

Camp Hunter.

A PLEASANT EXCURSION—REVIEW OF THE MILITIA—WORK OF THE ENGINEERS, ETC.

The excursion to Hunter River and the Review at Camp Hunter yesterday passed off pleasantly. At a quarter past one o'clock a special train with over two hundred ladies and gentlemen left the city and arrived at Hunter River after a quick run. A half-mile west of the station brought them to the camp, which is situated in a commanding position on Mr. Bagnall's beautiful farm.

At two o'clock the review began. The men of the 82nd Battalion and the Artillery formed as a brigade, and, headed by the band of the 82nd Battalion playing enlivening airs, marched past the commanding officer—Lieut.-Col. Beer—who was stationed to receive the salute. They looked well while performing this duty, and generally marched with precision. At the conclusion of the march they formed into column and wheeled into column. This is one of the most difficult movements of army drill, and was excellently executed by the troops. They then moved off fours left by fours left from their respective companies, and through a dense crowd of spectators, and took up the position which was intended for the sham battle. The artillery took the right line and, in extended order, covered the fences looking northwest from the camp-field, and each company in succession followed in line, covering the road and fence which separated them from the woods where an enemy was supposed to be operating. The bugles having sounded "fire," the whole line from right to left opened fire of blank cartridges by sections. Then, every other company retired a distance of from twenty to thirty paces, leaving the odd sections to cover the supposed enemy. Thus they continued to retire after firing by odd sections until the brow of Camp Hill was reached by the company on the right, and the company on the left touched the lower part of the guard tent, forming a diagonal line looking towards the main road.

In this position the appearance of the troops was splendid. They then laid down, and rising, closed from the centre and advanced by alternate companies. The alarm or "look out for cavalry" being sounded the companies formed squares and opened artillery fires on the "supposed approaching cavalry." Then re-forming into column they returned slowly by alternate companies to the brow of the hill where they formed a column behind a supposed fortification on the left flank of the line. Then forming two deep squares they fired from the right and left spaces. Then advancing in squares, they halted and fired from the several faces of the squares. Taking ground to the right, they halted, and opened artillery fire by volleys. After returning again they halted and reformed the column deployed to the left, and advanced in a general line down the slope of the hill, marching with marked precision, and steadiness in all ranks. They retired again, then broke into column to the right and marched up the hill to the camp in fours, where they were dismissed.

The manner in which the troops acquitted themselves was highly creditable to the officers in charge. Two-thirds of the three hundred men who took part in the review had only joined the militia a short time previous to going into camp. Therefore, the rapidity with which they learned the exercises is praiseworthy.

During the sham-fight, eight thousand rounds of ammunition was used. The firing of the companies was, generally, and in some instances, particularly good.

The Charlottetown Engineers did not take part in the Review. They were, however, busily engaged constructing earthworks, etc., under command of Major Rabon. They have already constructed:— 1. A bullet shed, which is used as a proof against rifle bullets in the protection of a reserve.

2. A gun apartment for the protection of heavy guns while field guns are being used. 3. An abatis of brushwood, used as an obstacle to prevent the sudden approach of an enemy. 4. A picket obstacle for a similar purpose. 5. A wire entanglement for a similar purpose. 6. A covered shooting trench used as a cover for men while shooting. 7. A German shelter trench for riflemen. 8. A field kitchen for cooking. 9. A gypsy hut of brushwood for Engineers to mess in. 10. Straw mattresses for the Engineers' beds.

The work performed by the Engineers is excellent, and shows that not a few of the officers of the Engineers' corps possess a good knowledge of military engineering. Their tents are the best kept and cleanest in the camp, and everything belonging to the Charlottetown Engineers, at Camp Hunter, seems to be in apple-pie order.

The review was concluded at five o'clock, and the excursionists from the city returned home by the excursion and express trains.

Departure of Rev. Kenneth MacLennan.

