

liquors—it would certainly be very difficult to obtain them. The liquor seller and the liquor drinker are in the same boat. The just God who declares that a drunkard shall not inherit heaven, will certainly not grant heaven to the brute, who deals that out to him, for filthy lucre, which ruins manhood, and damns the soul." *Bishop Graham, Ch. of Eng.*

"God, on his eternal throne of judgment sees not only the licensed liquor dealer. He sees the city council who grants the license, and behind the city council, the voters who authorized them to do it, and He will hold all responsible for the lives lost, and the souls ruined on account of the traffic so licensed."—*Professor Foster, M. P.*

"Boys and girls, never touch and never taste strong drink. Avoid the places where it is sold. Get acquainted with whiskey shops, and your temporal prospects may be blasted; your precious souls lost for ever. Liquor dealers are among the worst enemies of all good. They may use fine words, appear well dressed, and go to Church, but they are only liquor dealers, and the Savior condemns them in the many warnings given against drunkenness. They 'are a generation of vipers,' a curse in any community, and at least among Protestant Churches they are not recognized as members of the Church, and most certainly should not receive the Sacraments until they renounce their soul-destroying traffic. Singularly enough the Roman Catholic Church, which professes to be very strict on most points (and has among her Priests many bright temperance stars) allows the rum-seller to continue his traffic and admits him at the same time to her sacraments. In that Church the rum-seller and his victim may kneel together before the Altar and receive the eucharist, and yet very frequently the one keeps on selling it, and the other drinking it. Strange members for a Christian Church!"—*Rev. Dr. Carson.*

"Our holy religion condemns Intemperance as a mortal sin. God and His Church are both opposed to it. They speak only one voice."—*Pius IX.*

**THE DAILY EXAMINER.**

DECEMBER 15, 1883.

**Editorial Notes.**

—Having adopted the "New Standard Time," some of the railways are still unhappy; and it is rumored that the Canada Southern will probably adopt the "24 o'clock system."

—The *Montreal Gazette* says that "if the gift of noble ruck be a proper mode of recognizing poetic worth, no man lives or has lived on whom it could be more justly bestowed than on Alfred Tennyson."

—The Londonderry Iron Works, which are now temporarily in difficulty owing to the purchase of a coal mine, the cost of which was beyond their resources, employ 800 men and pay out for wages \$400,000 a year.

—At the final meeting of the Commissioners, who managed the Dominion and Centennial Exhibition at St. John, a deficit of about \$5,000 was reported. The expenditures include about \$20,000 on exhibition buildings.

—In connection with the registration of several Clydesdales which were exported from Glasgow to America during the summer, two arrests have been made. It is alleged that several charges of forgery and uttering false schedules will be preferred.

—The Canada Pacific Railway have now in operation over 3,000 miles of telegraph wire. These lines extend from Port Arthur to the Rockies, and radiate to the chief points in the Northwest. During the month of September we are told the company has handled some 25,000 paid messages, which is considered good business for the first month of a new line in a new country. In October their there was an increase in the number of messages by 5,000, with a corresponding increase in the receipts; and the same might be said of November. It is hoped the Company's lines will next year be carried across the Rockies to Kamloops, where they will connect with the lines of the Dominion Government, and enable Canadians to telegraph to any point of their own country at rates much cheaper than those now charged.

—Professor J. P. Sheldon began his autumn course of lectures at the College of Agriculture, at Downton, near Salisbury, on the 19th November. As an introduction to the course, Mr. Sheldon chose "The Position and Claims of Dairy Farming." In dealing with this subject he pointed out that an important principle in dairy farming was to maintain the fertility of the soil and promote the growth of nutritious herbage. Agricultural lands invariably deteriorate under a herd of dairy cows more than under a herd of fattening cattle. There are two ways of keeping up the fertility of land which carries live stock—namely, by feeding the stock on cake and applying manure to the soil. When land was much out of condition crushed bones formed a most efficient and permanent fertilizer. Mr. Sheldon also stated that all land in England had suffered a loss of fertility during the past few years, on account of the heavy rains and floods which had washed over them. He pointed out that on medium soils dairy farming was carried on with most advantage. Still, all soils had suffered more or less, and on those whose fertility had not been maintained by artificial manure, it has been found that the yield of milk or of flesh has fallen off to a degree corresponding with the depression of the soil. He therefore advises farmers to be careful in the management of their pastures, as the future of dairy husbandry and milk production depends on the attention they give to the little economies of the farm.

