(Continued from the first page.)

seemed a little more gloomy the following day. He tried it a third time, and the fourth, and *that* night she did not come to his bed at all. The next morning she spoke to him, for the first time, upon the subject; she expressed more sorrow than anger—talked kindly to him—said she had hoped once, twice, and even thrice, that his coming home full of liquor might have been a mishap, but she now felt forced to fear that drunkenness was becoming an usage with him; and she begged him, with tears in her eyes, as he prized her happiness, to stop in good time, ere it did, in truth, become an usage. He was moved by her earnestness, and promised her, and, at the time, himself determined to disquiet her no further on this head; but an impulse, which somehow he could not resist, urged him in a few days to break his word. Twice more his conduct called forth pressing entreaties from his wife—the last time, indeed, they were mingled with some reproaches; but it was all of no effect upon Lessomour, he continued in the career he had began. The day after he had returned home, for the seventh time, in a pretended state of drunkenness, his wife said to him, 'Martyn, I have prayed thee till I am weary: I now warn thee—take heed. As my husband, I owe the love and duty; but I can pay neither to a drunkard. Heed my warning, or woe upon us both!'

And did Martyn still go on with the pursuit of his experiment?—He did. Although he saw it was losing him his wife's love, and winning him her anger—her hate—he went on, with an unswerved resolution, which, in such a cause, seemed obstinacy or madness, or worse. In the present enlightened age, I should not like to say he was bewitched, or to attribute to any supernatural influence the strong impulse which led him on to do as he was doing, in spite of his better sense and better feeling—in spite of the love he had unquestionably borne his wife—in spite of the danger which he felt he was thrusting himself into and feared; and yet I equally dislike to suppose that he was tempted to this severe trial of his wife's love and duty either by too great faith in them, or a want of it; though something, perhaps, of a similar nature was the trial to which *Henry* put his *Emma*, and *Posthumus* his *Imogene*; in neither case, indeed, so severe a one, nor, for his personal safety, may be so dangerous; but whatever might have been his motive, it certainly to himself was as inexplicable as he owned it to be irresistible. Again, therefore, he transgressed, and was again threatened: again he reiterated his offence; and then his wife said to him next day, 'Goest thou forth today, Martyn?'

'I must indeed, Alice,' he answered: 'I have weighty business to do to-day.'

'Then mark me, Martyn, I am not going to pray thee; but I have warned thee once, and I have warned thee twice, and I now warn thee for the third and for the last time. Go at thy risk, and see thou heed this warning better than thou have done mine others. Go not forth to-day, Martyn; or, going come not back to me as thou has been wont of late to come. Better that thou stay from me altogether; but better yet that thou stay *with* me altogether, Martyn.'

'Nay, nay, I needs must go, Alice.'

'There needs no plea, Martyn, but thine own will—thine own stubborn will—that will not bend to thy wife's prayer. Ay! I said I would not pray thee, but I do now. Look! see, Martyn! I am on my knees here to thee—and there are tears in mine eyes!—and, kneeling and weeping thus, I pray thee go not forth to-day. I have had dreams of late—dreams of bad foretoken, Martyn; and only last night I did truly dream that ——' [Here she gulped, as if for breath.] 'Thou wilt lose thy life, an thou go forth to-day, Martyn.'

But Martyn Lessomour, like Julius Cæsar, was not to be frightened from a fixed purpose by a wife's dreams; and he answered her—

'Wife, wife, thou art a fearful woman, and makest me fear thee: but, natheless, I shall go.'

