THE DAILY EXAMINER.

FEBRUABY 14, 1895.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—We learn that the Saturday afternoon lectures to law students, by the Master of the Rolls, are open to any person or persons who may choose to attend.

—Premier Taillon shows a level head in calling a newspaper manager to his aid. A more careful and successful administration of the finances of Quebec may be expected under the influence of the Hon. Richard White.

—The Review of Reviews knows a good thing when it sees it, and says a good thing when it knows it. In its February number it has this to say of Canada:

"On many accounts it would seem to us that the prosperity of Newfoundland would be promoted, and its political, as well as its industrial stability better assured, if it were united with the other British colonies of North America in the well governed Dominion of Canada, which has so excellent a banking system, so satisfactory a monetary circulation, so worthy a governor-general as Lord Aberdeen, and so energetic and capable a prime minister as the Hon. Mackenzie Bowell."

—The final statement of the Bureau of Statistics at Washington shows the effects of the tariff tinkering. The chief of the Bureau, in giving out the final figures, said that in no single year since 1873 has there been such a sudden and marked falling in prices, export and import, as occurred during the past eighteen months. He admits that so great was the change that there was no comparison of totals. The value of exports into the United States during 1894 was $150,000,000 less than it was in 1891. Dutiable imports for 1894 were $106,000,000 less than in 1891, owing largely to uncertainty in connection with the tariff legislation. It is well remarked by the Empire that the slight decrease in Canada's trade is most encouraging when compared to these colossal figures.

—The Ottawa Journal condemns the attitude of Mr. Laurier in respect to the Manitoba School difficulty. Mr. Laurier holds to his previous announcements that "if" the new Manitoba public schools were Protestant schools, it was an outrage to force Catholics to attend them. Mr. Laurier should, says the Journal, have had the courage to say more now. The Imperial Privy Council has said more. It has judged that no matter what the new Manitoba Public Schools are like, it was a moral wrong to Catholics to deprive them of their former Separate Schools. Mr. Laurier, even with this powerful backing, had not the courage last evening to risk offending Protestant Ontario by saying that in view of the judgment of the Privy Council, there should be remedial legislation. Perhaps it was good politics not to say so. But under the circumstances it was a poor business in him to abuse the Conservatives for not showing any more courage than he showed himself.

—In the course of his speech on the budget, the Provincial Secretary of New Brunswick said that the depression all over the world had not affected New Brunswick as seriously as most places, and claimed that in the province there were much fewer abandoned farms than in New England. He pointed out that Canadians, who had left the country in other years, were now flocking back, and that the outlook was most promising. The provincial budget shows a deficit of over $40,000 for ten months, and as most of the year's revenue has been collected, it is thought the total deficit will be in the neighborhood of $100,000. Mr. Powell replied, moving an amendment to the effect that the continued deficit demanded thorough financial reorganization; that it is expedient toprovide against further increase of the debt except by a vote of two-thirds of the legislature; that in view of the increased burden thrown on the municipalities, increased power should be given countries in the way of self-government, and especially that officials whose salaries are paid by municipalities should be appointed by them and not by the provincial government.

—The Marquis of Lorne has written a long article on "Pope's Life of Sir John A. Macdonald." The Marquis says that the author will find all he has said in praise of Sir John A. Macdonald to be "echoed by all of us who knew him." In the course of this article the Marquis of Lorne remarks: "English statesmen fear that the Yankee is always longing to twist that much twisted thing, the lino's tail; but only a 'newspaper masher' writes in that tone, and the Canadians knowing this desire, hold their own and carry their chins as high as they like. Take the fishery question, for instance. Canada knows the value of the fisheries, and desires to insist on a fair bargain with the United States on the basis of the recognition of value. Great Britain is apt to write off half the value when the bargain is being made, for something that England thinks of international importance. As one of the plenipotentiaries at Washington, Sir John A. Macdonald, had to constantly combat this tendency, notably shown by the Marquis of Ripon, who was as much inclined to yield to the Americans as he was afterwards to surrender to the Bengali newspapers in India and to fenian threats in Ireland."

" William Sumner Wyse, of New York, has begun suit to recover $150,000 worth of property that he transferred to his wife while she had him under hypnotic influence.

Edward T. Brown, a miser, living alone 16 miles from Fall River, Mass., was found on Monday in his hut dead from starvation. His body was naked and frozen stiff.

The net debt of the United States increased $13,500,000 during the month of January last past. This is about equal to the increase of the Canadian debt in the in the past six years. And the United States has a reform government and a reformed tariff.

