

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1886.

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ALMANAC FOR DECEMBER, 1886.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter 3rd day, 10h. 12.5m., a. m., N. E. (below horizon.)
Full Moon 10th day, 5h. 17.7m., a. m., W. Last Quarter 18th day, 2h. 26.6m., a. m., S. E. New Moon 25th day, 5h. 42.1m., a. m., N. E. (below horizon.)

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
M.	ris	sets	water	len
1 Wednesday	7 28.4	8 11 44	1 51	8 41
2 Thursday	30	9 16 2	2 34	39
3 Friday	31	9 0 43	3 21	38
4 Saturday	32	9 1 9	4 23	37
5 Sunday	33	9 1 34	5 29	36
6 Monday	34	8 4 59	6 33	34
7 Tuesday	35	8 2 26	7 35	33
8 Wednesday	36	8 2 57	8 23	32
9 Thursday	37	8 3 31	9 10	31
10 Friday	38	8 4 11	9 52	30
11 Saturday	39	8 4 58	10 33	29
12 Sunday	40	8 5 54	11 14	28
13 Monday	41	8 6 56	11 57	27
14 Tuesday	42	8 8 4	12 33	26
15 Wednesday	43	9 0 10	1 23	25
16 Thursday	44	9 10 27	2 2	25
17 Friday	44	9 11 59	3 5	25
18 Saturday	45	10 0	4 13	25
19 Sunday	45	10 0 51	5 31	24
20 Monday	46	10 2 02	6 50	24
21 Tuesday	47	11 3 12	7 55	25
22 Wednesday	47	12 4 22	8 48	25
23 Thursday	48	13 5 28	9 34	25
24 Friday	48	13 6 31	10 16	25
25 Saturday	48	14 7 29	10 55	26
26 Sunday	49	15 8 20	11 34	26
27 Monday	49	15 9 5	12 0	27
28 Tuesday	49	16 7 47	0 10	27
29 Wednesday	49	16 10 16	0 45	27
30 Thursday	49	17 10 50	1 21	28
31 Friday	7 49	17 11 12	2 0	28

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Subscriber are hereby notified that all Accounts unpaid after the 15th day of DECEMBER next, will be handed into his attorney for immediate collection.

J. B. MACDONALD.

Ch'town, Nov. 25, 1886—dy & wk

POTATO BAGS!

JUST RECEIVED.

5,000 shipping Bags.

WEEKS & BEER.

Nov. 27, 1886—1w eod.



BOSTON.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT

THE PALACE STEAMERS

OF THE

INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, and Thursday at 8:30 a. m. Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$4.50, 1st class.
For tickets and other information apply to—
A. SHARP, P. E. I. S. S. Co.
P. E. I. S. S. Co. P. E. I. S. S. Co.
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.
Nov. 15, 1886—eod wky

L. ARTHUR & CO.,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

121 ATLANTIC AVENUE, BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.
July 15—city wky

BARCLAY & CO.,

GENERAL

Commission & Shipping Merchants,
191 Atlantic Avenue, Boston.

Eight years' experience in this market. Over fifty thousand bushels P. E. I. potatoes received by us last fall. Our potatoes all selected. Vessels chartered for potato freights at short notice. Write for market reports.
Specialties—Potatoes, Mackerel, Canned Lobsters, Eggs.
June 17, '86—3m & eod

TREMENDOUS SLAUGHTER.

CLEARING OUT SALE.

J. B. Macdonald's

CONTEMPLATING making extensive alterations in my store, early in the new year, which will necessitate my closing for some time, I will

SELL OFF

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

New and Seasonable Goods.

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

AND

C-L-O-T-H-I-N-G

AT A TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE.

All the stock of Fancy Dress Goods and Dress Cloths at 33 1/2 per cent discount.

All the Cloths and Tweeds at a discount of 33 1/2 per cent. Knit Wool Goods, Shawls and Mantles at 33 1/2 per cent discount.

Gray, White and Scarlet Flannels at 33 1/2 per cent discount.

Velvets, Plushes, Ribbon and all Millinery Goods at 33 1/2 per cent discount.

All the stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Overcoats, Reefers and Suits at a discount of 33 1/2 per cent.

All Cotton Goods at a discount of 25 per cent

The entire stock must be cleared before the first of the New Year. You can depend on getting the BEST BARGAINS ever offered in this city.

All Goods Sold for CASH only.

J. B. MACDONALD,

QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, Oct. 19, 86—dy wky

READ THIS:

WE buy our Clothes direct from the manufacturers, consequently we are able to meet those Big Discounts "we read about" without any sensational advertising. We carry the Largest Stock of Imported Cloths on the Island.

