

The Daily Examiner.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1885.

VOL. 17.—NO. 83.

The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening, by

The Examiner Publishing Co.

From their office, corner of Water and Great George Streets, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Six Months, \$2 50
Three Months, 1 25
One Month, 50

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ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1885.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter 3rd day, 5h. 43m., p. m.
New Moon 10th day, 10h. 2m., a. m.
First Quarter, 17th day, 9h. 34m., a. m.
Full Moon, 25th day, 1h. 13m., p. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun		Moon		High		Days	
	rises	sets	rises	sets	rises	water	len'th	
Saturday	4 47	7 25	9 59	1 40	14	38		
Sunday	4 58	7 36	10 29	2 23	35			
Monday	4 49	7 27	11 5	3 14	33			
Tuesday	5 1	7 49	11 45	4 23	30			
Wednesday	5 2	7 59	12 19	5 47	27			
Thursday	5 3	8 10	1 34	7 14	25			
Friday	5 4	8 21	2 31	8 23	22			
Saturday	5 6	8 32	3 27	9 20	19			
Sunday	5 7	8 43	4 10	10 9	17			
Monday	5 8	8 54	5 0	11 9	14			
Tuesday	5 9	9 5	6 20	11 39	11			
Wednesday	5 10	9 16	7 33	12 30	9			
Thursday	5 11	9 27	8 47	1 14	6			
Friday	5 12	9 38	9 55	2 2	3			
Saturday	5 13	9 49	11 2	3 12	0			
Sunday	5 14	10 0	12 16	4 13	57			
Monday	5 15	10 11	1 14	5 5	54			
Tuesday	5 16	10 22	2 0	6 7	52			
Wednesday	5 17	10 33	2 52	7 19	47			
Thursday	5 18	10 44	3 40	8 23	46			
Friday	5 19	10 55	4 24	9 34	42			
Saturday	5 20	11 6	5 2	10 29	39			
Sunday	5 21	11 17	6 5	11 32	36			
Monday	5 22	11 28	7 37	12 36	33			
Tuesday	5 23	11 39	8 26	1 30	30			
Wednesday	5 24	11 50	9 11	2 27	27			
Thursday	5 25	12 1	9 52	3 24	24			
Friday	5 26	12 12	10 29	4 18	21			
Saturday	5 27	12 23	11 1	5 15	18			
Sunday	5 28	12 34	11 50	6 1	15			
Monday	5 29	12 45	12 25	7 0	12			

NOTES.

Duke of Edinburgh's birthday on the 6th.
Dog days end on the 11th.
Landing of Julius Cæsar (B.C. 55) on 27th.
In this month the mornings decrease 47 minutes; the afternoons 59 minutes.

THE RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

For the convenience of the travelling public, we have carefully arranged the following table of arrival and departure of trains on the P. E. Island Railway, according to local time:—

Going West.	A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	6 47	9 12
Royal Junction	7 02	9 47
North Wiltshire	7 37	10 39
Hunter River	7 47	10 55
Bradalbane	8 12	11 32
County Line	8 19	11 43
Freestown	8 29	11 59
Kensington	8 42	12 22
Freestown	9 07	12 57
Summerside	9 27	1 37
Misouche	9 42	3 00
Wellington	10 01	3 29
Port Hill	10 29	4 20
O'Leary	11 22	5 42
Alberton	12 05	6 57
Tignish	12 42	7 47
From West.	P. M.	A. M.
Tignish	2 07	6 47
Alberton	2 45	7 57
O'Leary	3 29	9 02
Port Hill	4 20	10 29
Wellington	4 49	11 16
Misouche	5 07	11 44
Summerside	5 22	12 07
Kensington	6 07	1 49
Freestown	6 22	2 12
County Line	6 32	2 27
Bradalbane	6 38	2 37
Hunter River	7 02	3 15
North Wiltshire	7 12	3 32
Royal Junction	7 47	4 32
Charlottetown	8 02	4 52
Going East.	A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	7 07	4 17
York	7 43	4 44
Bedford	8 04	4 57
Mount Stewart	8 37	5 22
Morell	8 57	5 27
St. Peter's	9 42	5 56
Bear River	10 15	6 17
Souris	11 07	6 52
Mount Stewart	9 02	5 32
Charlottetown	9 15	5 25
Georgetown	10 37	6 42
From East.	A. M.	P. M.
Souris	6 47	2 12
Bear River	7 17	3 02
St. Peter's	7 52	3 54
Morell	8 14	4 27
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 17
Charlottetown	8 47	5 37
Georgetown	9 12	6 14
York	9 26	6 35
Charlottetown	9 52	7 12
Georgetown	7 32	3 37
Charlottetown	7 49	4 00
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 12

LORNE HOTEL, Grand Tracadie Beach.

