

Down With Political Corruption.

Repeat the Gerrymander—Restore the Franchise—Punish those who Enacted the Mortgage Vote—Cast Out the Land Office Wreckers.

THE MEN TO VOTE FOR

IN KING'S COUNTY.

- First District: KICKHAM and MORSON. Second District: SULLIVAN and UNDERHAY. Third District: J. E. McDONALD and SHAW. Fourth District: CLOW and McLEOD. Georgetown, etc.: GORDON and McDONALD.

IN PRINCE COUNTY.

- First District: BURCH and GALLANT. Third District: ARSENAULT and McDONALD. Fourth District: BENTLEY and McCAE.

QUEEN'S COUNTY.

- First District: CAMPBELL and McLEOD. Second District: McKAY and ... Third District: BLAKE and STEWART. Fourth District: MARTIN and McLEAN.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

NOVEMBER 20, 1893.

A RECONNAISSANCE.

Before going into a fight, it is well to look over the field and see how the opposing parties stand. Looking to the East, we see that every district in King's County has its candidates in the field. This is the County of the infamous Gerrymander. We may, therefore, expect that the opponents of the Government will do their duty with greater zeal, earnestness, and effect than ever before. It will be surprising if the Liberal-Conservatives of King's suffer loss on account of the crooked work of the Gerrymanderers. The strength of the Government in this County will be impaired by reason of the changes made to enable Mr. Arthur Peters to be a candidate for the Hon. Edward Whelan's old seat! The Hon. Thomas Kickham, having been forced out of the First District, his political doom is sealed, and his friends are not likely to be enthusiastic in support of those who pushed him out. Then the electors of St. Peter's and, indeed, of the whole Province, are asking themselves why Mr. Arthur Peters is needed in the field if not to play into the Premier's hands and enable him the more easily to enforce his autocratic will and carry his measures in spite of the people and their bona fide representatives. It is notable, too, that while Government candidates are still wanted for the Georgetown district, Captain Malcolm Macdonald has been sent out of Georgetown to do battle in the Cardigan district. In point of fact the weakness of the Government and the strength of the Opposition in King's County were never more clearly indicated than at present.

In Prince County we see divisions among the Government supporters in the first district resulting from the high-handed attempt to "sile-track" Mr. Benjamin Rogers. The Government have tried to patch up a life defection of the followers of Mr. McNitt (who was deliberately cheated out of the nomination) by appointing Mr. McNitt Returning Officer contrary to the spirit of the law, and contrary to fair play and justice. This device is not likely to do the Government candidates any good, either in Malpeque or elsewhere. In the Fourth District there are differences of opinion and heart-burnings among the Government supporters. On the other hand, the opponents of the Government are working together harmoniously and unitedly. In Summerside, as in Charlottetown, neither party has yet put candidates into the field, and both are upon the same footing in this respect.

In Queen's County, we see that the Railwaymen and all other employees of the Dominion Government not permanently engaged have the right to vote. This fact is calculated to inspire the Opposition workers and supporters and to materially strengthen the Opposition position and promote its canvass. The Government have tampered with the franchise in every way, their supervisors and overseers having, in some districts, even permitted the statute labor of this year in order that franchise electors may not have certificates to produce when they go to vote, as required by the law. But we are assured that all these contemptible tricks are only the more thoroughly disgusting the electors who have votes in spite of the Government, and that in New London, in Belfast, in Fort Augustus and all over the country the indignation of the people is gaining such strength that the Government candidates cannot make headway against it.

AN IDLE BOAST.

The Patriot of Saturday refers to the appointment of the returning officers, and says: "They (the Government) have not shown a partisan spirit in the choice, as their opponents charged that they would." In view of Mr. Morson's letter, published elsewhere, and of certain rumors which are abroad and which we are investigating, this is an unwarranted and idle boast. If the rumors referred to be true, the Government have not only appointed a partisan returning officer in defiance of fair play and against the spirit of the law, they have made sure that the electors shall not be impartially conducted.

THE PRICE OF PRODUCE.

The opening up of the rich agricultural lands of the West and Northwest and the equally fertile districts of Central Russia and India has made cereals so abundant in the markets of the world that prices have ruled low. But grumbling at the market prices is about as thankless a job as complaining at the motions of the heavenly bodies. Both are regulated by great natural laws, and our duty is not to complain but to seek to understand and accommodate ourselves to the requirements of the case. We cannot raise the market price, but we can reduce the cost of production which will have an equal effect on the increase in profits. It is towards this end that our efforts must be continually directed.

