

THE DAILY EXAMINER
SEPTEMBER 28, 1887.

ADVICES from Ottawa report that the Department of Agriculture has taken the most stringent precautions against the introduction of cholera into Canada.

The Moncton Town Council had a stormy meeting on Monday night. The Mayor and some of the Councillors exchanged compliments; charges of making false statements were thrown across the Board, and other unbecoming conduct was indulged in. The Moncton Council is evidently not far behind our own.

The first heat of the great contest for the America's Cup, between the American yacht Volunteer and the Scotch yacht Thistle, was sailed in New York Harbor yesterday. The Volunteer was, as will be seen by reference to our despatches, the winner. The contest was not so close as was expected. An immense lot of money changed hands, the admirals of each yacht betting freely.

SAYS the St. John Sun:— "Captain Welsh, M. P., of Charlottetown, has not yet remarked on the observations of George Claves, M. P., who made a point out of Captain Welsh at a recent political meeting in Sheffield. Mr. Claves said: 'My friend Captain Welsh had built stores at Charlottetown costing \$70,000, but they are tenanted; his shipping trade has brought him in \$30,000 per year, but since the national policy has come he has lost \$30,000, and now his steamers are ocean tramps searching the world over for freight.' Did Captain Welsh say these things to Mr. Claves and are they true?"

It is now definitely known that the Imperial Government has decided to subsidize the Canadian Pacific mail line from Vancouver to China and Japan. It is also equally well known that this decision of the Imperial Government was brought about through the action of Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian High-Commissioner at London. The amount of the subsidy is \$45,000 sterling yearly, and the conditions are the carrying of the mails from an Atlantic port, the building of new steamers to meet the admiralty requirement, the use of armed cruisers when required to carry men and materials and low rates. There will, it is thought, be no delay about carrying the arrangements into effect, as the Postmaster General has been duly notified.

THERE is no truth in the report that Queen Victoria is to visit Canada. Commenting upon the rumor the Quebec Chronicle says:

"Everybody in Canada would be delighted to have a visit from the Queen. And we believe that Her Majesty would be equally pleased were she able to cross the ocean and see for herself one of her greatest colonies. But it must not be forgotten that the Queen is no longer young, and that a voyage of three thousand miles of sea could scarcely be undertaken by Her Majesty. We must take the will for the deed. But as more than a quarter of a century has passed away since young Prince Albert Edward came to see us, would it not be a good stroke of policy if Lord Salisbury would send us the Prince and Princess of Wales? Canada would warmly welcome her future King and Queen, and the visit would in every way prove a move in the right direction. The Prince of Wales is the most popular man in Europe to-day. He is loved by all classes, and so is the amiable and beautiful Princess. It is to be hoped that there is reasonable ground for believing that those august personages will come to us, while Her Majesty is on the throne. As King and Queen of the Empire a journey across the Atlantic might be impossible."

The official statement of the goods exported from the Dominion last month is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Product of Canada, Product of other countries. Rows include Products of the mine, Fisheries, Forestry, Animals and their products, Agricultural products, Manufactures, Miscellaneous articles, Totals, and Grand total.

This statement shows a total of \$10,012,107; for the same month last year the value was \$9,539,901. For the first two months of the fiscal year the total exports have been \$20,450,852, of which \$17,134,638 was the produce of Canada, and \$3,325,214 the produce of other countries; an increase of \$407,196 in the former, and \$991,400 in the latter. In goods the produce of Canada, the mine shows an increase of \$28,243, the factories \$81,129, animals and their products \$880,030, and manufactures \$213,565. Agricultural products show a decrease of \$811,568, but in produce of other countries an increase of \$787,423; and the forest \$119,383. The value of the goods entered for consumption during the same month is set down as follows:—

Table with 2 columns: Dutiable goods, Free Goods. Rows include Dutiable goods, Coin and bullion, Free Goods, Total, Duty collected.

THE Industrial Exhibition held at Toronto recently is voted an immense success. All who attended were delighted, some prominent Englishmen going so far as to say that "it was the best annual fair held in any part of the world." The Globe notes with pardonable pride that since its establishment in 1879 the exhibition has improved each year. The amount of money taken in admission fees increased from \$26,000 in 1879 to \$41,432 in 1885, and it is almost certain that the official statement of the fair just closed will show a total of \$52,000. This figure indicates an average

of 200,000 persons. The account for expenditure, other than on capital account, increased during the same period from \$9,000 to \$19,093, and the value of the building from \$42,284 to \$85,000. Referring to the exhibit the Globe says:—

"It need not be said that a greater show of machinery and a larger, though not a more varied, show of agricultural implements could be got up in Great Britain; that a greater number of high-bred animals and a much larger and more varied show of manufactures could be made there, and as fine a display of some agricultural products. But, as a matter of fact, no such exhibitions of choice cattle, fine horses, machinery, agricultural implements and manufactures are made anywhere in that country, and no exhibition regularly made in any of the cities of the United States is quite equal in all respects to ours. Nor are American exhibitions attended by such multitudes year after year."

