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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, APRIL 10, 1893.

VOL. 30.—NO 221

Calendar for April, 1893.
MOON'S CHANGES.

Day of Month	Day of Week	Day's Length	High Water
1	Saturday	12 41	10 46
2	Sunday	44	11 17
3	Monday	47	11 47
4	Tuesday	50	12 18
5	Wednesday	53	12 52
6	Thursday	57	1 28
7	Friday	13 9	2 18
8	Saturday	3	3 10
9	Sunday	6	4 20
10	Monday	9	5 49
11	Tuesday	13	6 59
12	Wednesday	16	8 00
13	Thursday	19	8 48
14	Friday	22	9 30
15	Saturday	25	10 10
16	Sunday	28	10 48
17	Monday	31	11 22
18	Tuesday	34	11 53
19	Wednesday	38	12 19
20	Thursday	41	12 41
21	Friday	45	1 50
22	Saturday	47	2 55
23	Sunday	50	4 6
24	Monday	52	5 30
25	Tuesday	56	6 47
26	Wednesday	58	7 49
27	Thursday	14 0	8 32
28	Friday	4	9 11
29	Saturday	7	9 44
30	Sunday	14 10	10 17

Infinitely Superior to Extract of Beef

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF
is the concentrated feeding qualities of Beef, deprived of superfluous material, skin, fat or indigestible tissue, and it is the quintessence of the virtues of Beef.
Extracts of Beef, on the other hand, are only the extracted juices of Beef, which, at best, can only stimulate.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR
The Celebrated
CHOCOLAT MENIER
Annual Sales Exceed 33 MILLION Lbs.
For Samples sent Free write to C. ALFRED CHOUILLON, MONTREAL.

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WESTERN Fire Insurance Co. of Toronto, Ont. Canadian Company doing business in Canada. Paid-up Capital, \$1,000,000.

MANCHESTER Fire Insurance Co. Manchester, England. The Popular English Company, established 1824. Capital, \$7,500,000.

WESTERN Marine Insurance Company. Sterling and Domestic Certificates issued when required at the Agency here without reference to Head Office.

All Losses Settled Promptly.

HORACE HASZARD
General Agent for P. E. Island, Cameron Block.
Charlottetown, March 30, 1893

DO YOU TRADE WITH US ?

WE WANT YOUR CUSTOM.

Time Trouble, Expense
SAVED BY USING
WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER.
NEVER FAILS!
Offices To Let.

Dress Goods, Silks, Mourning Goods, House Furnishings, Cloths, Tweeds, Hats, Caps, etc.

In exchange we will give you the best that money and experience can buy. We will show you the goods and convince you that ours is the place to trade in.

W.A. WEEKS & CO.
Next to Beer & Goff's.
Charlottetown, March 14, 1893.

HONEST TALK

To the Readers of this Paper.
TIMELY AND USEFUL ADVICE.

What is wealth and position in society to man or woman, if sickness and disease have laid hold of the body? Earth with its enjoyments and attractions is never properly appreciated by the diseased and suffering. Such people generally feel inclined to attribute their condition to circumstances and causes which cannot possibly have any influence over them. The truth is, suffering and disease are penalties imposed for the violating of nature's laws. It must, however, be remembered that nature has kindly and generously provided a healing agent for all ranks and conditions of people. This remedy, and sufficient, to regain health, must use the means provided by nature in the same way as the poorest subject. There is no royal road to the goal of perfect health and strength. Life's renewer and builder, called Paine's Celery Compound, is within reach of all afflicted ones. This wonderful medicine is the greatest achievement of modern times, and has accomplished more real good for men and women than any other discovery ever made. Paine's Celery Compound is the only safe, sure and unfailing cure for nervousness, sleeplessness, palpitation of the heart, dyspepsia, indigestion, rheumatism, and all diseases of the liver and kidneys. No other medicine has ever received so many flattering and truthful testimonials; no other has ever accomplished so many wonderful cures. We can recommend it to every sufferer with confidence.

SYRUP OF FIGS
ONE ENJOYS
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known. Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
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WASTING
Diseases are often difficult to remedy.
SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA.
will restore a lost appetite, lost flesh, and check wasting diseases, especially in children, with wonderful rapidity. Coughs and colds are easily killed by a few doses of this remarkable remedy. PALATABLE AS MILK. Be sure to get the genuine, put up in salmon-colored wrapper. Prepared only by Scott & Bowne, Belleville.

Read! Mark! Learn!
WHEN you buy a COLUMBIA you buy the best machine on the market,—a machine that is the result of the best material, the latest invention, the most skilled labor and the finest finish,—a machine that carries with it the guarantee of a company whose reputation is peerless.
R. M. YOUNG,
Agent for P. E. Island.
mch22

Provincial Legislature

House of Assembly.
SUMMARY OF PROCEEDINGS.

