

If the fact of sin is ignored Christianity becomes unintelligible.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

The People's Paper Read by Everybody

Covers Prince Edward Island Like the Dew

Science cannot and does not save the lost and rescue the abandoned.

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NAZIS HALTED AT WARSAW

French Announce Important Gains On 12-mile Front

Impression Grows Of Near Approach Of Major Battle - Armies Sparring For Positions.

BULLETIN

(By Charles Foltz, Jr., Associated Press Staff Writer)
BASEL, Switzerland, Sept. 12.—(Tuesday)—(AP)—Advancing despite German counter-attacks, French troops were reported in advices reaching Switzerland today to have moved up as much as four miles in one sector and to have captured four German towns.

Small patrols of German troops crossed into French territory for the first time in the war early today, Swiss reports said, but they retired to their own side of the frontier after a furious clash with the French.

(By Taylor Henry, Associated Press Staff Writer)
PARIS, Sept. 11.—(AP)—The French General Staff announced tonight that French troops, attacking on the Bitch plateau east of the Saar basin, had made important advances into German territory.

A communique strengthened the impression that a major battle was approaching, with the French and Germans fighting along a 100-mile sector of the western front from the Moselle River to the Rhine.

Communique No. 16 said: "Despite enemy resistance our attacks continued to show serious progress on a front of 20 kilometres (some 12 miles) east of the Saar."

This meant the French fought their way along the Bitch plateau, which lies between the Saar River and the Vosges mountains, on a front some 12 miles wide, despite German resistance.

The head of the French forces, General Maurice Gamelin, concentrated his attack against the historically strategic heights held by the Germans between Zweibrücken and the Rhine—along the eastern end of the northern front.

The Germans, meanwhile, thrust forward along the Moselle valley, vesting advance positions about a quarter of a mile deep from the French left wing—the extreme western end of the northern front.

Hand-to-hand fighting, with the French using bayonets to check the Germans, was reported.

The two armies were sparring with an increasing number of men for jump-off positions which at the same time would afford maximum protection for their permanent lines and fortifications.

Behind the front the French Government was manoeuvring for diplomatic position. The French were particularly interested in Italy and Rumania. Paris watched keenly developments in Rumania, where new reserves were called up over the weekend, increasing the army to 1,200,000 men.

Italy "Strictly Correct"

Premier Daladier conferred with Andre Francois-Poncet, French Ambassador to Rome. The envoy was understood to have told Daladier that Italy was observing a "strictly correct" neutral attitude despite her alliance with Germany.

On the western front both sides rushed up reinforcements and hurried fresh troops into fighting which may be known in history as the battle of the Saar River.

This is the picture of the operations as put together from authoritative French and neutral information available in Paris—Already fighting has gone beyond the "advance" phase of the operation with which the French opened their campaign to relieve pressure on Poland. Units as large as divisions have been sent into the northern flank of

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Coming Events

Rate for Notices in this column 3 cents per word.

Talkies—Morell Tuesday, L-784-9-11-21.

Talkies—St. Peter's Wednesday, L-784-9-11-21.

Talkies—Murray River Thursday, L-785-9-12-21.

Talkies—Eldon Friday, L-785-9-12-21.

Card Party and Dance Kelly's Cross Hall, Wednesday, September 12th, L-809-9-12-21.

Q. M. N. G. Rummage Sale proceeds for war, St. Peter's Cathedral school room Saturday, 7 P. M., L-785-9-12-11.

Dance in St. Teresa's Hall, Wednesday, September 13th, Webster's Orchestra, L-783-9-9-31.

Seven Mile Bay Tuesday, Sept. 12th, Credit Union meeting, Messrs. Croteau, Chandler, Hickey and Arsenault, will address the meeting, Everybody, L-783-9-11-21.

CITY CLERK APPOINTED AT MEETING

Mr. James Fullerton Is Named To Position - Other Appointments Made.

