

# The Daily Examiner.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1883.

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**THE DAILY EXAMINER**  
IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,  
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
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AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,  
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**SULLIVAN & MACNELL,**  
**ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,**  
Solicitors in Chancery,  
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.  
OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great  
George Street, Charlottetown.  
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNELL.  
Jan. 16, '83.

**CARD.**  
**DR. McLEAN,**  
**SOURIS EAST.**  
Office—"Royal Oak Hotel."  
Dec. 11, 1882.—1m 3aw 3ly 3m

**JOHN MACEAGHERN,**  
(Late of Italian Warehouse)  
AGENT FOR  
Royal Fire Insurance Company, of  
England,  
London & Lancashire Fire Insurance  
Company, of England,  
City of London Fire Insurance Co.,  
of England,  
**HAS REMOVED**  
His Office to his New Building,  
Cor. Queen and King Sts.—Up Stairs.  
Ch'town, Dec. 7, '82.

**Bank of Nova Scotia.**  
ESTABLISHED 1832.  
Paid up Capital . . . \$1,000,000  
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000  
An Agency of this Bank will be opened on  
Monday next, 19th inst., in the building  
formerly occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward  
Island, under the management of the under-  
signed.  
Deposits will be received on interest, and  
on current account.  
Drafts granted on the various Agencies and  
correspondents of the Bank.  
Selling and other Exchange bought and  
sold, and general banking business transacted.  
D. C. CHALMERS,  
Ch'town, June 17, 1882.—tf

**INSURANCE OFFICE.**  
Queen Insurance Company,  
OF ENGLAND.  
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.  
Lancashire Insurance Company  
CAPITAL, FIFTEEN MILLION DOLLARS  
Insurance effected on all kinds of property  
at current rates. Losses settled promptly  
and equitably.  
DESBIRAY & ANGUS,  
General Agents.  
Office—South Side Queen Square,  
Ch'town, Sept. 15, 1882.

**A POSITIVE CURE**  
Without Medicines.  
ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED  
BOUGIES.  
Patented October 16th, 1876. One box  
No. 1 will cure any case in four days or  
less.  
No. 2 will cure the most obstinate case, no  
matter of how long standing.  
No nauseous doses or cubes, copal, or  
oil of sandalwood, that are certain to pro-  
duce dyspepsia by destroying the coatings of  
the stomach.  
Price \$1.50. Sold by all druggists, or  
mailed on receipt of price. For further par-  
ticulars send for circular, P. O. Box 1,533,  
Ch'town, Jan. 8, 1883.—1m  
New York

**Coke. Coke.**  
COKE is considered to be one of the best  
and cheapest kinds of fuel for BASE  
BURNER STOVES and particularly suited  
for the DENMARK SOFT COAL STOVE,  
now so much in use. A first-class quality of  
Coke can now be had at the Gas Works, for  
two cents per bushel.  
Ch'town, Jan. 8, 1883.—1m eod

**NOTICE.**  
BEING about to make a change in my  
business, it is necessary that all amounts  
due me be paid on or before the twentieth  
January, 1883. All amounts not paid will be  
sued for then, without further notice.  
PAUL LEA.  
Sash and Door Factory, Ch'town, Jan. 5, '83.

**NOTICE.**  
THE business heretofore carried on by the  
undersigned and the late A. B. Stewart  
under the style and firm of HICKY & STEW-  
ART, Tobacco Manufacturers, will be con-  
tinued by the subscriber under the same  
style.  
MICHAEL HICKEY.  
Ch'town, July 4, 1882.—1st tf

**NOTICE.**  
THE business heretofore carried on by the  
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under the style and firm of HICKY & STEW-  
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MICHAEL HICKEY.  
Ch'town, July 4, 1882.—1st tf

