

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

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SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1885.

VOL. 17.—NO. 129.

The Daily Examiner

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The Examiner Publishing Co.

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ALMANAC FOR OCTOBER, 1885.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter 1st day, 7h. 17m., a. m.
New Moon 7th day, 3h. 19m., a. m.
First Quarter, 15th day, 9a. 5m., p. m.
Full Moon, 23rd day, 5h. 19m., p. m.
Last Quarter, 30th day, 1h. 45m., p. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Days
	ris	sets	ris	water	Len
	h	m	h	ft	h
1 Thursday	6	3	5	36	10 57
2 Friday	6	32	0	25	6 37
3 Saturday	6	30	1	27	7 52
4 Sunday	6	28	2	49	8 27
5 Monday	6	26	4	1	9 33
6 Tuesday	6	24	5	12	10 14
7 Wednesday	6	22	6	22	10 52
8 Thursday	6	20	7	29	11 28
9 Friday	6	18	8	34	12 0
10 Saturday	6	16	9	36	0 5
11 Sunday	6	14	10	34	0 41
12 Monday	6	12	11	26	1 20
13 Tuesday	6	11	11	14	2 0
14 Wednesday	6	9	0	57	2 48
15 Thursday	6	7	1	35	3 45
16 Friday	6	5	2	9	4 50
17 Saturday	6	4	2	40	6 6
18 Sunday	6	3	3	9	7 11
19 Monday	6	3	3	8	8 6
20 Tuesday	6	3	4	5	8 50
21 Wednesday	6	3	4	35	9 31
22 Thursday	6	3	5	7	10 10
23 Friday	6	3	5	5	10 47
24 Saturday	6	3	5	4	11 56
25 Sunday	6	3	5	7	14
26 Monday	6	3	4	8	8 0 49
27 Tuesday	6	3	4	9	10 1 36
28 Wednesday	6	3	4	10	17 2 28
29 Thursday	6	3	4	11	26 3 32
30 Friday	6	3	4	12	34 4 49
31 Saturday	6	3	4	13	41 5 57

NOTES.

The Duchess of Edinburgh's birthday, the 17th.
The battle of Trafalgar (1805) the 21st.
Sir Stafford Northcote's birthday (1818) the 27th.
In this month the mornings decrease 51 minutes; the afternoons 1 hour, 3 minutes.

THE RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

For the convenience of the travelling public, we have carefully arranged the following table of arrival and departure of trains on the P. E. Island Railway, according to local time:—

Going West.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	6 47	9 12	4 02
Royal Junction	7 02	9 47	4 27
North Wiltshire	7 37	10 39	5 09
Hunter River	7 47	10 55	5 22
Bradshaw	8 12	11 32	5 57
County Line	8 19	11 43	6 07
Freetown	8 29	11 59	6 22
Kensington	8 42	12 22	6 42
Summerside	8 57	12 57	7 12

From West.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Tignish	2 07	6 47	
Alberton	2 45	7 57	
O'Leary	3 29	9 02	
Port Hill	4 20	10 29	
Wellington	4 49	11 16	
Miscoche	5 07	11 44	
Summerside	5 22	12 07	

From East.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	7 07	4 17	
York	7 43	4 44	
Bedford	8 04	4 57	
Mount Stewart	8 37	5 22	
Morell	8 57	5 52	
St. Peter's	10 15	6 17	
Bear River	11 07	6 52	
Souris	11 57	7 22	
Mount Stewart	9 02	5 32	
Cardigan	10 15	6 25	
Georgetown	10 37	6 42	

From East.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Souris	6 47	2 12	
Bear River	7 17	3 02	
St. Peter's	7 52	3 54	
Morell	8 14	4 27	
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 17	
Bedford	8 47	5 37	
York	9 12	6 14	
Charlottetown	9 26	6 35	
Georgetown	9 52	7 12	
Cardigan	7 32	3 37	
Georgetown	7 49	4 00	
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 12	

From East.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	7 07	4 17	
York	7 43	4 44	
Bedford	8 04	4 57	
Mount Stewart	8 37	5 22	
Morell	8 57	5 52	
St. Peter's	10 15	6 17	
Bear River	11 07	6 52	
Souris	11 57	7 22	
Mount Stewart	9 02	5 32	
Cardigan	10 15	6 25	
Georgetown	10 37	6 42	

From East.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Souris	6 47	2 12	
Bear River	7 17	3 02	
St. Peter's	7 52	3 54	
Morell	8 14	4 27	
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 17	
Bedford	8 47	5 37	
York	9 12	6 14	
Charlottetown	9 26	6 35	
Georgetown	9 52	7 12	
Cardigan	7 32	3 37	
Georgetown	7 49	4 00	
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Morell	8 14	4 27	
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York	9 12	6 14	
Charlottetown	9 26	6 35	
Georgetown	9 52	7 12	
Cardigan	7 32	3 37	
Georgetown	7 49	4 00	
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 12	

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BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Notaries Public, &c.
BROWN'S BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN.
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G. H. HASZARD,

Printer, Bookbinder,
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STATIONERY, SCHOOL-BOOKS, &C.