The Prince County Exhibition.

THE Prince County Exhibition opened at Summerside to-day. A special train having on board a large number of prominent citizens, among whom were His Honor Lieutenant Governor Macdonald, Mrs. Macdonald and Secretary, His Worship Mayor Haviland, Ex-Sheriff Longworth, Hon. D. Laird, Hon. A. B. McKenzie, John Ings, Esq., F. T. Newbery, Esq., A. McNeill, Esq., A. Lord, Esq., Geo. W. R. Beer, Esq., John Kelly, Esq., Rev. W. R. Frame, Dr. Beer and others left the city at 9.15 this morning.

The Exhibition was declared open by His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Macdonald at twelve o'clock, when Sheriff Strong, on behalf of the Commissioners, read the following address:—

To His Honor the Honorable Andrew A. Macdonald, Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Prince Edward Island,

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOR,—On behalf of my associate commissioners, I thank you for your ready acceptance of our invitation to officiate at the inauguration of this Exhibition, and I now respectfully bid you welcome to Summerside.

At assemblages, for the most part, as this is of representative agriculturists, it is both natural and proper that our thoughts and quantity of the harvests of the passing season, and in doing so, duty as well as a sense of gratitude, constrain us to express our heartfelt acknowledgments to the All-Wise and Merciful Providence for the blessings bestowed on this Province, in the ample measure of success that has crowned the labors and anxieties of the husbandman during the year.

While the apparent market values of the productions of the farm this year are not, probably, equal to those obtained in some previous corresponding seasons, yet the practical returns may in some instances exceed them, when it is remembered that the money estimate of a given quantity will procure for the farmer's family a larger supply of the necessities of life than could be obtained under the circumstances in former years.

The Board of Commissioners are most gratified to see that Your Honor continues to take a lively interest in our County exhibitions, and hope that the one now in view will be found to compare favorably with its predecessors.

I have the honor to request that you will now open the proceedings.

On behalf of the Commissioners for managing the Prince County Exhibition of Agricultural and Local Industries,

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, (Signed) WM. G. STRONG, Chairman.

In reply, His Honor, after thanking the Commissioners for their address, said he was pleased to meet the leading agriculturists of Prince County and to see such samples of the result of their labors. Referring to the excellent crops raised this year he said that at one period of its history flour was one of the chief exports from the Province; but for the last forty or fifty years we had been importers of that article, at one time to the extent of 60,000 barrels a year, but since the establishment of closer trade relations with the Upper Provinces this was changed and we are now in a fair way of again becoming exporters of wheat and flour, a change which represented a gain of half a million of dollars to the people of this Island. He referred to the extensive importations of improved stock for breeding purposes made during the past year, and alluding to the Arbor Society recommended the planting of trees about the farm buildings and Provincial school houses both for shelter and ornament, and concluded by thanking the Commissioners and judges for the manner in which they had discharged the duties of their respective appointments.

Archibald McNeill, Esq., also spoke concerning the Provincial Exhibition to be held in this city next week.

Among those on the platform were noticed Mr. Speaker Macdonald, Mayor Haviland, ex-Governor Laird, Senator Montgomery, Hon. P. McNutt, Judge Kelly and Mrs. Kelly, Richard Hunt, Esq., and Mrs. Hunt, W. T. Hunt, Esq., Benjamin Bearisto, Esq., and Mrs. Bearisto, and others.

The town is reported as being crowded with visitors, every train having brought in hundreds. The show of horses is the finest ever held there. The cattle, sheep and pigs are excellent. Fruit, textile fabrics and other exhibits are shown in great abundance.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

A contemporary asks: "Did it ever occur to anybody that if the women of this country should march en masse to the poll to vote no power on earth could stop them? Turn a cow loose near those polls and the enfranchised women would scatter 'en masse.'" No power on earth could stop the panic.

A farmer near Harrisburg, Pa., raised 32 watermelons this year, and he has had to shoot salt into the legs of seven different boys to keep the melons at home. His lawyers' fees and court costs are \$200 to date.

TOWN TOPICS.