It is reported that thousands are destitute in Newfoundland. The relief committee publishes a statement setting forth that 6,334 persons received relief between January 10th and January 31st, the showing being irrespective of the relief afforded by other organizations. The prevalent distress is aggravated by very severe weather.

Judge Joaquin Calderon, of San Juan, Bantista, and staff are on the way to points near the Gautemalan border, where they will investigate the claims of private individuals against Gautemala. This is one of many indications that a settlement has been virtually arrived at between the two countries.

Our boots and shoes are always sold at close price, but we take off a big discount the prices are out of sight; don't buy anywhere until you see what you can do at J B Macdonald's slaughter sale.
fl1 4i

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

PROTECTION VS. FREE TRADE.

NO. 2.

SIR,—Our Liberal friends are, in their opinions, as changeable as their policy. The old fable said, the fox had nine tricks and the cat one. The cat's one good trick was worth more than all the nine poor ones. The Conservatives have one good policy and they stick to it—the Liberals had nearly nine different policies, and when one failed they tried another, and so they will continue changing until the end of the chapter. They are very much in the position of a man who guesses at everything—very apt to lie about many things. They cannot make a distinction between "a protective duty" and a "prohibitive duty;" hence they imagine every time that if a foreign article costing $1.00 is imported, and a duty of 50 per cent pa'd on it, that such article will sell for their old price, plus the duty. That "jumper statement" would be true if we had a revenue, or what our friends call "free trade," and no home manufactures. With a Protective tariff, a part of the burden will fall on the foreign producer and the importer. The amount of it that they will have to pay will be proportional to the home production. When the National or Home policy was first inaugurated in Canada, when the amount of home production and competition is slight, as would be the case under Free Trade, nearly if not quite the whole of the duty is paid by the consumer. Experience has demonstrated that the amount thus paid diminishes steadily as home-production increases, and when the manufacturing industry of the country is nearly up to the home demand, nearly all the duty will be paid by the importer and the foreign manufacturer. There is nothing clearer than this, and it is a great mistake on the part of men who ought to look upon this question in a different spirit, to be encouraging and raising false hopes in the minds of the people, for free trade would, in our present condition, mean utter ruin for Canada. Protection to our industries is as much needed by the iarmer as by the manufacturer; and if the farmers in this Island were deprived of our present protection they would realize in earnest the difference —to their sorrow. If, unfortunately, Canada would change her fiscal policy to that of Free Trade, so-called, commence buying in foreign markets, even if the same were the cheapest markets, and by so doing reduce the amount of employment within her own borders, it will be the dearest of all buying. McCulloch, a free trade authority, says "the exclusion of any particular species of foreign manufactured goods cannot elevate the profits of those who produce similar articles at home above the common level, and merely attracts as much additional capital to that particular business as may be required to furnish an adequate supply of goods." In 1864 a commission reported to the British Parliament as follows:

"The laboring classes generally in the manufacturing districts of this country, and especially in the iron and coal districts, are very little aware of the extent to which they are often indebted for being employed at all to the immense losses which their employers voluntarily incur in bad times in order to destroy foreign competition and to gain and keep possession of foreign markets. Authentic instances are well known of employers having, in such times, carried on their works at a loss amounting in the aggregate to £300,000 or £400,000 in the course of three or four years.

"If the efforts of those who encourage the combinations to restrict the amount of labor and to produce strikes were to be successful for any length of time, the great accumulations of capital could no longer be made which enable a few of the most wealthy capitalists to overwhelm all foreign competition in times of great depression, and thus to clear the way for the whole trade to step in when prices revive, and to carry on a great business before foreign capital can again accumulate to such an extent as to be able to astablish a competition in prices with any any chance of success.

"The great capitalists of this country are the great instruments of warfare against the competing capital of foreign countries and are the most essential instruments now remaining by which our manufacturing supremacy can be maintained; the other elements, cheap labor, abundance of raw materials, means of communication, and skilled labor—being rapidly in process of being equalized."

Kill the manufactures in Canada says our Liberal friends, let us open our doors to the foreign manufacturer. Then Canada and our farmers in particular will open their eyes when too late. According to Grit logic, the "consumer" always buys, has no interests but the cheapness of commodities; he may be said to have no soul and no patriotism. He belongs to none of the classes that make up the industrial state—so the Liberal policy is to be forever directed in accordance with the interests of an insignificant and useless class, who are always devouring other men's labor, but produce nothing themselves.