JUST RECEIVED, THE FOLLOWING LINES OF FASHIONABLE STATIONERY:—

The Crazy Edge Correspondent Cards, with ENVELOPES to match.

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Memorandum Pocket Books.

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WEDDING STATIONERY.

I always keep in stock a large line of the Latest and Best Styles of Wedding Stationery, Ball Programmes and At-Home Cards, and will print at short notice all kinds of Visiting and Wedding Cards.

G. H. HASZARD,

BROWN'S BLOCK, QUEEN SQUARE.
Ch'town, Sept. 12, '85.

Charlottetown Boot and Shoe Factory.

NEW BOOTS! New Lasts! Latest Styles! We are making our FALL BOOTS on the Latest and Most Improved Styles of Lasts.

We call especial attention to our new BRASS-NAILED BOOTS, as being extra durable, the soles being fastened on with Brass Nails, smoothly clinched on the inside.

Be sure and get a pair of our make of Long Boots. They cannot be beaten in price, quality and fit.

SOLE LEATHER, by the Side and Roll.
DORSEY, GOFF & CO.
Ch'town, Sept. 2nd, 1885



ESDALE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

THE best equipped establishment of the kind on the Island, where the miller can be supplied with Water Wheels, French Burr Stones, Eureka Smutters, Bolting Cloth, Proof Staffs, Silver Steel Picks, Mill Spindles, Shafting, Gear Wheels, Pulleys, Flanges, Boxes, Bails and Screws (for lifting stones), ROTARY SAW MILLS, SHINGLE MACHINES, Lath Cutters, Circular Saws (Disston & Robertson's), Arbors, Belting (rubber or leather), Card Clothing, Combs, Screw Bolts and Bolt Ends.

THE FARMER can get Threshing Mills, Fanners or the Castings for the same, Ploughs, Cultivators, Shares, Land Sides, Root Cutters, Boilers, POTATO DIGGERS—75 ON HAND FOR THIS FALL'S TRADE, all sorts of Castings for Stove repairs, &c.

We also build STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS, and are at all times prepared to send Boilermakers and Machinists to make repairs in any part of the Island. We keep a full stock of Steam Pipe and Fittings, such as Steam Gages, Water Gages, Gage Cocks, Globe Valves, Check Valves, Stop Cocks, KORTING INJECTORS AND HANCOCK INSPIRATORS, Water Glasses, Bushing, Elbows, Tees, Unions, Nipples, Couplings, Safety Valves, Return Bands, &c.

As the system of heating dwellings by means of hot water is likely to supersede all other systems, being the most healthful as well as the most economical and cleanly, we have prepared ourselves to do that work by the addition of new machinery, and workmen thoroughly acquainted with the work, and are prepared to furnish estimates for supply of all material and the satisfactory completion of such work.

(Connected by Telephone.)
ADDRESS:
MACKINNON & MACLEAN,
CHARLOTTETOWN.
August 15, 1885—oaw wky

FOR MEN TO READ!

OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT FOR GENTLEMEN!

- 1—New Shapes in Linen Cuffs and Collars.
- 2—New Stock of Fine and Stout Hosiery.
- 3—New Stock of Dent's Kid Gloves.
- 4—New Stock of Scarfs and Neckwear.
- 5—New Stock of Scotch Underwear.

PLEASE READ ON!

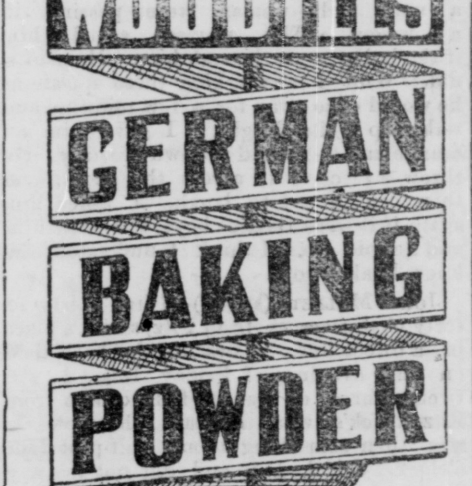
6—New Stock of Canadian Underwear.
7—New Stock of Christy's London Hats.
8—New Stock Rest Elastic Braces
9—New Stock of Gents' Dress Shirts.
10—New Stock of Silk Umbrellas.
11—New Stock of Alpaca Umbrellas.
12—New Stock of Scotch Tweeds.
13—New Stock of English Worsted
14—New Stock of Tweed Suitings
15—New Stock of Cardigan Jackets
16—New Stock of Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Scarfpins, Collar Studs, &c.