What is being Talked About on the Streets and Elsewhere.

Since my last, two important announcements have been made. One is that the petition asking for the repeal of the Scott Act has been received at Ottawa, and the writs are daily expected; the other that the "temperance people" have decided that in future they will not do any police work under the Scott Act. The first announcement was not unexpected, the second was. The last means, if it means anything, that the so-called "temperance people" are tired of trying to enforce the Act, and are going to leave it to the tender mercies of the authorities, whom they have, time and again, charged with being in sympathy with the liquor sellers, and therefore not the men to enforce the Act. There must certainly be something wrong in the State of Denmark.

The success which invariably attends our Island boys when they leave our shores is, I might say, almost phenomenal. No matter what position in life they occupy, they are useful and honorable members of society. They are heard of in educational institutions, in journalistic and mercantile circles, as miners, farmers, etc., and it is always pleasing to notice, as advancing rapidly. There are others, again (and, for the credit of our fair Island, they are few), who do not attain that eminence abroad which they should and could attain were they so disposed. These kind of people were no use at home, and ably sustain their reputation abroad. They were a burden to their parents and relatives while here, and are an annoyance and disgrace to their fellow Islanders wherever they go. Such people are, however, not a criterion of the general run of Islanders—although, in some places and cases, they prejudice people against the Island—and should be frowned down at every opportunity.

Speaking of Islanders and their success abroad reminds me of the fact that although we are lamentably barren of institutions for physical culture, some of our people have also attained high standing in athletic sports. This fact was attested a few days ago at the sports in Pictou and Truro, where our boys had to compete with professionals and "champions" from the other provinces of the Dominion and the United States. That as a result of the good work done at these sports they brought home several championships, seven gold or silver medals and a large amount of prize money, is greatly to their credit. In the United States they have also attained prominence as pedestrians, runners, sparrers, bicyclists, etc. All this in the face of the great difficulties they have to contend against, is a strong indication of great natural ability.

Island horses and cattle are also somewhat celebrated throughout the Dominion and the United States. At the different exhibitions held in the Dominion in recent years Island stock have carried off a good share of prize money, in the majority of cases competing against the greatest odds. At the different summer and autumn trotting races our horses have also obtained good places—in many cases first—in competition with swift ones from the other cities of the Dominion and the United States. Nor must I, while on the subject, forget to mention the success which attended the Island exhibits at the Philadelphia Exhibition in 1876, and the Indian and Colonial Exhibition recently closed. Truly Islanders have no reason to be ashamed of themselves. The only thing they have failed to do is to enforce the Scott Act.

So much for Islanders and Island stock; now a word or two about the Island itself. That it is a beautiful spot goes without saying. Travellers from the other provinces of the Dominion, the United States, and the Old Country, tell us so, and we are forced to believe them. Islanders who go abroad write to their people about the places they have seen, and in the great majority of cases tell them that for real natural beauty "there's no place like home." All should do their utmost to assist nature in her work. The planting of trees and flowers, the painting of houses and fences, and many other comparatively inexpensive methods of adornment are within the reach of all. Many of us have done good work in this respect, but much remains untouched. Let us put our shoulders to the wheel and assist in the noble work.

Horse Notes.

The great event at the Detroit driving park on Saturday last was the race between Clingstone and Patron for a special purse of \$3,000. Before the first heat, Patron sold favorite in the pools, \$100 to \$65. Patron was driven by the veteran George Miller, and Clingstone by William Saunders. Both horses were in the pink of condition. First heat Clingstone drew the pole, and on the third attempt the horses got the word with hardly an inch of difference between them. Clingstone got his rival at his wheel at the quarter, but at the half they were even. Clingstone rounded the turn a neck ahead of Patron, and came home three lengths ahead. Time by quarters, 34, 1.08, 1.42, 2.17.

Second heat—Clingstone got the better of Patron at the start, but Fuller went in to win, and had driven Patron two lengths ahead at the half mile. At the three-quarters Clingstone had closed up and came home almost a length ahead. Time—35, 1.03, 1.42, 2.17.

Third heat—Patron had the best of the start. Fuller took the pole before the horses reached the first turn, and drew a couple of lengths ahead at the half-pole. Saunders drew Clingstone up to Patron's wheel rounding the stretch, but was unable to lead the black horse, and so they both jugged it. Time, 34, 1.08, 1.43, 2.17.

Fourth heat—Clingstone was about 12 lengths ahead at the quarter, and Patron could not decrease the distance, and barely escaped the flag. Time, 35, 1.10, 1.45, 2.19.