The use of the best and most approved machinery—if it is not too costly—will cheapen production. The steel plow, with a clean glassy beam, that steals smoothly through the soils and throws it over in mellow ripples, performs the labor of plowing much more cheaply than the old-fashioned iron implement that clogged and rooted up the land. The spring-tooth harrow and the gang plow are in the same line of advance. Gang plows are not so popular with us as they ought to be, chiefly because they are not adapted for plowing sod. For stubble and for cross plowing in the spring, three good horses in a gang, which will enable one man to do three acres in a day, is just what we want. Some farmers will tell us that it is not good to work land too much. You cannot have land too mellow for a crop. Air must circulate freely through to bring the oxygen to every part. Stagnant water is poison to the plant; but freely circulating moisture is its life. Just think of the complicated chemical operations which are necessary for the growth of the simplest plant structure. The thirteen primary elements in their purity have to be gathered from the rule ingredients of earth and air, and elaborated by the most complicated process into the delicate fabric of the living tissues. In these operations, freely circulating moisture is the active medium. How necessary that we keep the soil with a uniform, open, mellow texture that circulation may be free and unimpeded! Before the plant can utilize the organic food in the soil bacteria must prepare it. These delicate organisms grow and multiply, like yeast in a batch, and require for their best growth the most favorable conditions of mildness, diffusion, warmth, moisture, air.

A true regard for economy requires that we grow less frequent, but larger crops. It costs no more for interest on land, fencing, plowing, harrowing, seeding and reaping an acre of grain that gives 69 bushels than one that gives only 30 bushels; but the clean profits are ten times as great in the first case as in the last. Less frequent grain and root crops, with the interval occupied by pasture for beef, mutton and dairy produce, is the true policy. Under the thick, shady herbage of a rich old pasture bacteria are elaborating nitrates day and night, through all the sunny months, from the exhaustless stores of azote in the atmosphere. After some years we have this rich store ready to our hand just where we want it for heavy crops of grain and roots. Lime is of great advantage in this process, and every expedient that increases the bushels tells to the farmer's account when he goes to market. On the richest land, also, we grow the best class of produce, and this always commands the highest price. Roots on rich land have larger and more juicy cells, and grains more albumen. Rich land requires less labor to plow, harrow and cultivate and is easier freed of weeds.

Heavy manuring, with judgment, reduces the cost of produce. Early planting, as a rule, does so, too. Our farmers generally put in turnips the last of June; but it sown the first of the month, they will give a much larger yield. Good Canadian phosphate will return double its cost on turnips, with manure; and then there will be left phosphorus for the succeeding clover, and calcium to enrich the grass crops. Careful, intelligent management all round reduces the cost of crops. Everything that lightens labor and makes less drudgery does it. A large stock is necessary; but they should be of the useful, not the fanciful kinds. Keep such cows as really fill the pail; or, if for beef, are fat without any extra treatment. The law of variation of species is the secret of success in breeding. Watch these variations and take advantage of them. Good care is necessary, but you must first have the animal that will respond to care. Superior dairy produce is high, and the best grade of beef commands a fair price in our own market. There may be no money in lambs at present, but lamb and mutton are the choicest meat for the farmer's own table, and the huge piles of pelts that adorn the square on market days, show how it is appreciated by our people. Then the grubbing industry of these neck-faced bearers of the wool sack is the very best means for the renovation of poor back fields. The many thousands of tons of pork sent from our Island must leave much rich soil behind it. In addition to the money directly realized, there is a permanent source of wealth left in the pig sty.

There is every chance of improvement in the price of farm produce. The great scarcity in Europe must affect the price of grain before the season is over. Meat is low at present, because stock is being slaughtered to meet the requirements of a short crop of fodder. But there is really less stock in America at present than an average, and next season the reaction must come, when farm stock will be high.

Every census return shows the continued crowding of population to the cities and business centres. This will increase the demand for farm produce of the best quality. The vast stores of energy lying buried in the Nova Scotia coal fields in every day gathering a population round it, and will, ere long, fill the place with tens of thousands of busy artisans and their families, to be fed from P. E. Island farms. The outlook for the farm is bright, but we must enrich the land, improve the management, and grow the better classes of produce demanded by an improved condition of society.

