Hats!
CHEAP FOR CASH!
G. DAVIES & CO.,
LONDON HOUSE,
Charlottetown, April 3, 1882.

FURNITURE.
The Largest and Best Selected
ON THE ISLAND,
At Greatly Reduced Prices.
CALL AND GET BARGAINS.
Parlor and Drawing Room Suits!
TO SUIT ALL
CHAMBER SUITS,
—IN—
Walnut, Ash & Walnut & Painted, very cheap.
CHAIRS,
A Splendid Assortment, cheap.
Bedsteads, Beds, Mattresses, &c., &c.
LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.
Picture Moulding & Frames
IRON BEDSTEADS.
Window Blinds, Rollers, Poles, Cor-
nices, Venetian Blinds, &c.,
all of which will be sold below cost for cash.
All kinds of orders promptly attended to
at moderate charges.
JOHN NEWSON.
April 8, 1882—3m

Children's Carriages,
Iron Bedsteads.
CHEAP.
JOHN NEWSON.
April 6, 1882—3m

Estate of Late W. B. Allin.
THE Trustees being anxious to sell, will
receive offers up to May next, for a two
storey Dwelling Cottage, with nearly half an
acre of land, opposite Mr. Gay's property,
Malpeque Road; also for a Warehouse four
stories high, and a good cellar, opposite the
police station. Enquire of
J. W. PICKARD,
JOS. KNIGHT,
April 18, 1882.

CHRISTYS HATS
Christys' Paris Silk Hats,
Christys' Hard Fur "
Christys' Soft "
Christys' Hard Felt "
Christys' Soft "
Christys' Hats for Men,
Christys' " " Boys,
Christys' " " Ladies,
TOGETHER WITH A
Large Stock of Canadian and American Felt Hats!
CHEAP FOR CASH!
G. DAVIES & CO.,
LONDON HOUSE,
Charlottetown, April 3, 1882.

**MARINE, FIRE AND LIFE
INSURANCE!**
The Great Western Marine Insurance Company of New York.
ASSETS 1st JANUARY, 1882, - - \$939,523.92.
Hulls, Cargoes and Freights insured at lowest rates. Certificates issued
here payable in England, on the Continent of Europe, or New York.

The Fire Insurance Association (Limited) of London, Eng.
CAPITAL, \$5,000,000.
Every description of Property covered at lowest rates. Policies issued
by the undersigned.

The Northern Fire Insurance Company of London and Aberdeen
CAPITAL, \$15,000,000.
Every description of Property covered at the lowest rates.

The North American Life Insurance Company,
HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO.
Issues Policies on the Tontine system. Also ordinary Life and Indus-
trial Plans.

The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.
All rates lower than the majority of Offices.
FRED. W. HYNDMAN,
AGENT.
Charlottetown, April 10, 1882—cod pat

TO LET.
THE premises on Water Street formerly
occupied by Hazard Bros., adjoining the
Bonded Warehouse. There are 2 rooms in
the attic, 5 rooms on the second floor, 3 rooms
and a shop on the ground floor, besides
kitchen and scullery. There is a good cellar
under the Building, fitted up expressly for
curing Pork with Keeres and other ap-
pliances for Pork curing. Also a large
warehouse attached to the Building, a small
stable and moderate-sized yard in the rear.
Apply to
HORACE HAZARD,
Charlottetown, April 29, 1882—1w cod

POTATOES.
I WANT a few hundred bushels Potatoes,
Rose and Prolifics preferred.
H. COOMBS.
May 4, '82—3f cod, wkly pat 3f

NOTICE.
HAVING rented the premises lately oc-
cupied by C. F. HARRIS, the subscriber
begs to intimate to the public that he is carry-
ing on the
TINSMITH BUSINESS
in all its branches. Orders punctually at-
tended to. A call respectfully solicited.
L. W. HARRIS,
Upper Queen St.
Feb. 8, 1882.

CORRESPONDENCE.
We do not hold ourselves responsible for the
opinions or statements of our correspondents