At the same place on Saturday Harry Wilkes attempted, for a purse of \$1500, to beat his record of 2.13, but failed. Time, 2.17, 2.15.

The report that Jay-Eye-See (2.10) had recovered his old form appears to have been well grounded. He trotted a mile over a half-mile track at Lincoln, Neb., lately in 2.15, a feat never accomplished before by any trotter.

Card of Thanks.

MR. E. B. DUFORT, inventor of the Patent Feather Renovating Machine, in returning thanks for the generous patronage the housekeepers of Charlottetown have favored him with, desires to inform the public generally that he has appointed Mr. Wm. F. Carter sole manager for Prince Edward Island, who will be pleased to give a continuance of those who desire to have their Feather Beds made soft clean and healthy. The work the Machine will do will speak for itself. Now is the time to act this important matter attended to, as more disease arises from impure feather beds and pillows than anything else. Sept. 28—'87 & wky—pat II.

EXHIBITION WEEK. GRAND SHOW OF NEW FALL GOODS EXTRA GOOD VALUE IN GENERAL DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, AND FURS. STANLEY BROS., BROWN'S BLOCK. Ch'town, Sept. 28, 1887—cod

B-O-S-T-O-N FALL ARRANGEMENT. THE PALACE STEAMERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Port and every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8.30 a. m.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$9.50, 1st class. For tickets and other information apply to G. A. S. L. RY., P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co. or to your nearest Ticket Agent. Sept. 23, 1887—cod & wky

To all Whom it May Concern: I HEREBY certify that the report now in circulation, viz: That I evicted my tenant, is absolutely untrue; and that said report has been gotten up by some untruthful person or persons with the view of prejudicing the public against me. I may be permitted to add that I have no sympathy with the Irish landlords and that I am a strong Home Ruler. JOHN JOSEPH X HOGAN, mark. Sept. 23, 1887, II.

DR. HODDER'S BURDOCK AND SASSAPARILLA COMPOUND. CURES Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Kidney Troubles, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, and all Impurities of the Blood from whatever cause arising. Female Weaknesses and General Debility. Paredy Vegetable. Highly Concentrated, Pleasant Effectual Use. A-K FOR Dr. Hodder's Compound. Take no other. Sold Everywhere. Price 75 cents per bottle.

DR. HODDER'S COUGH AND LUNG CURE. Sold everywhere. Price, 25 cents and 50 cents per bottle. Proprietors and manufacturers. The Union Medicine Co., Proprietors, TORONTO, CAN. Sept. 27, 1887—cod & wky

TO THE TRADE. CIGARS WHOLESALE. BY last Mirimachi, our stock of Havana and Domestic Cigars is complete. We guarantee to sell Cigars for retail as cheap as can be imported. D. O'M. REDDIN, JR., Montreal, Quebec. Sept. 14, 1887—thru cod

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE.

W. R. BOREHAM'S NORTH SIDE QUEEN SQUARE, Ch'town, P. E. I. OLD STAND, Stock Entirely New and Personally Selected from the Best Factories in the Dominion, and comprises a Full Assortment, suitable for Fall and Winter Trade. R. K. JOST.

REFERRING to the above, I beg to thank my numerous customers for the patronage of the past and solicit a continuance of the same for my successor, and should be pleased to see and wait on all of my friends as formerly, Mr. Jost having engaged my services. W. R. BOREHAM. Ch'town, Sept. 27, 1887—cod & wky

NEW FALL GOODS NOW OPEN.

J. B. MACDONALD. Every department full of the Newest Goods. Everything New in Ladies' Dress Goods. Everything New in Ladies' Jackets. Everything New in Ladies' Hats and Trimmings. Tremendous Stock of Ready-made Clothing. Every Inducement to Cash Buyers. Goods Bought Right. Our Prices will be found Low. J. B. MACDONALD, Ch'town, Sept. 26, 87—dy wky—pat

James Paton & Co, MARKET SQUARE.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. Latest Styles! Best Qualities! and Lowest Prices! Our Whole Fall Stock will be Ready in a Few Days. Our Carpet Department will be Better Stocked this Fall than Ever Before.

JAMES PATON & CO., MARKET SQUARE.

LONDON HOUSE. FALL OPENING—DRY GOODS.

HARRIS & STEWART. Are now opening their Large and Varied Importation of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, from England, Scotland, Canada and United States. Every Department Well Stocked.—Prices Low.

HARRIS & STEWART SUCCESSORS TO GEO. DAVIES & CO. Ch'town, Sept. 10, 1887—wky