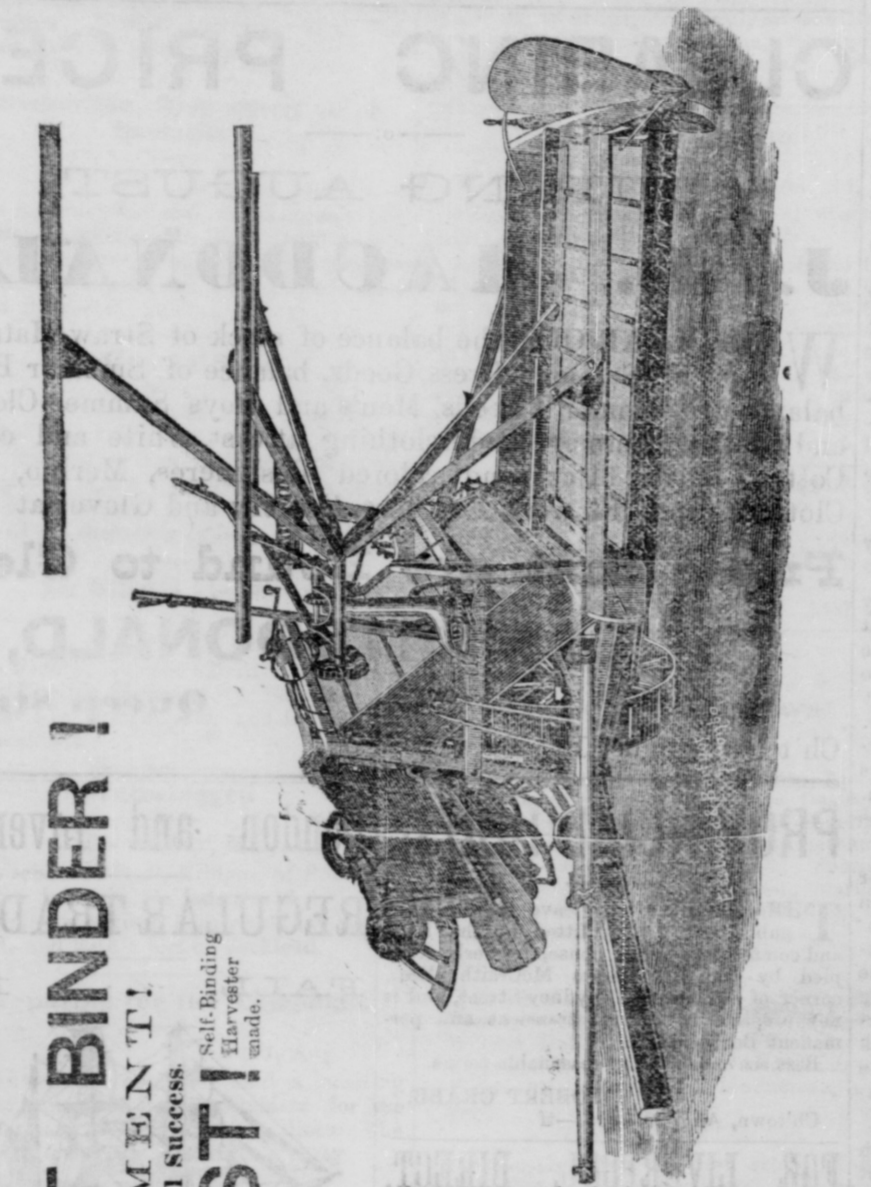
This Favorite Watering Place will Re-Open on Dominion Day, 1st July, under experienced Managers from the United States. Visitors will find this place agreeable during the warm weather. Ch'town, June 15, 1885.

MAGNET SOAP, (WARRANTED PURE.)