Mr. James Fullerton was appointed City Clerk at the regular monthly meeting of the Charlottetown City Council last night. His appointment was for one year with a salary of \$1800, the meeting decided. The position he vacates as city foreman and time keeper was filled by the appointment of Mr. Ivan Y. Reddin, now connected with the city's relief work. Other appointments made at last night's session included naming of Miss Avis Higgins as city accountant and Mr. D. F. Archibald, C. A., as city auditor. Mr. Alfred Prizzell was made Fire Hall Engineer. He replaces Mr. Harry Matheson who has retired because of ill health. Mr. Louis Ranahan was named assistant engineer. Also A. McDonald and William Moran were appointed members of the Board of Appeal for Civic rates to act with City Recorder K. M. Martin as chairman. Mr. Robert Wakelin was appointed fireman at the market house to fill a vacancy caused by the recent death of Mr. Charles Warry. The possibility of staging an experimental blackout in the city of Charlottetown was discussed and

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Maritime Winter Fair Cancelled

AMHERST, N. S., Sept. 11.—(CP)—The 1939 Maritime Winter Fair was cancelled today by directors of the maritime stock-breeders' association, which stages the annual exhibition here. President C. F. Buley declared after the directors meeting it would be impossible to secure the usual government grant this year. In addition, if preparations were made for the fair, it might be found the government would need the use of its buildings for military purposes.

"Lady" Ship Arrives In "War Paint"

BOSTON, Sept. 11.—Dressed in "war paint" the Canadian National Steamship Lady Nelson reached Boston today after a tropical cruise marked by blackouts and other precautions since the outbreak of hostilities in Europe. First of the "Lady" fleet to make Boston from the tropics since war started, the white liner had all her stack markers obliterated and portholes blackened over. She had steered a zig-zag course on the route north. One hundred and seven passengers aboard the liner as she entered her 30-day cruise of the West Indies had been forced to dress and undress in the dark since the outbreak of hostilities. Officers of the ship had repaired electric light bulbs from storerooms.

Stiff Penalties Provided For Enemy Trading

OTTAWA, Sept. 11.—(CP)—The immediate prohibition of all trading with the enemy during the war and the vesting of all enemy property in an official custodian are provided in a special Order in Council tabled in the House of Commons today by Prime Minister Mackenzie King. Under the wide authority of the War Measures Act, the Government rules out any business dealings with an enemy, regardless of how remote the enemy's interest may be in the transaction. Stiff penalties are provided for any infraction. Enforcement of the sweeping regulations is placed under the Secretary of State and a newly-created official, the custodian of enemy property, both of which offices are occupied by Justice Minister LaPointe, for the time being at least. The scope of the voluminous Order in Council is suggested in the definition of "enemy" which includes all persons, including British subjects, residing in or carrying on business in enemy territory or territory occupied by the enemy.

Canada Votes Huge Sum For War Purposes

C.C.F. And Quebec Liberal Members Defeated In Attempt To Forstall Dispatch Of Expeditionary Force.

(Canadian Press Staff Writer)
(By FRANK FLAHERTY)
OTTAWA, Sept. 11.—(CP)—The House of Commons tonight passed the Government's \$100,000,000 war appropriation bill through third reading and sent it on to the Senate for final approval. The measure described as "an important step in the act of granting to His Majesty aid for national defence and security" was sponsored by Revenue Minister Lacey and passed through all stages at today's sitting. The money voted will be in addition to the regular Defence Department estimates passed at the last session and will be available to all Departments to meet expenses due to the war between now and the end of the fiscal year, March 1941. Out of it the Government will probably provide for the appointment of H. J. Commissioners to Australia, New Zealand and other Dominions. Prime Minister Mackenzie King said close co-operation between the Governments of the Empire was important for the carrying on of the war and an exchange of High Commissioners was contemplated. The only ripple in the House's unanimity was caused by an attempt by six members of the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation and a group of 10 Quebec Liberal members to forestall the despatch of an expeditionary force

Situation At A Glance

(By The Canadian Press)
BUDAPEST—Polish radio station at Warsaw declared Poles have turned on Germans, stopping them "dead in their tracks"; insists fortunes of war have turned for Poland with troops in bomb-shattered Warsaw beginning real resistance on all fronts after week of retreat to Vistula line.

PARIS—Communique from French High Command says French troops have made important advances into German territory.

