

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 5.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1879.

NO. 60.

BRITISH AMERICA Assurance Company.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Cash Capital & Assets, \$1,176,491.45.

INCORPORATED 1833.

Head Office, - Toronto, Ont.

Risks taken on all descriptions of Property at lowest rates.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF LOSSES.

HORACE HASZARD, Agent.

Office, South Side Queen Square.

July 10, 1879.

UNION HOUSE,

Queen Street, Charlottetown.

P. P. GILLIS, . . . PROPRIETOR.

CHOICEST WINES & LIQUORS.
NEW YORK LAGER BEER.

TABLES set at all hours, with every luxury of the season.

FRESH OYSTERS received daily.

Rooms large and comfortably furnished.

COACHES from this House meet all Trains and Steamboats.

First Class BARBER SHOP.

July 4, 1879—3m

LORNE HOTEL, TRACADIE BEACH, NORTH SHORE P. E. I.

This new and pleasantly situated Hotel is now open, and will be found the

Best Summer Resort
ON THE ISLAND.

It can be reached from the City twice a day by Rail to Bedford, or by carriage; distance 13 miles, or one and a-half hours' drive.

Visitors will find that every care has been taken to provide for their comfort and pleasure.

PRICES MODERATE.

Special Arrangements may be made for Families.

CYRUS TAY,
MANAGER.

MACLEAN & MARTIN, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Newson's Building, Opp. Post Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

A. A. McLEAN. D. C. MARTIN.
June 18, 1879.—ex 2aw

DR. P. W. G. CANNING,

Licentiate Royal Colleges Physicians and Surgeons of Edinburgh.

LICENTATE MIDWIFERY.

RESIDENCE:

Upper Hillsborough St., corner Hillsborough and Euston Streets, Charlottetown.

OFFICE HOURS: 8:30 to 11 a.m.; 7 to 9 p.m.
Charlottetown, June 24, 1879.—eod

NOTICE.

I BEG to inform the TRADE of Charlottetown, and Prince Edward Island generally, that Messrs. ROBERTSON, LINTON & Co., Montreal, have appointed me their Agent for the Island for the sale of Canadian Cottons, Tweeds and Woollens, and Imported Dry Goods. Samples of these manufactures will be on hand in good time for Fall orders, and will be in charge of Mr. Ben. Davies, jr., who will, after 10th June, be associated with me in business. Any orders entrusted to Mr. Davies will receive the most careful attention.

I hope to be on the Island early in July with full lines of samples from the various houses whom I represent.

JOHN H. CATHRAE.

—AGENT FOR—

Me. Mrs. Reinach's, Nephew & Co., London.

Robertson, Linton & Co., Montreal.

L. Gnaedinger, Son & Co., "

The North American Rubber Co., Quebec.

June 16, 1879—3taw

QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y, OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.

Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island

June, 1877—

LOOK HERE!

BRITISH WAREHOUSE.

As we intend to make a change in our business at the end of the year, we are now closing out our

Large and Well-Assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS

At Unusually Low Prices. Which, we are Sure, Will Meet the Hard Times.

Dress Goods from 6 cents upwards.
Grey Cottons from 4 cents upwards.
Prints from 6 cents upwards.
Hemp Carpeting from 12 cents upwards.
Tapestry from 59 cents upwards.
Brussels from \$1.00 upwards.

All other lines we are closing out at Prices that Defy Competition.

W. & A. BROWN.

Charlottetown, June 30, 1879.

TO LET.

A VERY desirable NEW COTTAGE, situate on the South Side of the Hillsborough River, Mount Stewart, lately occupied by Edwin Coffin, Esq. Apply to PEAKE BROS. & CO. Ch'town, June 20, 1879.—2aw 1f.

E. G. HUNTER,

Italian and American Marble,

Monuments, Tablets, Headstones,

MANTLES, CENTRE TABLE TOPS, BURKAW AND COMMODE TOPS, WASH BOWL SLABS, &c., &c.

Prices to suit, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Designs furnished on application.

Corner Hillsborough and Kent Streets, Charlottetown.

November 6, 1873.

No. 35 Water St., Charlottetown.

Prince Edward Island Branch

—OF THE—
NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE CO.

Subscribed Capital, \$9,733,332.00

Paid up Capital, - 1,216,666.00

CHIEF OFFICES—Edinburgh, 64 Princess Street; London, 61 Threadneedle Street.

Nine-Tenths of the Profits of the Life Assurance Business are divided every Five Years.

The Tables of Rates are moderate.

Fire Insurances effected on nearly every description of Property, at the LOWEST RATES of Premium, corresponding to the nature of the risk.

Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.

G. W. DEBLOIS,
General Agent.

Dec. 14.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

MUGFORD,

Sole Licensee for Lambert's Patents for Permanent Photographs, for City and Queen's County.

THEY NEVER FADE,

as the old Photographs do.

