THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR. "This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES. SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1886. VOL. 19.—NO. 23.

The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening by

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Advertising at moderate rates.

Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements, on application.

ALMANAC FOR JUNE, 1886.

MOON'S CHANGES.

New Moon 2nd day 9th., 42.8m., a. m., S. E.
First Quarter 9th day, 3h., 14.2m., a. m., N. E. (below horizon.)
Full Moon 16th day, 9th., 25.4., a. m., N. W. (below horizon.)
Last Quarter 24th day, 0h., 23.5m., p. m., N. (below horizon).

D M	DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Day's len'h
		h m	h m	morn	aft'n h m	h m
1	Tuesday	4 17	7 38	3 54	10 8	15 19
2	Wednesday	17	39	4 36	10 50	20
3	Thursday	16	39	5 25	11 33	23
4	Friday	15	40	6 14	morn	25
5	Saturday	15	41	7 27	0 15	26
6	Sunday	15	42	8 35	0 59	27
7	Monday	14	43	9 46	1 48	29
8	Tuesday	14	44	10 59	2 38	30
9	Wednesday	14	45	aft 11	3 41	31
10	Thursday	14	46	1 21	4 55	32
11	Friday	14	47	2 30	6 15	33
12	Saturday	14	47	3 38	7 26	33
13	Sunday	14	47	4 45	8 23	33
14	Monday	14	48	5 49	9 10	34
15	Tuesday	13	48	6 50	9 53	35
16	Wednesday	13	48	7 45	10 32	35
17	Thursday	13	48	8 35	11 8	35
18	Friday	13	48	9 9	11 46	35
19	Saturday	13	48	9 51	aft 21	35
20	Sunday	13	48	10 31	0 56	35
21	Monday	13	48	11 1	1 33	35
22	Tuesday	14	49	11 29	2 12	35
23	Wednesday	14	49	11 55	2 55	35
24	Thursday	14	49	morn	3 46	35
25	Friday	15	49	0 21	4 49	34
26	Saturday	15	49	0 48	6 1	34
27	Sunday	15	48	1 18	7 11	33
28	Monday	16	48	1 45	8 11	33
29	Tuesday	16	48	2 28	9 3	32
30	Wednesday	4 16	7 48	3 13	9 51	15 32

THROUGH TICKETS!

Charlottetown Ticket Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS for sale to all parts of Canada and the United States, at the very lowest possible rates. Write for rates maps, time tables, etc.

G. A. SHARP,
Station Master and Ticket Agent,
March 19—2aw wky 3mo P. E. I. Railway.

—FOR—

BOSTON.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

THE PALACE STEAMERS
OF THE
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8.00 a. m.

Leave St. John at 8 o'clock every Saturday night for

BOSTON DIRECT.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, $6,50, 2nd class; $9.50, 1st class.

For tickets and other information apply to

G. A. SHARP, P. E. I. Ry., F. W. HALES, P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co.

or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

May 7, 1886—eod wky

L. ARTHUR & CO.,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,

BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.

July 15—dly wkly

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY

IS MARKED

T & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

None Other Genuine.

Oct. 20

NEW DRY GOODS,

—AT—

PERKINS & STERNS'

AS usual, our stock has been personally selected in the best British and American markets, and comprises, in addition to a **Full Range of Staple Dry Goods,** all the novelties to be found.

London, Paris and New York Millinery. Fancy Goods, Hats, Bonnets and Shapes.

New Parasols and Umbrellas!

Large Stock of New Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

New Trimmings, New Frillings, New Laces

New DRESS GOODS with TRIMMINGS to Suit.

New French Muslins, New American Muslins, New Laces to Match.

New Cloths, New Pink Cottons, New Jerseys, New Jackets.

New Carpets and Oilcloths!

PERKINS & STERNS.

Ch'town, April 29, '86.

NEW HAT & FUR STORE,

Newson Block.