LONDON—Anthony Eden, Dominions Secretary, in international broadcast, declares Britons more closely united than at any time in history by the war against Nazism.

OTTAWA—Parliament votes \$100,000,000 for Dominion's war chest; Prime Minister King announces munitions and supply ministry; says expeditionary force not being considered at moment.

WASHINGTON—Senator Borah declares President Roosevelt will have a bitter battle if he calls special session to enact administration neutrality measures; White House reiterates President has not made up mind when special session will be called.

BERLIN—German communique forecast impending annihilation of Polish army though mention Polish "stubborn resistance"; inspired commentators forecast submarine warfare against English blockade.

With German Army West of Warsaw—Bloodiest battle of war believed being fought north of Lodz, 60 miles west of Warsaw; Germans believe it will end with surrender of Warsaw.

ROME—Italy's course in war still secret; troop movements raise question whether Mussolini contemplating war to get Tunisia while France engaged on western front.

MOSCOW—Soviet concentration of troops and supplies brings rush on food stores and savings banks.

ANKARA, Turkey—Prime Minister Refik Saydam convenes national assembly with declaration that Turkey hopes to stay out of war.

BASEL, Switzerland—Reports from western front say German patrols penetrated into French territory for first time early Tuesday but retired after clash with French; French two-pronged attack apparently aimed at Saarbrücken. French reported to have captured four German towns.

Quality Guaranteed
"SALADA" TEA

BRITISH IN ACTION ON WESTERN FRONT

Transport Of Expeditionary Force To France Without Incident.

(By J. F. Sanderson, Canadian Press Staff Writer)
LONDON, Sept. 12.—(Tuesday)—(AP)—British troops have landed in France and have taken part in advances on German territory, the Ministry of Information announced this morning. The transport of the British expeditionary forces took several days and was accomplished without accident. No details of the units or their positions in France were given. The announcement that "Tommys" were participating in action on the western front confirmed reports that British troops had been quietly moved from England to the front during the past few days. The greatest secrecy was observed in the dispatch of the troops so as to reduce to a minimum the danger of attack by submarine or aircraft.

Hail Ottawa Decision
Last night the Ministry of Information in a special communique devoted to Canada's entry into the war, hailed the Ottawa decision as "an event of the greatest importance." Earlier, another communique proclaimed to the world Great Britain's determination to fight for "a return to decency in international relations."

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Halifax Has Blackout

HALIFAX, Sept. 11.—(CP)—Business places closed their doors and traffic came to a halt tonight during a 10-minute blackout, the first complete one in this seaport city since the Great War. Last week a partial blackout in preparation for hostile attack from air or sea was carried out. The principal street of the city was crowded with the curious among whom was more than a smattering of uniformed men.

War Briefs

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—(CP)—The American Scantle liner Seampenee radioed her home office late today that she was proceeding to the rescue of the British steamship Firby, reportedly torpedoed about 250 miles Northwest of the Hebrides Islands.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—(CP)—A message from the King to the British Merchant Navy and the Fishing Fleets in which he expressed confidence the crews would fulfill their wartime duties was received today by Oliver Stanley, president of the Board of Trade.

OTTAWA, Sept. 11.—(CP)—In view of the statements of Prime Minister Mackenzie King that stringent measures will be taken to prevent profiteering during the war, many potential observers expect that the wartime budget will make provision to tax excess profits. The budget likely will be brought down in the commons tomorrow.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—(CP)—Plans to raise a special military force to defend New Zealand or to serve as an expeditionary force abroad were announced by the New Zealand Government today through the Ministry of Information. It will be made up of volunteers enrolled for the duration of the war and for 12 months following its end, and

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Battle Raging For Control Of Polish Capital

Claim Turn In War Fortunes As Eight Day Retreat Ends At Warsaw.