'Go then,' she said, and rose and left him; and he shortly after went from the house—he returned in the evening in the same assumed state as before, and went to bed. For the last two days that he had played this part, since his wife had begun to use threats, he had gone when he left his own house, either to a friend's or a tavern, where he slept away all the time he was absent, in order that he might lie awake during the night, to watch what his wife would do; but during this day he had not, for disquietude of mind, been able to sleep at all; but now that he was in bed, such a drowsiness came over him, that in spite of all his endeavours he soon fell into a sound sleep. From this he was aroused by his wife's getting out of bed; yet, although he at once started into thorough wakefulness, he had the presence of mind to pretend to be still asleep, and lay still and watched her. She had thrown a night gown around her—but her hair was loose, and hung straggling about her neck, and as she passed the foot of the bed, the light from a lamp that was burning on a table, fell through her locks upon her face, and Martyn saw that it was of that livid paleness, and that her eyes were brightened by that hateful snake-like look, which he had only once before beheld in reality, though in memory thousands and thousands of times: he saw too that she had a small knife in one hand. Slowly and stilly, like a ghost, she glided on—but away from him; and going up to the place where she had hung her gown up when she undressed, she took it down and ripped open one of the sleeves of it, and took something out; she then went to the hearth, where there was a fire burning, for it was winter, and having laid the knife and whatever else she held in her hand, beside the lamp upon the table, she seemed searching for something about the hearth. At last Martyn heard her mutter, 'Not here—how foolish—heedless of me—I must go and fetch it from below.' She moved towards the door—Martyn's heart beat within him, as he thought the moment she should be gone, he would leap from the bed and rush past her down the stairs, and out of the house—for he strangely felt that to be alone would be more dreadful than to be in her most dreaded presence. She stopped, however, at the door—laid hold of the latch, but did not raise it—and continued in a low mutter, 'Not here—mayhap it was for some good end I forgot it—mayhap that I should give him one more trial yet—shall I?—I shall—one more trial I will give thee, dear Martyn, dear still, though lost I dread—one more—one more;' and saying this, she hurried back to her bed, and leaning her head upon Martyn's shoulder, sighed and sobbed, not loudly indeed, but as if her heart were cracking—and he—he lay deadly still by her side, for he really feared to speak to her, even though it were to speak comfort; or when he thought of doing so, the remembrance of her word, 'one trial more' stifled him—she seemed soon after to doze. In the morning he took care to rise before her, and woke her in so doing—he went up, as if by accident, to the table, and saw that beside the knife there lay a smallish round lump of lead.

'What is this for, Alice?' he said in a careless tone—for he knew she was watching him.

'What is it?' she replied. He took it to her bedside. 'That,' she continued, 'is a weight from the sleeve of my gown; I cut it out last night, to put in a smaller, for I find it too heavy.'

Martyn laid it down, and presently left the room. It was some time before his wife joined him below stairs, and when she did at last come, her eyes looked so swollen and red, that Martyn was pretty sure she had been weeping; he said nothing about it, however, but in a few minutes rose, and took down his cap, and said, 'I am bidden forth to dinner again to-day, Alice.' 'Good bye then, Martyn, good bye,' was all her answer, and that was said in a low, very solemn, yet kind tone of voice. He lingered in the room for a moment or two, in the hope she would say something more to him, for he felt less inclined to pursue his fraud that day than he had ever felt before; perhaps it was from a return of love he felt this, perhaps from fear—she said, however, nothing more, indeed did not seem to notice his presence; so after saying, 'Well, good bye, Alice,' he withdrew. He went at once to his next door neighbours, and requested them to hold themselves in readiness, in case he should want for their assistance in the night, for he had some idea, he said, that there would be an attempt to rob, or perhaps to murder him that night. This greatly alarmed his neighbours, and they promised to do what he requested, and the moment he left them, they sent for a re-intorcement of their friends, and also begged of the fitting authorities that there might be an additional watch set in their neighbourhood that night.

Lessomour returned earlier by some hours than usual, and to his wonder, found his door was not fastened within. He entered, and called, but no one answered—he fastened the door, and went up to his bedroom, where he found his wife already in bed, and seemingly fast asleep:—this was the first time she had not sat up for him. He made a great noise, overturning stools and boxes, and sundry other things, and then cursing at them after the manner of drunken men—but his wife still seemed to sleep soundly; he spoke to her, but she made no answer. Really believing she was asleep, he got into bed, and pretended himself to sleep, and to snore—still she lay quiet. For two hours after he got into bed she never moved; but then she quickly but silently slipped from the bed, hurried, but still without noise, to a stool near the fire, took from under one of the cushions a small iron ladle, and, what Martyn knew again for the leaden weight he had seen in the morning—this she put into the ladle, and kneeling upon one knee, set it upon the fire; in about a minute she turned her face to the bed, and then raised it up, and Martyn saw that though her features were frightfully writhen with bad passions, there were tears in her eyes that bespoke an inward struggle. She rose, notwithstanding, and whispered—'Now—no flinching'—and walked up to the bed, with the ladle containing the molten lead in her right hand; and just as she brought this forward to pour in her husband's ear, he started up with a loud outcry, seized her hand and jumped out of bed, at the same time saying, 'Shameless assassin! have I caught thee? Help, ho! help, neighbours! Help—murder!' Alice did not scream—nor start even—but stared in her husband's face, and with a strong effort freed her hand, flung the ladle into the fire, sank on a stool behind her, and hid her face in her hands. Lessomour continued calling for help, which call, his neighbours, to do them justice, were not slow to obey—but to the number of two score and odd, well armed, they forced the outer door, and were hastening up the stairs. As they were close upon the bedroom door, Alice took her hands from her face, and with a hollow voice said—'Martyn Lessomour, before the ever living God, I am glad this hath so happened.' Before he could reply, his neighbours and the watch were in the room, and upon his charge seized his wife.