A NEW DEPARTURE!

HATS, of the Latest Styles, at the very LOWEST PRICES.

FURS, of all kinds, Cleaned, Dyed, altered and Repaired.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for Raw Furs.

E. STUART.

Ch'town, May 4, 1886

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GREAT SHOW

—AT—

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

NEW DRESS GOODS, in all the newest makes.
NEW MANTLE CLOTHS, in all the newest makes.
NEW CHIP, TAPE and STRAW HATS.
NEW FLOWERS, FEATHERS.
NEW HOSIERY, NEW GLOVES.
NEW PRINTS, NEW CRETONNES.
NEW MOURNING GOODS, NEW TRIMMINGS.
CARPETS, in Scotch, Brussels, Tapestry and Hemp, at CLEARING-OUT PRICES.

HATS! HATS! HATS!—Thousands of Men and Boys' HATS, in Felt and Straw, from 10 cents.

CLOTHING—$7,000 worth of Ready-Made Clothing to select from. Boys' Suits from $1.25, Men's Suits from $4.50. Will guarantee the best value in Clothing ever offered on P. E Island.

A fine stock of English Worsteds, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, which will be made to order at close prices.

A big stock of Gents' Furnishings. Men's Cotton Shirts, 25 cents up.

All our Goods are sold at the Cheapest Prices. Please call and see for yourselves.

J. B. MACDONALD,

QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, May 12, 1886.—dy & wky

TELEGRAPH ORDRES PROMPTLY SHIPPED.

COFFINS and Caskets, all sizes, mounted and furnished at one hour's notice.

LOW-PRICE GOODS AND HIGH-PRICE GOODS.

$15.00 Funeral Outfit, consisting of Imitation Rosewood Casket, silver-plate mountings, outside shell and use of hearse.

Having made special arrangements with the manufacturers of Funeral Goods, we are able to quote the **lowest prices** on all grades of Funeral Furnishings.

MARK WRIGHT & CO.

TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION.

Ch'town, April 12, '85—2aw & wky

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT. 25 Cts.

A WONDERFUL REMEDY

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam.

It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after all other medicines have failed. Sufferers from either recent or chronic coughs or bronchial affections, can resort to this great remedy, confident of obtaining speedy relief. Do not delay, get it at once.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Bottled at St. Stevens, N. B., by the proprietors, F. W. KINSMAN & CO., Druggists, 343 4TH AVE., N. Y.

ABSOLUTE PURITY.

THE following ananlyses (made by the Dominion Analyst) of three BAKING POWDERS sold in this market should put a stop to the unjust efforts of the Royal to mislead the public as to its being the only pure Powder. These impartial tests show that other Powders are as pure and wholesome:

W. SAUNDERS, Dom. Analyt, St. John, N. B. reports:

Royal—Contains Alkaline Carbonates—a mixture consisting mainly of Bi-Carbonate of Soda and Cream of Tartar—adulterated with about 20 per cent. of Starch.

W. F. BEST. Dom. Analyst, St. John, N. B., reports:

Pure Gold—Contains Cream of Tartar, Carbonate of Soda—fresh and pure.

WOODILL'S { Nov. 10, 1882—Not adulterated; same as usual. April 7, 1883—Not adulterated; same as usual. June 4, 1884—Fresh and pure; same composition as usual.

MAYNARD BOWMAN, Dom. Analyst, Halifax, N. S., reports:

WOODILL'S { Of good quality; contains nothing injurious.

Woodill's German Baking Powder has held a reputation for purity and wholesomeness now nearly 30 years.

May 21, 1886.

FOR SALE.

THE Land and Property recently occupied by the undersigned, situated on the Brighton Road.

BENJAMIN HEARTZ.

April 20—2aw tf & pat

1827 - - - 1886.

T. & E. KENNY,

Dry Goods and Shipping,

HALIFAX, CANADA.

