

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

IRELAND.

NEW YORK, NOV. 11.

A London special says: Secretary Forster left London for Dublin last night after a long interview with Hugh Childers, Secretary of War. It is thought the result of Forster's conference was entirely in accord with his radical views of the duty of the Government. Forster's policy favors an immediate display of superior force, and a determined attempt to silence the Land League agitation with the bayonet.

A despatch from Ballinrobe, the residence of Boycott, says: Nearly one thousand troops of all arms are quartered at Ballinrobe, under the command of Col. Bedingfield, so that every precaution has been taken to carry out the wishes of the Irish Executive by preventing a collision between the two parties. The people here bitterly denounce the interference of Orangemen who, they believe, care little for saving the crops, but rather desire to revive the old spirit of Protestant ascendancy in Connaught.

DUBLIN, NOV. 11.

A telegram from Ballina represents great excitement in consequence of the report that fifty Orangemen would pass through there for Boycott's farm. Fire arms were purchased and carried by bands of men to oppose the passage of the Orangemen. A meeting was hastily called, at which loaded revolvers were produced and the most violent language against the Government was used.

LONDON, NOV. 11.

The Times says: We believe the Irish Executive is in possession of ample and indisputable proof that not alone a spirit of lawlessness but its organized forces and systematic methods are spreading from county to county.

LONDON, NOV. 11.

The Times says it is certain that the most important question considered by yesterday's Cabinet Council was whether all citizens of Ireland can be protected by the ordinary machinery of law. We have reason to believe that those who are most directly responsible for the administration of Irish affairs have come to the conclusion that without increasing the power of the Executive, the present state of things must not only continue, but enlarge its borders and become daily more enterprising and audacious. The article recommends the suspension of the Habeas Corpus Act as a remedy.

DUBLIN, NOV. 9.

Sudden and urgent orders arrived at Island Bridge Barracks about midnight yesterday, for the immediate despatch of four troops of the Nineteenth Hussars, with army service corps and ambulance wagons, to the West. A special train was ordered by the government for the transit of the troops, and arrived at Broadstone Terminus at half-past two in the morning. The scene here was unequalled since the period of the Fenian rising. The managers and officers of the Midland and Great Western Railway Company are engaged in superintending arrangements for the despatch of the troops. Trains were being got ready and engines being shunted from place to place, while officers and soldiers were engaged in embarking their horses. By half-past three o'clock this duty was successfully accomplished. At that hour a detachment of army service corps, consisting of ten wagons, including ambulance wagons, drove up Dominick street and proceeded to the point of embarkation. The force is in command of Major Coghill. It will go under canvas at Ballinrobe. Four hundred men of the Eighty-fourth Regiment leave Carragh in the morning for Ballinrobe. This sudden order is in consequence of fears of disturbance if the Orangemen invade Mayo to relieve Mr. Boycott, and in addition to the force ordered earlier in the day.

THE DANGER OF DELAY.

The history of the movement during the past two days is as follows:—The most extensive arrangements had been making in the North, with the assistance and recognition of a great number of landlords in the West. Several hundred volunteers were to start from different points, armed with revolvers, a large number of arms having been purchased in Dublin and Belfast. These had been served out to volunteers selected with care. Each detachment was to have been commanded by an officer, the whole to be under one leader and quartered on various landlords, who offered accommodation near Ballinrobe. The arrangements being nearly perfected, and the expedition equipped to start on Wednesday, some of the leader at Dublin became frightened at the increasing magnitude of the enterprise, which in consequence of the fanaticism of the Orangemen was becoming almost uncontrollable. The editor of the Express says that all arrangements were complete, the time being fixed for a special train of the Midland Railway, which was given by the directors for the expedition; but in order to prevent a breach of the peace a communication was made to the government, which, to the surprise of all, prohibited the expedition after a special council of the heads of the Government. The Midland Railway also to-day refused a special train unless its safety was guaranteed. An article in the Express thus concludes:—"The government have made no attempt to stop the march of hundreds of armed ruffians, who are ready to murder peaceful citizens, but they profess to be shocked at the idea of a hundred true and faithful subjects of the Queen proceeding to extricate Captain Boycott from his dilemma because they carry with them the means of self-defence. They say in effect that these men shall be the only unarmed people in the district. We can hardly believe the government will persist in their unreasonable refusal. It is the duty of the relief party as loyal subjects to obey the law. We are sure that they will do it, but as their object is peaceful we fail to see how the

movement can be pronounced illegal unless by a straining of the law. We await with some anxiety the result of the last communication to Mr. Boycott. We trust that in any event the undertaking to relieve him will be carried out, the responsibility being thrown upon the Executive to protect whatever number of men, however small, they see fit to sanction."

STATEMENT OF THE SECRETARY.

