

# The Daily Examiner.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, MAY 15, 1883.

VOL. 12.--NO. 147.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

**DAILY EXAMINER**  
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AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,  
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.  
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ALMANAC FOR MAY, 1883.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon 6th day, 5h. 45m. p. m.  
Quarter, 13th day, 6h. 41m. p. m.  
Half Moon, 21st day, 11h. 59m. p. m.  
New Moon, 29th day, 10h. 10m. a. m.

Day of Week	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Days
	ris	sets	ris	sets	ris	sets	sets	len h.
Monday	4 51	7 3	1 59	5 43				
Tuesday	48	6 2	6 7	1				
Wednesday	46	7 3	12 8	5 59				
Thursday	45	8 3	4 6	9 45	14 28			
Friday	43	10 4	25 10	25				
Saturday	42	11 5	9 11	17				
Sunday	41	12 5	5 59	11 17				
Monday	39	13 6	5 7	0 1				
Tuesday	38	15 7	5 0	4 4				
Wednesday	37	16 9	3 1	3 30				
Thursday	35	17 10	8 2	17	14 44			
Friday	34	18 11	21 3	7				
Saturday	33	19	13 4	7				
Sunday	32	21 1	14 5	16				
Monday	31	22 2	14 6	31				
Tuesday	30	23 3	13 7	21				
Wednesday	28	24 4	13 8	12				
Thursday	27	25 5	12 8	12	14 59			
Friday	26	26 6	12 9	32				
Saturday	25	27 7	11 10	9				
Sunday	24	28 8	16 10	46				
Monday	23	30 8	5 11	2				
Tuesday	23	31 9	4 11	5 9				
Wednesday	22	32 10	30	17				
Thursday	22	33 11	8 1	17	15 12			
Friday	20	34 11	41 2	1				
Saturday	19	35	11 2	5 1				
Sunday	18	36 0	12 3	5 2				
Monday	18	37 0	4 2	5 7				
Tuesday	17	38 1	12 6	2 8				

**MOEN & COYLE,**  
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS.  
Painting, Tinting, Paper Hanging, Grain-  
ing, etc.  
All orders promptly attended to.  
107 WEST END DORCHESTER STREET.  
Ch'town, April 19—1m 1d

**McLEOD & MORSON**  
Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law,  
SOLICITORS, NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC.  
OFFICES:  
Main Club Committee Rooms, Opposite Post  
Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island,  
Lawyers' Bank of Halifax Building, Sum-  
merside, P. E. Island.  
MONEY TO LOAN, on good security, at  
moderate interest.  
W. A. O. MORSON.  
For 24, '82—pres her

**JOHN MACEACHERN,**  
(Late of Italian Warehouse)  
AGENT FOR  
Royal Fire Insurance Company, of  
England,  
London & Lancashire Fire Insurance  
Company, of England,  
City of London Fire Insurance Co.,  
of England,  
HAS REMOVED  
His Office to his New Building,  
Queen and King Sts.—Up Stairs.  
Ch'town, Dec. 7, '82.

**INSURANCE OFFICE.**  
Queen Insurance Company,  
OF ENGLAND.  
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.  
Lancashire Insurance Company  
CAPITAL, FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS  
Insurance effected on all kinds of property  
at current rates. Losses settled promptly  
and equitably.  
DESBRISAY & ANGUS,  
General Agents.  
108—South Side Queen Square.  
Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1882.

**Bank of Nova Scotia.**  
ESTABLISHED 1832.  
Paid up Capital . . . \$1,000,000  
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000  
An Agency of this Bank will be opened on  
Monday next, 13th inst., in the building  
now occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward  
Island, under the management of the under-  
signed.  
Deposits will be received on interest, and  
on current account.  
Drafts granted on the various Agencies and  
correspondents of the Bank.  
Selling and other Exchange bought and  
sold, and general banking business transacted.  
D. C. CHALMERS,  
Agent.  
Ch'town, June 17, 1882—tf

**L. ARTHUR & CO.,**  
GENERAL  
Commission Merchants,  
121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,  
(ROSS MARKET)  
BOSTON, MASS.  
Eggs and Produce a Specialty.  
April 26, 1883.—wkly tf

**SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
Solicitors in Chancery,  
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.  
OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great  
George Street, Charlottetown.  
Money to Loan.  
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL  
Jan. 16, '83.