The next day the coffins of her former husbands were all opened, and in the skulls of each was found a quantity of lead, which had plainly been poured in through one of the ears. Mrs. Alice was soon after tried upon the evidence of her living husband, and that of her dead ones, which, though mute, was no less strong. She would say nothing in her defence; indeed, after the words she spoke to her husband in the bed-room on the night of her apprehension, she never uttered another; only, in the court, during her trial, when Lessomour was bearing witness that he pretended drunkenness to try what effect it would have upon her—when he swore to this, Alice, whose back had hitherto been towards him, turned rapidly round, fixed her glazing eye upon his, and uttering a shriek of piercing anguish, would have fallen, but that her jailer caught her in his arms; and that look, and that sound, Martyn Lessomour never forgot to his dying day. His wife was found guilty of petit treason, and was burnt to death in Smithfield, according to the law of the land.

And so great a noise did this story make, that in the course of that year a statute was passed, more determinately to settle the office of Coroner, and the powers and duties of him and the jury he should summon to the inquest.

Martyn Lessomour lived to be a very old, and, as had been foretold of him, a very rich man—but he never was a happy man.

FREEHOLD PROPERTY!

Two Pasture Lots and One Town Lot for Sale at Georgetown.

THE above Lots comprise Pasture Lots Nos. 208 and 209, adjoining each other, containing 16 acres of excellent land, fronting 10 chains on the Post Road to Charlottetown; part of one of the Lots is improved; and Town Lot No. 11, 3rd Range letter F, fronting McEachern's Hotel, a good Lot, in a good situation.

Persons wishing to purchase the above property, in part or the whole, may have an opportunity to do so, on application to the Subscriber up to 16th May next, on which day they will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Court House, in Georgetown, at 12 o'clock, noon.

TERMS easy, to suit purchasers.

W. SANDERSON, General Agent.

Georgetown, April 6, 1863. 6w

At the same time and place, will be sold a Small FREEHOLD FARM, situated at Burnt Point, near Georgetown, fronting on Cardigan Bay 20 chains, containing about 20 acres, half of which has been under cultivation; there are a small Dwelling House and Barn on the premises.

An excellent Fishing Station, with a perfect Title. W. S.

FOR SALE!

A SHORE FARM, at Kildare Capes, on Lot Three, containing 100 acres of LAND, 70 of which are in a good state of cultivation, fenced off into eight acre fields, and the remainder covered with Hardwood and Fencing. The Main Road runs through the Farm, and it has a front of ten chains on the Gulf Shore, where abundance of Sea Manure can be obtained.

The Buildings are nearly new—DWELLING HOUSE 30 × 25; a FRAME BARN 40 × 30; a LOG BARN of about the same size, and a small FISH HOUSE at the shore.

Part of the Purchase Money can remain on the premises. Application for further particulars to be made to Mr. Thomas Mountain on the premises, or to GEORGE W. HOWLAN.

Alberton, March 9, 1863. 1sl

Grain, Grain.

THE highest price given for BARLEY and OATS, at

Coles's Brewery and Distillery,

Constantly on hand, at prices cheaper than can be purchased in the Market, the best of Rum, Brandy, Gin, Whiskey, and a superior article of Malt Whiskey. Also—X, XX, and XXX Ale.

Charlottetown, November 14, 1862.

MOLASSES & SUGAR!!

TO ARRIVE FROM WEST INDIES DIRECT, on first opening of navigation—

200 Hhds. MOLASSES | 20 Hhds. SUGAR.

J. S. CARVELL.

Charlottetown, 9th March, 1863. tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

Watch and Clock Maker.

PURCHASE,

Smardon's Corner.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF WATCHES always on sale, and warranted to perform well. Price £3 10s, and upwards.

WEDDING RINGS, BROOCHES, &c. &c. in great variety.

Charlottetown, August 4, 1862.

MR. W. A. JOHNSTON,

OF HALIFAX, N. S.

Attorney and Barrister at Law,
Notary Public, &c, &c.

☞ OFFICE—Mrs. McDonald's, next door to Mrs. Forsyth's, North side of Queen Square.

Charlottetown, October 21, 1861.

JOHN & ROBERT SCOTT,

Coach & Sleigh Builders,
Kent Street,

INFORM the inhabitants of Charlottetown and the Country generally, that they have now on hand a number of new and second-hand CARRIAGES, open and covered, of different styles, which will be sold cheap for prompt payment.

☞ All orders punctually attended to.

April 14, 1862.

GEORGETOWN.

