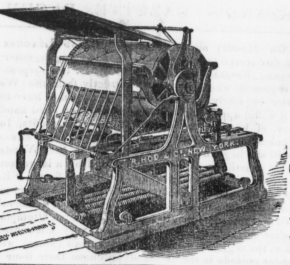
HASZARD'S GAZETTE,



FARMERS' COMMERCIAL JOURNAL, & ADVERTISER.

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HASZARD'S GAZETTE,

Published by Haszard & Owen,

Queen Square,

Is issued twice a week, at 15s. per year.

AND CONTAINS,

THE LATEST NEWS, AT HOME & ABROAD.

Coach and Sleigh Making.

ROBERT McINTYRE returns thanks for the patronage heretofore extended to him, and would inform the public, that he keeps on hand, and makes to order,—

Carriages, Wagons, Carts, Sleighs, &c.

Upper Queen Street.
October 13th, 1855.

Harness and Coach Hardware.

EDWARD DANN,

MANUFACTURER & IMPORTER

29 Kilby Street. (near State), Boston.

OFFERS for Cash at low prices, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Spokes, Rims, Shafts, Enamel Cloth, Patent and Enamelled Leather; *all of first quality* Swedish malleable Iron on hand, and furnished to order and pattern. Full assortment American Harness, Hardware. PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO ORDERS.

Steamer for Liverpool.

Lady Le Marchant.

THE Steamer Lady Le Marchant will leave Charlottetown for Liverpool, England, early in December next, has good accommodations for a limited number of Passengers if early application be made.

THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY.

Charlottetown, Oct. 24, 1855.

A good Assortment of WILSON'S

CELEBRATED

Botanic Medicine

AND

Thomsonian Preparations,

with full directions for

FAMILY USE.

—ALSO—

B. O. & G. C. WILSON'S

Compound Sarsaparilla,
Neuropathic Drops,
Wild Cherry Balsam,
Dysentery and Cholera Syrup and
Wild Cherry Bitters.

For Sale by Haszard & Owen,

Sole wholesale Agents for Prince Edward Island

New Books!

HASZARD & OWEN have JUST RECEIVED this day, per "Majestic," 1 case BOOKS, from Edinburgh, among which, are a new supply of CHAMBERS' PUBLICATIONS, viz,—Chambers' Information, English Literature,

Journal of Popular Literature, new series, Jan. to July, 1855.

Pictorial History of England, 1st volume,—A History of the People as well as of the Kingdom, illustrated with many hundred Wood Engravings, to be completed in 10 volumes,

Chambers' Pocket Miscellany. Tales for the Road and Rail. Mathematics. Algebra. Geometry. Arithmetic. Book-keeping & Natural Philosophy and Science, in all its branches, &c.

Also, from Messrs. Oliver & Boyd,

Eton Latin Grammar; Edward's Latin Delectus; Dymock's Cæsar; Reid's English Dictionary; Fulton's Johnston's do., Hutton's Book-keeping; Bridges' Algebra & Key; Key to Lennie's Grammar; Mangnall's Questions; Markham's England; Markham's France; Stewart's Mod-rn Geography; Cumming's Signs of the Times, urgent questions; Protestant Discussion with D. French, Esq., &c.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been appointed by Power of Attorney, from the Heirs of the Estate of the late DONALD McDONALD, of Glenaladale, deceased, dated 3d September, and 10th October, is empowered to sell or lease all their Lands on the Island, and to collect all Debts, Rents, Arrears of Rents, Promissory Notes and Book Accounts, &c.

JOHN ARCH. McDONALD,
Glenaladale, Oct 13. Agent.

All persons desirous of purchasing or leasing Lands, will do well to call on the Agent as soon as possible, for the best Farms will be first taken. Two MILL SITES to let.

Any person or persons found trespassing on the above Estate, either by cutting, hauling Timber, making Roads, barking or boxing Trees, or in any other way damaging or destroying the said Property, will be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the Law.