Three weeks ago, in Wilmington, Ohio, a ten thousand dollar slunder was perpetrated by Frederick Weidman against Henry Steritz. Both were Germans. The suit worried Steritz so that he committed suicide by taking poison.

Three weeks ago, in Wilmington, Ohio, a ten thousand dollar slunder was perpetrated by Frederick Weidman against Henry Steritz. Both were Germans. The suit worried Steritz so that he committed suicide by taking poison.

THE RAILWAY VOTE.

We are pleased today to be able to announce to our readers that the recent disfranchisement act of the Peters combination does not extend to the workmen in the Railway shops and yards of the Railway, or to baggage-men, firemen or drivers or section men in the employ of the Government. The Act contains an exception, that its provisions shall not apply to electors employed by the day, and as the above mentioned are so employed, it follows that the whole construction of the Act has lately been under the consideration of counsel and an opinion has been obtained from them that the Railway men so employed are not deprived of their votes.

THE RAILWAYMEN'S VOTE.

Our opinion has been asked whether electors employed on the Prince Edward Island Railway as workmen in the shops and yards, section men on the line, brakemen, firemen, drivers and baggage-men, are disqualified from voting by virtue of the provisions of the Act 56 Vic. cap. 2, passed at the last session of the Legislature. That Act declares that it shall not be lawful for persons in the employ of specified departments of the Government of Canada, under certain circumstances, to vote at any election to be held for the election of members to represent any electoral district in the Legislative Council or House of Assembly of this Province. There is, however, an exception in this Act in favor of electors employed temporarily by the day. The Act does not affect these persons, and they can vote as they always did. We are instructed that electors employed on the Prince Edward Island Railway as workmen in the shops and yards, section men on the line, brakemen, firemen, drivers and baggage-men, and paid at a certain rate per day and week, and who receive their pay at the end of each month, as also number of fishery guardians in the Province who are employed and paid in the same way. These are all liable to be disqualified under the provisions of the above Act. We are clearly of the opinion that they have not been disqualified, and that such electors can legally vote at any election to be held for the election of members to represent any electoral district in this Province in the same way as if the above-mentioned Act had never been passed.

ON THE WAR PATH.

NOTWITHSTANDING the boasting of the supporters of Peters and Cumiskey regarding the result of the contest in the third district, they have considered it necessary to make a "big push" in the endeavor to save the Premier and his colleague from complete rout. On Saturday last, as well as on the previous Wednesday, Mr. L. H. Davis, M. P., for Queen's County, was sent out to the northern and western portion of the district in order to personally capture a few votes. What success he obtained remains to be seen. On the same day, Saturday, Mr. "Sol" Clark, of Mount Stewart, or a person passing for that gentleman, also presented himself at the western end of the district. He had a "parcel" with him, as usual. He announced his mission to be to ascertain whether there was an opponent of Mr. Peters to be found in the vicinity. It is needless to say that he found more than he expected. One intelligent elector gave him all the information he desired, including the opinion that "he had Peters on the brain, and Peters had him in his pocket." The contest has become desperate when the party have to send Mr. "Sol" Clark to the extreme end of the district with "human devices," in order to secure a few more votes.

MR JOHN SCOTT.

We regret to learn that Mr. John Scott, one of the oldest and most respectable of the citizens of Charlottetown, died this morning, at the ripe old age of seventy-five years. Mr. Scott has been ill for the last two months. He was born at East River, Lot 34. When quite a young man he commenced a coachmaking business in Charlottetown, and for nearly half a century he was known all over the Province as a first-class manufacturer and a man of great industry and integrity. In 1842 and 1843, his dwelling house and factories were destroyed by fire. In each case, although he had no insurance, he courageously rebuilt, and succeeded in overcoming his losses. He served for some time as a City Councillor for Charlottetown. He was for a long time a consistent member, and lately a deacon, of the Baptist Church. He leaves a widow and family of eight sons and daughters to mourn their loss.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

It is said that since Nov. 10 there have been 12 fresh cases of cholera in the German empire. The fleet to be bought in the United States by agents of President Peixoto, of Brazil, will include at least 20 vessels. A revenue of \$5,000,000 is expected by the Democrats of the ways and means committee from the moderate income tax which they propose to incorporate in the new United States revenue bill. Twenty thousand people on the Gogebic Range, Wisconsin, have been reduced to starvation by the continued inactivity of the iron mines. A petition has been circulated asking for aid. In the case at Boston of Michael and Stephen Toole, charged with the murder of their mother and sister by mixing poison with their porter, Michael was discharged and Stephen held to answer the charge of murder.