FRIDAY, April 7.
House met at 12 o'clock.
Mr. McKay resumed the debate on the budget, dealing ably with the financial position of the Province at the time the Sullivan Administration came into power, and showed how, during their term of office, they carried on the affairs of the Province honestly and faithfully and in the best interests of the people. The Sullivan Government, he pointed out, amongst other things, paid half the cost of the Lunatic Asylum and erected new buildings on the Government Stock Farm. He reviewed the revenues from the Land Office received by the late Government, the Davies Administration and the present Administration, and showed that the late Government had looked carefully after the debts due that office. He also reviewed the estimates of the present year, and showed that they could not be realized. The Government have not reason or cause to count upon \$80,000 from the Land Office. The Leader of the Government will be at least \$50,000 short at the end of the year. Mr. McKay concluded by criticizing and ridiculing the Government's new and absurd "capital accounts," and warning them to cease from pursuing a policy which must lead to irretrievable ruin.

After recess, and on motion of Mr. Matheson, the bill relating to accidents by fire and the removal of nuisances in the streets of Alberton, was read a third time and passed.
On motion of Hon. Mr. Farquharson the bill incorporating the Kensington Hall Company was read a second time in committee and reported agreed to.
Mr. Warburton presented a bill incorporating the Orapaud Dairying Company, which was read a first time, committed and reported agreed to. The bill was then read a third time and passed.

Mr. Warburton then resumed the debate on the budget. He complimented the Commissioner of Public Works upon the excellent speech he made in the House yesterday afternoon, and thought that his remarks were a sufficient answer to the criticisms of the Opposition in reference to the workings of the Land Office. He said the statement of the hon. member from Summerside that about \$50,000 yearly was saved to the people by the repeal of the Assessment Act was not correct. The saving existed only in the hon. member's imagination; he forgot to tell the House that while the candle was extinguished at one end it was left burning at the other. He was a believer in the Assessment Act and thought it was necessary at the time it was put on. He thought, however, that an improvement might have been made in the collection of taxes, and that the late government did wrong in repealing the Act at a time when the expenditure for education and other purposes had greatly increased. The debentures, about which the opposition had so much to say, were issued in order to pay off the debt left by the late government. They would like very well to have the government put on the Assessment Act again but he fancied he heard the howling of the opposition if they were to do so.

He thought the Legislative Council did wrong in allowing the late Government to draw \$200,000 from capital. They had, however, frustrated the passage of the famous Hillsborough subway scheme, and for that they were to be thanked. He repudiated the idea that the proposed bridge across the Hillsborough was an election dodge, and said the estimates for the work furnished the late Government by the engineer were not the estimates of a man who could be looked upon as an authority on such matters. He then referred to the claims we had upon the Dominion, and referring to the Land Office management, censured the late Government for making grants of shore-front land when, according to their own statements, they knew that this land belonged to the Dominion. He claimed that it was a physical responsibility for the staff in the Public Works Office to prepare answers to all the questions asked by the Opposition, and said they well knew when they put these questions on the order book that they could not be answered within any reasonable time.

Mr. Underhay followed. He spoke of the absurdity of the Government's claim that the debt of the Province was \$171,931 at the time they assumed power, and that this debt and the deficit of \$30,000 was paid off with \$158,000 of debentures. He thought this proved conclusively that the debt was not \$171,931 as claimed. He showed that the only fair way to compute the debt of the Province was to take the amount due at the end of each year, and pointed out that the Sullivan-McLeod Administration during their eleven years of office, had increased the annual revenue from Ottawa to the extent of \$24,514.89 which being capitalized at 5 per cent would represent an increase of capital amounting to \$490,297.80. While they had made this increase at Ottawa they had drawn from the Land Office \$61,036.35 over and above the interest, and also sold land to the amount of \$117,423—making a total of \$168,459.53. They left a debt of \$130,242.79, making in all a total balance against the Province on the 31st December, 1879, (less the quarter's salary of \$38,610 to be deducted from the \$298,702.34, which would leave an indebtedness of \$260,092.34, which, taken from the \$490,297.80, would leave a balance in favor of the Province of \$230,205.46, or

an average increase of assets during the Sullivan-McLeod administration of \$20,903—or a yearly addition to revenue of \$11,510. When the Peters Government took office there was a balance shown to be due in the Land Office on the 31st December, 1890, of \$411,886. Adding to this land sold during the year 1891, we have an amount of \$418,347. Deduct from this the amount shown to be due the Land Office on the 31st December, 1891, \$347,938 and we have a balance of \$70,409 drawn from capital in that year. Then to the amount of \$347,938, shown to be due on Dec. 31st, 1891, and for land sold in 1892, \$273,772, and we have the amount of \$621,710. From this deduct the amount shown to be due on Dec. 31st, 1892, \$182,182, and we have a balance of \$439,528. Add this to the \$70,409 drawn from capital in 1891 and we have a total amount of \$509,937. Deduct from this the amount of \$158,400, shown to be due in the Province on the 31st Dec., 1892 (as shown by the Public Accounts) of \$43,435.58, and we have a total of \$466,501.52. From this deduct the balance due on the 31st Dec., 1890, of \$130,242.79 and we have a balance of \$336,258.73, which, added to the amount drawn from the Land Office over and above the interest of \$103,380.92 and we have a total reduction of the assets of the Province in the two years of the present government's administration of \$439,639.65—or an annual reduction of \$7,476.75. Compare this with the average annual increase of \$20,903 during the eleven years of the Sullivan-McLeod Administration, and we have an annual difference of \$168,379.75 in favor of the late administration.

