

The Examiner.

VOL. 1.

L. COTTON,
Editor & Manager.

FRIDAY MORNING

OCTOBER 19, 1877.

NO. 13

A. McNEILL,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant
NO. 1 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN. F. F. NIAND

AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.
May 21, 1877.

ROYAL HOTEL,
King Square, Saint John.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that have leased the Hotel formerly known as the CONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Province.
Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation.
Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.
THOS. F. RAYMOND.
July 3, 1877—6m

REMEMBER,
Electors of Ch'town,
REMEMBER THAT THE
DAILY EXAMINER

daily on Sale at the Stores of—
H. A. HARVIE,
South Side Queen St.
T. O'CONNELL,
Lower Queen St.
GHEO. L. CHAPPELL,
North Side Queen St.
ARTHUR HASZARD,
West Side, Queen Square
RICHARD WEEKS,
Corner Hillsborough and Euston Sqs.

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
OF ENGLAND.

Capital -- Two Millions Sterling.
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and Produce also, on Vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June —

H. VINNICOMBE,
PIANO FORTE REGULATOR

ALL parties leaving their orders for Tuning at Bremner Bros. will receive the best attention.
All who have Pianos in Charlottetown would do well to have them tuned by the year, keeping their instruments in perfect order all the time.
A visit once a year at least will be made to all parts of the Island, or often if required.
Ch'town, July 18, 1877.

Shop and Warehouse to Let.

THAT Shop and Warehouse corner of Water and Piquet Street formerly occupied by the late N. RANKIN. Terms made known on application to C. D. RANKIN, Druggist

CORNED BEEF, COOKED
— IN —
2 and 4-pound TINS
and by the Pound.

All who have used it know of its excellence.
FOR SALE AT
BEER & GOFF'S.

Prince Edward Island STEAMERS.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Nova Scotia.

Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, & SATURDAY mornings, at 5 o'clock, connecting there at 10 a. m., with train for Halifax. Fare to Halifax, \$4.10. Picnic Parties of Twenty and upwards can obtain Return Tickets at Charlottetown Office to Pictou and back same day \$1.00 each.

Returning to Charlottetown.

Leave Pictou every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, about 2.30 p.m. on arrival of evening train from Halifax.

CAPE BRETON.

Leave Pictou for Hawkesbury every MONDAY and THURSDAY, on arrival of morning train from Halifax, connecting both ways with stage and Steamer "Neptune," to and from Sydney and Bras d'Or Lake.

Returning to Pictou same nights, connecting with 10 a. m. Train TUESDAY and FRIDAY for Halifax.

New Brunswick, Canada and United States.

Leaves SUMMERSIDE every day (Sunday excepted) on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown, connecting at SHELDIAK with trains for each of above named places, and at St. John with Steamers of INTERNATIONAL CO. for PORTLAND and BOSTON. Also, leave Charlottetown for Summerside every Monday morning, about 3 o'clock.

Returning, leaves SHELDIAK every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of day train from St. JOHN, for Summerside; connect there, without delay, with train for Charlottetown. Also, leaves Summerside for Charlottetown every Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock.

Agents: ALMON & MACINTOSH, Halifax; NOONAN & DAVIES, Pictou; A. GRANT & CO. Hawkesbury; HANFORD BROS., St. John.

F. W. HALES

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO BOSTON.

Steamers Carroll and Worcester

BOTH Steamers are fitted with new Boilers, and their Passenger accommodation arranged for every convenience and comfort, and fitted up in elegant style.
FREIGHT carried at moderate rates and as low as by any other route.

EGGS in boxes and barrels handled with the greatest care.

SAVING TIME, only one business day used in reaching Boston, by leaving here Saturday Morning and catching steamer at Halifax, and arriving at Boston Monday morning.

LEAVE CHARLOTTETOWN
Every Thursday,
punctually at 5 p. m.

LEAVE BOSTON
Every Saturday,
punctually at noon.

CARVELL BROS., Agent.

Ch'town, June 7, 1877

Parks' Cotton Yarns.

AWARDED the only Medal, given for COTTON YARNS of Canadian Manufacture at the

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

Nos. 5's to 10's.

White, Blue, Red, Orange, and Green.

Warranted full length and weight. Stronger and better than any other Yarn in the market.

Cotton Carpet Warp.

No. 12's 4-PLY IN ALL COLORS.

Warranted Fast.
WM. PARKS & SON,
New Brunswick Cotton Mills,
St. John, N. B.

Excursion Tickets TO BOSTON AND RETURN

STEAMERS CARROLL & WORCESTER,
For \$15.00.

CARVELL BROS
SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES!

The Perfection of Mechanism. So Light and Simple that a Child can Work them. So Durable that they last A Lifetime. Eight Thousand Machines now Manufactured every Week. To be had only from the Authorized Agent,
Robert Young,
South Side Queen Square,
Ch'town, Sept. 13, 1877.