**TEA.**  
THE best and cheapest in the City, whole-  
sale and retail at  
**SHEPHERD & SON'S.**  
Thankful for past favors we would kindly  
and respectfully solicit the patronage of the  
public generally, as we always keep on hand  
a full line of

**General Groceries,**  
which we will sell as cheap as any in the city.  
**EGGS,**  
A Specialty.

We will buy Eggs, in large or small quan-  
tities, till the close of the season. When you  
come into town, please call at our store, and  
leave your Eggs, and we guarantee to you the  
highest price in the market.  
**GIVE US A CALL,**  
and our aim will be to oblige all.

**SHEPHERD & SON.,**  
Sellar's Old Stand, next to Quincey House.  
Ch'town, May 3.—2w wkly 4i  
**MOORE'S FARINA**  
SUPERIOR to Corn Starch or any prepara-  
tion of a similar kind. Sold  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL  
AT THE

**LONDON HOUSE.**  
Ch'town, May 7th, 1883—tf

**LEWIS' SUPERB PHOTOS.**  
THIRTY YEARS practice on the  
"human face divine," has given  
Lewis that wonderful command of the  
art he is reputed to possess in deline-  
ating those who take advantage of  
his skill. He has also succeeded in  
securing the services of Mr. Turner,  
of Notman's, Montreal, where he has  
been employed for seven years. Now,  
every one knows that Mr. Notman  
would NOT keep a MAN in his employ  
for that time, if he was not a first-  
class workman. Mr. Turner has also  
worked for a number of years in Eng-  
land and Scotland. Lewis' Gallery is  
large and commodious, furnished  
with all the latest improvements.  
Lenses, which are entirely free from  
distortion, works the instantaneous  
and wet plate process. Sitters can  
have their choice. Children's Pic-  
tures, a specialty, made in one second.  
Copying and enlarging done at mod-  
erate prices. Special reduction made  
to families and groups. All kinds of  
work done very cheap. Call and see  
samples. Don't mistake the place—  
Grafton Street, at the Sign of the  
Camera.  
Ch'town, April 28.—2w wkly 3m

**FREEHOLD FARMS**  
FOR SALE.  
I HAVE received instructions to sell  
several valuable FARMS, situated in dif-  
ferent sections of the country containing  
From 100 to 300 Acres each.  
For particulars apply at  
**My Auction Room, Queen St.**  
Application by mail will receive prompt  
attention.  
A. McNEILL,  
Auctioneer,  
Ch'town, Feb. 13, 1883.—tf

**PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS**  
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,  
And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any per-  
son who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound  
health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no  
equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for  
eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

**DIPHTHERIA**  
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (For Internal and Ex-  
ternal Use). CURES  
Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Throat, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough,  
Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the  
Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.  
An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist,  
now traveling in this country, says that most of  
the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here  
are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's  
Condition Powders are absolutely pure and  
immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspn-  
ful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 8 letter-stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

**SEEDS, SEEDS,**  
—AT—  
**BEER & COFF'S.**  
Fresh Garden Seeds, Fresh Flower Seeds, Timothy and Clover Seed,  
Turnip Seed—Carter's Imperial, Champion, Laing's Purple Top, Sharp's West,  
Norfolk, and other choice varieties.  
Ch'town, April 24, 1883.—2aw wkly

**EGGS, EGGS.**  
Farmers, Peddlers and Storekeepers will find it to their advantage to bring  
us their eggs. Liberal prices paid. Cash for goods.  
Ch'town, April 24, 1883.—2aw wkly