It being six o'clock the House adjourned for two hours.
After recess Mr. Underhay resumed his address on the motion to go into supply. He criticized the finances of the Province, and asked the government to point out any instance in which his statements were liable to correction. He also pointed out the unfair discrimination made in favor of the rich, as against the poor, in connection with the sale of public lands, and charged that the statement of the Commissioner of Public Lands in reference to reductions by the late government was not correct. He then criticized the working of the Public Works Department, showing that the expenditure for inspection had in some cases exceeded the amount paid for the labor of the contractors, and that amounts had been improperly paid for rights of way. He also charged that the reports of the supervisors had been withheld, and contended that the road-making machine as an injustice to poor people, some of whom depended upon the money earned working on the roads to buy seed in the spring. He also charged that road money was not legally spent, and concluded by urging the Commissioner to have the sum of \$200 set apart for exhibition purposes at Souris.

House then went into committee of supply, with Mr. Robertson in the chair, and Messrs. Bentley, Shaw and Arsenault, took exception to the reduction of \$50 each in the salaries of the jailors in Prince and Kings Counties, and thought that the \$300 at present paid was little enough. Mr. Bentley suggested that the \$100 it is proposed to save be taken off the \$1,300 set down in the estimates as salary for the Attorney-General.

Hon. Mr. Peters said the keeper of the Jail at Georgetown had nothing to do; but the keeper of the road-making machine as an injustice to poor people, some of whom depended upon the money earned working on the roads to buy seed in the spring. He also charged that road money was not legally spent, and concluded by urging the Commissioner to have the sum of \$200 set apart for exhibition purposes at Souris.

Messrs. Bentley, Shaw and Arsenault spoke strongly in favor of increasing the salary of the Chief Clerk in the Education Office, as he was a very competent official. The two former thought it should be put up to \$800, which sum was paid him by the previous administration, and Mr. Arsenault thought he should get at least \$100 more than his present salary, and that the extra amount be deducted from the \$1200 it is proposed to pay the Superintendent.

A discussion then took place over a discrepancy of \$15 in the amount of fees received by the Education Department in connection with the examination of students matriculating into Prince of Wales College. Mr. Shaw and others of the opposition claimed that the amount shown to be received by the Education Report and the statement tabled by the Leader of the Government was not the same.

Hon. Mr. Peters claimed that the statement was absolutely correct, and that the Superintendent had paid the money he got as fees to the persons who examined the students' papers.

Mr. Bentley called the attention of the Leader of the Government to the fact that there was no amount in the estimates for an election.

Hon. Mr. Peters said that as there was no legal reason for an election until March next, he failed to see the necessity of an estimate for that purpose.
After some further discussion and the passing of several items, the House adjourned.
SATURDAY, April 8.
House met this forenoon and counted out until Monday.
Syrup of Figs,
produced from the laxative and nutritious juice of California figs, combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds and headaches, and curing habitual constipation.

Science Boxes.
BRANTFORD, March 30.—The Examiner last week published an article on the case of Archie Rydal, of this city, which has caused considerable excitement in Brantford and district. It appears Mr. Rydal has had more than his share of suffering during the past few years, so far as he has run down from kidney disease that he had lost the power of his limbs and back. He could only get around with the aid of two crutches, or when assisted by kind hands. His death was daily expected. On the advice of his wife he tried Dodd's Kidney Pills, and took in all nineteen boxes. His improvement was marked from the second box. He is now completely cured, and a living testimony of the curative powers of that wonderful remedy.

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY, the great blood and nerve remedy.
IT IS ALL THAT IS CLAIMED FOR IT!
Women of all ages, and in all conditions, will find just the help they need in Skoda's Discovery.



MRS. SARAH F. BLETHEN,
Bangor, Me.
Mrs. Sarah F. Blethen, of No. 9, Grove Street, Bangor, Me., says:
"For quite a number of years, I have been a great sufferer from severe pains in my head, and for the last three years, have been much reduced and run down, being unable to do any work. At my age, 60 years, I never expected to be any longer. I have taken only two bottles of SKODA'S DISCOVERY with Skoda's Little Tablets. My Back Ache is all gone, my Appetite has returned, I have gained much in flesh, and I feel like a new person. I cannot praise these Remedies too much."
SKODA DISCOVERY CO., WOLFFVILLE, N. S.

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PARSONS' PILLS
Make New, Rich Blood!
These pills are a modern discovery. They cure all the ailments of the blood, and restore the system to its normal state. They are a most valuable remedy for all cases of blood poisoning, and are a most effective means of restoring the system to its normal state. They are a most valuable remedy for all cases of blood poisoning, and are a most effective means of restoring the system to its normal state.



THE IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any injurious.
E. W. GILLET, Toronto, Ont.