WILLIAM SANDERSON,

Commission Merchant, Wholesale & Retail General Agent, Auctioneer & Broker.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Agent for Col. Life Assurance Company in King's County. Agent for Pictou Iron Foundry.

Town Lots, Pasture Lots, and Farms for Sale in King's County.

Nov. 18.

Queen Insurance Company
OF LIVERPOOL.
FIRE AND LIFE!

THE Subscriber, having been appointed agent for the above first class Insurance Company, is prepared to take risks on all descriptions of property.

J. S. CARVELL.

Charlottetown, Feb. 10. tf

[EXTRACTS FROM NEWSPAPERS.]

On reference to a return made to Parliament, and ordered by the House of Commons to be printed, 7th June, 1861, it will be seen that the increase of Duty for the year, paid by the "QUEEN," was £2567, being upwards of £1000 more than paid by any other office ever yet established in this City.

[From Gore's General Advertiser, Oct. 24, 1861.]

"Indeed, we believe that we are perfectly justified in saying that no other Company, within the same period, ever attained so large an income in either the Fire or Life Departments as the Queen Insurance Company. In making this statement, we make no exception even in favor of our older local companies, namely, the Liverpool and London, the Royal, and the Lancashire Insurance Companies."

[From the Civil Service Gazette, Nov. 2, 1861.]

"Among these important institutions stands eminent for its solidity, as well as for its success, "the Queen Insurance Company," which last week held its annual meeting of proprietors in Liverpool. A reference to the ample report in another page will fully satisfy every reader of the signal progress made by this association since its foundation. Such success is, indeed, rarely attained; and it attests at once the excellence of its management, and the public confidence in its constitution."

[From the Liverpool Mercury, Nov. 2, 1861.]

"It must be gratifying to the public generally, and especially to the proprietors, to find that its income during the past three years has increased at the rate of £20,000 per annum. We believe that no other Company, within the same short period, ever attained so large an increase either in the Fire or Life Department. This speaks highly for the activity and zeal of the management, while the promptness with which all the claims, arising out of the late disastrous fire in London were met, testifies to their financial ability and the care and prudence which marked the investment of these funds."

The Liverpool and London
FIRE AND LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Agent for the above first class English Fire Insurance Company begs to call the attention of the public to the advantages offered by this Company, in respect to the security to the assured, and promptness to pay losses, which, without disparaging other Companies, may be safely asserted to be superior to those afforded by any other Company in the Island. The Liverpool and London F. & L. Insurance Company has been in successful operation since 1836, with agencies all over the world, and has paid in losses about two millions and a quarter sterling. Its subscribed capital is £2,000,000 sterling, and its invested funds alone amount to £1,312,000 stg.; and the fire premiums for 1861 amount to £362,130 19s 9d; and in addition to this very large capital, the Company, having been established before the recent Limited Liability Act, the individual fortunes of each of the shareholders, comprising some of the wealthiest merchants in Liverpool and London, are liable for the losses, should the whole of the capital be swept away. In this respect it differs, it is believed, from any other Company established here.

And lastly, the Agent being appointed by Power of Attorney directly from England, is authorised to draw Bills the moment a loss occurs, and without referring to the Home Company, to the extent of one thousand pounds sterling.

With these superior advantages, the Company is not disposed (though it might be well justified) to ask a higher rate of premium than other English Companies, which do not present the same advantageous features, and the Agent has been advised that an uniform rate has been agreed upon by the Directors of this Company and the "Queen's," and that the Agents here should, in this respect, "act in concert."

W. A. JOHNSTONE,
Agent of the Liverpool and London
Nov. 10, 1862 Fire Insurance Company.

BUTTER.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received 80 Packages CASCUMPEC BUTTER—a choice article.

J. S. CARVELL.

March 2, 1863. isl pro 2m

HUNNEWELL'S TRIPLE REMEDIES.

THIS combination, under the study of the TRUE ANATOMY OF MEDICINE, now perfected in every department, placed at prices within reach of all, of all, and calling for special attention, are,

1st. The Universal Cough Remedy.

Which, without the slightest restraint upon its use every hour, and containing no ingredients to disturb the most delicate constitutions, becomes an enemy to all Throat and Lung Complaints, from that terror to children, WHOOPING COUGH, for which it is a certain relief, to OLD AGE with its infirmities, and by a timely application will not only check that blight on the *American climate*, CONSUMPTION, but rob the *grave* of many of its early victims.

For HOARSENESS so common to Public Speakers and Singers, it is without a parallel. For SORE THROAT, a certain cure.

Make it your *pocket companion* by day, and your *bedside* friend by night, using it whenever you please.