T & E. KENNY,

(F. C. MAHON)

Ship Owners and Brokers,

General Commission Merchants,

161 GRESHAM HOUSE,

Bishopsgate Street,

LONDON, E. C.,

England.

Scott's and Vaughan's Codes.

March 29, 1886.

ESTABLISHED 1873. MEMBERS CHAMBER COMMERCE.

WE BUY

Potatoes, Spiling, R.R. Ties, Lumber, Laths, Canned Fish, Hay, Eggs, Produce,

And sell on commission. Write us fully for quotations. Ship to

HATHEWAY & CO.,

22 Central Wharf, Boston, General Commission Merchants.

Consign your vessels to our house. Will receive personal attention. Charters, Freights and Vessels for the United States, Newfoundland, West Indies, South America Ports. Lumber, Stone and Oil Freights.

April 12, '86—3mos

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

TO LET—A brick House on Pownal Street, now occupied by Mr. Geo. J. Wright. Apply to Thos. W. Dodd. mar26 tf

TO LET—The Brick House, opposite THE EXAMINER office; possession given about 1st June. Apply to John Ings. may7 3i pd

TO LET—Furnished Rooms with use of Kitchen, or furnished House. Apply at THE EXAMINER office. ap27 tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—The Cottage at St. Avards, St. Peter's Road, just outside city limits, at present occupied by D. Geo. Chesnut, Esq Apply to R. McMillan, coal office, foot Prince Street ap12 eod wky tf

FOR SALE—Fyles of "Littell's Living Age," from 1882 to 1884, complete—the best literature of the age. Also, Webster's Dictionary (unabridged). Apply at THE EXAMINER office. feb27

Temperance Convention at Bedeque.

A MEETING of temperance electors of the Fourth Electoral District of Prince County, was held in the Hall, Centreville, on the 12th inst. Joseph Rogers was elected chairman and the undersigned secretary.

The chairman made some remarks suitable for the occasion.

David Rogers, chairman of the convening committee, addressed the meeting, stating why the meeting had been called. He said it was necessary for temperance men to unitedly take some political action. As far as he was concerned, he would only vote for known temperance men. He concluded by moving the following resolution, which was seconded by James Carruthers, Esquire:—

Whereas, The experience of the past has convinced us that moral suasion alone is not sufficient to stay the evils of intemperance, and that the liquor traffic is not only a moral but a political evil; we believe, therefore, it requires moral and political action to redress it.

Therefore Resolved, That we recommend temperance men to take the following political action: 1st, That they vote for no candidate who is not a known temperance worker. 2nd, That said candidates use their influence to have the Canada Act fully enforced if elected. 3rd, That they appoint men in sympathy with the Act to carry out its provisions. 4th, That they be required to vote against their party if need be on a temperance issue.

A number of gentlemen spoke to the resolution, among whom were Mr. James Stavert, who said that men elected to Parliament should be moral, temperate and Christian men. Mr. Carruthers said that the party in power had been asked by the temperance people and by petitions, to appoint inspectors to enforce the Act, but up to the present time it had not been done. This he regretted for he thought that much liquor would be sold on election day to corrupt the electors. He seemed to think there was not much to be expected from the present Government after the way they dismissed the prosecutors before.

Hon. Stewart Burns was called upon, who said that he was a temperance man, and wished to see the cause prosper. But some people used the temperance question to cut and carve their political opponents. He defended the action of the Government in dismissing the inspectors. The reason he gave was that they did not furnish the Government with a detailed account of their expenses. He thought that prosecutors would be appointed.

G. W. Bentley said he had done his duty as a temperance man, considering he had not been elected on a temperance ticket, but he had voted against his party on a temperance issue and would do it again.

The resolution was then put and carried unanimously, only one refusing to vote either way.