Overcoatings, in blue, black, brown and green.
Meltons, Naps, in blue, black, brown and green.
Worsted, in all the fashionable shades and colors.
English, Scotch, Irish, Canadian and Island Tweeds in endless variety, made in the Leading Styles, at Bottom Prices.
Splendid value in Gent's Furnishings.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.,

UPPER QUEEN ST., (Op. Roger's New Brick Block.)

Ch'town, Oct. 27, 1886.

ELGIN WATCHES

A FACT well worth knowing, and also worth remembering, that one dollar saved is two dollars gained.
By calling at G. G. JURY'S store you may realize it, for he has a large assortment of goods, such as Waltham, Elgin, Hampden, Elgin, Seaside, and all the best grades of American Watches, in gold, silver, and silver-ore cases, at a Reduction of Ten per Cent on former low prices.
In CLOCKS, a large assortment of eight-day and thirty-hour pieces, varying from one dollar up to twelve dollars.
SILVERWARE, in Castors, Butter Dishes, Pickle Dishes, Cake Baskets, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Napkin Rings—all in prices that cannot be surpassed. In jewelry, Brooches, Ear-rings, Necklets, Lockets, Rings of all kinds from fifty cents upwards, and a lot of Novelties too numerous to mention.
Special and personal attention given to the Repair of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. Work done promptly and guaranteed.

G. G. JURY,

North Side Queen Square (opposite New Post Office), Charlottetown.
Spt. 10, 1886—1w & wky

The Duty of the Hour.

DR. McNEILL'S ADDRESS AT THE ORGANIZATION OF THE LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT OF QUEEN'S COUNTY.

MR. CHAIRMAN.—We are here to-day for the purpose of forming a Liberal-Conservative Association for the First Electoral District of Queen's County. Doubtless, very soon the same course will be adopted throughout the length and breadth of Prince Edward Island. It has too frequently been the case that the rank and file of the party are neglected, depending on the skill and statesmanship of our leaders. Our party has now been in power eight years, and we may feel apathetic under the idea that it is impossible to defeat our party; but the necessity of organization and unity is so apparent that, if we expect victory to be inscribed on our banners,

WE MUST UNITE

and be ready for the contest with the certainty of success. We are organizing to fight a party of so-called Reformers, who ruled this Dominion for five years, and who came into power as the party of purity—the party who were going to elevate the standard of public morality in this Dominion. The advent of this party was hailed in 1873 with acclamation by the Reformers in all portions of the Dominion, for they believed the leaders of that party were going to introduce an era of purity, good government and economy, such as was never known before. This party, while in opposition, were loud in declaiming against conditions, yet when the opportunity offered they violated every pledge and principle, even to the hugging of Cauchon to their bosom, of whom the Toronto Globe wrote: "His crime was rank and smelted to Heaven." A coalition was formed with Mr. Cartwright, who was previously denounced as the "mixer and muddler," and not many years ago he was charged with having voted to reward foul murder in the Northwest, and a whole list of votes offensive at one time to their party of purity. When they could not raise the wind in any other way, they did then exactly what their followers are trying to-day. Then Canadian Independence and Annexation; now a few straggling members of the band are endeavoring to howl "Repeal." Without troubling you with the violation of the public contracts and the squandering of public money, suffice it to say that, during the five years of Grit misrule in this Dominion, not one single pledge or promise was kept or redeemed. The Independence of Parliament was a very prominent plank in the Grit platform, but when they obtained power they threw professions to the four winds of Heaven, and subsidized the Speaker with contracts to the amount of \$18,648, besides an innumerable host of others. Now, this is the same party who, for the last eight years, have been proclaiming

Ruin and Devastation

for the country—because they are not in power. By their fruits ye shall know them. Taking their previous professions and practices, we cannot but see the hollowness of their pretensions, and it is not to be wondered at that the country would look upon them in doubt and fear,—in doubt, because they have no guarantee that they would ever redeem their pledges; in fear, because it would be a dreadful calamity upon the country to see its credit and bonds again sacrificed in the London markets.

The Liberal Conservative party, after Confederation, viewed what was formerly fragmentary provinces united, conceived the policy of making Canada a country worth living in, and, seeing unity of territory, and facilities of inter-communication are among the strongest bonds of union, saw that, in order to make it a country, and induce inhabitants to go in and possess our wilderness land, a line of railway must extend from the ATLANTIC TO THE PACIFIC. They grappled with that question in a statesmanlike manner, and to-day we have the proud satisfaction of witnessing the accomplishment and completion of that grand scheme in reality before the time allowed for its completion, and completed without any material increase in the taxation of the country.