2d. The Celebrated Tolu Anodyne,

Which has drawn such loud praise from thousands who have tested its true character, and found it a sure and immediate relief for Neuralgia, Gout, Rheumatism, Tooth-ache, Ear-ache, Bowel Complaints, St. Vitus Dance, Bleeding at Lungs or Stomach, Distress in Chest after eating, and for all Nervous Complaints, to that chief of all causes of Disease, Depression of Spirits, and Insanity, the

"LOSS OF SLEEP."

FOR COMMON HEADACHE, NERVOUS OR CHRONIC HEADACHE, and VIOLENT SICK HEADACHE, it has no equal, to which I can give the most undoubted references, and to which special attention is asked.

For the Monthly Sufferings of Females, a perfect relief, while nature's after work is undisturbed. By its use, many a wreck to the nervous system and Chronic Female Complaints will be prevented.

3d. Hunnewell's Eclectic Pills.

Designed as the GREAT MERCURIAL SUBSTITUTE, and assistant to the work of the Tolu Anodyne, and Universal Cough Remedy, when cases to which they are adapted are aggravated by indigestion, Biliousness, &c., producing all the requirements of a gentle and thorough FAMILY PHYSIC, and coming in contact with the too *common error* of making a Pill Box of the Stomach, and producing by the number required for a dose such extremes, that the Stomach loses its balance entirely.

A single Pill at night, or one at night and morning, will in all cases produce a gentle and thorough cathartic. By taking a single pill every second or third night, and *following it regularly*, living on good and easily digested food, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, LOSS OF APPETITE, LIVER COMPLAINTS, &c., are permanently cured.

For WORMS they are a safe, speedy and permanent cure.

☞ Be sure to call for HUNNEWELL'S preparations.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Proprietor.

Practical Chemist and Pharmacentist, Commercial Wharf Boston, Mass.

With whom Physicians, Dealers and Patients are invited to correspond. Pamphlets, Circulars, Formulas, and all evidence of real character, sent free on application as above.

☞ Also, for sale by all dealers in every city and town.

Prices within reach of all.

Fac-simile of signature over cork of genuine only.

For sale by W. R. WATSON, T. DESBRISAY, M. W. SKINNER, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Jan. 12, 1863. 6m

No More Choking!

THE Hairs of Hopkin's Adamantine Cemented TOOTH BRUSHES will not come out by main force. For sale at the City Drug Store.

W. R. WATSON.

Ch. Town, Nov. 10, 1862.

A Beautiful Set of Teeth.

PERFECT freedom from premature decay, and Teeth of a pearl-like whiteness, by the use of JOHN GOSNELL & Co's CHERRY TOOTH PASTE. For sale at the City Drug store of W. R. WATSON.

Ch. Town, Nov. 10, 1862.

Notice.

WHEREAS, by Order, dated the 10th of August last, made by His Honor the Master of the Rolls, I have been appointed Committee of the Estate of PAUL MABEY, Esquire, who has been adjudged to be of unsound mind, I therefore require all Persons indebted to the said Paul Mabey, for RENT, or otherwise, to make immediate payment to me of the amounts due from them respectively.

And Whereas it appears that the said Paul Mabey, while in such unsound state of mind, executed Conveyances of portions of the Land and Real Estate belonging to him in Charlottetown, Charlottetown Royalty, and elsewhere, I do hereby CAUTION all Persons against dealing in, or conveying any such Lands, or accepting any Conveyances thereof, until the question of the validity or invalidity, of such Conveyances, from the said Paul Mabey, shall have been decided by the Court of Chancery. JOSEPH HENSLEY,

Committee of Estate.

Office, Lower Great George Street, Charlottetown, 16th December, 1861.

Notice.

WHEREAS by order made in the Court of Chancery by His Honor the Master of the Rolls, dated the 10th day of August instant, the management of the Estate of Paul Mabey, of Charlottetown, Esquire, has been committed to and vested in me the undersigned. Now, therefore, all tenants of the lands of the said Paul Mabey, and other parties indebted to him, are required henceforth to pay the amounts due and to become due from them respectively to me at my Office, in Charlottetown.

JOSEPH HENSLEY.

Charlottetown, August 26, 1861.

The Ready and Reliable Remedy.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Circular to the Sick.

The first hospital surgeons and medical authors of Europe admit the unparalleled anti-inflammatory and healing properties of this Ointment; governments sanction its use in their naval and military services; and the masses in this country, and throughout the world, repose the utmost confidence in its curative properties. It penetrates the sources of inflammation and corruption which underlie the external evidences of disease, and neutralizes the fiery elements which feed and exasperate the malady.

Rheumatism, Scrofula, Erysipelas.

These are among the most terrible and agonizing diseases, yet in their worst forms, and when seemingly incurable, they invariably disappear under a persevering application of this soothing, healing antidote to pain and inflammation.