The Rev. Kenneth MacLennan, for several years minister of St. James' Church in this city, and family left yesterday for the Province of Ontario, where they intend to reside for the future. To be in time to fill an engagement in the city of Quebec, on Sunday, Mr. MacLennan was obliged to leave by the morning train, although he had taken passage for himself and family by the "Caban" of yesterday. During his residence here, Mr. MacLennan, besides attending to the peculiar duties of his profession, always willingly and zealously exerted himself in promoting the educational, charitable and other public interests of the Province. He was perfectly free from any spirit of Sectarianism or exclusiveness, and all times, treated the clergy and people of other churches with courtesy and respect; and his words and acts invariably tended to foster friendliness and charity among the various denominations of Christians. Mr. MacLennan is a cultivated gentleman of firmness and decision of character, an able and eloquent preacher, well versed in the learning pertaining to Church polity, and the procedure of the Church Courts. The procedure of the Church Courts in the Presbyterian system affords a wide field of study. There is a graduation of these Courts, consisting first of the Session, or minister and elders, then

the Presbytery, next the Synod, and finally the General Assembly, which is the ultimate court of ecclesiastical appeal. A complex system like this develops, or rather requires a fixed code of ecclesiastical usages and forms which from its nature is necessarily complicated, and which affords for gentlemen of the ecclesiastical robe, a field of study not less interesting than the Courts of Law yield to the gentlemen of the other robe—to wit, the profane robe of the law.

Many of the people of Charlottetown will long entertain pleasant memories of the late gentleman and cultivated family of the Mansie; and on their departure they are followed by the regret and good wishes of numerous friends, not only among the congregation of St. James', but among our citizens in general.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

A Complaint.

SIR,—A few weeks ago I saw that a correspondent signing himself "Inquirer" in your paper called attention to the inconvenience existing in the Clerk's office of the Prince County Court, on account of the Clerk being also License Inspector and using the Clerk's office for both purposes. And certainly there is good ground for the public to object to this double panel arrangement. Anything like this is not permitted either in Queen's or King's Counties, and I am a little surprised that Judge Kelly would tolerate such a state of things as to combine the administration of justice with the not very pleasant business of the liquor traffic. As a temperance man, I think the office of the Inspector should be more private than it is at present in Summerside.

SCOTT ACT MAN.

July 11, 1884.

Query.

SIR,—How shall I come at the proof of the statement of the Presbyterian, that the Liberal-Conservative Party, including yourself, joined in the attempt of Dr. Jenkins to nullify "the votes of a large number of free and independent electors"? If that be true, I have only to say that, as one voter, and a great admirer of Sir John McDonald, I shall not be able to vote for the Liberal-Conservative candidate this time. As for the conduct of Dr. Jenkins in carrying his case to Ottawa against Mr. Brecken—his own colleague—and taking his seat in Parliament, I think it is perfectly scandalous—"monstrous" and "shocking to common sense." I believe, were the words of the Chief Justice of Canada. If we endorse such conduct by electing him, it will injure the influence of the County and lower the political status of this Province; for we are judged at Ottawa by the men we send there, and by their records. Besides we shall lower ourselves as a party in the eyes of all right-thinking men. If the Conservatives allow themselves to be hood-winked and bull-dozed into making him their candidate, they are not the men I take them to be. I like the course THE EXAMINER has taken, but you don't speak out plain enough.

Yours, A FREE AND INDEPENDENT VOTER.

[There is no proof. Our correspondent might ask the editor of the Presbyterian to publish the names of, say, a dozen Conservatives who did as the Presbyterian said they did. When they are published our correspondent will know who to apply to for the information he requires. As for the latter part of his letter, we think our correspondent a little too hasty. Let us have a Convention, and the matter talked over.—EDITOR EXAMINER.]

Cuban Affairs.

