

SCROFULA

is indicated by little kernels in the neck. Sometimes they swell, become painful, soften, and end in a scar. Watch carefully, and just as soon as the kernels appear give

Scott's Emulsion. The swellings will grow less and less until they disappear entirely. Continue the Emulsion until the child has good solid flesh and a healthy color.

See and fit on all druggists, SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

Special Notice.

Having purchased from Mr. F. J. Tombsy the stock and good will of his Book and Stationery Business in the Morris Block, we will continue the business in its various branches, selling at lowest prices for cash only. Miss B. Hornsby, who has managed the business in the past, will be in charge of the store, and will be pleased to attend to all old customers and many new ones.

A choice new stock of Wall Papers will be placed on sale, and all departments of the business will be kept well stocked. A well supplied news and will be a special feature of the business. The store will be known as "The Bazaar Bookstore."

THE Bazaar Company

Successors to F. J. HORNSBY.
MORRIS BLOCK...
Charlotte, March 15, 1900.

Bring back anything not done properly
Bring back anything not done right

It is our business to turn out work right, and if we are informed that any work we have done is not satisfactory we are only too glad to make it satisfactory free of charge. It is our business to please customers and we always strive to do so as far as it lies in our power.

When in need of anything in our line remember

"THE MODERN"
Founders Engineers & Machinists and Boiler Makers.

Bruce Stewart and Co'y.
Steam Nav. Co's Wharf
Charlotte, P. E. I.
Phone 125

TO LET.

"Watermere"—H. use and Stables with about five acres of land. Rent \$250 00. Also Parkview Cottage, adjoining above, with about three acres of land. Rent \$100 00.

Both pleasantly situated and in good order. City water in both houses. Lessee to pay taxes. Apply to
D. C. McLEOD.
May 17th, 1900 ft.

FURNITURE.

Clearing out Sale by Auction.
I am instructed by H. H. Shaw Esq. to sell by auction, at his residence Weymouth St. opposite King Square, on

Thursday June 7th, inst.
commencing at 11 o'clock, a.m. all his household effects, comprising Parlor, Dining Room, Hall, Bedroom and Kitchen furniture.
Terms cash.
R. BEAIRSTO.
Auctioneer.
June 2, dy id.

The Transvaal War

JOHANNESBURG.

THE CAPTURED GOLD TOWN—ITS PHENOMENAL RISE AND GROWTH.

The famous city of Johannesburg is at once both the largest and, previous to the outbreak of the war, contained the greatest population of any city in South Africa. It is situated on the southern slope of the Witwatersrand range of mountains, from the summit of which is only a couple of miles. It is 1,014 miles distant from Cape town, 483 from Durban, 396 from Delagoa Bay, and 32 miles from Pretoria. It may be imagined the city is well above the level of the sea, its elevation being 5,689 feet. Its altitude is greater than that of any other town in South Africa. Out of a population of over a hundred thousand that Johannesburg possessed previous to the outbreak of the war over fifty thousand were whites, sixty-seven per cent. Of whom were of British origin, there being but about six thousand Transvaal citizens amongst them.

The growth of Johannesburg has been something marvellous and forms a record in the history of the cities of the world. Other cities have possibly risen as quickly, but few there are that can show such evidence of substantiality as Johannesburg, with its palatial hotels and stately business blocks, its handsome public buildings and its suburbs with their comfortable villas and pretty gardens.

Fourteen years ago to-day Johannesburg was not. One year ago it was full of commercial life, its streets were full of people, business activity was rampant, and all its industries, especially the chief of all, the mines, were in full operation. For months past it has been a silent and deserted city in comparison, its trade dead and its streets empty save for a few natives and 'Zaps', or Transvaal police, merely living in the city to prevent incendiarism and disorder. It is now likely, however, that with the advent of the British army Johannesburg will in a very brief space of time become itself again. Johannesburg dates from September, 1886, when a few straggling shanties began to rise along the line of gold reefs now forming the Wemmer and Ferreira companies' ground. The existence of the reef at this point was not then known, but on its discovery steps were at once taken to secure a more suitable locality, and in December, 1886, the nucleus of the present city was laid out. The land around was previously considered of so little value that not long ago farms had changed hands for the value of a team of oxen. In January, 1895, two stands in Commissioner street sold for twenty-two thousand pounds, and one on Pritchard street at forty thousand pounds. All around the undulating country is dotted in all directions with battery houses and other buildings connected with the working of the mines.