Fre hold Farm for Sale.

TO BE SOLD, by private contract, a valuable FREEHOLD FARM, 6 miles from Town, consisting of 60 acres of LAND, or thereabouts, 54 of which are cleared, and in an excellent state of cultivation. Nearly the whole has been cleared within the last 12 years. It is situated on the north side of, and adjoins, the West River, and contiguous to Mr. John Hyde's Mill. The House is placed on a commanding situation, well sheltered from the north and north-west winds, and has a splendid view of the river. The farm buildings have been all erected by the present proprietor, and consists of a Barn 63 x 26 feet, including Stable and Cow-house, also, a Coach-house and Granary, Out-houses, Green-house and Piggery. Mussel Mud to any extent can be obtained from the river. For particulars apply to

NICHOLAS BROWN,
Oct. 22. Kent Street.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.

FOR Sale TOWN LOTS Nos. 28, 29, 30, and 62 in the 1st Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, fronting on *Water Street* and *King Street* or such parts thereof as may be agreed on. Part of the purchase money may remain unpaid for a limited period, by being secured on the premises.

F. BRECKEN,
September, 18, 1855. tf Barrister-at-Law.

Cigars! Cigars!!

40,000 SUPERIOR GERMAN CIGARS received by the Subscriber on Consignment, and for sale at his Auction Mart, corner of Queen and Water Streets.

The above Cigars are for unreserved sale, and will be sold Wholesale and Retail, at very low prices.

BENJAMIN DAVIES.
Oct. 19.

AMERICAN GOODS.

FROM ALBANY DIRECT, and for SALE at DODD'S Brick Store, in Pownal Street:

200 Cooking, Parlour and Air Tight Stoves, which will be Sold Twenty-five per cent. less than any ever imported into this City.

THOMAS W. DODD.

Lot 48, October 18th, 1855.

To Messrs. Beer & Son,

Gentlemen,—For your satisfaction, and general information, we beg to certify, that those Cooking Stoves we purchased from you a short time since, (being of a new description) give great satisfaction. The excellent baking qualities of the same, together with the spacious room for fuel, make it a very desirable Stove, and we can strongly recommend the same to any person purchasing.

Your Obed't Servants,
JOHN FARQUSON,
WILLIAM BOYCE,
WILLIAM FARQUSON.

A further supply of the above JUST RECEIVED at the "King Square House," together with a good assortment of other STOVES, and will be sold very cheap.

BEER & SON.

THE RUSSIAN MODE OF WARFARE.

Surely those Russians are the politest enemies that ever an army had to deal with. They are always on the alert to save our men trouble. If a demonstration is made against their ships, instantly the vessels are sunk by their own hands. If indications are given of a serious desire to take one of their forts, it is blown up forthwith. It would not in the least surprise us to learn that, after blowing up the fortifications on Otchakoff Point, the Russian commander had despatched a flag of truce to express a regret, that the laziness of his soldiers, or their uncertainty as to our wishes, had prevented their doings as much to the forts at Kinburn. These exploits of the Muscovites impart to their Emperor's visit to the southern parts of his dominions, a character unprecedented in his history. We read of many kings and kaisers who have repaired to the theatre of war, to go through the form of receiving the submission of towns, fortresses, or armies, that had previously been reduced to extremities by their generals. But Alexander II is the first sovereign on record who has travelled so far to witness, with his own eyes, the dexterity with which his soldiers can destroy and evacuate their own defences. The Roman Emperor who went from Rome to the Belgian coast to witness a sham embarkation for the conquest of Britain, has hitherto been thought the most sublime ninny on record: his laurels must fade in comparison with the Russian Emperor, who has travelled from St. Petersburg to Odessa to witness an unresisted irruption into his own dominions. How the news of his passive exploits may be received at St. Petersburgh it is not easy to conjecture. When the inhabitants of that capital learned that their Black Sea fleet had been sunk by the orders of Prince Menschikoff, and that their forts around South Sebastopol had been blown up by the orders of Prince Gortschakoff, they could console themselves by the reflection that these misadventures could only happen in the absence of their Emperor—their God upon earth. But their Emperor has gone to the scene of action, and matters go on in his presence, exactly as they did in his absence. May not this shake their confidence in his miraculous power to protect them? And may not the consequent want of faith in him prepare an indifferent reception for his imperial majesty on his return? The reverence with which the Russians regard their sovereign borders on idolatry: but old chronicles, tell us, how the worshippers of idols have-ere now, when tired with praying to their wooden gods without effect, tried whether they could not beat them into better behaviour. If the Russians have ever read the story of the man who, tired out with fruitless prayers to his idol threw it rudely down from its pedestal, and was rewarded by a stream of gold coin which having been deposited in a cavity of the image, flowed from it when broken, they may be tempted to repeat the experiment upon their own flesh and blood divinity. But possibly the politeness of the Russians, in saving the allies the trouble of destroying their ships and forts, is the result of some deep laid scheme. We may read in the next number of the Journal de St. Petersburg that comes to hand, an exposition of the Machiavelian policy of its Government.