Jesse Burns, Grand Scribe of the Sons of Temperance (who is a candidate on the Liberal ticket) was repeatedly called for, came forward and made a short but practical speech. He said that those who knew him could testify to the fact that he had been a temperance man long before he belonged to any party. His temperance principles he held dearer than his political ones, and if elected would vote against his party, if need be, on a temperance issue. Others made short speeches. On motion of Mr. McCaull it was agreed to publish the proceedings in the *Pioneer*, *Union* and EXAMINER newspapers.

L. U. FOWLER,
Secretary.

Boston Markets.

BOSTON, June 12.

POTATOES—Choice stock are not plentiful and prices are a little firmer. Eastern Hebrons readily command 70c., and best Houlton Rose are taken at 65c. Eastern Prolifics have been selling at 65c. per bushel. Northern stock range from 55 to 60c. P. E. Island Chenangoes are firmer, with sales at 48 and 50c.

EGGS—Trade has been rather light, but prices are maintained, and the best grades of Eastern are fairly sold up. Sales of Eastern at 12½c. to 13c.; Northern and Provincial 11½c. to 12c.; and Western 11c. to 11½c. At the close it is hard to get outside figures.

FISH.—There is a little better feeling in the market, but it is difficult to get any advance in prices. New Mackerel continue in very light receipt, and the small lots coming in readily command full prices. Sales rule at $6 to $6.50 per bbl. Fresh Mackerel from Nova Scotia command 7 to 10 cents each. Old Shore Mackerel are more inquired for, with sales at $5 to $6 per bbl., but dealers are indifferent about paying $6. Nova Scotia No. 2 Mackerel are not easy to place at over $5 to $5.50 per bbl, and some have been sold lower. The demand is only for small lots. Codfish are steadier, and old stock is pretty well cleaned up. New pickle cured Bank are selling at $2 to $2.25, and new dry Bank at $2.50 to $3 per qtl. New Georges command $3. Nothing of consequence doing in Hake, Haddock or Pollock. Pickled Herring dull and prices nominal. Smoked Herring are selling fairly at 12 to 14c. per box for large, and 15 to 16c. for strictly medium scaled. Fresh Salmon 11 to 12c. per lb.

CANNED GOODS—Lobsters are in fair demand, and have been advanced to $1.65 and $1.70 per dozen duty paid. Mackerel are lower and selling at 55 to 60c. We quote; Lobsters, per dozen, $1.65 to $1.75; Mackerel, 55 to 60c.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

FOR OVERWORKED FEMALES.

Dr. J. P. Cowan, Ashland, O., says: 'It proves satisfactory as a nerve tonic; also in dyspeptic conditions of the stomach, with general debility, such as we find in overworked females, with nervous headache and its accompaniments.'

Female Orange lodges are being formed in England to aid the Unionists in their elections.

Coercion Acts for Ireland.

(St. John Telegraph.)

Since 1845, no fewer than thirty-two acts of repression or coercion have been passed by the British Parliament, with a special reference to Ireland. Seven times the habeas corpus act has been suspended for varying periods. And these arbitrary acts of the majority has not been the doing of one political party but of both, the Liberal party, perhaps, from having been more continuously in power, having passed a majority of these repressive measures. Is it too much to say, as D'Arcy McGee said, that coercion has failed? Is it not better to try a measure of simple justice and self-government? Who is there who will believe that under Home Rule it will be necessary so frequently as in the past for the supreme authority to interfere year by year with a new act, or the extension of an old one repressive of the common liberties of the Irish people? Here are the short titles of the coercion bills, the dates of their passage and the party in power at the time during the past forty years:—