The annual output of the Johannesburg mines has reached over a hundred million dollars. The general consensus of opinion of the mining community has of late years favored the expectations of increased value of ore with increased depth of working, and so far as the results of one boring may be trusted, this theory does not seem unfounded. The average return from nearly three and a half millions of tons treated in 1895 was 13-18 dwts., and it may reasonably be inferred that this yield will not diminish within a mile of the outcrop.

In January, 1893, Mr. Hamilton Smith, assuming a working depth of 5,200 feet on the slope, a thickness of five feet and a yield of twelve and a half dwts. per ton, computed the hidden wealth of only eleven miles of the central and northern portions of the main reef series at three hundred and twenty-five million pounds, figures which he confirmed in February, 1895. In 1894, Mr. Theodore Reunert, basing his calculations on a minimum length of reef of thirty miles, a workable incline depth of one mile, an average thickness of five feet, and yield of only eight dwts. per ton, estimated the ore in sight as worth four hundred

and fifty million pounds. In 1895, Messrs. Hatch and Chalmers reckoned that the whole of the reefs being worked, together with their deep levels, should give a total yield of seven hundred million pounds. Going a step further and adopting as probably a length of fifty miles of reef, five feet thick, workable at an inclined depth of one mile, and yielding the same average as the three and a half millions of tons milled in 1895, the value of the ore within this area would amount to more than £1,250,000,000 (\$6,250,000,000) or six times the entire production of the State of California between 1849 and 1893. Gigantic as this estimate may seem, it will appear least irrational to those who are best acquainted with the probable resources of these fields, and it is possible that the future may see even this figure largely exceeded.

Besides the Witwatersrand region, there are in the Transvaal many other gold fields, such as the Venterskroon, the De Kaap, the Steynsdorp and the Sontpausberg, the latter of enormous area.

The city of itself extends over an area of six square miles, and there are over eighty miles of roads and streets. In the course of the last few years many outlying suburbs have been created for the benefit of those wishing to live a little way from the town. The streets are regularly laid out and several open squares exist, among which is the market square, which is the largest in South Africa. In the buildings the city is particularly rich considering its youth. They include the public offices, the Stock Exchange, the market buildings, the public library, the hospital and a number of churches and theatres, besides several fine hotels and business houses. St. Mary's Anglican Church is the largest in the city, but a still larger one, to meet increasing need, was about to be built. The city is well provided with public parks, including Kruger's Park, Joubert's Park, the Hospital Gardens and other breathing spaces. The transportation facilities are very good, including several lines of street cars and the railway, which runs through to Pretoria, to the North, and to Cape town on the south. The lighting system, both gas and electric, is good, but the water supply is poor both in quantity and in quality, besides being what Ch' Tosiens would consider very dear. The scarcity of water is owing mainly to the undermining of the earth for the mining industries, but it is expected that in the future measures will be taken to successfully cope with the difficulty of obtaining a copious supply of pure fresh water.

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With Years WISDOM.

The answer to that old query, "What's in a name?" was not hard to define in the case of one justly celebrated Family Remedy that had its origin away down in Maine, which proves that with age comes wisdom about

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

An old lady called at a store and asked for a bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment; the clerk said "they were out, but could supply her with another just as good." The engaging smile that accompanied this information was frozen stiff when she replied: "Young Man, there is only one Liniment, and that is Johnson's."

Originated in 1810 by an old Family Physician. There is not a remedy in use which has the confidence of the public to a greater extent. Could a remedy have existed for nearly a century, except that it possess extraordinary merit?

Our book on INFLAMMATION free. Price 25 and 50c. L. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

DOMINION OF CANADA PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND In Chancery.

BEFORE THE MASTER OF THE ROLLS.

Francis J. Trainor, administrator cum testamentary annexo of the personal estate and effects of Morgan Hinchey, deceased, testate, complainant,

and

Morgan Landrigan defendant.