ALL THE OLD SORTS HALF PRICE

RICHMOND STREET,

Opposite London House—David Wilson's Old Stand.

P. S.—TO THE TRADE.—Photographers wishing to supply their Customers with Permanent Pictures, can get their Printing and Enlarging done at reasonable Prices from their own Negatives.—Sample, 25 cts, 35 cts, 60 cts.

Ch'town, May 16, 1879—3m law dy & wkly

To Inventors and Mechanics.

PATENTS and how to obtain them. Pamphlet of 60 pages free upon receipt of stamps for postage. Address

GILMORE, SMITH & CO.,

Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C.

THE place to get your Printing done is at the EXAMINER Printing Room

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the statements or opinions of our correspondents

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—On or about the fifth day of August an eleven of the "Phoenix Cricket Club"—almost world renowned cricketers—will leave here to try conclusions with the "Halifax Garrison Cricket Club." By dint of steady practice night and morning, trips to the Lorne Hotel, &c., bathing, dumbbells and other gymnastic exercises, they have become so hardened in muscle, quick of eye, and otherwise brilliant in form that they are fit for almost anything in the athletic world.

After playing the "Garrison Club" they intend having a game with the "Incognita's" of the same place, and if money enough can be subscribed, it is their intention, I believe, to go to Australia and bring home the championship of the cricketing world.

It would be well for other cricket clubs, viz: Summerside, Port Hill, Montague, Rocky Point, &c., to take a lesson from Charlottetown in this respect, as it shows what indomitable perseverance, British pluck and muscle will perform.

I believe the eleven intend to be photographed in a group, with the umpire and spare man, in front of the Union Bank before they go. All the old cricketers of the Charlottetown Cricket Club should get a copy.

Yours, &c.,
OLD BARN DOOR.

Pavilion, July 30th, 1879.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

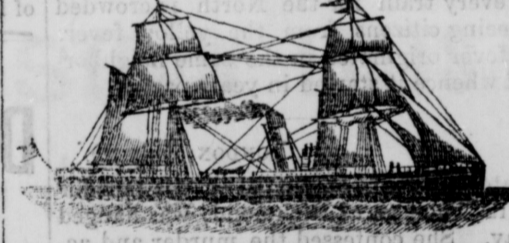
SIR,—As we are drawing very near to another civic election, I have been looking very anxiously for an article on city matters; but it has not appeared yet. Now, are we going to drift into another election without ever asking the outgoing men to give an account of their stewardship, nor yet letting the offering candidates know what we may expect of them if elected? Why is it, Sir, that the citizens take it so easy when the city has become almost in a state of bankruptcy? Is it because of fear for consequences? It cannot be. Surely the whole city is not afraid to open their mouths and show up their grievances. It may be asked why do citizens complain? In answer, are there no reasons for complaint. Is it not a cause for complaint to be burdened with a double court in Charlottetown, which takes a large portion of the taxes to run it? Is there no cause for complaint to pay the Stipendiary Magistrate \$1,000, his clerk \$900, besides the cost of his police, &c.,—and nearly all of this paid for very little benefit. Is there no cause for complaint to have to pay the Mayor's clerk \$800 to attend the City Council department, when, for about \$200 more to hire his own help in a busy time, he collect the taxes, be clerk for the Council and clerk for the Magistrate's Court—which would be a saving of from \$1,000 to \$1,100? Then we have a Recorder, at \$324; then we have Victoria Park,—the "white elephant" of Charlottetown,—which takes the taxes off the poor man's dog to make a nice race-course for the rich man's untaxed horse; and is it no cause of complaint to tax the mechanic's workshop and let banking institutions go free; keep up a water system at the expense of the city, so that the poor can buy it from the water-peddlars—after helping to pay for pumping the water into the tank? Is it no cause of complaint that the people of the whole city are taxed to sprinkle water on Queen street? Now, Sir, these may not be causes of complaint, but, in my way of thinking, they are; but, if a town meeting were called—which should be done—then we might know the truth.

Yours, etc.,
A TAXPAYER.

Ch'town, July 30, 1879.

Letter from Mr. Bridges.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY



OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Autumn Trip, 1879.

THE FIRST-CLASS IRON SCREW STEAMSHIP

PRINCE EDWARD

1,364 tons register, classed '100 A1, which is the highest class at Lloyd's,

ROBERT FRASER, COMMANDER,

will be on the Berth at

Liverpool, to Receive Cargo,

—ABOUT THE—

20TH AUGUST,

AND WILL SAIL FROM

Liverpool for Charlottetown

not later than the

10th September next,

Carrying Freight at through rates from London and Glasgow, deliverable at Charlottetown, Georgetown, Summerside, Alberton, Souris, Pictou, and Shediac.