**The Situation in Egypt.**

The recent victories of the Falae Prophet, El Medhi, over the Egyptian troops is inflaming the minds of the Mussulmans of Upper Egypt. Hundreds are daily joining his motley host, and hourly the situation in the Upper provinces is becoming more and more critical. Backed up by their success at Suakim, where the Prophet's army, on the 2nd inst., annihilated another Egyptian force of eight hundred, the prophet's emissaries and dervishes are appearing in all parts of the Upper Nile preaching a holy war. A dispatch of the 9th from Cairo says the whole country is in a blaze. The rank and file of the Egyptian army at a favourable moment is likely to declare for the false prophet, who is now regarded by the entire population as the true Messiah of Islam. Now only 1,000 men are left to form the garrison at Suakim. The Arabs are firing shots into the town every night. Baker Pasha expects to leave on Wednesday or Saturday at the latest, but he can now nearly watch events, and any march to Berber is deemed impossible. Already the effect of Tel-el-Kobir is more than neutralized, and the gravest consequences may ensue in the Delta as well as in Upper Egypt. The Egyptian Government is considering the question of laying a cable in the Red Sea between Suakim and Suaz. King John of Abyssinia is collecting all the Abyssinians and Gallas tribes of the south, and is ready to make a dash upon Masawah and acquire the long coveted seaports.

Regarding the defensive movements taken, a dispatch of the 12th from Cairo says that Major Malletta, with a battalion of European volunteers, will start immediately for Suakim. Baker Pasha will act on defensive only, the present Egyptian force in Soudan being entirely inadequate to any aggressive movement. It is rumored that England is making preparations to fortify Assouan and to hold permanently. Assouan is situated near the first cataract of the Nile, and it is believed that should El Medhi attempt to advance upon Cairo he will be opposed at this point by English troops. The garrison at Sinkat under command of Ibrahim Bey has been abandoned to its fate. At last accounts the place was encompassed and besieged by 5,000 rebels.

**Death and Destruction.**

**TERRIBLE GALES THROUGHOUT ENGLAND AND IRELAND—LAMENTABLE LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY.**

The violent gales which prevailed throughout England on Tuesday the 11th inst., caused much damage in London and the provinces. Here are a few additional particulars: At Wolverhampton the exhibition building, which was only partially completed, was destroyed by the storm. The gale was especially severe in Ireland, Scotland and North Wales. In the midland counties of England huge trees were torn up and carried away. There was great destruction of property and personal injury and also loss of life. The low lying districts of Birmingham were flooded. A large gasholder near Bradford capsized. Two large chemical works at Widnes were damaged. Fears are entertained for the safety of the channel steamers which sailed before the storm.

**A SHIP WAS SUNK**

at the Albert dock, Thames river, at Loicester. Carriage works were destroyed at Birkenhead. On the Mersey great damage was done. The chief officer of a steamer just arrived from Glasgow was blown upon the quay and killed. In Liverpool cabs were overturned in the streets and many buildings damaged. A ship was blown from her moorings in Belfast (Ireland) harbor. At South Shields, near the mouth of the Tyne, vessels broke adrift in the harbor and three wharves sunk. The British ship Liverpool, Capt. Davidson, from Quebec Nov. 7th for Greenock, is a total wreck near Stranraer, Scotland.

**NINETEEN OF THE CREW WERE DROWNED,** only one man and a boy being saved. The ship has gone to pieces and the cargo is washing ashore. A portion of the town of Portsmouth is flooded. Navigation by ferry steamers at Liverpool was greatly interfered with. At Hartlepool many ships were damaged. At Hull two persons were killed and several injured. At Birmingham two persons were killed and a number of others injured. Three persons were killed at Manchester by a falling house. At Dewsbury three persons were killed. At Chester a man was blown down in the street and killed.

**TWO PERSONS WERE KILLED**

at Liverpool, Yorkshire. The British bark "Carrie Delap," Capt. Lewis, at Glasgow in Bathurst, N. B., was severely damaged by collision. The British brig "Mary Johns," at Bristol from St. John's, N. F., lost bulworks and stanchions and apparently much damaged. A boat was wrecked while entering Galway harbor and four persons drowned. At Newry, Ireland, the gale was very severe destroying much property and bending lamp posts in the streets. A postal telegraph inspector was cut in halves at Leeds. Several vessels docked in the Mersey were damaged. Two vessels were wrecked at Donare, near Ayr, Scotland, and two men drowned. The Lowlands of West Lancashire and in the Garstrong district on the Wsre river were flooded. At Glasgow the damage to property was very great.