GENTLEMEN

will find our Stock Complete and Fresh, with PRICES MUCH BELOW those charged by Furnishing Stores.

WEEKS & CO.,

MARKET SQUARE.
Ch'town, Oct. 5, '85.



Is fully up to the Highest Standard.
Is giving Very Great Satisfaction.

Is certain of being Continued in Use by all who try it.

FRED. A. JONES,
HOTEL DUFFERIN, ST. JOHN, N. B.
Sept. 21, '85.

NOTICE

To Our Numerous Customers.

On account of the tobacco crop of 1883 being so poor, we did not buy much, and selected only the best of it, as we always wish to keep our "T. & B. Myrtle" brand up to the standard; and therefore there may be a scarcity of "T. & B. Myrtle" Plug for a short time. If such is the case there will be a full supply on the market by the end of October.

The tobacco we are now about to manufacture is the finest we have ever had, and we know it will please our numerous customers.

Yours respectfully,
GEO. E. TUCKETT & SON.

McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie,
BARRISTERS

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office in Brown's Block, Queen Square (UP STAIRS)

Ch'town, Feb. 12, 1885.

The Daily Examiner

OCTOBER 20, 1885.

Corporal Punishment and Written Excuses

We hear much now-a-days concerning corporal punishment in the schools, and the "rights of the pupil"; but a long experience has convinced me that the greater amount of this gush comes from the very parents who are positively cruel in the home treatment of their children, and from those who completely lose sight of the rights of the teacher. Children may be sent to school bearing the marks of blows given them at home, but woe to the unlucky pedagogue who dares lay a hand on them in the school room. He might as well shake a red rag before an angry bull, for the vials of wrath are emptied on his devoted head. You observe, editorially, in THE EXAMINER of the 15th inst., that when a teacher happens to be "hauled up" for inflicting corporal punishment, "the magistrate is often puzzled to know what to do in the case, as he has no law to guide him in the premises." I think our worthy Stipendiary, Mr. Fitzgerald, has, both on the platform and the bench, demonstrated how far the teacher is justified in carrying corporal punishment, and what the jurisdiction of the Magistrate is in case the limits of discretion have been exceeded. He has expressed the opinion that the teacher is autocrat of the school room, that a refractory pupil is liable to corporal punishment, and that only when such punishment has been inflicted to the extent of permanent bodily injury, does the teacher become liable to an action for common assault. But so very rare are the cases in which extreme school room penalties are resorted to, that to do away entirely with corporal punishment would be about the same thing as closing our churches, because occasionally a hypocritical church member has imposed upon his fellow by wearing the garb of sanctity. There are instances frequently occurring in the schools, where, "moral suasion" and all gentle means having failed, a moderate use of the rod becomes a positive necessity, not only to sustain the teacher's reputation as a disciplinarian, but for the child's own good, where no other treatment within reach will produce lasting effect. The old proverb, "Spare the rod and spoil the child," is just as true to-day as it was in the long dead past, and not until every child brought into the school has been made the recipient of a sound moral home training will it cease to be applicable.

There is another thing, the evil effects of which are seldom taken into consideration by unthinking parents—the nuisance of "written excuses." A child is kept at home for two or three days, or weeks, at the end of which time he returns to school, "armed," to use the words of an experienced fellow laborer, "with a written excuse," which is supposed to be a propitiation for wasted time, loss of lessons, and useless efforts to "catch up" with the class. The most trivial and ridiculous thing serves to keep the pupil at home, and as the basis for a written excuse. Do parents ever stop to think, when penning these premiums on laziness—for in nine cases out of ten they are nothing else—that the children who make the most frequent use of them are never noted for diligence in study, and never pass brilliant examinations at the end of the term? When the grading officer tests the work of the year, and pupils fail, he does not take into account the wasted hours, and days, and weeks, covered by abominable written excuses, but all the same the teacher has to bear the odium of the pupil's failure, when these frivolous bits of paper have been the medium of constant interruption in study. They would be more rarely resorted to if parents would only reflect, when penning them, that they but encourage their children in idleness, deceit, and gross neglect of study. They are but concomitants of "vicious home training."