The farmers of P. E. Island more than any other class should beware of the day when they accept the delusive policy of the Liberals, and they should not suffer their minds to be engaged in any policy now than a united one, to enable this Province to secure a fair and legitimate share of public improvements for this Province. It is of no use to be splitting hairs about our trade policy—the protective tariff is well tried, and the free trade policy has been exploded long ago. Now our people should combine and support men who are pledged to extend public improvements that are greatly required for public accommodation. It is not a question as to Grit or Tory, but a question as to who are most likely to secure us these needed improvements; and solid pledges must be required now, as the people are in earnest and are determined to make their influence felt at the polls. The Liberal leaders are opposed to railway extension as they ridicule all proposals that are made by Conservaties in that direction, and if they are elected nothing can be expected from them. Men of New London and Rustico—wake up. Now is your chance. Don't be ridiculed out of your rights, insist on pledges that the railway will be extended from Emerald or Bradalbane, and a train, lying idle there, utilized to bring your trade and commerce to the Island Railway. This is no new agitation. It has been urged time and again, but lacking representatives to urge your claims, no progress was made. It will assuredly be your own fault if nothing comes out of this agitation. Now, I feel persuaded the progressive minds in New London and Rustico will be a unit in support of railway extension, and the candidate or party who will ridicule it will not receive a hearing or support *Verbum Sap.*

Youre, &c.,
R. McNEILL.

Stanley Bridge, Feby. 12th, 1895.

Cholera has broken out in Constantinople.

UNDER THE N. P.

SIR,—In the Athenaeum, on Tuesday night, Mr. L. H. Davies stated that the policy of the present Government was to legislate in favor of the classes and make the manufacturers rich at the expense of the farmers and the masses. I would like to have him explain the item of barbed fencing wire, now largely used and manufactured in Canada. Five years ago the price of wire at the factory was 6 cents per lb.; in 1893 the factory price was 4½ cents, and the present price at the factories is a shade under three cents. Yours,

A VOTER.

A NEW ROLE.

SIR,—Mr. Fred. Peters waxed loud and eloquent at the Grit meeting on Tuesday night in his denunciation of bribery and corruption. We are glad to hear of it and we trust that his earnest appeal may be productive of good. We may yet have the pleasure of hearing the worthy politician on a temperance platform advocating prohibition. Who knows? Wonders never cease.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

HE OUGHT TO BE MORE CAREFUL.

SIR,—As one present at the D. C. S. meeting last night, I must enter a protest against Mr. L. H. Davies' impertinent statement that clergymen and women are not good in matters of finance. I know some ctergymen who are practical economists of the highest order and I am very well sure that the proportion of women who are good in matters of finance is just as large as that of men. For myself I yield the palm to no man. Let my husband but bring me the money and I will engage to spend it to the best advantage; and my belief is that clergymen, having it to spend, can be just as careful of their money as lawyers, or judges either for that matter. Mr. Davies ought not to be so ready with his tongue. I can see, after last night, how it is that Mr. Davies makes so many mistakes in respect to public questions. My confidence in Mr. Davies is shaken.

MARIA.

Ch'town, Feb. 14.

The schools at Amherst, N. S., have been closed on account of the prevalence of scarlet fever.

The richest man in the United States' Congress made his money out of tobacco. He bears the fine American name of Paul Sorg.

Fire at Omer, Mich., on Wednesday caused by a hot stove, burned to death the entire family of John Book, consisting of himself, wife and four children.

This is Concentration.

One pill a dose, one box 25 cents. One pill relieves constipation. One box cures an ordinary case. One pill taken weekly neutralizes formation of uric acid in the blood and prevents Bright's Kidney disease and Diabetes. True only of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Waterproofed goods usually have a seedy dusty look which repels all people of taste. They are either rubber, and then you are suffocated with your own vapors, or the chemical process used stamps them as waterproofs in appearance. Priestley's Cravenette waterproofed dress goods are absolutely indistinguishable from the non-waterproofed goods a peculiar and important merit which no other waterproofed goods possess. They may be had in the newest fabrics, and though they are perfectly rainproof, there is nothing whatever to indicate it. Perfectly porous and non-odorous Cravenette, exactly meets the need for rainproof garments which can equal in beauty the finest materials. See that "The Varnished Board." Priestley's trade mark, is in each piece.

The genuine *Tyke* serges seems to be the rage just now for gentlemen's suits. Stamped *Tyke* on every 2½ yards.

BIRTH.