Mr. Forster sent for the reporters of the newspapers yesterday, and made a statement. He said:—"From the beginning the government desired to give every possible protection to Mr. Boycott, and promised to protect any number of laborers needed to save the crops, but I am here informed that a very much larger body is likely to go—a hundred from one place and many more from others. The editor of the Express very properly apprised me of this fact, and I feel it, therefore, necessary to say that such a body would be an illegal gathering and likely to lead to a breach of the peace. Hence the government treat it as such." Meanwhile Mr. Boycott's condition is more helpless than ever. He has been supported for some time by friends, and is as powerless as if there were no government. The expedition has further inflamed the feeling of hostility in Mayo against the invaders. Ample but secret preparations have been making for several days to receive them. Much bloodshed was expected to ensue, and the relieving force might have been annihilated, as this district is the very centre of the most disturbed district in Ireland. Dublin papers condemn the action of the government. The Irish Times says: "The social condition, of which this is but an opening incident, cannot in the nature of things continue, in view of the unrest of Ulster and the continuance of lawless incidents elsewhere. What is to be done? To the reports that nightly reach us of troubles expected, of preparations making, of drillings, of large sales of arms, we have attached but qualified credence, but the act which seems to be opening has provided already more perilous possibilities, and while there is no cause for any panic, the moment is most anxious one and certain to tax the higher qualities of skill and firmness which a Minister ought to possess who, with open eyes, undertook the task of managing Ireland in these most difficult circumstances. One thing is clear, that as long as violence is used or spoken of on any side, reform cannot occur. Society is now concerned less with the amendment of laws than with the defence of them, and it will task the government as greatly to protect liberty as to devise measures. The agitation with which we stand confronted has got beneath the stratum of reform. It digs no more for ore. It accomplishes an earthquake."

START OF THE EXPEDITION.

At a late hour this evening I was informed by an official of the government that the Boycott expedition had not been abandoned. One detachment has started and will arrive at Cavan to-day. It is expected to proceed to Galway, and thence to Cong to-morrow, though the plan may be changed. It is also reported that others will start from Dublin in the morning. If the leaders conclude at the last moment that transit by rail is inexpedient the plan will be changed. It has been suggested that they shall charter a steamer at Belfast and go round to Galway. The danger of bloodshed is probably over, as the neighborhood of the Boycott's house is now a tented field. It is understood that the leader of the expedition is Lord Crichton. He at least is prominent in the undertaking. A Ballinrobe despatch says that the town is outwardly quiet this morning. The cavalry from Dublin arrived at six in the evening. As the correspondent was writing white tents were being spread in the neighborhood of Boycott's, where the scene is quite martial with the little army now encamped there. The thing wanted to complete the conditions of war is an enemy. State affairs in the vicinity however, are very deplorable. Landlords, shopkeepers and laborers are not a little nervous. Nearly all the landlords are under police protection. They never move without an armed escort. The shopkeepers fear to sell anything to obnoxious farmers. Many laborers have been warned not to work for the men who are at war with their tenants. Thus large areas of turnips and potatoes lie in the ground rotting. So prominent has the Boycott case become that the threat to "Boycott a man" is a common phrase for this system of intimidation. The Freeman's Journal, is yet miserably insignificant. It amounts to about £362. Irish Americans, as usual, must settle the bill. A report was current at Portsmouth this afternoon that the Channel squadron is to be prepared to land a brigade of 2,800 troops at Queenstown if ordered to do so, but the report is regarded as sensational. At a meeting of the Land League to-day Mr. Justin McCarthy was elected a member. Mr. Parnell addressed a meeting at Belleek, county Fermanagh to-day. Mr. Forster, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has left Dublin for London.

Special Notices.

R. K. BRACE will pay 17 cents in goods for a limited quantity of Early Rose potatoes; goods at cash prices.

BARRELS choice Cranberries for sale at A. McNeill's Auction Room, No. 11 Queen street. [no 5 ft]

FOR SALE.

THAT desirable residence owned and occupied by the subscriber, and situate on Dundas Esplanade, together with the water lot in front.

The house and outbuildings are in a state of thorough repair.

For terms apply to Messrs. HODGSON & McLEOD, or to

ALEX. MACNAB.

Ch'town, Nov. 1, '80—tf

PERKINS & STERNS

ARE NOW SHOWING A SUPERIOR STOCK OF

New Millinery and Millinery Materials!

DIRECT FROM BEST LONDON HOUSES.

PLUSH, FREIZE, VELVET, FUR AND STRAW HATS,
IN ALL THE NEWEST SHAPES.

Silks and Satins, in Pompadour, Brocade and Plain Colors.

Velvets and Velveteens, in Plain Colors, Pompadour and Embossed.

New Laces, Ribbons, &c.,

Flowers and Feathers,

Hat and Bonnet Ornaments.

A FULL STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS,

UNSURPASSED IN VALUE AND VARIETY.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, October 4, 1880.

JAMES HOBBS, CABINET MAKER,

Undertaker, &c.,

Next to Baptist Church, Prince Street, Charlottetown.

REPAIRING

NEATLY DONE.



WARRANTED

ALL WORK

UNDERTAKING COFFINS AND CASKETS.

The Undertaking Department personally attended to at moderate charges. All who patronize this establishment may feel confident upon receiving the very best value for their money. All work warranted. Seasoned Stock best kind.

THE NEW SCHOOL DESK supplied at short notice, VERY CHEAP.