**Church Directory, Charlottetown.**  
ST. PAUL'S (Church of England)—Queen  
Square—Morning and Evening Service,  
every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.  
Sunday School at 2:30 p. m., Rev. David  
Fitzgerald, Rector.  
ST. PETER'S (Church of England)—Rochford  
Square—Sunday Services—8 a. m., 11 a.  
m., and 7 p. m. Daily Services—Mornings  
—9 a. m. Evenings—5 p. m., except  
Friday evenings, at 7:30 p. m. Rev.  
George W. Hodgson, Priest Incumbent,  
Rev. W. B. King, Assistant Curate.  
ST. DUNSTON'S CATHEDRAL—Low Mass  
every Sunday at 8 a. m. High Mass at  
10 a. m.; Vespers at 3 p. m. Mass at  
7:30 a. m. throughout the week. Rev.  
A. McMillan, Pastor.  
FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—Prince Street—  
Service and Sermon every Sunday at 10:30  
a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Sunday School at 2  
p. m. Week Day Services—Tuesday and  
Thursday at 7:30 p. m. Rev. John  
Burwash, A. M., Pastor.  
SECOND METHODIST CHURCH—Prince Street—  
Service and Sermon every Sunday at 10:30  
a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Sunday School at 2  
p. m. Week day service on Wednesday  
evening. Rev. William Tippett, Pastor.  
ST. JAMES' CHURCH—(Presbyterian)—Pownall  
Street—Service and Sermon every Sun-  
day at 11 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Sabbath  
School and Bible classes at 2:30 p. m.  
Weekly Service in the Lecture Hall on  
Wednesday evenings, at 7:45 p. m. Rev.  
Kenneth McLennan, Pastor.  
ZION CHURCH—(Presbyterian)—Richmond  
Street—Service and Sermon every Sun-  
day at 11 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Sunday  
School at 2:30 p. m. Rev. John McL.  
McLeod, Pastor.  
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Prince Street—  
Hours of Service, 11 o'clock, a. m., 6:30  
p. m. Sunday School at 2:30 p. m.  
BAPTIST CHURCH—Cor. Prince and Fitzroy  
streets—Services and Sermon every Sun-  
day at 11 a. m. and 6:30 o'clock p. m.;  
Sunday School at 2:30 p. m. Week day  
services—Monday at 8 p. m.; and Fri-  
day at 8 p. m. Rev. E. Whitman,  
Pastor.  
BIBLE CHRISTIANS—Prince Street—Service  
and Sermon every Sunday morning at  
10:30 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. Sunday  
School at 2 p. m. Rev. John Harris,  
Pastor.  
PRAYER MEETING in Y. M. C. A. every Sun-  
day afternoon at 4 o'clock.  
DISCIPLES OF CHRIST meet in New Church  
House, every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and  
6:30 p. m. Elders presiding.

**McLEOD & MORSON**  
Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law,  
SOLICITORS, NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC.  
OFFICES:  
Reform Club Committee Rooms, Opposite Post  
Office, Charlottetown, P. E. Island,  
Merchants' Bank of Halifax Building, Sum-  
merside, P. E. Island.  
MONEY TO LOAN, on good security, at  
moderate interest.  
NEIL McLEOD. W. A. O. MORSON.  
Nov. 24, '82—pres her

**DR. WARBURTON,**  
**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.**  
(EDINBURGH.)  
Office in Old City Hotel, corner of Great  
George and Dorchester Streets, opposite the  
Catholic Chapel. Entrance on Great George  
Street—night bell.  
Ch'town, Nov. 14, '82—3m

**FOR SALE.**  
Lea's Sash and Door Factory,  
SAWING & PLANING MILL,  
Is now offered for sale.  
THE above property will be sold to suit  
purchasers, as it now stands, or buildings  
and land will be sold separate from machin-  
ery.  
Also, that COMFORTABLE DWELLING  
HOUSE, situated on Cumberland Street, near  
Grafton.  
For further particulars apply to the owner  
on the premises,  
PAUL LEA.  
Ch'town, Jan. 5, 1883.

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PAUL LEA.  
Sash and Door Factory, Ch'town, Jan. 5, '83.

**PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS**  
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,  
And will completely change the blood in the entire system, in three months. Any per-  
son who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound  
health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no  
equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for  
eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

**DIPHTHERIA** CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.  
**JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT** will instan-  
taneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively  
cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save  
many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment.  
Prevention is better than cure.  
An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist,  
now traveling in this country, says that most  
of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here  
are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's  
Condition Powders are absolutely pure and  
immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay  
like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoon-  
ful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 5 letter-stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

**FURNITURE, FURNITURE,**  
**AT COST.**  
Opposite Post Office, Charlottetown.

**JOHN NEWSON.**  
Charlottetown, Jan. 2, 1883.—1y

**CHEAPEST, SAFEST, SIMPLEST**  
**LIFE INSURANCE**  
IN THE WORLD.  
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association  
OF ST. JOHN, N. B.