**FRUIT FRUIT**  
WHOLESALE.  
NOW ON HAND:  
ORANGES,  
LEMONS,  
DATES,  
FIGS,  
APPLES.  
Orders by mail promptly attended to.  
Ch'town, April 24, 1883. 2aw wly

**CHEAPEST, SAFEST, SIMPLEST**  
**LIFE INSURANCE**  
IN THE WORLD.  
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association  
OF ST. JOHN, N. B.  
\$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working  
under Government License.  
An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance  
at its actual cost.  
Good Canvassers Wanted.  
LEONARD MORRIS,  
General Agent for P. E. Island.  
Summerside, Oct. 28, 1882.—1y

**THE EXAMINER**  
**JBO PRINTING OFFICE**  
HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH  
A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material  
OF THE LATEST INVENTION AND BEST DESCRIPTION,  
AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED,  
Under the Careful and Skilful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell,  
TO PRINT  
BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS,  
BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS,  
NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS,  
HAND BILLS, DODGERS, &c., &c.,  
On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices.

**PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.**  
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.  
OFFICIAL SUMMARY.

THURSDAY, April 26.  
Mr. CAMPBELL said that, notwithstanding  
the quotation from the Debates of 1878,  
which Mr. Perry had read, he had spoken  
strongly against this scheme and had voted  
against it. Under the present system the  
records were in Charlottetown, the  
centre of the Province. To estab-  
lish County institutions would en-  
tail a great deal of expense. We had too  
much Legislation already. If we consid-  
ered the people's interests, we would not  
pass such a measure. There is no neces-  
sity now to come to Charlottetown to  
register a deed; there are numbers of Com-  
missioners through the country for taking  
acknowledgments. Besides, the money-  
lending portion of the community reside in  
Charlottetown, and country investors send  
their money to Charlottetown to invest.  
The rich man required no protection, but  
the poor man did, and upon him it was  
proposed to lay burdens. The proposed  
measure would be no benefit but a great  
expense. The people of the Counties are  
not asking for them. It would require  
years to change the system and copy the  
documents. He moved that the Speaker  
take the Chair.

Mr. GORDON said he had voted for a resolu-  
tion in 1878, to enquire into the probable  
cost and feasibility of such a scheme, but  
he had seen no report from such Committee.  
He had been trying to ascertain the cost of  
separate offices, and had made an estimate.  
We would first require a building in King's  
County, at a cost of \$1,000; good safes  
would be required in both Summerside and  
Georgetown; an officer also at each place,  
at \$500 per annum; besides fuel, etc.  
There would be also books required. Put-  
ting all together it would cost the first year,  
to start with, \$3,500, and each succeeding  
year \$1,500, at least. In the present state  
of the Province, we should pause before  
engaging in any enterprise, or impos-  
ing burdens, without knowing where  
the means are to come from.  
After all this has been done, the greatest  
difficulty has still to be met. Copies are  
required of all documents for a century  
back, which would take a labor of ten years  
to accomplish. We might have an idea of  
what this would cost. Instead of lessening  
the cost it would be trebled. It had been  
suggested that a system of memorials might  
be adopted, but he did not consider they  
would be sufficient. The documents should  
be copied in full. If it could be shown  
how the scheme could be carried out  
without heavy cost, he would vote for it.