846.	Constabulary Force Act	Lib.
1847.	Crime and Outrage Act	"
1848.	Treason Amendment Act	"
1848.	Removal of Aliens Act	"
1848.	Habeas Corpus Suspension Act	"
1848.	Unlawful Oats Act (Continuance)	"
1849.	Habeas Corpus Suspension Act	"
1850.	Crime and Outrage Act (Continuance)	"
1851.	Unlawful Oaths Act (Continuance)	"
1852.	Crime and Outrage Act (Continuance)	Con
1853.	Crime and Outrage Act (Continuance)	Lib.
1854.	" " "	"
1855.	" " "	"
1856.	Peace Preservation Act	"
1856.	Unlawful Oaths Act (Continuance)	"
1858.	Peace Preservation Act "	Con
1860.	" " "	Lib.
1862.	" " "	"
1862.	Unlawful Oaths Act "	"
1865.	Peace Preservation Act "	"
1866.	Habeas Corpus Suspension Act	"
1866.	Habeas Corpus Suspension Act (Continuance)	Con
1867.	Habeas Corpus Suspension Act (Continuance)	"
1867.	Habeas Corpus Suspension Act Continuance)	"
1868.	Habeas Corpus Suspension Act)Continuance)	"
1870.	Peace Preservation Act	Lib.
1871.	Protection of Life and Property (Westbeath Act)	"
1873.	Peace Preservation Act, etc., (Continuance)	"
1876.	Peace Preservation Act, etc., (Continuance)	Con.
1881.	Protection of Life and Property Act	Lib.
1881.	Arms Act	"
1882.	Crimes Prevention Act	"

A Fix.

During the second year of the war, a grocer in an Ohio town scaled his prices by the reports from the front. One day a defeat would cut the price of butter four cents, the next day a victory would raise the price of eggs a penny a dozen, and victory or defeat was certain to hit even the jar of nutmegs on the top shelf. One day a farmer who had some butter to sell entered the store and asked the going price.

"I'm paying sixteen cents to-day," was the answer.

"But only two days ago you paid twenty."

"Yes, but you see Pope has been defeated since that, and there is a back action."

The farmer sold out and wanted most of his pay in sugar, and the grocer remarked as he made ready to weigh it:

"Sugar has advanced one cent a pound since Monday."

"How is that?"

"Because the rebels got licked at Tennessee."

The old man sat down on a nail box, and after thinking it all over he looked up and said:

"My friend, if a federal defeat cheapens what you buy, and a rebel victory enhances the value of what you sell, what a hell of a fix you would be in if there should happen to be a drawn battle."

Red Sunsets.

After the appearance of the remarkable red sunsets in the fall of 1883 a set of prizes was offered by Mr. H. H. Warner, of Rochester, for the best essay on the subject. Many scientists in the United States and Europe competed for the prizes. The only entry from the United States that took a prize was an essay by Mr. H. C. Maine, of Rochester. His was the only prize essay that did not ascribe the peculiar redness of the sunsets to the eruption of the volcano Krakatoa. Mr. Maine's theory is that the phenomena were caused by storms on the sun itself. The red sunsets always followed an unusual display of spots on the sun, the latter being caused by disturbances in the solar atmosphere. When the sun-spot activity ceased the red sunsets disappeared. This spring these spots again became frequent, and the red sunsets have been seen again. Mr. Maine allows the volcanic dust some share in the display, but the main effects he believes to be due to the sun storms of the past four years, which by their unusual violence have "so loaded and extended the solar envelope that its nebulosity has become visible."

An Inquiry Worth Continuing.

The editor of a paper in Arizona, that hot-bed of original ideas in journalism, sent out postal cards to his subscribers, bearing the inquiry: "Why are you an honest man?" One of them answered it was because he always liked to be different from other people, a second, that it was because he never held office, while a third answered: "I suppose you're goin' to start a museum, and are lookin' for freaks. Well, count me out; I'm not one." The answer to the last was excellent proof that he was better than he professed to be, and came fairly within the scope of the editor's inquiry. If that were continued on a wider scale and according to the scientific plan of the philosophers who are dissecting modern society, it might determine the extent to which conscience has died out and been replaced by policy. It would be an investigation worthy these philosophers to find out how many are honest because honesty is right and how many because it pays best.