\$50,000 Deposit with the Dominion Government. Working  
under Government License.  
An Assessment Company with a Safety Fund. Life Insurance  
at its actual cost.  
Good Canvassers Wanted.  
**LEONARD MORRIS,**  
General Agent for P. E. Island.  
Summerside, Oct. 28, 1882.—1y

**TO LET,**  
The Business Premises Known as  
"83 Queen Street,"  
Lately in the Occupation of R. W. Tremaine.  
The Stock on hand is now selling at COST and CHARGES,  
will be cleared off at AUCTION about the middle of January,  
of which due notice will be given.  
**JAS. DESBRISAY.**  
Charlottetown, Dec. 29, 1882.—tf

**THE EXAMINER**  
**JOB PRINTING OFFICE**  
HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH  
A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material  
OF THE LATEST INVENTION AND BEST DESCRIPTION,  
AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED,  
Under the Careful and Skilful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell,  
TO PRINT  
BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS,  
BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS,  
NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS,  
HAND BILLS, BODGERS, &c., &c.

On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices.

"IRISH INVINCIBLES."  
CAREY TURNS INFORMER IN THE CONSPIRACY  
TRIAL—THE SECRETS OF THE "MURDER  
CLUB" REVEALED—KAVANAGH'S STORY OF  
THE PARK MURDERS CONFIRMED.  
(By cable to the Boston Herald.)

DUBLIN, Feb. 17.—The crowning sensa-  
tion in the trial of the Dublin prisoners  
came to-day. The whole batch of prisoners  
were placed in the dock except James  
Carey, who had become an approver. He  
told an astonishing story amid the most  
breathless excitement—no less than the full  
history of the "Murder Club." Carey's  
appearance in the witness box was hailed  
with sarcastic cries and jeers, mingled with  
hisses. The prisoners in the dock looked  
extremely anxious. The witness (Carey)  
spoke in so low a tone that he was fre-  
quently directed to speak louder. He  
swore that all the prisoners in the dock, ex-  
cept Whelan, and including his brother  
Peter, were members of the Fenian society.  
The following is Carey's evidence in de-  
tail:—

He deposed that he was always the treas-  
urer of the Fenian brotherhood. The funds,  
he said were in a bad state. [Here one of  
the prisoners interposed the remark, "Be-  
cause you pocketed them."] He was intro-  
duced at the Angel Hotel to P. J. Sheridan,  
of Sligo, who was disguised as a priest, and  
passed by the name of Father Murphy.  
Sheridan told the witness that he  
WAS WATCHING MR. FORSTER,  
the then Chief Secretary for Ireland, and  
that he was extending the Society of Invin-  
cibles throughout the country. He prom-  
ised to send him some weapons from Lon-  
don. Carey further deposed that James  
Mullett, chairman of the Dublin branch,  
who established "the society for the extirpa-  
tion of tyrants," told him that Earl Cow-  
per, the then Lord Lieutenant of Ireland,  
and Mr. Forster were doomed. The witness  
said that during his connection with the  
society several persons were tried by a  
court-martial of the organization. Up to  
1879 informers only were tried. Edward  
McCaffrey was, prior to November, 1881,  
a member of the organization. In that  
month he brought Walsh to Carey's house.  
Walsh, who was from the north of England,  
told Carey that his mission in Dublin was  
to make history. The names of four per-  
sons had been submitted to the organization  
in London as capable of heading the orga-  
nization in Dublin. Among these names was  
his own. Walsh had sworn him in,