STADACONA
Fire and Life Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company have made a further call of

Four instalments of Five per Cent. each,

on the Subscribed Capital of the Company, payable at its Office, No. 93 St. Peter Street, Quebec, as follows:—

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of August, 1877;

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of November, 1877;

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of February, 1878;

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of May, 1878.

By order of the Board,
CRAWFORD LINDSAY,
Secretary

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.
The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Unsteady Gait, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and After Taking many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address WM. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, P. Fraser, C. D. Rankin, Dr. Dodd, and a Apothecaries' Hall, and by all druggists anywhere

WANTED,

THE Highest Cash price paid for
Calf Skins and Sheep Skins.

ROBERT BIDDGES.

26— to & fr tf

DR. T. W. POMEROY
HAS returned to Charlottetown. He is staying at the "OSBORNE HOUSE," where he may be consulted until further notice. Examinations free.
Ch'town, Oct. 4—6m

ROBERT YOUNG
HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Per S. S. Prince Edward,

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT

— OF —
NEW GOODS

Which he is offering at

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES

October 1, 1877.

Labrador Herring!
WE are daily expecting a cargo of LABRADOR HERRING, which will be sold cheap from the wharf.
HASZARD BROS
Ch'town, Sept. 23—6ed 11

CAPTAIN KIDD'S TREASURE.

THE WEST POINT PEOPLE GREATLY EXCITED—NEW DISCOVERIES—WHAT A DREAM DID.

(From the Summerside Journal.)

The following very interesting account of the late search for Capt. Kidd's money at West Point was sent us by our West Point correspondent, too late for last week's issue. If any of our subscribers up West are engaged in this imaginary pursuit, the intelligence of success on the part of their endeavors will be hailed with untold pleasure by us, as we may then expect to be daily in receipt of letters, enquiring— "What is my bill? Send up and I will remit by return mail."

WEST POINT, Oct. 2, 1877.

There is considerable excitement here to-day. Men with anxious, business-like countenances moving hurriedly round our shores. Horsemen are to be seen galloping about in all directions. Men with muskets thrown over their shoulders and their countenances full of determination or desperation, I can hardly divine which. Verily matters are assuming rather a serious aspect. On enquiring we learn that these people have gathered from all ends of the country for the purpose of unearthing or unsanding some of Captain Kidd's long hidden treasures at West Point. This evening their camp has rather a formidable appearance, muskets lying round in all directions; eighteen or twenty able-bodied men stretched on the lounges, telling in their turns of the wonderful apparitions that have been seen here. All seem to be nerving themselves for a wonderful and hazardous adventure. They are pledging fidelity to each other in the days of their near at hand prosperity. Some have concluded to travel in foreign countries, other to retire from active service and live the rest of their days in quiet and luxury, while others purpose blocking up the Straits of Bell Isle as an experiment on our climate. (The water is very cold at West Point just now), so they say. In this company is an aged man who dreamt of this treasure at West Point when in Miramichi years ago. He knows the exact amount "fifteen thousand pounds in old coin." Surely if the Hobgoblins give them but half a sight they will bring it up this time.

WEDNESDAY—Nothing of consequence done last night. This afternoon they are into their business extensively, men digging with shovels and horses dragging away the sand, also three cucumber pumps constantly jogging. Not a word spoken, it is entirely a dumb institution when the work is being carried on. To-night the final is expected, hobgoblins, fairies and all other supernatural agents are expected on the stage, but if musketry can put them to flight they will be compelled to leave. Those who survive will live for ever in wealth and influence.

THURSDAY—A "big push" was made last night but the water coming in so fast that it overcame them and their cucumber pumps. This morning the fire of adventure seems to have left the party to a great extent. What is most discouraging no ghosts have yet appeared, causing the work to grow very monotonous.

FRIDAY—Nothing done e. Pum gave out.

SATURDAY—Pumps repaired and new ones made. This afternoon, muskets primed and every thing ready, a desperate effort was made. After gaining considerable on this water, with the mineral rocks dancing around the hole and general excitement prevailing, all at once the bottom appeared to drop out of the hole and the whole arrangement, party and all, burst up. This work of digging for money at West Point is carried on for a time mostly every summer. The success is yet to come.

A correspondent of the Perth *Expositor* in mentioning the probable formation of Granger Lodge in his vicinity, and the desire of some bucolic spirits to enjoy all the novelty and all the supposed benefit of such an organization, says that it seems to him, "that extreme selfishness appears to be the moving principle, and therefore the spread of those Lodges should not be encouraged. The farmers will ultimately find that it is not good policy to isolate themselves at the expenses of the retail dealers, the mechanics and the middlemen generally, who form important parts of the population. We are all part of one stupendous whole, and should act together for the common good."