THIS SOAP is made from the BEST MATERIALS, and is Superior to any similar article manufactured. For general household and family use it SURPASSES all others.

It will be to Your Interest to Try it. FOR SALE WHOLESALE BY FENTON T. NEWBERY.

July 22nd, 1885—6mos



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Cuts Closer, Draws Lighter, Elevates Easier, Knots Better.

More Toronto Binders now in use on the Island than all other kinds put together. For full information apply to E. Kinaman, Summerside, General Travelling Agent for P. E. Island; Stewart & Farquharson, Managers of our Branch Warehouse, Charlottetown; J. T. Milligan, Conway, or any of our Local Agents.

TIPPET, BURDITT & CO., St. John, N. B., July 31, 1885.

BEAUTIFUL SUMMER RESORT OPEN JULY 1st.

THE SEASIDE HOTEL, - - - RUSTICO BEACH.

THIS BEAUTIFUL WATERING PLACE will be open for the accommodation of Visitors and Guests from July 1st till September 5th. The Proprietors will spare no pains! More attractive than ever! Every department is being improved so as to even surpass its former reputation. TERMS:—\$1.75 to \$2.50 per day; \$10.50 per week; \$8.50 per week per month. Coaches leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and Saturday, calling for guests; Returning every Thursday and Monday morning, about 9 a. m. Trains leave Charlottetown for Hunter River at 6 a. m., 8 25 a. m., and 3 15 p. m. " " Hunter River for Charlottetown at 8 15 a. m., 2 28 and 6 15 p. m. " " Summerside for Hunter River at 6 10 a. m., 12 25 p. m., and 4 55 p. m. " " Hunter River for Summerside at 7 a. m., 10 08 a. m., and 4 35 p. m. Address—JOHN NEWSON, Charlottetown.

JOHN NEWSON & CO. Ch'town, June 15, 1885.

DO NOT

Throw your money away in buying Shoddy Boots. Come! come at once and buy a Good Solid Leather pair of Boots or Shoes for Spring, at a Low Price.

We want to keep all the money we can on the Island, so we are bound to give better value in our make than can be had in any imported Boot. Therefore, buy from us.

DORSEY, GOFF & CO. Ch'town, March 25, 1886.

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ALSO IN STORE:

Carter's, Stephens & Toiary's Writing & Copying Inks, To be Sold at Great Discounts.

G. H. HASZARD, BROWN'S BLOCK, Queen Square, Ch'town, May 19, '85.—why

A MARVELOUS STORY TOLD IN TWO LETTERS.

FROM THE SON: "28 Cedar St., New York, Oct. 23, 1882. Gentlemen: My father resides at Glover, Vt. He has been a great sufferer from Scrofula, and the inclosed letter will tell you what a marvelous effect

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has had in his case. I think his blood must have contained the humor for at least ten years; but it did not show, except in the form of a scrofulous sore on the wrist, until about five years ago. From a few spots which appeared at that time, it gradually spread so as to cover his entire body. I assure you he was terribly afflicted, and an object of pity, when he began using your medicine. Now, there are few men of his age who enjoy as good health as he has. I feel perfectly well in every respect, and I feel perfectly well in every respect, and I feel perfectly well in every respect. Yours truly, W. M. PHILLIPS."

FROM THE FATHER: "It is both a pleasure and a duty for me to state to you the benefit I have derived from the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Glover, Vt., Oct. 21, 1882. Yours gratefully, HIRAM PHILLIPS."

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA CURES Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blisters, Sores, Bolls, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin. It clears the blood of all impurities, aids digestion, stimulates the action of the bowels, and thus restores vitality and strengthens the whole system.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists; \$1, six bottles for \$5.

SUBSCRIBE for THE WEEKLY EXAMINER, the best paper on the Island.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Lobster Trade.

Sir,—Probably very few people outside the lobster workers—and perhaps few of those take the trouble to ascertain—have any idea of the number of lobsters taken and packed in any one season on this Island. I had you a memorandum showing the approximate number caught for packing, exclusive of those for local markets brought in in the shell.