King's Evil, Fever Sores, Stiff Joints.

In cases of King's Evil where medicinal waters, lotions, and every receipe of the pharmacopœia have proved useless, the Ointment will accomplish a thorough cure. Fever Sores heal quickly under its influence, and its relaxing effect upon contracted sinews is truly wonderful.

Discharging Ulcers.

A most remarkable and happy change is produced in the appearance of malignant ulcers after a few applications of this Ointment. The surrounding redness vanishes, and granules of healthy flesh begin to take the place of the discharged matter. This process goes on more or less rapidly, until the orifice is filled up with sound material and the ulcer is radically cured.

A Word to Mothers.

The young are the most frequent sufferers from external injuries, and therefore every mother should have this healing preparation constantly at hand. It is an absolute specific for burns, sprains, and bruises, and quickly removes the encrusted sores which sometimes disfigure the heads and faces of children.

Heated Blood, Scorbutic Eruptions.

This Ointment is universally resorted to with the happiest effects by seafarers for easing and curing the skin diseases resulting from the continued use of salted provisions. It is largely and successfully employed by sailors of all nations for curing the scurvy and the annoying eruptions which spring from overheated blood. Its fine cooling properties are invaluable in inflammation, ulcers, or sores, of the legs or feet, and it gives greater ease than any other application to the aches and darting pains, produced by varicose veins or neuralgia, resulting from exposure to cold or wet.

Wounds, Bruises, Burns, and Scalds.

The exrent to which mechanical and manufacturing industry in this country has reached, is greater than in any other, therefore the liability to bodily accident has increased in the same ratio. Accidents are lamentably frequent, and often when seemingly trivial in themselves, are made to end fatally from want of due attention and proper remedies. The most powerful curative ever applied to wounds, bruises, burns, or sores of any sort, is Holloway's Ointment. Every tradesman, in fact, every man to whom an accident may happen — and who is there exempt?—should be provided with it against the physical dangers which, though never foreseen, are of hourly occurrence.

Bad Legs, Piles, and Fistulas.

The cures which this Ointment effects in healing Ulcers of long standing, and which have resisted all other applications, as well as in curing bad legs, Piles and Fistulas, have been so countless and so notorious throughout the world, that any effort to give an adequately detailed statement of their number or character would be vain. It is sufficient to say that the Ointment has never proved inefficacious.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bad Legs	Corns (Soft)	Rheumatism
Bad Breasts	Cancers	Scalds
Burns	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Sore Nipples
Bunions		Sore-throats
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand Flies	Elephantiasis	Skin-diseases
	Fistulas	Scurvy
Coco-bay	Gout	Sore-heads
Chiego-foot	Glandular Swellings	Tumours
Chilblains	Lumbago	Ulcers
Chapped Hands	Piles	Wounds
		Yaws

Sold at the Establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s 1½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, 22s, and 33s each Pot.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

June 16, 1862.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

By Royal Letters Patent, under the special sanction of Her Majesty's Government, and the Chiefs of the Faculte de France.

THERAPION:—or CURE OF CURES, This successful and highly popular medicament, as employed in the continental hospitals by Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed. Devoid of *taste, odour*, and *appearance* of medicine, it can be left or carried anywhere, and taken from time to time without exciting suspicion Each package contains full instructions for every case.

THERAPION, No 1, in three days only removes gonorrhœa, gleet and all discharges, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief, where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION, No. 2, for syphilis, disease of the bones, sore throat, threatened destruction of the nose and palate; impurity of blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth; and ruin of health. Under this medicine every vestige of disease rapidly disappears: and the skin assumes the pleasing softness of infancy.

THERAPION, No. 3, for relaxation, spermatorrhœa, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated. To those who are prevented entering the marriage state by the consequences of early error, it will render essential aid by subduing all disqualifications; and restoring the lost tone to the system,

Therapion may be procured at 11s, and 33s per package, through all medicine vendors, or in £5 packages for foreign shipment, direct from London only, by which £1 12s. are saved: and £10 packages for the more inveterate cases, by which a still greater saving is effected. In ordering the above, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires.

HER MAJESTY'S HON. COMMISSIONERS have graciously permitted the Government stamp, bearing the word "Therapion" in white letters, to be attached to each package; thus insuring the public against fraudulent imitations, and securing to the proprietor the sole right of supply throughout her dominions; and any infringement of which they will prosecute with the utmost severity.