EACH HOLDING A KNIFE  
in his hand. The oath bound Carey to  
obey all orders transmitted to him by the  
Irish Invincibles, under the penalty of  
death. A few days afterwards Walsh, Mc-  
Caffrey and James Mullett told him that  
they were to form a board of directors of  
a new organization in Dublin of Invincibles,  
who were not to exceed 250 members for  
the whole kingdom. They were to be  
selected from picked Fenians. [Here  
there was general laughter by the prisoners.]  
The Dublin branch of the organization was  
to consist of 50 members, and its object  
was to "remove all tyrants." James Mc-  
Lellan was to be chairman. Mr. Forster and  
Earl Cowper, then lord-lieutenant, were  
named among those to be removed. Rel-  
ative to the further operations of the Dublin  
branch, it was to be left to its own dis-  
cretion. Walsh gave witness £50. Burke's  
name was subsequently mentioned among  
themselves. Arrangements were made for  
taking the house of Mr. Corkhill, close to  
Dublin Castle, from which Earl Cowper was  
to be shot. Early in December witness  
went to Phoenix Park with Curley, and  
there met Mullett and Walsh, who were  
watching the chief secretary's house.  
Witness saw the brothers of Mr. Forster  
and Mr. Burke coming out. The four  
principals in the month of December,  
selected men for the work in Dublin.  
Witness selected a man named Rinkle, who  
selected two men named Leonard and  
Stephen, the last named being an American.  
McCaffrey selected Doyle. The greater  
number of the men were selected by Curley  
and Mullett, the latter's principal selection  
being Brady. By July, 1882,

THE INVINCIBLES IN DUBLIN  
numbered about 30. The introduction of  
the witness to Sheridan occurred in De-  
cember, 1881. He again met Sheridan in  
February, 1882, when their confab about  
arms occurred. [The prisoners listened to  
this testimony with breathless attention,  
hardly exchanging a word.] After Walsh  
left Dublin, a man called Capt. McCaffrey  
paid witness two sums of £25 and £15.  
Witness did not know McCaffrey, but un-  
derstood that he was once tried in Dublin.  
The society watched days and nights to  
murder Mr. Forster. On one occasion he  
escaped by waiting aboard a steamer at  
Kingstown. They waited for him until the  
last railway train had left. Carey said he  
recollected the shooting of McMahon. Pre-  
vious to that time an arrangement had been  
made to remove Mr. Forster at the corner  
of John street, on his way to the Castle.  
A car was stationed at the Park gate. With  
himself, were Leonard, McMahon, Brady,  
Kelly, Curley and Martin. He (Carey)  
gave the signal when Mr. Forster passed.  
Mr. Forster's carriage was to be preceded  
by Fitz-Harris' cab, according to the ar-  
rangement, but the plan failed through the  
negligence of a watcher called Rowles.  
Curley reprimanded Rowles, and watched  
for Mr. Forster on his return from the  
Castle, but this time there was a failure  
on the part of the signal cab. Carey de-  
tailed

THREE OTHER OCCASIONS  
on which the murder of Forster was pre-  
vented by the accidental passing of a party  
of mounted police. He said that he him-  
self suggested the use of knives, and Mc-  
Caffrey directed them to wind cords around  
the handles to strengthen their grip.  
Frank Byrne, he said, was a member of the  
land confederation. His wife brought six  
knives. A rifle was slung round her neck  
under her cloak. On the second occasion  
she brought a similar consignment, but

only four knives. One of these had been  
produced in court, as was also the rifle,  
which was intended for use at Corkhill's  
McCaffrey was succeeded in Dublin by  
another person, apparently of authority,  
of whose name the witness was ignorant, who  
was called "No. 1." Curley became chair-  
man after Mullett's arrest, Joe Brady suc-  
ceeding Curley in the council. While the  
council was thus organized, the murder of  
Mr. Forster and Mr. Burke was discussed  
at Mullett's house. The attack upon them  
was arranged for being made near St.  
Mark's Church on the 3rd of March. Mc-  
Lellan, Curley, Rinkle, Mooney, Brady,  
Kelly, the witness himself and two strangers  
were at the church. It had been arranged that