At Wilmot Point, on the 2nd inst., the wife of John W. Stavert, of a daughter.

DIED.

Entered into rest at Charlottetown on Wednesday, 13th inst, Margaret Elizabeth, beloved wife of William N. Botts. Funeral on Sunday afternoon at 1.30 from her late residence, Malpeque Road, Spring Park, to the S. A. Barracks. Sereice to commence at 2.30. Thence to People's Cemetery.

In this city, on February 14, Florence, aged 9 months and 20 days, the beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Musick. (Funeral Friday at 2 p. m., to People's cemetry.)

At his home, West River, King's Co., on Feb. 3rd, Donald Robertson, in the 68th year of his age. He died as he lived, trusting in Jesus.

At Beach Point, Murray Harbor, on Jan. 22nd, Alice M. Roberts, beloved wife of John McKenzie, aged 31 years, leaving a sorrrowing husband and three sons to mourn the loss of a loving wife and mother. She died trusting in the merits of a crucified and risen Saviour.

A SPICY STORY.

If variety is the spice of life our stock must come pretty near being Allspice, as we have the greatest variety of the best GROCERIES to be found in the city. Our prices are most reasonable.

A large stock of FLOUR and MEAL on hand.

We make a specialty of the best TEAS.

SANDERSON & CO.,
CASH GROCERS,
Newson Block, Victoria Row.
feb13

WANTED.

Three First-class Coat Makers. None but that kind need apply.

G. A. DIXON & CO.,
feb14—2i The Swell Tailors.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Advertisements under this heading charged for at the rate of five cents per line.

Untrue—The man who started the report that we were going out of the carpet business has been misinformed. 35 bales, containing 125 rolls, just opened for spring. All the newest designs, cheaper than ever, at Prowse Bros & Co.

Investigate the interior of our Florida oranges and candy.—Sanderson & Co., Newson Block.

Gymnasium shoes cheap at Goff Bros.
fl3 3i

THE MODERN INVALID

Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly acceptable in form, purely wholesome in composition, truly beneficial in effect and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physician; if constipated he uses the gentle family laxative, Svrup of Figs.

WE CAN DO IT!

Englishmen, Irishmen or Scotchmen, it matters not what your station in life may be, or what creed, class or nationality you belong to, we can suit you. We would or will not ask you any of the above questions, but we do ask have you given us a trial. If not it will be to your interest to do so. Our prices are the lowest and the style, fit and finish is all that could be desired. Yours for good fits and low prices.

Repairing and Pressing attended to.

S. A. McDONALD,
THE FASHIONABLE TAILOR.
feb14

Inland Steam Navigation Co.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Inland Steam Navigation Company will be held in the Room in Queen's Buildings, King Street, (now occupied by the Harbor Light), on SATURDAY, the 2nd of March next, at 3 o'clock, p. m.

L. C. OWEN,
Secretary.
Charlottetown, Feb. 14, 1895.

Telephone Co. Stock,

FOR SALE BY AUCTION

At my Sales Room, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of February, at 11 o'clock, a. m.:—

25 Shares Telephone Company.

R. BEARISTO,
feb14 Auctioneer.

Dairymen, Attention!

Of the Cheese and Butter Factories in operation in 1894, we furnished, to the satisfaction of all concerned, the necessary apparatus for the following:—Winsloe, Hampton, Tryon, Crapaud, Grand River, Dunk River, Mount Stewart, and Vernon River Bridge.

In the summer of 1894 we made nine Cheese Vats (each holding from 650 to 700 gallons of milk), and two Butter Vats (each averaging 400 gallons of milk); no complaints were made—satisfaction given.

From our large experience in the past we are now better than ever prepared to meet the wants of Dairymen. We guarantee satisfaction, and respectfully solicit the patronage of those who are contemplating the erection of Cheese or Butter Factories.

Our make of Vats is superior to all others, and our fifteen and twenty gallon Cans are the best and cheapest in the province.

Terms to suit purchasers.

M. STEVENSON & SON.
feb14—3m dy & wky

Y. M. C. A.

GRAND
ORCHESTRAL CONCERT
—IN—
THE OPERA HOUSE,
—ON—
Thursday Evening, Feb. 14.

PROGRAMME.