The commission of five sent to Havana from Madrid have prepared their report regarding the condition of Cuba, and the question of selling it. The report is signed by only three of the commissioners; and the other two will have a minority report, and all five will leave for Spain next week. The following is understood to be a synopsis of the report: The majority of the commission are of opinion that the interests of Spain demand that she should be relieved of Cuba before an insurrection shall succeed, or bankruptcy in the island shall produce results like those of 1821-25, when the Spanish-American colonies were wrenched from the mother country. The report refers to the official declaration recently made at Madrid, that the government would never sell Cuba, and suggests a plan which has been elaborated by one of the commissioners and the Spanish minister at Washington. It is, in short, a plan to put Cuba temporarily into the hands of some foreign power which would keep the island in trust. The report of the three commissioners proposes it is said, to sound the German Government, an intimate ally of Spain and one desirous at present of having colonies, to discover whether she would consent to take Cuba for a period of twenty-five years. This island would, under this arrangement, be nominally Spanish, but her garrisons and administration would be German. Spain, which cannot borrow in Europe, and which needs money and men to maintain her rights in the Mediterranean, would thus receive annually 100,000,000 marks, and would not be drained for the maintenance in Cuba of any army and an administration which is so costly. At the end of 25 years the Spanish people will care nothing for Cuba, and instead of recovering possession of it again, the Government at Madrid would be able without danger for its own existence to cede it to the United States for a good round sum, especially as it would then have been benefited by the 25 years of German Government.

A lad named Ferguson, aged about seventeen years, filled a cartridge shell with powder, and ignited a fuse attached to the charge. As the cartridge did not explode, he thought the light had gone out, and picked it up to see, when the cartridge discharged, the contents lodging in his face and eyes, completely blinding him.

The Marquis of Lorne has been awarded the silver medal of the Society of Arts for his paper on "Canada and its Products," which, it will be remembered, was read before a numerously attended meeting held under the auspices of the Society, at Exeter Hall, last December.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.]

Democratic Convention.

CHICAGO, July 10.

The third day's session of the Democratic National Convention began at twelve o'clock this morning. Judge Field stands well as a dark horse although Cleveland made on the first ballot which stands as follows: Cleveland 392, Bayard 170, Sherman 88, Randall 78, Macdonald 56, Carlisle 27, Flower and Holdley 3, Hendricks 11, Tilden 12.

Cholera.

TOULON, July 10.

There were only two deaths here to-day from cholera.

MAR-ELLES, July 10.

There were twenty-six deaths here from cholera to-day.

An Autumn Session.

LONDON, July 10.

In the House of Commons, to-day, Mr. Gladstone announced that there would be an autumn session of Parliament, commencing on October 20th.

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, July 11—10 a. m.

Moderate south to west winds; fair warm weather.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE.

Charlottetown July 11 1884.

Highest temperature yesterday, 76.9
Lowest temperature (read at midnight), 57.8
Lowest temperature this morning, 56.3
Temperature this morning, at 8 o'clock, 60.6
Temperature this afternoon at 1 o'clock, 67.0

Crapaud Corner Notes.

Great preparations are being made here for the Orange Tea in catables, amusements, and decorations.

Lloyd French, Esq., contractor and house joiner, has just completed, nearly ready for plasterers, a fine dwelling house, size 25x30, with large kitchen attached, for David S. McQuarrie, of this place, in an unusually short space of time considering the number of workmen employed. Mr. French has always been considered a master workman in this community, and those who have examined the work as it progressed, were unanimous in their opinion, that no better man can be found for the interest of his employer.

Crapaud is this season favored with an unusually large number of visitors from the States and Provinces, and one would think to see the number of strange faces on the streets, that Crapaud has more attractions for strangers than being a pleasant summer resort.

Our popular friend, Mr. Shaw, is doing a large energetic business. The class of customers who daily frequent his largely filled store, is an index sufficient for that conclusion.

John J. McLeod, who employs a large number of hands in his convenient and handsome tailoring establishment, is very busy preparing the old and young sports of the community to appear "in all their beauty" at the coming big tea.

July 9, 1884.

The Cholera Scare.

The sanitary authorities of London are beseeching the Government to adopt precautionary measures against the introduction of cholera from France, but their appeals have thus far proved unavailing. Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the Home Secretary, answers all requests of this kind by saying that the medical experts dispute the efficacy of quarantining as a preventive of the spread of cholera. Mr. Gladstone, on being appealed to, echoed the reply of the Home Secretary, and added that it was not the policy of the Government at present to irritate France by any unnecessary and avoidable restrictions upon commercial intercourse. This has proved a most unfortunate remark for Mr. Gladstone, for it has provoked the furious anger of the Tories, and has also alienated from him many of the more timid of his own party. The Tories say that the cold-blooded selfishness of the Liberal leader was never more clearly shown than by his willingness to jeopardize the lives of millions of Englishmen rather than risk disturbing the little comedy which he is arranging with Premier Ferry regarding the Egyptian conference. This charge is the more effective because of the fear which prevails in England that the pestilence will be brought into Britain by means of the practically unrestricted traffic with Marseilles and Toulon, and a few cases of cholera in London just now might prove as fatal to Liberal supremacy as the capture of Khartoum or the murder of Gordon.