The result of the election in Boston, on Tuesday, for civic officers, was that Gen. Augustus P. Martin was elected Mayor for the year beginning Jan. 1, 1884 by a majority over his opponent, Alderman Hugh O'Brien, of, in round numbers, 1,500 votes, in a total vote of about 53,500, the largest ever cast in a municipal contest in that city by something like 5,500 votes. The citizens and Republicans secured a majority in both branches of the city government, and they elected nearly all the School Committee. The efforts of the temperance and the ladies to get a No-License vote failed, the city again voting to license the liquor traffic.

Australia gathers the credit for having the largest trees in the world. The eucalyptus has specimens of from 300 to 500 feet in height. They lack the girth of California trees, however.

The present Pope seems to be partial to newspaper men. He has made the director of a Roman paper a cardinal, and decorated the editor of the *Charleston News and Courier* for his opposition to drink.

**LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.**

SIR,—Permit me through your widely circulated columns to write a few lines referring to the so-called concert held in the Y. M. C. A. Hall last evening. In the first place, I object to the word "Concert" having been used in connection with the advertisement, as I think a large majority of those present, who have been in the habit of attending concerts, would simply class last night's performance as an ordinary "variety entertainment." In fact we were much surprised to find that several of the performers were allowed to go to such extremes in their selections. In the next place, how was it that the programme, after being printed for some days, allowing time for any necessary changes, was so poorly carried out; as, after the opening overture, there was not one piece performed in proper rotation? This is very annoying to the audience, and also to the performers, as was proved last evening. In the third place, how was it that we were not favored with one or two good choruses, as every person will admit that Charlottetown never contained better talent, and never have choruses (either in concert halls or churches) been better rendered, than within the last three months (baton or no baton). We have also heard it suggested that the institution procure a large bottle of Lepage's liquid glue, to be placed on the seats occupied by some of the officials to prevent, in future, the running accompaniment, which was kept up last evening from the beginning of the entertainment to the close.

Yours truly,

CONCERT GOER.

Ch'town, Dec. 14, 1883.

**The Baton at Little York.**

SIR,—I was surprised to find in last night's paper, an article signed "Little York," in which the writer said that the choruses were only fairly well rendered. In the first place, sir, I believe that the writer of that article was not present at the concert, and further that he is not a resident of that section of the country, although perhaps he may have passed through it frequently, to the annoyance of the farmers, during the shooting season of the year. However, be that as it may, we consider that he will have to get up rather early before he can produce choruses equal in effect to those which were so much appreciated at Little York on Wednesday evening last.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

**Notes from Souris West.**

The weather is unusually mild for this time of the year.

Oats are being shipped from Souris, and thousands of bushels more await the same process had we vessels to carry them.

Rumor says that the branch of the Temperance Alliance established in Souris East is doing good work. Seizures of liquors and the arrest of law-breaking rum-sellers are now in order. It is high time something was done to teach a lesson to such people. The merchants of the locality should do something to remove such a standing disgrace from their midst. People want to know, if half a dozen rum-sellers are going to be allowed to defy law and order much longer. As far as we know of, Souris East has only one rumshop. But Souris East has lately opened another, with a shooting gallery, etc., combined, to lead youth to destruction. Heaven knows we have a sufficient number of such low disreputable places, and it is not to the credit of Souris East that they allow an increase in their numbers. It is little wonder that Souris has such an unsavory reputation in many quarters, and leading merchants and some others are much to blame for their inactivity against such places. Men who will not take the side of temperance in the present phase of the struggle, are more injury than good in a community.

Chappelle's Island Almanac has arrived. It is good and cheap, and on the whole deserving of much praise. At the same time there is some necessity for an "errata" at the end. There are some omissions in published lists, and we have the names of officials inserted who resigned long ago, and the change is not recognized. Just a little more particularity would have made the Almanac perfectly reliable. Even as it is, it is well worth the fifteen cents charged for it.

To-day one or two other vessels entered the harbor to ship produce.

The Assistant Commissioners of Public Lands visited Souris East this week. Their receipts are reported satisfactory, though not very large here.

It is to be hoped that storm signals, public buildings, fog horn, and Souris Railway station, frequently mentioned by your regular Souris correspondent, will not be forgotten. They are all necessary, and the Government has as much right to attend to this Province, as to British Columbia or Manitoba.

O. I. C.

Souris West, Dec. 14, 1883.

**Our Advertisers.**

Kennedy's restaurant is open day and evening. Oysters, baked beans, etc., served to order.

Wm. Dodd announces a sale of apples, onions, etc., on Monday at 11 o'clock.