Look at the progress the country has made, the impetus given to manufactures and varied industry, whereby two-thirds of the whole consumption which formerly was imported from foreign countries, are now produced by the people of Canada, showing an increase of 93 per cent benefit to our citizens every year under the present policy.

In a country like ours, situated as we are in close proximity to the United States, as a means to enhance the interests of our country, the great element must always be confidence in the political institutions of our own country—not to be forever railing against Canada or sections of it. Our tariff was framed for the country as a whole, and was no more designed for the west than for the east.

AS AN ISLAND

it is our duty to test the scheme propounded and so ably advocated by Senator Howland, and have it supported by all our representatives from this Province until the connection is complete. I have every confidence in this scheme, and, as I notice Parliament has been voting subsidies for branch railways in the other provinces, I see no reason why a subsidy for increased railway accommodation should not grace the statute book in favor of Prince Edward Island.

ELECTORS PROVE TRUE TO YOURSELVES, organize in earnest, retire to your respective homes and work up your local clubs to support men who will stand true to the interests of the province and the country in general. The men who are endeavoring to gain power over the reign of "Riel" and would not vote with their Chief show plainly that they are not to be trusted when principles are to be sacrificed to gain power.

I feel satisfied that the reign of the Conservatives for the last eight years will bear

examination, and when on our hustings, the great stretcher of P. E. Island will make charges against the Government, they will become insignificant when viewed side by side with Grit practices.

As we have no other record to judge them by, we will be compelled to draw comparisons. Gentlemen, we must be true to OURSELVES AND OUR PRINCIPLES, that when the struggle comes, we shall be able to show such a front as will save us from defeat and make our standard bearers, whoever they may be, victorious and triumphant.

The Care of Diphtheria.

A TALK WITH A SISTER OF ST. MARGARET—THE PREVENTION OF THE DISEASE.

(From the Boston Record.)

The prevalence of diphtheria at the present time, both in Boston and many suburban cities and towns, has called renewed attention to the ravages of this dreaded disease and the conditions in which it implants and spreads itself throughout communities. While outbreaks of the disease occur without any seeming or adequate cause at all seasons, the beginning of winter is especially marked as the season of its usual approach. Many believe that the alternate snow and rain of late November or early December, and the "January thaw" at the early spring, are the periods of the year favorable to the establishment of this epidemic, and many homes have cause to dread the presence of "slushy weather" during the winter time. "It ain't the clear crisp cold of winter that lays the children up with colds or lays 'em low with diphtheria; it's the soft, pleasant an' slushy days that comes every now 'n' again," said an old sunburnt nurse of the "Mrs. Gamp" type. "It's the wet feet that children get goin' to an' from school. Mos' folks thinks that as long as they keep their cellars and sheds cleaned up in the summer that there ain't no fear in the cold weather of poisonous airs risin'." But as a general rule the rooms are kept roasting hot, day and night, and the windows or doors are never opened except for a minute, and then by accident. There was much truth in the observation, although it was crudely expressed, and any mother who looks over the appliances for ventilation and the convenience for drainage will find much that might be bettered, and so secure

THE LIVES AND HEALTH OF THE CHILDREN

as far as possible for human care to attain this result. Many a "mysterious dispensation of Providence" can be found to have its origin in a neglected cellar, or a leaky drain and sink-spout, although in many instances people are so ignorant of necessary sanitary precautions that the first theory is generally accepted in mourning homes. In conversation with a Record reporter recently, a sister of the order of St. Margaret, who is now a nurse in one of our prominent hospitals, but who formerly was engaged in mission work at the north end, gave many interesting particulars of her experience with this disease at that time, with some hints as to the detection of the first symptoms and the after treatment. "The first symptoms are much like those of a heavy cold on the lungs," she said. "There is a difficulty in breathing; the child becomes feverish and stupid. Then there is a very sharp pain in the glands of the neck, just beneath the ear, and much swelling to be noticed on the outside of the neck. The tongue is coated, the throat and the tonsils are especially inflamed, and little white spots which, as they grow larger, turn to a dirty yellow or brown, are seen. There is a peculiar disagreeable smell from a diphtheritic sore throat which often distinguishes it from any other."
"What is the difference, then, between the ulcerated sore throat and this?"
"The ulcerated sore throat is what old-fashioned people call quinsy, but they called the diphtheritic affection 'a putrid sore throat,' even before the real nature of diphtheria was understood.

"The first thing that ought to be done in such a case is to call in a doctor, but gargling with chloride of potash or flour of sulphur mixed with water is often found beneficial. The patient should be put to bed immediately, and kept lying down as much as possible, and nourishing food should be given so that rest and quiet can be obtained and the strength can be kept up.