Some tribesmen in Morocco, presided by Rifians, set upon a caravan a few days ago, carrying injurious treasure. The guards were put to flight, and the robbers secured \$50,000 and made off into the mountains. Edgewood Female Seminary, a Catholic institution at Wisconsin, conducted by Dominica Sisters and valued at \$75,000, was destroyed by fire on Thursday night. Two girls lost their lives by suffocation. Two others were nearly overcome by smoke. Sergeant John Lewick, one of the three survivors of the famous six hundred who made the charge at Balaklava, is in New Orleans in a destitute condition, and is dying of consumption. He is trying to get enough money to go to San Antonio, Texas. Lord Herschell, Lord high chancellor of Britain, has been petitioned by a deputation of 280 liberal members, that appointments at the county magistracy be made from among other classes than landholders, as at present. Favorable consideration was promised.

John Sheehan's house, 12 miles from Lafayette, was wrecked by dynamite on Thursday. He and his wife, who were in bed, were hurled 150 feet and landed safely without any serious injury. Sheehan is a United States' deputy marshal, and has been active in raiding illicit distilleries. The Queen has been anxious for some years past to visit Naples, and it is probable that Her Majesty will carry out her wishes next spring. King Humbert has placed the royal palace at Cape Odimonte at the Queen's disposal. If the Queen finally decides to visit Naples, she will arrive there on Thursday, March 22. The body of Mrs. Sutton, aged 60 years, was found the other night in a cistern under the kitchen of her house at Erie, Ont. The trap door was open, and it was evident that deceased, who was with her husband, who has been confined to his bed for years, had accidentally fallen through and was drowned.

Black Diamond Line.

The S.S. BONAVISTA, due here from Montreal on THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23rd. The ship is well fitted for passengers, and has a full complement of crew. For particulars apply to PEAKE BROS. & CO., Agents.

THE RAILWAYMEN'S VOTE.

A Legal Opinion Given on the Matter. Our opinion has been asked whether electors employed on the Prince Edward Island Railway as workmen in the shops and yards, section men on the line, brakemen, firemen, drivers and baggage-men, are disqualified from voting by virtue of the provisions of the Act 56 Vic. cap. 2, passed at the last session of the Legislature. That Act declares that it shall not be lawful for persons in the employ of specified departments of the Government of Canada, under certain circumstances, to vote at any election to be held for the election of members to represent any electoral district in the Legislative Council or House of Assembly of this Province. There is, however, an exception in this Act in favor of electors employed temporarily by the day. The Act does not affect these persons, and they can vote as they always did. We are instructed that electors employed on the Prince Edward Island Railway as workmen in the shops and yards, section men on the line, brakemen, firemen, drivers and baggage-men, and paid at a certain rate per day and week, and who receive their pay at the end of each month, as also number of fishery guardians in the Province who are employed and paid in the same way. These are all liable to be disqualified under the provisions of the above Act. We are clearly of the opinion that they have not been disqualified, and that such electors can legally vote at any election to be held for the election of members to represent any electoral district in this Province in the same way as if the above-mentioned Act had never been passed.

ON THE WAR PATH.

NOTWITHSTANDING the boasting of the supporters of Peters and Cumiskey regarding the result of the contest in the third district, they have considered it necessary to make a "big push" in the endeavor to save the Premier and his colleague from complete rout. On Saturday last, as well as on the previous Wednesday, Mr. L. H. Davis, M. P., for Queen's County, was sent out to the northern and western portion of the district in order to personally capture a few votes. What success he obtained remains to be seen. On the same day, Saturday, Mr. "Sol" Clark, of Mount Stewart, or a person passing for that gentleman, also presented himself at the western end of the district. He had a "parcel" with him, as usual. He announced his mission to be to ascertain whether there was an opponent of Mr. Peters to be found in the vicinity. It is needless to say that he found more than he expected. One intelligent elector gave him all the information he desired, including the opinion that "he had Peters on the brain, and Peters had him in his pocket." The contest has become desperate when the party have to send Mr. "Sol" Clark to the extreme end of the district with "human devices," in order to secure a few more votes.