The Y. M. C. A. Division S. of T. will meet in the Division Room, Scott's Hall, on next Tuesday evening. Chair to be taken at half-past seven. A full attendance is requested. dec 15 31

**LEAP YEAR MUSINGS.**—The dread realities of Leap Year are as yet shrouded in the dim visits of unexplored futurity. And now the rock maple bard, who writes poetry for the newspapers, is rampant. He warbles not of the descent of strangers on our soil, nor of the flight of our sons and daughters to a distant clime. He tinneth his lyre to lowlier yet sweeter strains than these, and singeth the release of ancient maidens from exile, and the exodus of the benedict. Yet true it is:—

Some timorous mortals start and shriek,  
To cross the narrow sea;  
And linger, shivering on the brink,  
And fear to launch away.

Yet a few short weeks and the syren love who beckens to the hardened benedict will tune her harp to standard time.—*New.*

Kennedy has some of the nicest ugly-looking oranges ever you saw or eat.

dec 15 21

**BALDERSTON'S GROCERY AND FRUIT SHOP**

IS THE PLACE TO GET YOUR CHRISTMAS COODS.

Choice Tea, 25 and 32 cents.  
Excellent Sugar, 8, 9 and 10 cents.  
Raisins, 8, 12 and 16 cents.

Potato Farina, Corn Starch, Essences, Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel, Canned Meats, Extract Beef, Pickles, Sauces, etc., etc. Green Grapes, Oranges, Lemons, Apples, Peas, Nuts, Candy, Figs, Dates, etc., etc.

We will sell you Goods as cheap and as good as anybody else. Just drop in and see our Fancy Confectionery, Crockery, Glassware and Woodenware, selling off at slaughter prices.

**B. BALDERSTON.**  
Queen Street, Charlottetown, Dec. 13, 1883.—cod tl 25th wkly 21

**FROM NOW —TILL— XMAS AND NEW YEAR.**

WE WILL OFFER BISCUITS, CRACKERS, CAKE, CONFECTIONERY, &C., AT LOWER PRICES THAN EVER.

Biscuits from eight cents per lb. upwards, Retail.

A great variety in CONFECTIONERY, comprising Panorama Eggs, Crystal Hats, Return Balls, Flower Pots, Beautiful Hearts, all made of PURE CONFECTIONERY. Also the finest lot of Cossagues and Cornucopias ever shown in the city.

Try our Mixed Crackers in 5-lb. packages, very cheap.

Thousands and Nonpareils, for Cake decorating; Extract of Lemon, Citron and Lemon Peel, Currants, Raisins, etc.

Choice Preserves, in 1 and 6-lb. packages.

Special Prices to Wholesale Buyers.

**J. QUIRK,**  
City Steam Bakery, Prince Street.  
Ch'town, Dec. 11, 1883.—3v

**FOR THE HOLIDAYS. GREAT SALE OF MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING,**

**J. B. MACDONALD'S.**

Men's Warm Reefers, \$3.00  
Men's Heavy Warm Reefers, 4.00  
Men's Heavy Warm Reefers, 5.00  
Men's Extra Heavy Reefers, 6.00

**OVERCOATS. OVERCOATS.**

Men's Warm Overcoats, \$4.00  
Men's Heavy Warm Overcoats, 5.25  
Men's Extra Warm Overcoats, 6.75  
Men's Extra Warm Overcoats, 8.00  
Men's Superior Custom Made Overcoats, 10.00

Men's Heavy Warm Ulster Coats, \$5.00  
Men's Extra Heavy Ulster Coats, 6.50  
Men's Very Heavy, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00

Boys' Clothing, in great variety and at reduced prices, during the Holidays. Men's and Boys' Warm Underclothing, very cheap. Fur and Cloth Caps, the cheapest to be had. Come one and all to the popular cheap store.

**J. B. MACDONALD'S,**  
Ch'town, Dec. 10, 1883.—2aw wkly her pres Queen Street.

**GRAND SALE OF DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.**

**JOHN MACPHEE & CO.** will, during the HOLIDAY SEASON, give special bargains in Dress Goods, Knit Wool Goods, Mantles, Shawls, Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, &c

**CLOTHING. CLOTHING.**

Men's Overcoats, \$3.90, \$5.60, \$6.50, \$7.75, up.  
Men's Ulsters, \$4.95, \$6.25, \$7.00, up.  
Men's Reefers, \$2.95, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.50, up.

Fur Caps, Kid Mitts and Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Worsted Tweeds, Underclothing, Buffalo Robes, Horse Rugs, Small Wares, etc.