The quantity packed shows the catch to be approximately in number to 230,235, and 297 lobsters for each inhabitant, for years 1881, 1882 and 1884, and of value for same years to \$115,000, \$117,000, and \$143,000 to the fishermen, at one half cent each lobster, the price I understand they are paid, all after expense, as well as outfit of traps, packing, come out of the packers, and their expenses for the season are heavy.

Previous to 1879 three lobsters would probably for some years fill a one pound can.

Cases	Lbs.	per can.	No. Lobs.
1879..	40,947	1,955,436	3 5,896,368
1880..	82,750	3,972,000	3 13,902,000
1881..	115,165	5,527,920	4 23,493,660
1882..	101,387	4,866,576	4 23,116,576
1883..	65,934	3,164,832	5 17,406,576
1884..	72,875	3,498,000	6 29,733,000

E. L. LYDIARD.

A Contradiction.

Sir,—In the last issue of your weekly paper, under the heading of Vernon River Notes, we notice a report that a picnic was held in Vernon River in aid of buildings in course of erection by Messrs. Vickerson and Acorn. We may hardly say that such a report is as false as the scribbler that signed himself "Marmion," is mean.

In connection with the picnic that was held in Vernon River on the 11th inst., we may just say that it was got up by the undersigned committee for an afternoon's pleasure and recreation, and it is absolutely untrue that it was in aid of Messrs. Vickerson's and Acorn's new buildings or anything else.

Mr. Vickerson lent us the ground for the occasion, but that had nothing whatever to do with the picnic. Mr. Acorn was requested by us to provide a saloon, which he did, and he was nothing more than remunerated for his trouble in doing so.

We would have treated "Marmion's" notes with the silent contempt they deserve, only we thought it fair to Messrs. Vickerson and Acorn to contradict such a mean lying report.

PHILIP J. LANE, JOHN A. MCEACHERN, HENRY J. VICKERSON, Committee. Vernon River, Aug. 24, 1885.

A Correction.

Sir,—In your issue of 21st, under the heading of "Vernon River Notes," again appears the scribbling of the Mill-View crank, signing himself "Marmion." Any rational being who reads his notes, must come to the conclusion that they are the ramblings of an injured brain. Messrs. Vickerson & Acorn are able to finish the buildings they are erecting without the aid of a picnic or "Marmion," who, no doubt, wrote the Vernon River Notes, thinking they would act as a suggestion to the public to get up a picnic or donation in aid of a cot for himself and his lately-abducted partner, who are living at present in rather a primitive state.

If his Scriptural benediction to Vernon River Notes had been taken from 58th verse of 9th chapter of St. Luke's Gospel, it would have been more appropriate to himself.

Now, Sir, I think the public should not overlook "Marmion's" intended suggestion, as harvest will soon be over and there will be plenty time to get up such for his benefit. Then he will be able to exclaim in sincerity, "our lines are truly fallen in pleasant places!"

JACK.

Canada's Credit.

Mr. G. W. Yarker, General Manager of the Federal Bank, who has just returned from a visit to England, thus speaks of the improving credit of Canada and Canadian securities in the London market:

"One of the most encouraging financial features to Canada is that the great banking house of Barings, after, as I was informed, full consideration, unhesitatingly undertook to bring out the issue of £3,000,000 stg., Canadian Pacific Railway 5 per cent. bonds at the company's own price, 95, and so great was the demand that the firm closed the lists at 4 o'clock on the second day of the publication of the prospectus. It is not satisfactory exclusively to the Canadian Pacific Railway that their securities have at last got a solid footing in London and attracted the attention of such an eminent banking house, but the fact is brimful of importance to every Canadian interest in Great Britain, and it does not require a great reach of imagination to foretell that the balance of the issue (£4,000,000 stg.) held by the Government as security for advances need not necessarily be locked up very long in the vaults at Ottawa. It was also gratifying to learn that the £4,000,000 stg. Government 4 per cent. bonds were subscribed for three times over, and I heard that, although a leading Canadian monetary institution had the public spirit to bid for a round million sterling, it did not get a pound, owing solely to the outbidding of the investing public."

Lord Lansdowne made a speech at the Ontario Agricultural College in Guelph, the other day. He said, among other things, that there is great room for development of our trade in breadstuffs with Great Britain. At present the Mother country receives from Canada but three per cent. of her imports of food.

Lord Melgund's Views.