Pursuant to the order of the Court of Chancery, bearing date the Second day of April, A. D. 1900, notice is hereby given that all creditors having claims against the estate of the late Morgan Hinchey, late of Rustico, in Queen's County, in the Province of Prince Edward Island Fisherman, do come in and exhibit and prove their accounts before me at the office of the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court of the said Province, in the Law Courts Building, in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, aforesaid, on or before the thirty-first day of May next, A. D. 1900, or in default thereof they will be excluded in the administration of the said estate and in the decree of this court herein.

Dated at Charlottetown in Queen's County, in the said Province, this 26th day of April, A. D. 1900.

(Sgd.) J. A. LONGWORTH, Master in Chancery.

(Sgd.) JAMES J. JOHNSTON, Complainants' Solicitor.

-Law. & w.

Opera House Monday and Tuesday

—AND—
Tuesday Bargain Matinee.
JUNE 4 & 5.

First time here of the famous 14th Street Theatre, New York, comedy-drama success.

A Young Wife.

By J. M. Tillotson, author of "The Planter's Wife," etc.

AN ANIMATED PICTURE OF NEW YORK LIFE OF TODAY

Presented by the Original Incomparable cast and

Splendid Scenic and Stage Effects.

Headed by that eminent comedian

Frank Taunhill Jr.

Prices—Night, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c. Matinee—15c, 25c.

Merchants Bank of Prince Edward Island.

Collections made on the most reasonable terms and promptly remitted for.

Deposits received and interest allowed at best current rates.

SUNNYSIDE DENTISTRY.

Office in New Prowse Block first door to the right up stairs.

Telephone connection.

DR. AYERS

CASH DOWN CASH DOWN

The highest for scrap iron, lead, copper, brass or any old alloy at Eedale Foundry.

T. A. McLEAN,
Charlottetown

Men's Suits

They are here and you can only know their goodness when you see them. We keep no shoddy goods.

We can't afford to as we have a reputation for square and honest clothing and mean to maintain it. It has come to be a guarantee of quality for a suit of clothing to say "it came from Ramsay's." And we are shaving prices finer every day.

Childrens Suits 75c

Boys' Suits \$1.35

Men's Suits \$4.00

We want to boom our clothing trade this spring and have started very well; we intend to keep it up, and if best quality, best style and lowest price are any inducements we are bound to succeed.

R. H. Ramsay & Co

Straw Hat Enamel

IN 15 TINTS.
Try a can, only 10 cents.
SIMON W. CRABBE.

April 11th 1900. Walker's Corner

Great Sale of Crockery, Glassware and Groceries. Big Discounts for 30 Days.

All our present stock will be closed out at big reductions—below are some prices:—

\$3.00	Tea Sets now	\$1.95	per set
75 cent	Glass Table Sets now	50 cents	
40 "	" " " " " "	25 "	
24 "	" " " " " "	20 "	
90 "	Large Lamps " " "	50 "	
50 "	" " " " " "	30 "	
1.50	Lemonade Sets " " "	90 "	
1.50	China Berry Sets " " "	1.20	
50 "	Glass " " " " "	35 "	
30 "	" " " " " "	20 "	

Also a lot of odd crockery selling at Half Price.

P. MONAGHAN, Upper Queen Street

Underclothing

Men's Balbrigan

Natural Wool

Great variety, excellent values.

T. J. HARRIS, LONDON HOUSE

SHIRTS

Men's, Youths, and Boys, See our stock.

T. J. Harris, London House

Summer Suiting.

Our importations of clothes for spring and summer is now complete, and we invite inspection of the largest and noblest stock of suitings, overcoatings and trousering, to be seen in this city. Correct style, perfect fit and best workmanship guaranteed. Always on hand, a full line of gents' furnishings

JOHN M'LEOD & CO

Men's Suits

Boys' Suits

Children's Suits.

And these are no shoddy goods remember.

Childrens Suits 75c

Boys' Suits \$1.35

Men's Suits \$4.00

We want to boom our clothing trade this spring and have started very well; we intend to keep it up, and if best quality, best style and lowest price are any inducements we are bound to succeed.

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