Speculative Essays.
To the Editor of the Examiner.
SIR,—In the EXAMINER of Monday last,
is a review or analysis, very ably written, of
a book entitled "Short Speculative
Essays" by Mr. Robert Brockholes
Thomas; there are points, problems, and
difficulties which, in the very nature of
things, are far beyond the power or scope
of the human intellect to solve. It requires
more than ordinary intellect to know or to
see these points, problems, and difficulties.
I would say these impossibilities: and I
readily grant that Mr. Thomas may have
the power of seeing them, but not solving
or explaining them. It seems to me that
the exercise of common sense, brought to
bear upon the facts of the Bible, are our
only resource. I cannot think that the
Almighty permits or sanctions Evil as a
beneficial means of progress. That he has
often over-ruled it for Good, is quite a
different matter. As to what occurred be-
fore the fall of Man, we have only those
statements in the New Testament, concern-
ing the expulsion of Evil, in the person
of Satan, from Heaven, which I need not
quote to any Christian reader of the Bible.
Mr. Thomas' views of Miracles are, in my
opinion, utterly wrong, mischievous, and
dangerous to all who may be influenced by
him. The advent of Evil into Paradise,
the destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah,
the plagues of Egypt, the destruction of
Pharaoh and his Host in the Red Sea, the
manna in the desert, all the other Miracles
of the Old Testament, the resurrection of
Lazarus and of the Son of the Widow at
Nair, the water turned to wine at Canan in
Galilee, the Loaves and Fishes multiplied,
the fact of certain men on a certain occa-
sion going backward and falling to the
ground, the darkness at the Crucifixion—
were all these merely natural evolutions of
natural causes, as Adam and Eve are now
stated by Geologists and Natural History
Scientists, to be natural evolutions of
monkeys or gorillas? All personalities
ought to be sunk in these fearful and trem-
endous topics. I, for one, can only pray
that all the world may be led to a reverent
and humble acknowledgment of the facts
revealed to us in the Bible, and that we
may not seek to be wise above what is
written, which seeking can only lead us
further and further from Truth, seeing
that now the strongest eyes and wisest in-
tellects among us can see only as "through
a glass darkly." (I quote from Scripture),
and remain, Sir,
YOUR CONSTANT READER,
May 10, 1882.
Spring Park.

To the Editor of the Examiner.
DEAR SIR,—It is perfectly outrageous
that the Spring at Spring Park should con-
tinue any longer in its present condition.
Our worthy Mayor cannot be aware of its
state, else the accumulation of debris in the
spring would have been removed ere this.
Yours, etc.,
DISGUSTED S. P. WATER-DRINKER.
May 10, 1882.

New Colonization Company.
Rev. A. J. Bray, of Montreal, is the
promoter of a new colonization company
for the Northwest. He claims to have
obtained the promise of one million acres
of land from the Government, and when
the company is established, immigrants
will be brought out from England. His
plan of settlement is a novel one. He pro-
poses to advance not only the amount
necessary for the immigrants passage, but
to build him a house, break up ten acres of
land the first year for wheat, and two for
potatoes, besides supplying seed for the
same. In addition, the new-comer is to get
a yoke of oxen, a cow and calf, pigs, sheep,
poultry, and farming utensils, for which he
will subsequently pay with interest at six
per cent. On these terms Mr. Bray will
find little trouble indeed in getting all the
settlers he wants for his million acres, or
ten millions for that matter. Mr. David
Seath, a merchant of Montreal, has gone
to England to float the company there if he
can, and a gentleman of great experience
in immigration matters, when told of Mr.
Bray's scheme, remarked that it was more
philanthropic than practical. He was
afraid it would not work to the advantage
or profit of the company under any circum-
stances, as it has often happened in Canada
that immigrants who get their passage paid
have crossed the line after their arrival.
He also thinks there will be all the volun-
tary immigration that is necessary to fill
up the Northwest in a reasonable period
without importing paupers, an ineligible
kind of new settlers.

An Irish tenant, returning from America
in 1863, paid a fine of £200 for some 16 1/2
Irish acres of land valued at £28, with a
rent of £46 odd. He built a substantial
farmhouse, dairy and pigery, sank a
pump 38 feet, and made drains. He man-
aged the farm so highly that when evicted
in 1880 it was capable of supporting thir-
teen cows, as against six only at the begin-
ning of his term. When the last life in the
lease expired he offered a fine of £300 for
another lease, which the landlord, though
willing to take the fine, had no legal power
to grant without the consent of the re-
mainder man. But though thus debarred
by law from promoting the welfare both of
himself and his tenant, he had still the
legal right to evict, which he did not hesi-
tate to exercise, on the bare suspicion that
the tenant was attempting, with others, to
conceal from him the death of the last life.
As a consequence, he found himself under
the necessity of paying his tenant £360 1s.
8d. for improvements, besides two years'
rent for disturbance. The Court spoke in
high terms of the tenant, whose chief fault
seems to have been that he built too sub-
stantial a house.