Extract from the Circular of Cunard, Brett and Austin, of the 25th October, 1855.

In the year 1852 and '53, as well as the early part of 1854, the demand for ships of 1000 tons and upwards, became so great that vessels of this class advanced to unusually high prices, while vessels from 100 to 600 tons remained comparatively low.

The result has been the production in excess of large ships when estimated by the supply of small, while the demand for the latter continues good—The models, however, of the great bulk of small vessels now in the market are exceptionable, and are not suited to the present requirements of trade. To make such more marketable, they should not in length be less than five times their width, sharp entrance, and clean run, with long flat floors; and in proportion to the increased length, they should have keels, kelsons, bilges, and waterways proportionately increased in strength so that they would combine with sailing, carrying, and light drafts, strength and fitness to take the ground, if required.

According to the Leeds *Mercury*, Colonel Rawlinson has just discovered among the ruins of ancient Babylon an extensive library—not indeed printed on paper, but impressed on baked bricks—containing many and voluminous treatics on astronomy, mathematics, ethnology, and several other most important branches of knowledge—These treaties contain facts and arguments which, in his opinion, will have no small effect on the study of the sciences to which they relate, and, indeed, on almost every branch of learning, and which throw great light upon Biblical history, and criticism, and the history of our race.

A QUAKER'S LETTER TO HIS WATCHMAKER.—I herewith send thee my pocket clock, which greatly standeth in need of thy friendly correction. The last time he was at thy friendly school, he was in no way reformed nor in the least benefited thereby; for I perceive by the index of his mind, that he is a liar, and the truth is not in him! that his motions are wavering and irregular; that his pulse is sometimes slow, which betokeneth not an even temper; and at other times, it waxeth sluggi-h, notwithstanding I frequently urge him; when he should be on his duty, as thou knoweth his usual name denoteth, I find him slumbering, or,as the vanity of human reason phraseth, I catch him napping. Examine him, therefore and prove him, I beseech thee, thoroughly, that thou mayest, being well acquainted with his inward frame, and disposition turn him from the error of his way, and show him the way wherein he should go. It grieves me to think, and when I ponder thereon, I am verily of opinion, that his body is foul, and the whole mass is corrupt. Cleanse him, therefore, with thy charming physic, from all pollution, that he may vibrate and circulate according to the truth. I will place him a few days under thy care, and pay for his board as thou requirest. I entreat thee, friend John, to demean thyself on this occasion with judgment, according to the gift which is in thee, and prove thyself a workman. And when thou layest thy correcting hand upon him, let it be without passion, lest thou shouldst drive him to destruction. Do thou regulate his motion for a time to come, by the motion of the light that ruleth the day; and when thou findest him converted from the error of his way and more conformable to the above mentioned rules, then do thou send him home, with the just bill of charges drawn out in the spirit of moderation, and it shall be sent to thee, the root of all evil.