For Freight, apply, in London, to JOHN PITCAIRN & SONS, 16 Great Winchester street; in Glasgow, to JAMES KELSO, 134 St. Vincent street; in Liverpool, to PITCAIRN BROTHERS, 51 South John street; in Pictou, N. S., to NOONAN & DAVIES, or here to

PEAKE BROS. & Co.,

MANAGERS.

Ch'town, June 26, 1879—2aw

EMPLOYMENT.—In every village and township of P. E. Island not yet occupied, ONE ACTIVE, intelligent Lady or Gentleman can obtain a most respectable and very profitable engagement. Address, with full particulars, D. DOWNIE & CO., Box 1964, Montreal

Ch'town, May, 1879.

dollars per 100 lbs., less than this time last year.

Is it perfect fairness to defend Commissioner Ferguson receiving two tenders from the same parties, and giving them one dollar per 100 lbs. more for beef than they ask, that is if their insolent proffer was a tender; if not, why receive it? And also receive or have manufactured, testimony against me without allowing me a hearing in defence. Mr. Ferguson was quite willing to admit having done wrong in not investigating the charges against me, until I refused to suppress the exposure of the fraud, but then he proceeded to threaten me with the consequences.

I observe in yours of yesterday a letter signed Cephas Grigg, to Sergeant Allan, for the purpose of verifying his own incorrect statement. When it is known that the conduct of the said Cephas Grigg, when in my employ, was such as to make it necessary to dismiss him without notice, and that he has recently entered the employ of Blake Brothers, no further explanation becomes necessary.

By referring to the Asylum account I find that on but three occasions was beef furnished by the carcass during the year. On all other occasions it was taken from that which supplied the regular trade, as was the Poor House at all times, and was almost invariably supplied with ox beef.

The cook's certificate is altogether beneath comment, as it does not contain one word of truth. Yet it formed the text for your most conspicuous comments.

With reference to Rev. G. W. Hodgson's letter, it is admitted that Mr. Hodgson very kindly notified me that some dissatisfaction existed. I at once waited upon Sergeant Allen, who, strange to say, assured me that he had never made any complaints, and affirmed that he had none to make, and assured me that the complaints, if any were made, must be from some of the inmates. Not being responsible to them for the fulfilment of the contract, I did not search among them for complaints.

Precisely the same answers were carried to me both by Mr. Stranberg and Mr. Saunders, on their enquiring of Mr. Allen how he was satisfied with the meat supplied. Indeed, he seems to have profited little by the reproof administered him by the Rev. G. W. Hodgson during his visit last week, when he admitted endorsing the complaints of some of the inmates, admitting that he never personally notified me of any complaint, but claiming that on one occasion he had asked my man to bring better meat, which complaint was never received by myself, my foreman, or my book-keeper. I observe, however, that it is now claimed that the complaint was made several times, so that I can leave the public to judge of the value of such variable and inconsistent testimony.

Dr. Blanchard's part of the programme has become a curiosity in its way. Indeed he does not seem to claim to have performed an honorable part. He admits reporting the meat supplied by me inferior, and claims the credit of disposing of my tender and then admits that the meat may have been up to the requirements of the contract though not up to some standard still undefined. Indeed the requirements of the contract seem to be, with him, of much less importance than the person or persons to whom it might be awarded.

It appears that Blake Brothers had the contracts to supply those institutions so long, and obtained them in so many ways honorable or otherwise that any other contractor must, of necessity, be looked upon as an intruder, and any attempt to obtain a contract, even after tenders are called for, little less than a trespass on their sole privilege.

Yours truly,
ROBERT BRIDGES.

Dean Swift's wit was a sort of combination of fun with wisdom. It happened one day that his cook, whom he invariably called "Sweetheart," had greatly over-roasted the only joint he had for dinner. "Sweetheart," said the Dean, in the blandest possible tones, "this leg of mutton is overdone. Take it back into the kitchen and do it less." The cook replied that the thing was impossible. "But," said the Dean, "if it had been underdone you could have done it more." The cook assented. "Well, then, Sweetheart," rejoined the master, "let this be a lesson to you. If you needs must commit a fault, at least take care that it is one that will admit of a remedy."

As regards the "career of small anxieties," one great art of managing with them is to cease thinking about them just at that point where thought becomes morbid. It will not do to say that such anxieties may not demand some thought, and occasionally much thought. But there comes a time when thought is wasted upon these anxieties; when you, in your thoughts, going over the same ground again and again to no purpose, are deepening annoyance instead of enlarging insight and providing remedy. Then the thing would be to be able to speak to these fretting little cares like Lord Burleigh to his gown of state when he took it off for the night: "Lie there, Lord Treasurer."

The story is told that Longfellow and Field were making a short pedestrian tour some few years since, when to their surprise an angry bull stood in the pathway, evidently intending to demolish both poet and publisher. "I think," said Field, "that it will be prudent to give this reviewer a wide margin." "Yes," replied the poet, "it appears to be a disputed passage."