AGENTS FOR ENGLAND, Thomas & Co, 7, Upper St. Martin's-lane, London; Raimes & Co, Liverpool; Apothecaries Comp., Glasgow; Ferris & Co, Bristol; Cornish & Co., Plymouth; Rowe, Devenport; Randall & Co., Southampton; and obtainable through all medicine vendors in the known world, or in case of difficulty, by enclosing a draft or order for £5 or £10, according to the nature of the case, payable in London to Messrs. Thomas & Co, as above, a large package will be sent by return mail, carefully secured from observation or accident.

PREMATURE DECAY OF THE SYSTEM, and its perfect restoration, whether arising from youthful imprudence or the excesses of adult life, infection, climate, &c. Observations on marriage, the prevention and removal of certain disqualifications. Rules and numerous prescriptions for self-treatment. Sufferers who are prevented from matrimony by the consequences of imprudence should read this work, as pointing out the sure way to restoration of health. Sent post free in an envelope on receipt of 3s, by Mr. Lawes, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand Court, London.

The Cause and Cure of Premature Decline.

Sold by all the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicines, or sent post free, secure from observations direct from the Author, for 2s 6d.

THE MEDICAL ADVISER on the modern treatment of mental and physical incapacity, syphilis, stricture, &c.; with unfailing rules and prescriptions for the speedy cure, by very simple means, of all the more common diseases and supposed incurable maladies of the sexual system. By Dr. W. DE ROOS, M. D., M. R. C. S., L. S. A., &c., *of the Ecole de Medicine, Paris, Graduate in Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery; Licentiate of the Royal Society of Apothecaries, &c.*

REVIEWS AND NOTICES.

"To be your own counsel or your own doctor, entails risks that have become proverbial to a degree that prevents much good resolution from taking any benefit or advantage when reasonably offered. Suspicion begets irresolution, and where there is no confidence good results seldom follow. Medical books are a fiend for the faculty alone, and the public act wisely in refraining from their study. 'Drink deep or taste not the Pierian spring,' is good advice where the uninformed mind, listening to its own apprehensions is oftener ready to imagine than use its cool judgment. There is one class of medical lore, however, that stands in a position somewhat exceptional to our remark, and which treats on disorders and irregularities in which morality is offended. For this reason the patient too often suffers in secret, or pursues in ignorance practices that daily bring him into a more hopeless condition for want of friendly advice. To such we recommend a perusal of the 'Medical Adviser' of Walter De Roos, M. D., of London, an established Physician, graduate and licentiate of all the regular institutions of London and Paris; and who has made nervous disorders and their baneful origin his particular study, and obtained such a practice in this branch of therapeutics, as qualifies him to be a safe and competent adviser.—*County Chronicle, May 7th*, 1861.

"The MEDICAL ADVISER, by WALTER DE ROOS, M. D., for the class of diseases upon which it treats is undoubtedly the best and most soundly practical book which has come under our notice The author is a man of most enlarged experience."—*Derby Telegraph, June 29th*, 1861.

To those who contemplate marriage its perusal is especially recommended.—The knowledge it imparts must come *some* time, and happy they who do not possess it too late.—Cure is certain in every curable case, and few indeed are they which are not so.—It is calculated to effect a complete revolution in the treatment of these complaints.—Simple and inexpensive, every sufferer may cure himself speedily, privately, and at the least possible cost.

From long practical observation of the treatment pursued in the most famous Institutions of this country and the continent, for those diseases referred to in the above work, the Proprietor has had somewhat unusual facilities for acquiring that uniform success which has hitherto characterized his practice, in which the distressing consequences resulting from the injurious employment of mercury, capivi, sarsaparilla, and similar dangerous medicines are entirely obviated. Lasting benefit in these cases can only be reasonably expected at the hands of those who devote their chief attention to such diseases; and to such only can confidence be safely extended. Dr. De R. refers with pride to the numbers he has been instrumental in restoring to health and happiness, whilst to all who need such aid he offers every assurance of speedy restoration.

FOREIGN RESIDENTS can be successfully treated by correspondence, on sending the detail of their cases, with a Bank note or Bill on a London house for £5 or £10, in order that a package of medicines to meet the exigencies of the case, may be sent out by next mail, thus avoiding the protracted suffering and unnecessary loss of valuable time, which must otherwise occur.

DR. DE ROOS' GUTTÆ VITÆ OR LIFE DROPS; *Protected by Royal Letters Patent of England; Seals of the Faculte de France; Royal College of Prussia, &c*, have in numberless instances proved their superiority over every other advertised remedy for Spermatorrhœa, languor, lassitude, depression of spirits, irritability, anger, excitement, needless fear, distaste and incapacity for society, study or business; indigestion, pains in the side, palpitation of the heart, giddiness, noises in the head, impotency, impediments to marriage, &c. This medicine strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles and nerves, thus speedily removes nervous complaints, renovates the impaired powers of life, and invigorates the most shattered constitution. For skin eruptions, sore throat, pains in the bones, and all those diseases in which mercury, sarsaparilla, &c. are too often employed in vain, to the serious detriment of health, its surprising efficacy has only to be tested to be appreciated.