MR JOHN SCOTT.

We regret to learn that Mr. John Scott, one of the oldest and most respectable of the citizens of Charlottetown, died this morning, at the ripe old age of seventy-five years. Mr. Scott has been ill for the last two months. He was born at East River, Lot 34. When quite a young man he commenced a coachmaking business in Charlottetown, and for nearly half a century he was known all over the Province as a first-class manufacturer and a man of great industry and integrity. In 1842 and 1843, his dwelling house and factories were destroyed by fire. In each case, although he had no insurance, he courageously rebuilt, and succeeded in overcoming his losses. He served for some time as a City Councillor for Charlottetown. He was for a long time a consistent member, and lately a deacon, of the Baptist Church. He leaves a widow and family of eight sons and daughters to mourn their loss.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

It is said that since Nov. 10 there have been 12 fresh cases of cholera in the German empire. The fleet to be bought in the United States by agents of President Peixoto, of Brazil, will include at least 20 vessels. A revenue of \$5,000,000 is expected by the Democrats of the ways and means committee from the moderate income tax which they propose to incorporate in the new United States revenue bill. Twenty thousand people on the Gogebic Range, Wisconsin, have been reduced to starvation by the continued inactivity of the iron mines. A petition has been circulated asking for aid. In the case at Boston of Michael and Stephen Toole, charged with the murder of their mother and sister by mixing poison with their porter, Michael was discharged and Stephen held to answer the charge of murder.

Some tribesmen in Morocco, presided by Rifians, set upon a caravan a few days ago, carrying injurious treasure. The guards were put to flight, and the robbers secured \$50,000 and made off into the mountains. Edgewood Female Seminary, a Catholic institution at Wisconsin, conducted by Dominica Sisters and valued at \$75,000, was destroyed by fire on Thursday night. Two girls lost their lives by suffocation. Two others were nearly overcome by smoke. Sergeant John Lewick, one of the three survivors of the famous six hundred who made the charge at Balaklava, is in New Orleans in a destitute condition, and is dying of consumption. He is trying to get enough money to go to San Antonio, Texas. Lord Herschell, Lord high chancellor of Britain, has been petitioned by a deputation of 280 liberal members, that appointments at the county magistracy be made from among other classes than landholders, as at present. Favorable consideration was promised.

John Sheehan's house, 12 miles from Lafayette, was wrecked by dynamite on Thursday. He and his wife, who were in bed, were hurled 150 feet and landed safely without any serious injury. Sheehan is a United States' deputy marshal, and has been active in raiding illicit distilleries. The Queen has been anxious for some years past to visit Naples, and it is probable that Her Majesty will carry out her wishes next spring. King Humbert has placed the royal palace at Cape Odimonte at the Queen's disposal. If the Queen finally decides to visit Naples, she will arrive there on Thursday, March 22. The body of Mrs. Sutton, aged 60 years, was found the other night in a cistern under the kitchen of her house at Erie, Ont. The trap door was open, and it was evident that deceased, who was with her husband, who has been confined to his bed for years, had accidentally fallen through and was drowned.

Black Diamond Line.

The S.S. BONAVISTA, due here from Montreal on THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23rd. The ship is well fitted for passengers, and has a full complement of crew. For particulars apply to PEAKE BROS. & CO., Agents.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER. The Connolly-McGrovey Case.

OTTAWA, Nov. 20. In the Connolly-McGrovey conspiracy trial on Saturday, after the crown case was concluded, the counsel for the prisoners contended that no case had been made out to put before a jury. Judge Rose ruled otherwise. The defence, therefore, commenced to present its evidence. N. K. Connolly, one of the prisoners, was in the box all the afternoon. The case will be concluded to-day.

Counterfeit Railway Tickets.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20. Counterfeit railway tickets to the amount of \$100,000 were honored in the four weeks by the Baltimore & Ohio, Erie, Pittsburgh & Western, Nickel Plate and other roads. Nothing on the face of the tickets indicated that they were counterfeit. They were accepted without question by the conductors, and passed readily by the ticket counters and auditors.

Train Wreckers Abroad.