**PARKS' WARP, CHEAP.**

Cash Buyers can depend on getting REAL BARGAINS in every Department.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. JOHN MACPHEE & CO,**  
ROBERT ORR'S OLD STAND.  
Ch'town, Dec. 12, 1883.—2aw wkly pres pat.

**Apples, Raisins, Herring.**

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, On Monday, 17th instant, At 11 o'clock, at my substorem,

75 bris. Winter Keeping Apples,  
50 box Valencia Raisins,  
500 boxes Smoked Herring,  
25 10-lb. tins French Coffee,  
25 half-cakes T. A.  
30 doz Biscuits  
25 bris. silver-skinned Onions.

**WILLIAM DODD,**  
Auctioneer.  
Ch'town, Dec. 15, 1883.—11

**OYSTERS.**

**KENNEDY'S RESTAURANT,** in the rear of his Confectionery establishment, opposite main entrance to Post Office, is open day and evening. Oysters, Baked Beans, Steak, Chops, Tea, Coffee, Pastry, etc., served up to order.  
Ch'town, Dec. 15, 1883.—law 21 wly 21

**V. M. C. A.**

**LECTURE COURSE.**

THE Third Lecture of the Winter Course, before the Young Men's Christian Association, will be delivered by the

**REV. RALPH BRECKEN, M. A.,**

Y. M. C. A. HALL,  
Ch'town, Dec. 15, 1883.—law 21 wly 21

**Monday Evening, December 17.**

**SUBJECT—"CLIMPS OF GAY PARIS."**  
Chair to be taken at eight o'clock. Admission ten cents.

**HENRY SMITH,**  
Secretary.  
Ch'town, Dec. 14

**BRIGANTINE 'SIRIUS.'**

THE fast-sailing brigantine "Sirius," Capt. Siggworth, will sail from Charlottetown for Georgetown about the 25th instant, carrying freight for P. E. Island. Apply in Boston to Messrs. S. Pierce & Co., 59 Commercial Street, or here to **D. GORDON.**  
Georgetown, Dec. 14.—21 pd

**A LOT OF BEAUTIFUL**

Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Card Cases,

In Hand Painted, Leather, Pearl and Tortoise Shell, the latest patterns. Also the latest styles of

**AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS.**

received to-day and for sale at

**LOW PRICES!**  
**BEHNER BROS.**  
Dec. 12, 1883.—pat 41

**Y. M. C. A.**

THE Annual Meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held in the Parlor in Y. M. C. A. Building, on the evening of Thursday, 20th instant, at eight o'clock, for the election of officers, etc. By order,  
**F. S. MOORE,**  
President.  
Ch'town, Dec. 12, 1883.

**OATS.**

**30,000 BUSHELS WANTED.** Highest prices. Cash on delivery.

**D. GORDON.**  
Georgetown, Dec. 10, 1883.

**To Henry Longworth, Esq., High Sheriff of Queen's County,**

WHEREAS it has come to our notice that the Board of Commissioners managing the Provincial Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition for 1883, in Prince Edward Island have suggested that steps be at once taken to secure, by application to the Dominion Government, a grant for the purpose of holding a Dominion Exhibition next year (1884) in Charlottetown, and we believe it to be advisable to support the above proposition by holding a Public Meeting.

We, the undersigned, therefore request that you will call a meeting of the inhabitants of Queen's County (inviting the attendance thereof of the inhabitants also of King's and Prince Counties), at an early day, in Charlottetown, to take the above proposition into consideration.

Dated 7th December, A. D. 1883.

Joseph Hensley, Arch. McNeill,  
Donald Ferguson, J. T. Jenkins,  
R. P. Haythorne, T. A. McLean,  
Chas. C. Gardiner, William Mutch,  
Edward Bayfield, H. B. Smith,  
Thos. Vesey, John S. McLeod,  
Thos. Goldrey, Wm. Bryenton,  
Chas. Gregor, B. Point, Neil Shaw,  
Jas. Matheson, John C. Leitch,  
John McGregor, J. D. McLeod & Co.,  
Beer & Sons, D. Farquharson,  
W. E. Dawson, H. Beer,  
Geo. Davies, Philip Large,  
Wm. Dodd, W. A. Weeks & Co.,  
Dodd & Rogers, Hickey & Stewart,  
Beer & Goff, Robert Young.

And a large number of others.

In compliance with the foregoing requisition, I hereby appoint TUESDAY, the 18th day of DECEMBER, instant, at seven o'clock p. m., in the Market Hall, Charlottetown, for holding the said meeting.

**HENRY LONGWORTH,**  
Sheriff, Queen's County.  
Ch'town, Dec. 10, 1883.