MR. FORSTER WAS TO BE SHOT,  
together with the other occupants of his  
carriage, and anyone interfering was to be  
disabled. [Here the prisoners laughed.]  
On the night Mr. Forster left Ireland 15  
Invincibles actually followed him to the  
Westland row station. Curley looked into  
the cars, but only saw Mr. Forster's wife  
and daughter. The 15 Invincibles were  
under the command of Curley on this  
occasion, who was obeying the orders of  
the mysterious "No. 1." As Mr. Forster  
had definitely left Ireland, they were told  
to concentrate their attention upon Mr.  
Burke. Carey went to the park on May 5.  
Fitzharris' cab met "No. 1" opposite the  
vice-regal lodge. There were also there  
Patrick Delaney, Tom McCaffrey, Curley,  
Brady, Smith, and Kavanagh. They were  
there for the purpose of meeting Mr. Burke  
and "removing" him on this occasion, when  
Mr. Burke accidentally escaped by taking an  
unusual route. Carey said "No. 1" was  
eventually a military man. He always gave  
money. He said there was no limit to his  
funds; he could have £1,000 if he wished.  
The conspirators often talked among them-  
selves as to the source of the money. Some  
of them thought it came from America.  
Carey himself thought it came from the  
Land League. [Here the witness retired  
suddenly from his chair, amid the hisses of  
the prisoners, some of whom shouted:  
"Perjured scoundrel!" and one, "Town  
scoundrel!" alluding to his town councillor  
ship. After a lurch, which the prisoners  
seemed to enjoy, Carey resumed.] All  
the prisoners, on the 6th of May, met in or  
about the Royal Oak Tavern, except Jas.  
Mullett, who was in prison. There were  
also two men named Dwyer, one of whom  
has gone to America. [On the morning of  
May 6, he met Smith, a laborer employed  
about the castle, and who knew Mr. Burke's  
appearance. Witness

CONFIRMED THE DETAILS  
of Kavanagh's testimony concerning a car  
being at Wren's public house, with Brady,  
Kelly, McCaffrey and Delaney. The wit-  
ness created a painful sensation by saying  
that he had two of his little children with  
him in the cab early on the morning of the  
6th of May when he was going in the cab to  
the Park, and was accompanied by Joseph  
Hanlon and Smith. The witness minutely  
detailed the movements of the conspirators  
on the morning of the murder, the counsel  
for the Crown carefully eliciting every  
point. A pin could have been heard to  
drop when Carey detailed how he saw seven  
meet the two gentlemen. He said Curley,  
Joseph Hanlon and Fagan were the first,  
Brady and Kelly were next, and McCaffrey  
and Patrick Delaney came after. Lord  
Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke were  
allowed to pass through by the first  
three, and the last four then faced right  
about. When Carey again looked, the two  
rear men had closed in on the two gen-  
tlemen. The witness continued: I saw  
Joseph Brady raising his left hand and  
striking a man dressed in a grey suit.  
That is all I saw. [Here there was a sen-  
sation in the court room, and loud cries of  
"Hush!"] I timed my own movements ac-  
curately during the day. What I related  
occurred at 7.17 p. m. After I left the  
park I met at the Island bridge Joe Smith,  
a person who was acquainted with Mr.  
Burke's appearance and had accompanied  
me for the purpose of pointing him out. It  
was Smith who told Kavanagh to hurry up  
and take the nose-bag off. The witness  
repeated the conversation he had after the  
murder with Brady, who stated that

HE HAD STABBED MR. BURKE  
and afterwards "settled" Lord Frederick  
Cavendish. After that he went back to  
Mr. Burke and put a knife in his throat.  
Witness said Smith did not know what he  
was wanted for. He (Carey) said this  
because he wanted to save an innocent man  
if he could. Before the murder he (Carey)  
was waiting at the Polo ground, and was  
summoned thence by Curley, who said he  
did not know what moment he might be  
wanted. Carey admitted making the pre-  
arranged signal with a white handkerchief.  
Curley, he said, directed the arrangements  
at the scene of the murder; Carey, on Mr.  
Burke, being identified by Smith, pointing  
him out to Curley as the man in the grey  
suit. Curley told Carey to tell Smith to  
"go to"—out of this. Smith went off  
toward the Hibernian school. The murder-  
ers then held a council, and asked Brady  
what he was to do. He was told to go off.  
Before moving he said: "Mind and be sure  
it is the man in the grey suit." As he  
turned toward Island bridge the two vic-  
tims were 200 yards off. The witness de-  
tailed his conversation with Curley in the  
evening, who said he had at first feared  
there was going to be another failure when  
he saw the men face about. Three of them  
were armed. Brady had two knives. After  
the murder Curley saw Brady

WIPING A BLOODY KNIFE  
on the grass. This evidence caused a  
marked sensation in court, as it completed  
the identification of the prisoners with the  
fearful scene in the Park. Delaney said  
that Carey was the source of all his trou-  
ble. Another prisoner said: "Carey's  
brother is a man, which Carey himself is  
not." Curley waited until the murderers  
were on the car, and then got into a cab  
and came to Dublin Express office, stating  
what had been done. The next day he  
gave similar notices to the Times and the