The largest school in the world is said to be the Jews' free school at Spitalfields, London, with a daily attendance of over 2,800 pupils.

The Chinese Ambassador to Paris, Marquis Tseng, traces his ancestry to one of the favourite disciples of Confucius, Tseng-Tsai, which is quite equal to "coming over with the Conqueror."

COAL. COAL.

BY AUCTION, To-morrow (Saturday), at eleven o'clock, on Peake's Wharf No. 1, 44 tons Slack Coal, 25 tons Round Coal,

Ex Coruon Chimney Corner, C. B. This Coal is known to householders here and gives good satisfaction. Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, July 11, 1884.—11

WRECK. BRIG ALPHETA.

WE have received a large lot of GOODS, saved from the ALPHETA WRECK, comprising

GALVANIZED SHEET IRON,

WILKIES & GREY'S

Mould Boards, Sole Plates, Land Sides, Share Plates.

Special Bargains to country storekeepers.

Our Stock of Painters, House Builders, Carriage Builders, and General Hardware is Full and Complete.

NORTON BROS.

Ch'town, July 11, 1884—2i wky 3i

JULY, 1884.

THE FOLLOWING

New Goods

HAVE BEEN OPENED BY

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

DURING THE LAST TEN DAYS:

- Assorted Corsets, from 70c. to \$2.68.
Hoop Skirts and Dress Improvers.
Cream and White Laces.
Unbleached Table Linens.
Towels and Towellings.
White shirts, Collars and Cuffs.
White and Grey Cottons.
Black French Merinoes.
Colored French Merinoes.
Colored and Black Nun's Veilings.
Waerproof Capes, from \$1.62 to \$7.20.
Grey and Colored Flannels.
Black Velveteens.
Grey Shirts and Drawers.
Men's Rubber Coats.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Ch'town, July 9, 1884.—dy wky

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

—FOR—

MEN AND BOYS.

J. B. MACDONALD'S

IS the place to buy a GOOD FITTING, WELL MADE SUIT OF CLOTHES.

The Largest Stock to Select From.

THE LOWEST PRICE GUARANTEED.

Don't buy anywhere before seeing goods and prices at

J. B. MACDONALD'S,

Ch'town, June 12, 1884.—2aw wky.

Queen Street

MUSTARD. MUSTARD.

16 cases just received, in 1/2 and 1lb. tins.

SHIP BREAD.

20 bris. Pilot Bread, Nos. 1, 2 and 3.

Pork, Lard, Hams.

Mess and Prime Mess Pork, Lard (in pails), Sugar Cured Hams.

BAIT HERRING.

500 bris. Bulk Fish or Barrelled.

Turpentine, Lacquers and Labels.

FOR SALE BY

HORACE HAZARD,

Lower Queen Street Ch'town, June 27—2w eod

JUST RECEIVED,

Ex Brigantine "Ida Maud":

- 280 Puns, Choice Barbadoes Molasses,
31 Tierces do. do.,
41 Barrels do. do.,
49 Hhds. Good Grocery Sugar.

—ALSO—

Ex Brigantine "Glenorchy":

2250 Barrels Flour, assorted brands. The above has been purchased at the lowest prices, and will be sold cheap for cash or approved paper.

OWEN CONNOLLY.

Ch'town, June 10, '84—eod & wky 1m,



LIVERY STABLES

Good, Reliable & Comfortable Teams,

GRAFTON STREET.

JOHN F. POWERS, Proprietor.

Ch'town, July 11, '84.

BLACKSMITH'S COAL.

ALBION MINES SLACK COAL can be supplied freely, and with dispatch, for about one month. Orders given by

G. W. DeBLOIS, Agent, 35 Water Street,

July 10—11

MUSICAL.