TEACHER.
Ch'town, Oct. 17, 1885.

A Glimpse at the Moon.

WHAT SCIENCE REVEALS IN THE PALE PHIL-GRIM OF THE TROUBLED SKY.

Unchangeable silence reigns in the moon in sovereignty, says Camille Flammarion in his wonders of the heavens. Tall, perpendicular mountains divide its surface. Here and there are seen worn-out craters rising toward the sky, white rocks heaped up like the ruins of some long passed revolution, crevasses crossing the surface as in lands dried by the burning rays of long summer days. That which renders the spectacle more strange is that the absence of vapors causes the absence of perspective as well as the absence of all tints, and we see only white or black according as the object is in the sun's light or in shadow, the objects succeeding each other as far as the horizon without losing brightness or contour. In the vicinity of the Southern Pole, that is to say, at the lower part of the moon as seen with the naked eye, are the highest mountains of the satellite: Doerfler, whose top attains a height of 26,691 feet above the level of the neighboring plain. Cassius and Curtius, 7,600 and 7,138 yards, Newton, 23,853 feet in depth. This word depth may justly be questioned when it refers to the elevation of a mountain; but the moon is such a singular world that its mountains may be measured as well by depth as height. This paradox, rather difficult to understand, arises from the fact that the mountains of the moon are not like those of the earth, but are hollow. When we arrive at the top there is a ring, the interior of which often descends below the surrounding plain, so that if one did not wish to make the round of the slopes, which sometime measure 310 miles (Ptolemy), and even 403 miles in circumference (like the circle of Clavius), it would be necessary to descend three or four miles to cross the bottom of the crater and afterwards to ascend on the opposite side of the ring, to return at last into the plain.

Lake Mistassini.

(Toronto Mail)

The attempt to prove that Lake Mistassini, discovered by Jesuit Missionaries two hundred years ago, was a vast inland sea, larger than Lake Superior, has failed, though the heroic efforts at myth-culture displayed by the agents of the Quebec Geographical Society almost deserved a better fate. Mr. Low, of the Dominion Geological Survey, has just returned to Quebec from the lake, where he has been carrying on explorations since last March. He found the main lake to be 125 miles long by 20 miles wide. The St. Rupert, a rapid stream with a volume of water almost as large as that of the Ottawa, connects the lake with James Bay. The country is somewhat flat, timbered with small spruce, and not at all adapted to grain-growing on account of frost. The mineral wealth of the district is confined principally to iron, but whether in paying quantities or not is a matter of speculation. Mr. Bignell's inland sea with its miscellaneous assortment of rich mineral deposits and prolific fisheries may therefore be consigned in the same caravan as the ring-tailed man of Paraguay and the French peasant of the tertiary age, to the limbo of scientific hoaxes.

"You take the lead in Bookkeeping, do you not, as compared with other colleges?"
"Judging from the success that attends my practical system, perhaps I might answer in the affirmative."
"Arithmetic has its difficulties with many, what proportion would you find experts when they graduate?"
"I have never tabulated the facts in such cases, but you would be surprised at the progress that follows a moderate familiarity with my plan of leading them through a full course of bona fide transactions, both in banking and general trade?"
"Do you give special attention to commercial correspondence and its orthography?"
"Most assuredly. Our graduating students leave college, except in very rare cases of incapacity, quite up to all the requirements of ordinary correspondence."
"Do you afford your students the advantages of a lecture room, say on Business Law, the distribution of commodities, the geographical relation of supply and demand, and such like subjects?"
"I am glad you asked this question, as I have arranged with some of our leading lawyers to lecture before the students, and intend, as I may have opportunity, to include other subjects, such as those you mention."
"Do you make any discount to Lady students?"
"Indirectly, yes. I supply my lady students with all their stationery free."
"What about your evening classes?"
"I have determined to open the college in the evenings for the special benefit of those who cannot attend during the day. Large numbers are anxious to spend their evenings under instruction, for their improvement."
"You spoke of Type-writing and Telegraphy as specially suited to Ladies. Why?"
"What I meant to convey was that the delicate organizations of our feminine friends are greatly in their favor, both as type writers and telegraphists, and as lady operators are (in many houses of business) preferred to gentlemen, they are more in demand, and can become self-supporting and comfortably independent when they become proficient in these two arts."
As Principal Miller's card will be found in another column, reference for further information can be made to it.

TEACHER.
Ch'town, Oct. 17, 1885.