Mr. J. R. McLEAN said: Mr. Gordon's  
views were right and most reasonable. The  
measure proposed would involve a very  
great hardship. If steps were taken now  
to keep separate books, we might be able  
hereafter to make a change more easily.  
Mr. SULLIVAN said the House was under  
obligations to Mr. Holland for having  
brought the matter before the Committee.  
There was much yet to be learned upon  
the subject, and members might gain in-  
formation before next Session, but it was  
an extraordinary course to ask the Legisla-  
ture to bind itself to perform some par-  
ticular act next Session. After further  
consideration, we might be disposed next  
year to grant the establishment. He moved  
the following amendment:—

"That the further consideration of the ex-  
pediency of establishing Registry Offices in  
Prince and King's Counties be deferred till  
the next Session of the Legislature."  
Mr. PERRY was surprised at the way Mr.  
Sullivan proposed to treat Mr. Holland's  
motion. If the House was short of in-  
formation, Mr. Sullivan was much to  
blame. He had led them to believe that  
he had important information to impart  
upon the subject. On 12th April, 1880, he  
had asked if it was the intention of the  
Government to establish Registry Offices in  
the counties. Mr. Sullivan had replied that  
statistics were being prepared. On 23rd  
March, 1881, he had asked for these  
statistics, and was told that they would  
shortly be laid on the table, but they had  
never yet been received. This was trifling  
with the privileges of the House.

Mr. McDONALD was quite satisfied with  
the resolution and the amendment. An  
important step had been taken this year,  
and some great reforms had yet to take  
place. His investigations had led him to  
the conclusion that there was too much  
trouble at present to find out how matters  
stand relating to Land, and with a reform  
would come Registry Offices. No move-  
ment had yet been made in this direction  
in King's County, but in course of time  
lawyers would settle there and they would  
start an agitation. The great bulk of the  
people of King's County would be benefited  
by such offices.

Mr. ARSENAULT would not bind himself  
to vote for an Act to be submitted next  
Session.  
Mr. GORDON thought Mr. McLeod's  
statistics would cause the most ardent  
supporter of County Institutions to pause  
before voting for them.  
The amendment was carried by a vote of  
16 to 8.  
Mr. BENTLY moved, seconded by Mr.  
Holland, the following resolution:—  
"That a Committee of three be appointed  
to solicit information during the recess, upon  
the best method to be adopted regarding the  
registration of Deeds for this Province and  
the feasibility of establishing, in the different  
Counties of this Province, separate offices for  
the Registry of Deeds, Wills and Records of  
Judgments of the Supreme Court, with full  
power to send for persons papers and records  
and to report the result of their investigations  
to this House at its next Session, with an es-  
timate of the probable cost to the Province."  
The question being put thereon, it was  
carried in the affirmative.  
The Speaker took the Chair and the reso-

lutions agreed to were reported to the  
House, and a committee consisting of  
Messrs. Bentley, McLeod, and Macdonald  
appointed accordingly.

Mr. PERRY had given notice of his inten-  
tion to move the House into Committee  
upon certain Despatches, and as the Gov-  
ernment had not brought the matter up, he  
would make some remarks. A despatch  
had been tabled wherein we were told that  
we were to receive no compensation for  
privileges granted American fishermen be-  
tween 1871 and 1873. This was dated  
April, 1882, and received five or six days  
before the prorogation, but why it was not  
laid on the table last session he did not  
know. In 1881, by resolution, this House  
reaffirmed its claims to a proportionate  
share of the Fishery Award, and pledged  
the Government of the day, that if an ad-  
verse decision was received, they would re-  
sort to legal means to obtain their share.  
We were told that we had no right to apply  
to the Imperial Government for such com-  
pensation. Were the Government now pre-  
pared to carry out the spirit of their resolu-  
tions? In 1882, the House was told that  
the question was still pending. The Dom-  
inion Government had acknowledged that  
we had a claim, not against them, but  
against Great Britain. If the Government  
was sincere and wished to carry out the  
convictions of their resolutions, they should  
come down and tell the people what they  
intend to do. He therefore moved, second-  
ed by Mr. Yeo, that the House do now re-  
solve itself into a committee of the whole to  
take into consideration a Despatch of the  
Secretary of State for Canada respecting the  
compensation to this Province for the use  
of the Fisheries around the Island by United  
States citizens, during the two years  
preceding the operation of the Fishery Ar-  
ticles of the Treaty of Washington.