1 Grand Potpourrie—"The Tar's Farewell" ..... Schrapogrel
Orchestra.
2 Reading (Selected) .....
Mr C B Warren.
3 Vocal Solo—"Evensong,".....W. V Wickede
Mrs J M McLeod.
4 Violin Solo—"Cavatine".....Allard
Prof Vinicombe.
5 Vocal Solo—"Waiting"..... Millard
Miss Sinclair.
6 Opera Selection—"Trovatore"..... Balfe
Orchestra.
7 Reading—"The Swan's Song".....
Miss Flo McKenzie.
8 Cornet Duet—"Twilight Dews"..... .
Messrs Stewart and Worth.
9 Vocal Solo.....
Miss Barrett.
10 Waltz—"Flour d' Alsace".....Stalner
Orchestra.
11 Vocal Solo—"Call Me Back".....Denza
Miss Annie Hyndman.
12 Reading (Selected).....
Capt W A Weeks.
13 Vocal Solo—"Come into the Garden, Maud".....Balse
Miss Minnie Moore.
14 Character Song.....
Mr B Bremner.
15 Opera Selection—"Satanella".....Balfe
Orchestra.
"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN."

Doors open at 7.30. Concert at 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.
feb8

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

PREMIER AND NEWSPAPER MANAGER.

An Excellent Adviser Selected.

MONTREAL, Feb. 14.

A good deal of interest was caused in political circles yesterday when it became rumored about that Richard White, manager of the Montreal Gazette, would soon be come the financial adviser of Premier Taillon, with a seat in the Legislative Council. It is a notorious fact that the English members of the legislature cannot agree among themselves as to who should succeed the Honorable John S. Hall. So the premier will, it is said, keep the Portfolio of Finance himself and appoint Mr. White to the Legislative Council, and pay him $2,000 per year as adviser on financial matters.

Ottawa Notes.

OTTAWA, Feb. 14.

There was a Cabinet Council yesterday. All ministers in town were present; but nothing was learned as to what was done in regard to a dissolution of Parliament, or the calling of Parliament. I learn, however, that a summons was sent out yesterday to all ministers to attend a council on Saturday, and it is expected that the matter will then be definitely settled.

No Dividend This Year.

LONDON, Feb. 14.

In well informed city circles it is expected that the Canadian Pacific Railway will declare no dividend for the past half year. It is admitted here that the present traffic is not earning a dividend.

Fire at Amherst.

AMHERST, Feb. 14.

The building occupied by James Anderson, grocer, and Dr. McCully was gutted by fire yesterday.

Children's Boots, in sizes 1, 2, 3 and 4, for 16 cents a pair at J B Macdonald & Co's cheap sale.

MUNSEY'S MAGAZINE

FOR FEBRUARY.
—ALSO—
COSMOPOLITAN
And others just received at
CARTER'S BOOKSTORE
feb6

Have Your Printing Done

AT OUR OFFICE.

Bill Heads,
Note Heads,
Letter Heads,
Envelopes,
Invitation and
At Home Cards,
Programmes,
Relief Stamping,

done in the neatest style at low prices.

HASZARD & MOORE.
feb12—dy

PHOTOGRAPHIC

CLOUD HILL'S PHOTOGRAPHS are giving general satisfaction, and will compare favorably with any Photograph taken on the Island.

Prices to suit the times.

Old and Faded Pictures copied and enlarged.

QUEEN STREET, opposite W. B. Robertson's Store.
feb7—tu thu sat & wky

Farm For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his valuable Farm, containing about sixty acres. House is in good repair. There are six outbuildings, some are newly built. There are two orchards, one containing sixty trees of different varieties of fruit. About one and a half miles from the city. Terms easy.

C. BENOIT.
feb13—3m dy & wky

PHOTOGRAPHS

of Skaters in Carnival Costumes taken at specially reduced rates at LEWIS' Photographic Studio. 1w—feb8

WANTED—City canvasser of good address salary and expenses paid weekly from start. Position permanent. Canadian and American grown stock. Advantages unequalled — BROWN BROS Co, Nurserymen, Toronto, Ont. nov27—dy tf

99 MEN

out of every hundred never stop to examine a SHIRT when they go to buy one. It is just about as easy to sell an ill-fitting Shirt that is filled full of starch and polished nicely as it is to sell a good UNLAUNDRIED STANDARD SHIRT, built on honor. We might sell Shirts that would pay double the profit, but they won't wear. 39c. ones produce only mushroom business.

Try one of our Shirts. You'll buy more. They cost from 50c. to $1.00. Sizes among this job lot of One Hundred, 14 to 16. A few slightly soiled to be sold cheap.

JAMES PATON & CO.,

THE ONE-PRICE MEN.

Have you seen that 15c. Flannelette? Only 20 pairs of those 35c. Corsets left.