D. L. HEARTZ, who lately returned from the 'New England Conservatory of Music,' Boston, will be pleased to see any person desirous of studying Voice Culture, Piano or Organ.

Residence—Upper Queen Street

July 10—6i

BUILDING LOTS.

BY AUCTION, TUESDAY, July 22nd, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the premises, at the Head of Queen Street,

14 Building Lots, 50x100 feet.

These Lots are within five minutes walk of the Market House, beautifully situated at Head of Queen Street, with city sidewalks leading up to them. As these Lots must be sold without reserve, they offer a good chance for safe investment.

TERMS—25 per cent. at sale; the balance in three years, bearing interest at six per cent.

Deeds executed free of charge to the purchasers.

A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, July 9—we fr sa

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A man to work on a farm, eight miles from the city. A middle-aged man preferred. Apply at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. [jy11 11]

GUN FOR SALE—A First-class Fowling Piece, twelve bor., breech-loader, rebounding lock, pistol grip, very handsome. Price, \$35, nearly new; cheap at \$50. Apply at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. [jy10 11 wky 11]

TO LET—Two Furnished Rooms, with use of Kitchen, in a private family. Apply at this office. [jy10]

LOST—A Parcel containing a quantity of L. Osburn's flour will oblige by leaving it at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. [jy10]

WANTED—A BOY about fourteen or sixteen years old to assist in BAKER & Goff's Store. [jy10 2i]

WANTED—A General Servant Girl to go to Halifax. Good wages, in small family. Also one for a family in Charlottetown. Apply at EXAMINER OFFICE. [jy9 3i pd]

BOARDERS—A few Boarders can be accommodated in a pleasant locality by Mrs. E. Doyle, King Street (between Prince and Hillsborough Street). Also a complete foot latrine for sale. [jy8]

PASTURE—Good Pasture to let, in the suburbs of the city. Enquire of THOMAS CASSELEY, Sydney Street. [jy7]

INFORMATION WANTED—Left Mount Stewart, on Dominion Day, by nine o'clock train, for Charlottetown, William Bridges, about sixteen years of age, quite simple, and rather hard to be understood in his speech; wore black coat, grey pants, and hard felt hat. Any information as to his whereabouts will be thankfully received by his father, WILLIAM BRIDGES, Mount Stewart. [jy7]

TO LET—House opposite Railway Station. Apply at this Office. [jy 2]

TO LET—House on King Street, near Pownall Street. Apply at this Office. [jy 2]

EXCELLENT PASTURAGE, adjoining the city. Apply at EXAMINER OFFICE. [june 28]

WANTED—A First-class Coat Maker. We will pay the highest prices given by any house in the Trade, to a First-class Coat Maker. We guarantee steady work. Apply at once to—JOHN MACLEOD & Co. [june 11]

WANTED—A Young Man as Clerk in a Dry Goods Store. Must have experience and good reference. Apply at this office. [june 11]

TO LET—The beautiful Brick House, on Dundas Esplanade, now occupied by Mr. Goff, containing fourteen Rooms, eight Register Grates, Kitchen Range, Bath and Bath Room (with hot and cold water), inside and outside Water Closets (with outlet to the river), Pump, Force Pump, and Water Tank (complete). Possession given on 1st August next. For terms and particulars apply to OWEN CONNOLLY, Charlottetown. [june 14 eod 11 aug 1]

TO LET—Two Tenements. Possession given immediately. Apply to WALTER LOWE, Kent Street, East. [june 2 11]

KENT MILLS and other choice brands of Family Flour for sale by Henry Beer, Office and Warehouse, Water Street, near Ferry Wharf. [june 1]

TO LET—A House on King Street, between Hillsborough and Weymouth Streets. Possession immediately. Also a Warehouse on Grafton Street. Apply to WILLIAM DOBB. [june 2]

ICE CREAM.

ORDERS for Ice Cream, by the quart or gallon, should be left at "The Little Shop around the Corner," or at the Star Confectionery, 24 hours ahead of the time it is wanted, so as to insure a supply of Fresh Cream. Made from pure cream, with superior flavors, and porcelain-lined cans for containing it. The purity, sweetness and wholesomeness of the Ice Cream furnished is guaranteed. July 5, 1884.

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