"Of course the treatment must vary with the malignity of the disease. In what is known as the malignant or black diphtheria there is little that can be done. It comes on so rapidly and often terminates fatally in a day or two, or even less than twenty-four hours. Ice held in the mouth proves the most

SOOTHING AND GRATEFUL TO THE PATIENT,

although in many places caustic gargles are given for the purpose of destroying the false membrane. Creosote and glycerine is one of these, and muriatic acid and honey are sometimes applied with a camel's hair pencil to the back of the throat, or diluted with water for gargling purposes. With very young children these cannot often be successfully used, but with an older child or with adults this can be done. Some doctors give adults 20 grains of chloride of potassium in solution every three hours, or five grains of chloride of iron and sulphate of quinine are also given, and permanganate of potassium, one drachm dissolved in a pint and a half of water, and given in doses of a fluid drachm every hour. Milk, beef tea and other nourishing foods must be given either by injections or in the natural way, and stimulants are often given to excite the action of the heart. Blood poisoning and paralysis of the heart are as frequently the direct causes of death as suffocation, although the stoppage of the windpipe and bronchial tubes by the false membranes is generally thought the immediate cause. In poor people's houses, where this disease comes

most frequently, and in squalid neighborhoods, where cleanliness and precaution were unknown, I found it a difficult matter to keep the patient completely isolated in houses where a whole family occupied the same room. In such cases the patient, if possible, was sent to a hospital or institution, but if not the other children were kept as far away from the patient as the limited area of the room would permit, and all the methods of disinfection were vigorously observed. No handkerchiefs were used by the patient, but soft cloths, which were burned as soon as used, and all the linen used about the patient was soaked in disinfectants before being washed. The same general rules for disinfection and isolation that are used in cases of scarlet fever and other contagious diseases will be found useful in this disease, and of course in other houses it is possible to have the most complete and efficient care over the patient and his surroundings, so that children in the same house may not take the infection."

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM

SAFE. SURE. PROMPT. 25 Cts.

AWONDERFUL REMEDY

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam. It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after all other medicines have failed. Sufferers from either recent or chronic coughs or bronchial affections, can resort to this great remedy, confident of obtaining speedy relief. Do not delay, get it at once.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Bottled at St. Stevens, N. B., by the proprietors,
F. W. KINSMAN & CO., Druggists,
543 4th Ave., N. Y.

Notice to Creditors

NOTICE is hereby given that HENRY JAMES FOLLAND, of Northam, Lot 13, P. E. I., has this day assigned all his stock in trade goods, wares and merchandise to me as Trustee for his creditors. The date of assignment can be seen at the office of Messrs. Mel'ean, Martin & McDonald, Solicitors, until the first day of January, next, 1887.
THOS. H. POPE,
Northam, Lot 13, P. E. I., Nov. 25, 1886—4 2aw

BIRD CAGES.

RECEIVED to-day, via steamer Worcester:—
1 CASE BIRD CAGES,
FROM \$1.00 UP.

SIMON W. CRABBE,
Sign of the Stove, Walker's Corner.
Ch'town, Nov. 25, '86—2wks 2aw

CARD.

"THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY," having lately added to their stock of type and material for job printing, are better than ever prepared to execute orders for Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Handbills of all kinds, Visiting or Business Cards, &c., promptly and cheaply, in the best style of the art.
None but first-class workmen are employed in their office; and, as they import their printing papers direct from the manufacturers, they are able to fill all orders on the most favorable terms. The continued patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.
W. L. COTTON,
Manager.
Ch'town, Nov. 16, 1886.

"Nothing Injurious."

WOODRILL'S & GERMER'S BAKING POWDER

MAYNARD BOWMAN,
DOMINION ANALYST,
Halifax, N. S.
Dec. 2, 1886.

CHRISTMAS IS COMING!

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
JUST received at the Bible and Tract Depot a large supply of Magazines, Gift Books, Text Books, Christmas Cards, Reward Cards, Mottoes, Sunday School Books, &c., &c. Bibles and Testaments at all prices.
M. F. ELLIS.
Nov. 21—eod

WANTED

AGENTS—Plain Home Talk, or Medical Companion Series, is a 100-page book, retailing at \$2.00, sells at sight; beautifully bound in cloth, gilt-stamped; commissions beyond liberality. Got our illustrated pamphlet description of this book and our terms at once and you will be convinced that it sells. Our new Lines, Albums, Scrap Albums, new, popular, and fast-selling Christmas Subscription Books. Try them from now until Christmas—W. E. EARLE, St. John, N. B., Manager, Maritime Provinces, for J. S. ROBERTSON & BROS., Publishers, Mail Building, Toronto, Ont.
Nov. 25—2aw & wky