Coffin Pedestals, something new and much needed, sent to the house free of charge. New Plumes of the latest design.

Parties leaving full orders for funerals will be subject to ONLY HALF PRICE for hearse, with either one or two horses. Nov. 12, 1880—3m 2aw

FARMERS ATTENTION!

Wool, Wool Skins, Hides and Calf Skins.

FARMERS having HIDES of any description, Wool or Wool Skins to dispose of, will find

A READY MARKET

AT THE

Spring Park Wool and Hide Depot.

CYRUS F. STACKPOLE.

Oct. 20, 1880—tf

THE STEAMSHIP

PRINCE EDWARD,

ROBERT FRASER, Commader,

Will be on the Berth at Liverpool to Receive Cargo about the 12th of November.

AND WILL SAIL FROM

Liverpool for Charlottetown

About the 18th November.

For Freight apply in London to JOHN PITCAIRN & SONS, 16 Great Winchester Street, E. C.; in Glasgow, to JAMES KELSO, 134 St. Vincent Street; in Liverpool, to PITCAIRN BROTHERS, 51 South John Street; in Pictou, N. S., to NOONAN & DAVIES; or here, to

PEAKE BRO'S & CO.,

Ch'town, Oct. 16, 1880. MANAGERS.

FOR SALE.

A THOROUGH BRED Shorthorn Heifer—"Shepherdess II.," color white, calved Kensington, May 1, 1877, sire Statesman II., Herd Book page 5 (now in calf). Took 1st prize at Provincial Exhibition 1879. Took 2nd prize at Provincial Exhibition 1880. Apply to

DANIEL DAVIES,

"Westwood" Royalty.

Nov. 5, '80—eod tf

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER the Cheapest and most Newsy Paper published in the Provinces.

TO LET.

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE of eight rooms, with good cellar and yard, situated east end of King street.

—ALSO—

The rooms over my store in Queen street, very suitable for offices. Apply to

WILLIAM DODD.

Oct. 18, 1880.

TRY IT. TRY IT

GIVE ALBION MINE NUT COAL a fair trial and you will not be disappointed in the result; it is COAL, not fire clay and slate. For orders apply to

G. W. DEBLOIS,

Sole Agent for P. B. Island.

Office—No. 35 Water Street.

Charlottetown, July 8, 1880—pat tf

OLD QUEEN SQUARE LIVERY STABLES

RE-OPENED.

THE Subscriber has removed to the commodious Livery Stables, LATELY OCCUPIED BY MR. JAMES BARR,

North Side Queen Square,

Where you can get the CHEAPEST AND BEST

TERNOUTS IN THE CITY.

JAMES N. MILLNER.

Ch'town, Sept. 14, 1880—ly

TEA. TEA.

RECEIVED from London, per "Ethel Blanche," chests and half-chests Prime Congo TEA. For sale cheap, wholesale and retail.

WRIGHT & MACNUTT.

Ch'town, Oct. 27, '80—6i cod wkly 3i

Bones. Bones.

THE undersigned will pay fifty cents Cash per cwt. for all bones delivered at the Bone Mill, in the Royalty. No quantity less than one cwt. (112 lbs) taken.

FRED. W. HYNDMAN,

Agent.

Ch'town, Dec. 1, 1879

CHANGE FOR A GOOD INVESTMENT!

Canoe Cove Lobster Factory For Sale.

THIS Factory is fitted up with steam and is one of the best arranged on the island. It is now offered for sale, the owner, on account of ill health, wishing to retire from the business.

The output of the establishment this season amounted to 95,000 cans, and can for next season be indefinitely extended.

The "Canoe Cove" brand of lobsters is considered one of the best in the English market and commands the highest prices.

For further information apply to Hon. D. DAVIES, or to Messrs G DAVIES & Co., London House.

Ch'town, Oct. 28, 1880.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between FRANCIS S. LONGWORTH and ROBERT SHAW, doing business in Charlottetown under the style and firm of

LONGWORTH & SHAW,

as Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated this 30th day of October, A.D. 1880.

F. S. LONGWORTH,

ROBERT SHAW.

Ch'town, Nov. 1, '80—tf

MOLASSES.

74 PUNCHEONS of the choicest in the market.

CARVELL BROS.

Nov 2, 1880.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT.

DR. J. R. McLEAN,

Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, formerly Assistant Surgeon to the 8th and Locust Street Eye and Ear Infirmary, Philadelphia, confines his practice exclusively to

diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.

Office at St. Lawrence Hotel, Pictou, N. S. Oct. 14, 1880.

For Sale or to Let.

THAT Freehold Property, with a front of eighty feet on Pownall Street and eighty-four feet on Sydney Street, the House containing 16 large rooms and two Kitchens. Can be turned into one Dwelling by unlocking a door. Apply on the premises to

MRS. BOSWALL.

April 26, 1880—tf

TO LET.

ONE-HALF of a commodious BRICK HOUSE, containing 9 rooms (with or without coach house and stables) situated on upper Queen Street. Possession given the first October next. For further particulars apply to

ALEX. HORNE,

Sept 22, '80—2aw

Queen Street