A Western exchange has the following snake story: "One day lately, at the residence of Mr. Lockwood, in Harrow, Essex County, an invalid child was lying on the floor, when the attention of one of the members of the family was drawn to it by hearing a buzzing sound which appeared to issue from the child's clothing. Thinking that a bee had become entangled in its apparel, she lifted the child from the floor, when she was startled to behold a large rattlesnake glide from the place where the child had lain. A cat which happened to be in the room attacked the reptile and was bitten, from the effects of which it soon died. A man who was about the premises being called in dispatched the snake, which was found to have seven rattles. The child was uninjured."

FRENCH ELECTIONS.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

The Paris papers point out that both Opposition and Government are disappointed; the former having hoped to return 400 Deputies, while the latter reckoned on gaining 100 seats. The "Messager de Paris" states that the Government gained 40 seats and may obtain 10 more, and suggests that the Government's success is sufficient to afford an opportunity of terminating the crisis by mutual concessions. The "Standard's" Paris correspondent says: The Bonapartists claim to have gained from 30 to 34 seats, but some of their leaders, such as the Duke DeMouchy, M. Cheveran, and M. Baoul Duval, have been defeated. The elections are considered unsatisfactory, and the results calculated to lead to a renewal of strife. The Duke de Broglie's organ claims that after Gambetta's boast that 400 Republicans would be returned, the reduction of a Republican majority is virtually a Government victory, which encourages the Conservatives to continue in the policy inaugurated on the 16th May. The "Defence" (Clerical) considers the reduction of the Republican majority a rebuke to the insolence of the 363, and an encouragement to President McMahon to persevere in his present course. "La Temps," while admitting of some reduction of Republican majority, considers the decision of France is in favor of the Republicans peremptory, and declares it will be neither possible nor permissible to resist it. The "Times" despatch, dated Paris, midnight gives the latest returns, showing that 335 Republicans and 191 Conservatives were elected, and the second ballot will be required in twelve cases. Among the prominent Bonapartists elected is Robert Mitchell; and amongst these defeated are M. De Moupas and Prince Darsemburg. The "Constitution" advises the immediate retirement of ministers.

THE RESULTS OF THE P. W. R. A.—The following extract is taken from a leader on the crisis in the Church in a recent issue of the *Morning Post*, a Protestant secular paper: "It (the Public Worship Act) was intended, the Primate said, to effect a 'silent revolution' in the Church. A revolution it has worked, indeed, but it has not been a silent one. It has convulsed the Church throughout, and has brought Ritualism into a prominence, we may even say an acceptance, which but for this Act it could never have acquired. It did more; it concentrated the dispersed atoms and scattered forces of the Ritualistic party, and gave them a cohesion and organization which has made them strong. It largely added to the numerical strength of the English Church Union; it developed a feeling of enthusiasm amongst large numbers of the laity; it led to the formation of the Church League, whose aim is Disestablishment; and the Church of England's Working Men's Association, which is growing in numbers and strength, and like the Irish Brigade in the House of Commons, may prove either a useful or troublesome factor in future controversies and party movements. Thus, whatever else the Act may have done, it has not fulfilled the purposes attributed to it by the Primate and the Prime Minister respectively. The one said it would effect a silent revolution, the other that it would 'put down Ritualism.' It has done neither. It has strengthened the Ritualistic party, paralyzed the limbs of the Church Association, and brought to the Church, considered as an establishment, a danger which never seriously threatened her before. It was foretold in the House of Commons during the debates on the Bill that when once the clergy saw that the operation of the Act would touch them in the tender point of the loaves and fishes, by perilling their tenure of their preferments, they would one and all give in, and Ritualism would be no more heard of. It has proved that men are willing to sacrifice their preferments and the entire legal position of the Church rather than forego what they think to be ecclesiastically right at the dictation of the State or the construction of the Church's law by a civil court. We do not discuss now whether these clergy are right or wrong, we only state the facts."

BRITISH PHILISTINISM.—Emory Down Church, it will be remembered, was the scene, a few Sundays back, of a pretty piece of Vandalism, committed by one Mr. John Whittle, who is described in the local newspapers as a "gentleman of independent means." On Sunday, the 2d inst., a few minutes before the service began, he went up to the altar and took away the cross and two candlesticks. The officiating priest, the Rev. A. B. Orr, quietly asked Mr. Whittle to restore the ornaments, but instead of doing so, Mr. Whittle thought the church was a fitting place for riotous and indecent behaviour; but we are glad to see that the Magistrates at a special petty sessions were not of the same opinion, and they justly enough prevented the counsel for the defendant raising idle issues upon the so-called Ritualistic practices at the church. The bench considered the charge fully proved, and they fined the defendant £5, including costs, at the same time telling him that they could have sentenced him to two months' imprisonment.

Eleven thousand cases lobster at \$70,000, were shipped from one week by six houses.