The Nineteenth Century for August has a timely paper on the Northwest Rebellion, accompanied by a map, from the vigorous pen of Viscount Melgund, the Governor-General's military secretary. Lord Melgund treats the subject from a military stand point, and his contribution on that account, to the literature of the episode in our history, is especially interesting and useful. The campaign in the far West, he says, was undertaken at a day's warning, and brilliantly brought to a close in a few weeks. He begins his narrative back at the events of fifteen years ago, when Louis Riel placed himself at the head of the insurrection of 1870, and made war on the Government of Canada. The story of that episode is truthfully told, and matters are brought down to March, 1885, when "almost without warning, we found ourselves face to face with an organized rebellion." The cause of the uprising is stated fairly and clearly. As our readers are familiar with the story, we shall not stop to recount it here. Lord Melgund thinks that, looking behind the scenes, we may discover much white sedition. "We shall see," he says, "that Riel and Gabriel Dumont were not counting only on their half-breed and red-skin rifles, but on the support of white men, who had been gullied into believing would stand by them. Riel put his fighting men in his first line, but in his second line we may perhaps find the disappointed white contractor, the disappointed white land shark, the disappointed white farmer. There have been much bigger interests at stake than Metis claims."

We may print here the concluding paragraph of Lord Melgund's able paper. It will be seen that his Lordship is of opinion that, on the whole, rebellion will not prove disastrous to Canada.

"One the whole, the rebellion will do good. It will render necessary a searching inquiry into the system of government of the Northwest, the system of Indian agencies, and the means to be employed for the future ruling of the country. Immigration may be checked for a year or two, but in future the immigration will be safer than it has ever been before. Prince Albert and Battleford have no doubt suffered heavily, but settlers generally will have benefited by the visit of the troops, while the insurrection has united in one common cause all the Provinces of the Dominion; battalions from Manitoba, Ontario, the Maritime Provinces and Quebec, have served side by side in the field; and while French-Canadians may reasonably hope that their blood relations may have a fair trial, they have as loyally condemned the rebellion as the people of Ontario.

"The military experience gained will be valuable. When the campaign commenced the militia department knew nothing of the capabilities of its officers in the field, now many reputations have been made, and it will know in future what commanders it can rely on. The faults of the militia system have been brought into relief, and every good Canadian soldier must hope that the department which has done so well will seize the opportunity of disallowing, once for all, the unnecessary outside influences, which through custom have so often prevailed in purely military questions.

"It has been General Middleton's lot to command the first volunteer or civilian soldiers who have been in action. And most gallantly have men and officers done their work. The men of his force were almost universally of the same class as our English volunteers—clerks in offices, mechanics, tradesmen. They were not soldiers by trade. Excellent material, splendid marchers, apt to learn, possessed of much handiness and ingenuity, especially with the axe, but unaccustomed to the work required of them, and with no time allowed them to gain experience, they went straight from their homes into action. The risk of much loss of life in a force so composed is an exceptionally heavy risk for a commander to incur, and no man in Gen. Middleton's column is likely to forget their chief's generous solicitude for the safety of his troops. An unseen enemy is always a trying one, especially for an inexperienced force.

The Cardwell Election. (Montreal Gazette, Aug. 21.)

The nomination of candidates for the representation of Cardwell, rendered vacant by the acceptance of office by Mr. Thomas White, occurred yesterday. It was thought that the Minister of the Interior would be elected by acclamation, but it appears that a contest is to be had after all, not caused by opponents of the Government, but by a local Conservative, who, for some unexplained reason, deems it his duty to enter the field. Our advice from the county are to the effect that Mr. White will be elected by at least as large a majority as in 1882, on which occasion it all but reached three hundred and fifty, in a total vote of twenty-one hundred. It is impossible to say whether or not the Liberal party is behind Dr. Allison, but we rather incline to the opinion that he has thrust himself forward of his own accord, and there is no doubt that he will fail to make any serious inroad into the Conservative vote. The report of the proceedings at the nomination yesterday intimates the currency of a story that Dr. Allison contemplates retiring, and his failure to appear on the platform yesterday may be taken to support this view. Whatever may be his intentions, there is no reason to doubt Mr. White's return by an emphatic majority.

There is a strip of land out West called "No Man's Land," and fifty different parties are quarrelling as to who owns it.