As these complaints if neglected become chronic or incurable, sufferers will do well before they waste valuable time in seeking aid from instruments, and other absurdities professing to supersede medicines, to make fair trial of a remedy, which concocted on unerring scientific principles, cannot fail, and may be carried about the person, or left upon the toilet table, without exciting a suspicion of its nature. Price, 11s, and four times the quantity at 33s per bottle. The £5 packages containing twelve 11s quantities, by which a saving of £1 12s is effected, will be sent from 25, Bedford Place, only on receipt of the amount per draft on a London house or otherwise.

Extracts from letters which can be seen by any one. "I am happy to say that I am now quite well, thanks to you and your medicine of medicines."—*D. P. St. Asaph.* "I am happy to say that I shall not require more, thank God, and I hope He will reward you for what you have done for me."—*A. C., Hartlepool.* "If my tongue could speak, or my pen could write to express my gratitude to you I should feel happy, but neither tongue nor pen of mine can do so."—*H. A. Birmingham.* "Without you I should have been in my grave but now I am a happy man again."—*D. F. F., Inverness.* "I can never thank you sufficiently; had I never read of the Guttæ Vitæ, where or what I might have been now, I cannot tell."—*W. G., West Pelton.*

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS, BLADDER, &c. DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS are a most safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints. Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonizing death. They agree with the most delicate stomach, and in three days effect a cure when capivi, cubebs, &c., have utterly failed. 2s 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s, and 33s. per box. The superiority of these celebrated medicines over everything of the kind, is universally acknowledged, and the extraordinary demand for them without precedent.

Many there are, who from natural diffidence, or fear of discovery, would silently bear their afflictions rather than apply for aid to those from whom they may reasonably expect relief. With the above remedies the sufferer may without the knowledge of a second person, cure himself speedily, privately, and at the least possible expense.

"I have taken your Pills and always derive great benefit from them."—*W. W. H., Queen's College, Cambridge.* "I have taken your Pills with the most happy result."—*B. H., Cork.* "Your Pills do me great good, I feel better this last twelve months than for years before."—*F. G., Wareham, Ashford.* "Your Pills did me more good than anything I have taken.'—*M. J Dursley.* "I have tried your Pills and derived the greatest benefit therefrom."—*V. G., Navy Hotel, St. Helier's.*

Sold by Langley & Johnston, Hollis-street, Halifax, Nova Scotia; W. R. Watson, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island; J. Ward, Esq., News Office, Sydney, Cape Breton; E. H. Parker, (late Palmer & Co) Kingston, Canada West; Strickland & Co., Mobile; M. F. Deconge and Edward Guillot, New Orleans; Fongera, New York; Musson & Co., Quebec, C. A. & J. Langley, Yates Street, San Francisco; Mr. Murdo, Druggist, and J. McCoubrey, Esq., St. John's, Newfoundland; Thomas Walker & Sons, St. John, New Brunswick; Lymans & Co, Toronto, of whom also may be had "THE MEDICAL ADVISER," or should difficulty arise in procuring any of the above, enclose the amount by draft or otherwise, to 25 Bedford Place, Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C., and they will be sent securely packed per return.

CAUTION.—Therebeing highly injurious imitations of the above, sufferers should guard against the recommendation of other medicines by dishonest vendors, who thus obtain a larger profit. TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC AGAINST FRAUD, HER MAJESTY'S HON. COMMISSIONERS *have directed that the words* "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," *be printed in white letters on the Stamp affixed to the above, to imitate which is felony.*

February 3, 1862.

BENZOLE,

OR SPIRITS TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE. One barrel of this article, now generally used in the place of Turpentine, and sold for less than HALF its COST, for sale at the CITY HARDWARE STORE.

H. E. STARBIRD & CO.

Jany. 12, 1863.

DENTIFRICE SOAPS, &c.

Rimmell's White Rose Dentifice Soap.
Robinsons' Indexical Dental Soap.
Pelletier's Antiseptic and Aromatic Tooth Soap.
John Gosnell and Co's Cherry Tooth Paste.

THESE DENTAL SOAPS, which are offered as substitutes for all the Powders and Washes heretofore used, are prepared expressly for the TEETH, of

The purest Materials of which Soap can be Made.

They are tasteless, save an agreeable aromatic flavour, imparted to them by the Antiseptic and Astringent properties with which they are combined.

They effectually rid the mouth of the fœtid matter and tartar,