Mr. SULLIVAN—The subject under dis-  
cussion is one which the Opposition, when  
in power, had never thought it advisable to  
bring before the House, the Dominion Gov-  
ernment, or the Imperial Government. Mr.  
Perry was a member of the House of Com-  
mons at the time when he should have  
brought up the question of distribution of  
the Fishery Award. Why he did not do so  
then, he was not aware, but now when his  
friends are out of power, he was very  
anxious for its consideration. The present  
Opposition when in power, had never directed  
their attention to this question. In Feb-  
ruary, 1879, they had passed a Minute of  
Council on the subject of the Award, and  
set forth that we were entitled to receive a  
certain portion, but took no notice of this  
particular point, when, at the request of  
the Imperial Government, the fisheries were  
thrown open to citizens of the United  
States, and a stipulation was made that the  
interests of the Island should be fairly con-  
sidered, and that we should be represent-  
ed at the Commission. When the Com-  
mission met in Halifax, they took no steps  
to have the Island represented, and the  
Award was made without it. It was the  
present Government who had made the  
claim on the Imperial Government, and  
the answer which had been received was  
unfortunately adverse. The Imperial  
Government state that the time has now  
passed during which a claim could be pre-  
sented, and that they are not in a position  
to entertain it. It was the fault of our  
predecessors who allowed the claim to lapse.  
The Imperial Government had intimated  
that if action had been taken at the proper  
time, the decision might have been dif-  
ferent. The Leader of the Government  
had undertaken the position of Counsel for  
the Island. It became his duty to see that  
the money was paid into the Exchequer of  
Canada. The money was paid there and  
they allowed the opportunity to pass.  
This claim was no part of the Fishery  
Award, but was for the period from  
24th June, 1871, to 1st July, 1873, when  
the fisheries of the Dominion were thrown  
open. The whole case of Prince Edward  
Island was given away and its interests  
sold at the Halifax Commission. Then was  
the time to have made the claim. The  
Island should have been represented, as  
was agreed upon; but her legal adviser  
took a retainer for Canada, and against the  
Island. We had reason to know that if  
the claim of the Island had been suggested  
at Halifax, it would have received consid-  
eration.

The motion was negated on a division  
of 9 to 13.  
At 1.40 a. m. the House adjourned until  
10 o'clock in the forenoon.  
D.

In the Bow Street police court, London,  
on the 11th, all the dynamite conspiracy  
prisoners, except O'Connor (alias Dalton),  
whom the crown were unable to connect  
with the others, were committed for trial  
on a charge of treason and felony. Lynch,  
alias Norman, informer, was committed on  
a charge of misdemeanor. O'Connor, on  
leaving the dock, was re-arrested by detec-  
tives from Liverpool, to which city he will  
be taken to-night. The charges on which  
the prisoners were committed are treason,  
felony, conspiracy to damage public build-  
ings and unlawful possession of nitro-glycer-  
ine. On the arrangement of the prisoners  
the policemen who arrested Curtin were  
called to the stand and stated that the pris-  
oner, when apprehended, said he came from  
New York on February 2nd. His address  
in that city he gave as 301 East Fifty-ninth  
street. The officers who arrested Dr. Gal-  
lagher testified to having found in the pris-  
oner's clothes orders for admission to the  
House of Commons. The policemen also  
stated that although Curtin, when arrested,  
denied all acquaintance with the other  
prisoners, he was greeted by Whitehead  
when they were brought face to face.

Sylvester R. Mackinson, for the murder  
of Mrs. Maggie Copeland, was hanged at  
Cambridge, the county seat, Illinois, on the  
11th. He protested his innocence and as-  
cribed the crime to Joseph Cole. John W.  
Jackson was hanged at Jackson, Ohio, on  
the 11th, for the murder of Samuel L. Hull.  
Jerry Blslock was hanged at Jack-onport,  
Ark., on the 11th, for the murder of Thom-  
as Brandenburg.