QUEBEC, Nov. 20. The seventh attempt within a month to wreck a train at Lorette, was made on Saturday morning. Timber and stone were piled on the track, but the engine of the Montreal express noticed the obstruction in time to avert the disaster.

Sudden Death.

MONTREAL, Nov. 20. R. W. Wells, chemist, an important witness in the Hooper murder case, dropped dead on Saturday from heart disease.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

VIENNA, Nov. 20. A boiler in a mill exploded at Czerogowitz exploded yesterday, killing sixteen persons and injuring twenty others.

Big Trotting Match.

BOSTON, Nov. 20. The Directum-Alexis race, to have taken place at Mystic Park, takes place in New York on Tuesday or Wednesday.

Football at Halifax.

HALIFAX, Nov. 20. Dalhousie beat the Acadia College at football on Saturday 4 to 2.

A 4-YEAR-OLD HERO.

Loses His Life in a Valiant Attempt to Save His Teacher.

The little district school house at Coopersville, Livingston county, N. Y. was burned down on Wednesday. The teacher, Miss Malinda Porter, 20, and one little hero scholar lost their lives. Two hours after school opened Miss Porter detected the smell of smoke. She opened a door leading into a woodshed to discover if a fire was on fire. As she did so the flames burst into the school room and enveloped the teacher. Miss Porter screamed and fell forward into the flames. Immediately the schoolroom was in an uproar. There were twenty-five scholars, most of whom were young children. Two brothers, Melvin and Charles Chambers, aged 14 and 16 years, displayed remarkable presence of mind. To their hard work at the risk of their own lives is given the credit of saving most of the imperilled pupils. There was but one door, that opening into the burning shed, through which entrance to the schoolhouse was effected. The brothers, seeing escape cut off in that direction, tore a seat from the floor, placed it under a window, smashed the glass and managed to lift the children through. Three girls fainting, and it was with difficulty that they were dragged through the little window to a place of safety.

Four-year-old John Johnson, son of a farmer residing near Shelby, was burned to death. He was the teacher's pet. When he saw her fall forward into the fire he ran to her side in a vain and futile effort to protect her from harm. So, the child died a hero. That night, when the ruins of the schoolhouse were searched, the charred bodies of the teacher and the noble little fellow were found side by side. The Chambers boys were both severely burnt about the face and arms. The younger inhaled so much hot air that it is feared serious illness may result.

To Dispel Colds.

Headaches and fevers, to cleanse the system effectually, yet gently, when constive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, use Syrup of Fig.

Public Meetings.

Messrs MARTIN and McLEAN will meet the electors at the places and times mentioned in the notice of meetings advertised by Messrs. Forbes and Macdonald.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

1st District of Queen's County. The undersigned will meet the electors of the 1st District of Queen's County, at the following times and places:— Thursday, November 23rd, Clifton Hall, at 5 p. m. Friday, November 24th, at Hope River Hall, at 5 p. m. Monday, November 27th, at Grandville Hall, at 2 p. m. Monday, November 27th, at Fredericton Hall, at 6 p. m. Tuesday, November 28th, at Springton Schoolhouse, at 5 p. m. Wednesday, November 29th, at Dollar's Mills, at 2 p. m. Wednesday, November 29th, at Kelly's Cross, at 6 p. m. Thursday, November 30th, at Bonshaw Hall, at 5 p. m. Friday, December 1st, at Cranpud Hall, at 5 p. m. Monday, December 4th, at Bradshaw Hall, at 5 p. m. Thursday, December 7th, at French River Hall, at 2 p. m. Thursday, December 7th, at Irishtown Hall, at 6 p. m. The Opposition candidates are invited to attend.

PETER SINCLAIR, A. B. WARBURTON.

City Clerk, Nov. 20, 1893.

TENDERS FOR DREDGING QUEEN'S WHARF.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the City Clerk's Office, on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9th, for Dredging Queen's Wharf, according to plan and specification to be seen at this office. The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender. Security will be required for the performance of contract. By order, H. M. DAVISON, City Clerk. City Clerk's Office, Nov. 20, 1893—31

ODDS AND ENDS.

Young Lady—"How much?" Telegraph Clerk—"Twenty-five cents, please."

"For that one word 'yes'?" "Yes'm. Same price for ten or less. You can repeat the 'yes' if you wish."

"Um—no! that wouldn't look well. It's an answer to a proposal of marriage."