J. P. & CO.

Fire Insurance

is a protection against a probable loss. Every property holder should carry a Fire Policy in the Companies represented by

E. R. BROW,
Insurance Agent.
Charlottetown, February 12, 1895—dy

TRUSSES, Elastic Stockings, Bandages.

If you require a Truss or Surgical Appliance of any kind, don't wear an ill-fitting one to please the Doctor or Druggist whose stock is so limited that he cannot fit you properly. See our large stock of American and English Trusses in Elastic, Hard Rubber, with Water Pads, etc.

We can fit any case from childhood to old age. Special discounts to Physicians and Druggists.

If you want Medicine patronize Hughes, the People's Druggist. He can recommend Suitable Remedies and save you money.

Orders by mail promptly filled.

APOTHECARIES' HALL,
(Established 1810),
feb5 DesBrisay's Corner.

CHEAP FLOUR FOR CASH.

BEER & GOFF have a large stock of Flour on hand, which they bought at the lowest point touched by the Flour market, and they are now offering it to their customers at a small advance on the cost. Their new high-grade brand, called "LILY QUEEN," has been giving splendid satisfaction, and they can confidently recommend it as the best Family Flour on the market to-day.

BEER & GOFF.
Charlottetown, January 17, 1895—tu thu sat

Don't Be Blindly Led

—INTO BUYING—

CLOTHING AND CLOTH
WHEN YOU CAN GET THE
Home-made Goods,
Which cannot be approached for
Durability or Cheapness,
—AT THE—
McKAY WOOLEN CO.
Charlottetown, Nov. 26, 1894.

ZERO PRICES!

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN?

It means that our prices have touched rock bottom. If you want Boots or Shoes this month go where you get them the cheapest, at the Old Reliable Shoe Store.

Yours for Shoes at zero prices.

A. E. McEACHEN.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until the first day of March for the erection of an Episcopal Church in Souris. Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of Mr. A. E. Clark, railway station, Souris.

WILLIAM KNIGHT,
Secretary.
Feb 13—2w

Coal! Coal! Coal!

—FROM—
Dominion Coal Co's. Mines in C. B.

ROUND, RUN OF MINE AND SLACK COAL.

Now is the Time to Purchase!

WE ARE LEADING ALL THE TIME, not misleading, and we are gaining new customers every day. Town and country alike appreciate our style of business and are taking advantage of our reduced prices, knowing that we give them best value and fully from 25 to 35 cents per ton less than they formerly paid.

The Coal we sell includes all the Mines in SYDNEY PROPER and OTHER MINES IN CAPE BRETON, viz:—

Victoria,	Gowrie.
International,	Old Bridgeport,
Reserve,	Glace Bay,
Dominion, No. 1,	Caledonia,
Cow Bay,	

ALL GENUINE COAL.

We have sold thousands of tons during the past and present year, which has given every satisfaction. Some of our competitors handle Coal from the Mines which we represent, and are glad to get the GENUINE ARTICLE.

When we accepted the Agency of the above Company we made a rule to make QUICK SALES, SMALL PROFITS, and GIVE GOOD VALUE TO THE PUBLIC, which is our MOTTO.

PEAKE BROS. & CO.,
Dominion Coal Company's Depot.
Charlottetown, February 13, 1895.

Hats, Hats.

JUST RECEIVED,
NINE CASES,
Best Quality and Latest Styles.

G. A. DIXON & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO C. ROBERTSON.
Charlottetown, February 9, 1895—dy

A Bargain Without a Parallel!

39c. 58 pieces All-wool Plain and Fancy DRESS GOODS, goods that are positively worth 55 to 88 cents per yard, to be offered by us at only 39 cents per yard.

STANLEY BROTHERS.

JUST THINK what a chance this is. Think of buying seasonable goods that are regularly sold at from 55c. to 88c. per yard, at only 39c. per yard. There's no exaggeration in this statement, and you will agree with us when you see the goods.—Stanley Bros.

AS there are only two or three pieces of any particular style in this great offering, you will see that you have an extraordinary collection to select from. You can't help finding something to please you. If you can be on hand in the forenoon you will find it easier to look over this lot than though you waited until later in the day. Don t miss this opportunity.

STANLEY BROTHERS.

Worth $1.65 per Yard,
For 90 cents per Yard.

One piece each Navy and Heliotrope Silk Warp HENRIETTA, regularly sold at $1.65 per yard for 90 cent per yard for this sale.

STANLEY BROTHERS.