The Assassination of Lord Caven-
dish and Mr. Burke.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.
Mr. Gladstone, in a published statement,
announces that he has received a flood of
communications from every part of the
Kingdom expressive of horror and indigna-
tion at the crime. He says it is only just
to state that none are more remarkable for
favor and sincerity than a large number
from all parts of Ireland. He wishes to
express his sense of the genuine feeling
shown by the communications and personal
thanks for sympathy manifested.
When the Pope heard of the assassina-
tion he sent instructions to Irish Bishops
to request the clergy to express from their
pulpits execration of the crime, and exhort
the faithful to respect the law of the land.
The Standard says Sir Charles Dilke de-
clined the Post of Chief Secretary for Ire-
land because the offer was not accom-
panied by the promise of a seat in the Cab-
inet.
The Pall Mall Gazette confirms the report
that George Otto Trevelyan, Secretary of
the Admiralty, has been appointed Chief
Secretary for Ireland.
It is rumored the Under-Secretaryship
for Ireland has been offered Mr. Blake,
one of the special magistrates appointed by
Mr. Forster.
The body of Mr. Burke was buried in
Glas Nevin Cemetery on the 19th inst.
Crowds lined the streets along the route of
the funeral.
The Standard's Dublin correspondent
says the general release of Suspects will
not take place at present.
The draymen who were nearly run into
by the car supposed to have contained the
assassins, were returning from Maynooth,
when they met them. The occupants of
the car appeared greatly excited and
motioned the draymen hastily to clear the
way. One of the party aimed a blow with
his stick at the driver of the dray. The
witnesses feel certain that they could
identify two of the strangers. One of them
had an English rather than an Irish ac-
cent; another had a black beard; the third
wore a buff colored dust coat; and the fourth
appeared about 22 years old and had
a soldier like bearing. The man who
attempted to strike the blow held his hand
up to prevent his face being seen.
It is also said the car in which they
escaped has been traced to Leixlip, ten
miles northwest of Dublin, where the men
alighted to procure liquor.
It is stated that the police are hopeful
of capturing the assassins. They have re-
ceived evidence which will enable them to
identify them.
An important arrest has been made at
Tuam of a man believed to be the carman
who drove the assassins. He gives his
name as Cloonan, and closely resembles the
description circulated by the police.
Three more arrests have been made in
Kildare, but the Dublin police do not at-
tach much importance to them.
Moore, Bailey, Arman and the Limerick
prisoner have been discharged. Several
new arrests are reported.
The Corporation of Cork last night
voted £100 towards a reward for the cap-
ture of the assassins. The Mayor ex-
pressed the hope that every Municipality
would do likewise.

Guiteau Gradually Giving Way
The guards at the jail find Guiteau very
sullen and taciturn of late, and it is their
opinion that he is gradually giving way
under the pressure for his "removal," as he
styles it. Physically he is not so robust as
a month ago, and is losing instead of gain-
ing flesh. He spends the greater part of
his time reading his new work, and has even
discarded the Bible reading, of which he
was formerly so boastful. He appears to
realize fully that only two months will
elapse before he pays the penalty for his
crime, and the prospect is not at all cheer-
ful to him. Lately he has shown a disposi-
tion to find fault with the manner in which
his food is cooked and served, claiming that
so distinguished a person merits the best
that the market can afford.—Chicago Inter-
Ocean.

The Cotton Manufacturing Industry
It is an indisputable fact that if the
National Policy were not in force in Can-
ada the enterprise now noticeable connect-
ed with the manufacture of cotton in the
country could not be recorded; and it is
also a significant fact that many of the
largest subscribers of stock are men who
denounce that policy. A Kingston mer-
chant announces in the advertising columns
of the local papers that the new cotton
mill, recently opened in that city, is unable
to supply the demand.—Ottawa Citizen.

"Pour oil on troubled waters" is an old
recommendation; in the modern interpre-
tation of the phrase we hear such expres-
sions and advice as the following contained
in the closing words of a long article in the
Boston Herald: During my jauntings
around town I heard many remarks of a
complimentary character in relation to the
merits of St. Jacobs Oil, and one person
said: "There's the venerable Hanibal
Hamlin, of Maine, our ex-Vice-President.
He never wears an overcoat, and is there-
fore the legitimate prey of rheumatism. If
he wants to continue saving the expense of
an overcoat, and at the same time escape
rheumatism, such weather as this, he must
invest fifty cents in a bottle of St. Jacobs
Oil and lather himself with it right well.
He will find it a cheap and serviceable
overcoat to keep the rheumatism from his
body."

The little folks are very annoying some-
times, but there is no conceivable annoy-
ance of which they are capable that could
justify the brutal attack made on a little
girl by a Jersey grocer, of which the papers
of that State make mention. His sole
excuse was that her laughing annoyed him.
God help the man who hears no music in
the laughter of little children!