The present season marks the appearance of a series of new and beautiful designs in Ladies' Fur Collars that equip all previous efforts of manufacturers in this direction. Our new line of Astrakan Jackets is worthy of the attention of every lady in this community, and we earnestly request that you will make no purchase before seeing our beautiful and unique collections. We are fully stocked with a complete assortment of the latest and most popular goods, and our prices are all the closest layer could desire.—James Paton & Co.

"I wish I were an ostrich," said Hicks, angrily, as he tried to eat one of his wife's biscuits, but couldn't. "I wish you were," returned Mrs. Hicks. "I'd get a few feathers for my hat."—Truth.

"Go to Paton & Co.," he said, as she finished her request for money to buy a new Fur Collar from one of our elegant new styles.

Her husband showed no sign of displeasure; he merely said: "Yes, I am perfectly willing to supply the money for any purchases you wish to make from that reliable house. I have noticed their display of Furs, and it struck me at the time that they were certainly great bargains at the price asked."

A teacher was explaining to a little girl how the trees developed their foliage in springtime. "Ah, yes," said the wee miss, "I understand; they keep their summer clothes in their trunk."—Harper's Bazar.

In buying Ready-made Clothing you save considerable money. Every other dealer says the same thing, and you're apt to judge all alike. But no store is more capable of making big transactions or more willing to turn the benefit your way than a question.—James Paton & Co.

The whistle of a locomotive can be heard 3,500 yards, the noise of a train 3,200 yards, the report of a musket and the bark of a dog 1,800 yards, the roll of a drum 1,600 yards, a dinner bell 2 miles, and a call to get up in the morning 3 feet 7 inches.

If you wish to see the latest novelties and newest ideas in Fur Goods for the season, come and see us.—James Paton & Co.

Fond Mother—Did you kiss young Mr. Jones again last night? Ethel—Yes, mamma, he has just lost an uncle, and I was so sorry for him. Fond Mother—Well, Ethel, let this be the last. I'm afraid if you keep on encouraging him with your sympathy, he won't have a relative left in the world.

If you wish to see the very best in standard styles and reliable makes in Fur Goods come and see us.—James Paton & Co.

"Isn't this perfectly delightful?" she asked, as they sat on the sofa with their arms intertwined, and the brilliance on his moustache not very far from the crimson taint on her lips.

"Dorothy," he replied, "when I know that your mother is listening on the stairs, that your father is waiting in the vestibule with a cane, that the bull-dog is loose in the front yard, and that your little brother is under the sofa, how can I say that it is delightful?"



Tobacco is man's most universal luxury; the fragrant aroma of Mastiff Plug Cut starts people to pipe smoking, even those who never used tobacco before.

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond, Virginia, and Montreal, Canada.

STRAYED.—From the subscriber's premises, Saturday, October 28, a black and white cow, 10 years old. Any information will be rewarded. Apply to ISAAC HOLMAY, Winslow Road. 47 1/2 W. J. P. —Nov.

Delays Are Dangerous!

Then to be Safe, always Insure with E. R. Brow CHARLOTTETOWN

WHEN NEXT

buying Still, ask your Grocer for Ammonia Soap. For general household work it has no equal. Ask your grocer for it.

October 2, 1893

NOVEMBER, 1893.

nov23

CARTER'S BOOK STORE.

nov23

Superior Furniture, BY AUCTION.

I am instructed by I. C. Hall, Esq., U. S. Consul, to sell by Auction, at his residence, Springfield, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd day of November, instant, commencing at 11 o'clock, a. m. — All his household effects, comprising superior Drawing Room, Dining Room, Hall, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture. Also—Sleigh and Robes. Terms cash. R. BEALISTO, Auctioneer. nov13—nov

TO LET.

A Cottage on Sidney Street, containing five rooms and good cellar. Possession given on December 1st. W. W. WELLNER. nov15

WE HAVE JUST OPENED THE FOLLOWING GOODS:

Mantle Cloths, Ulster Cloths, Beavers, Naps, Pilot Cloths, Trowserings, Blankets, Bed Comforters, Flannelettes, French Flannels, Ladies' Vests, Cashmere Gloves, Kid Gloves, Trimming Braids, Linings, Cottons, etc.

HARRIS & STEWART, LONDON HOUSE.

Charlottetown, November 9, 1893—in the sat