(By Robert Parker, Jr., Associated Press Staff Writer)
BUDAPEST, Sept. 12.—(Tuesday)—(AP)—The Polish radio station at Warsaw early today announced that the German invaders had been halted "dead in their tracks." It said that the capital's besiegers had been forced to retreat and the Poles were resisting attacks "on all fronts." Warsaw's energetic defence in the fourth day of siege forced the Germans to retreat, the announcer said, and signalled a turn in Poland's war fortunes. The radio said the Polish army had established itself in prepared positions along the east bank of the Vistula and had stopped the Nazis. The front of resistance was described by the announcer as running through Warsaw along the Vistula south to the river San, thence along the eastern bank of that river to a point near the Slovak frontier.

North of Warsaw the Polish troops were said to be holding on the Vistula, Narew, and Bug Rivers in a fan-wise manner. Warsaw, shattered by constant shelling and bombing, was described by the announcer as a spearhead of what he said was the be-

(By The Associated Press)
WITH THE GERMAN ARMY WEST OF WARSAW, Sept. 11
What is described as the bloodiest battle of the war, which Germans say they believe will end by the surrender of Warsaw, is being fought a few miles north of Lodz directly west of the Polish capital. (This is 60 miles west of Warsaw.) Three German divisions under General Johannes Blauswitz early today launched a counter attack against a force of from 50,000 to 60,000 Poles retreating from Poznan Province and the Corridor. (A German division is between 10,000 and 12,000 men.) Caught in a pocket created by the German pincer thrust on Warsaw the retreating Polish army Sunday attempted to make an outlet for a retreat to Warsaw. They advanced several miles in one of the most desperate attempts any part of the Polish army has yet made.

ginning of real Polish resistance after more than a week of steady retreating. The Polish troops were said in earlier Polish radio reports to have pushed the Germans from "some suburbs." A radio announcer identifying himself as in Warsaw declared at 10:40 p. m. (6:40 p. m. ADT) that the city's defenders withstood 17 air raids during the day and repulsed attacks from German mechanized troops.

During the day a German radio announcement heard here said the annihilation of Polish forces in Warsaw was "nearing the end" and declared "many encircled troops already are beginning to surrender."

Warsaw a Battlefield
The Polish station's account of the fourth straight day of fighting at the capital and the deaths of women and children from bombs dropped by German airplanes came less than 12 hours after a Polish station at Lwow (Lemberg) announced the Germans had been forced to retreat from some Warsaw suburbs. The Warsaw broadcast declared the bombing and shelling of that city continued all day. "Warsaw is now a battlefield," the Warsaw announcer said. "Many houses are aflame in the open city. Women and children have been killed and wounded. Every house is being turned into

(Continued on page 3, Col 7)

Italian Troops Said Moving To Africa

ROME, Sept. 11.—Reports that Italy is sending troops to Libya were circulated today after long columns of soldiers in olive gray, with khaki sun helmets, arrived in Naples. In diplomatic circles the question was raised whether Premier Mussolini might be contemplating a move against Tunisia, in North Africa, once France is engaged in a desperate struggle on her western front. Officially, however, Italy was still silent as to her intentions in the second great war. Canada's declaration of war against Germany was given front-page prominence in newspapers, accompanied by comment indicating a feeling that the Dominion's entry into the war constituted the reply of the British Empire to peace hints thrown out Saturday in a speech by Field Marshal Hermann Goerring, German air minister.

FORECAST
Maritime East: Strong winds; partly cloudy and becoming a little cooler. A few scattered showers. High tide this morning at 9:07 and tonight at 10:01. Sun sets this evening at 6:18 and rises tomorrow morning at 5:35. New moon Sept. 13, 7:22 A. M. Summer tide 18 minutes later than Charlottetown.

THE CAR FERRY SAILINGS
Leaves Borden 7 A. M., 9:45 A. M., 1 P. M., 4:30 P. M.
Leaves Tormentine 8:15 A. M., 11 A. M., 3:05 P. M., 6:20 P. M.

SUNDAY SAILINGS
Leaves Borden 9 A. M., 7 P. M., Leaves Tormentine 10:15 A. M., 8:10 P. M.



MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM TEMPERATURES
Dawson 34 50
Vancouver 54 62
Edmonton 45 45
Ottawa 49 65
Montreal 54 65
Quebec 55 67
Saint John 54 66
Halifax 56 69
Charlottetown 57 72