

# The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"THIS is true Liberty, when Free-born Men having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1882.

VOL 10.--NO. 142.

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,  
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
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Charlottetown, P. E. Island.  
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
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Three Months, 1 25  
One Month, 50  
Advertising at most moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly,  
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-  
ments, on application.

### ALMANAC FOR MAY, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon 3rd day, 2h. 18m. a. m., N. W.  
(below horizon.)  
Third Quarter 10th day, 5h. 22m., a. m., S. W.  
New Moon 17th day, 3h. 20m. a. m., N. E.  
(below horizon.)  
First Quarter, 24th day, 5h. 29m. p. m., S. W.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Days length
1 Monday	4 51	7 31	5 45	9 21		
2 Tuesday	4 49	6 56	6 44	9 58		
3 Wednesday	4 48	6 42	7 52	10 33		
4 Thursday	4 46	6 28	8 51	11 12		
5 Friday	4 45	6 15	9 51	11 52		
6 Saturday	4 43	6 02	10 42	12 34		
7 Sunday	4 42	5 51	11 27	1 16	14 29	
8 Monday	4 41	5 41	12 06	2 0		
9 Tuesday	4 39	5 32	1 0	2 56		
10 Wednesday	4 38	5 24	1 50	3 4		
11 Thursday	4 37	5 17	2 36	4 5		
12 Friday	4 35	5 11	3 16	5 24		
13 Saturday	4 34	5 06	4 0	6 42		
14 Sunday	4 33	5 02	4 39	7 0	14 44	
15 Monday	4 32	5 0	5 13	8 44		
16 Tuesday	4 31	4 58	5 44	10 16		
17 Wednesday	4 30	4 57	6 11	11 57		
18 Thursday	4 29	4 56	6 35	13 39		
19 Friday	4 28	4 56	7 0	15 2		
20 Saturday	4 27	4 56	7 16	16 48		
21 Sunday	4 26	4 56	7 29	18 15	15 0	
22 Monday	4 25	4 56	7 39	19 38		
23 Tuesday	4 24	4 56	7 45	21 19		
24 Wednesday	4 23	4 56	7 48	23 3		
25 Thursday	4 22	4 56	7 48	25 39		
26 Friday	4 21	4 56	7 45	27 5		
27 Saturday	4 20	4 56	7 39	29 17	15 12	
28 Sunday	4 19	4 56	7 30	30 26		
29 Monday	4 18	4 56	7 18	31 11		
30 Tuesday	4 17	4 56	7 0	31 54		
31 Wednesday	4 16	4 56	6 42	31 34		

### PROFESSIONAL CARD.

**PALMER & MULLALLY**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.  
OFFICE—O'Halloran's Building, Great  
George Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.  
H. V. PALMER. JAS. W. MULLALLY.  
April 10, 1882.

### INSURANCE OFFICE.

**Queen Insurance Company,**  
OF ENGLAND.  
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.  
**City of London Fire Insurance Company,**  
CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.  
Insurance effected on all kinds of property  
at current rates. Losses settled promptly  
and equitably.  
F. KENNEDY,  
General Agent.  
Office—South Side Queen Square,  
Ch'town, Feb. 3, 1882.

### W. C. BISHOP,

SHIPPING  
—AND—  
FORWARDING AGENT,  
Marine Insurance Broker,  
—AND—  
General Commission Agent,  
BEDFORD ROW,  
P. O. BOX 1 . . . HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the  
Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned  
Goods, and collection of Custom Drawbacks  
thereon.  
Hulls, Cargoes, and Freight insured in  
first-class offices at most favorable rates.  
Consignments of Produce solicited, and  
prompt returns guaranteed.  
Correspondence solicited and answered  
promptly.  
Nov. 14, 1881—lyr

### St. Lawrence Hotel.

THE above Hotel is now RE OPENED,  
having been thoroughly repaired and  
refurnished in the best style. Being centrally  
situated and within three minutes walk of  
the Railway Depot and Steamboats, it offers  
inducements to the travelling public.  
Permanent and Transient Boarders accom-  
modation unsurpassed by any other Hotel in  
the city.  
WM. E. HICKEY,  
Proprietor.  
Ch'town, Dec. 21, '81.

### Freehold Farms.

FOR SALE—Several valuable Farms in  
different parts of the country. For  
particulars apply to  
A. McNEILL, Agent.  
April 13, '82—G

## AT COST!

### Readymade Clothing, Tweeds and Heavy Cloths,

AS I WANT TO CLOSE OUT MY STOCK IN THIS LINE.  
Some Expensive Ladies' Cloth Mantles and Dolmans, and  
Fur Lined Cloaks, Sealettes and Colored Dress Goods.  
AT A LARGE REDUCTION.  
JUST OPENED AND MARKED LOW,  
A Select Assortment of Flowers, Feathers, Velveteens, Ladies' Sacques, &c., &c.  
Nov. 1, 1881.  
**R. W. TREMAINE,**  
85 QUEEN STREET

**FRESH**  
**GARDEN & FARM SEEDS.**  
Just Received!  
**F. LePAGE & CO.,**  
PER NORTHERN LIGHT.  
Catalogues on application.  
**Glasgow House,**  
58 QUEEN STREET.  
April 21, 1882.

**TO SHOEMAKERS!**  
Large Stock of Canadian and American Felt Hats!  
**CHEAP FOR CASH!**  
**G. DAVIES & CO.,**  
LONDON HOUSE.  
Charlottetown, April 3, 1882.

**FURNITURE.**  
The Largest and Best Selected  
ON THE ISLAND,  
At Greatly Reduced Prices.  
CALL AND GET BARGAINS.  
Parlor and Drawing Room Suits!  
TO SUIT ALL  
**CHAMBER SUITS,**  
Walnut, Ash & Walnut & Painted, very cheap.  
**CHAIRS,**  
A Splendid Assortment, cheap.  
Bedsteads, Beds, Mattresses, &c., &c.  
LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS  
Picture Moulding & Frames  
**IRON BEDSTEADS.**  
Window Blinds, Rollers, Poles, Cor-  
nices, Venetian Blinds, &c.,  
all of which will be sold below cost for cash.  
All kinds of orders promptly attended to  
at moderate charges.  
**JOHN NEWSON.**  
April 8, 18 2—3m

**Children's Carriages,**  
**Iron Bedsteads.**  
CHEAP.  
**JOHN NEWSON.**  
April 8, 1882—3m  
**Estate of Late W. B. Allin.**  
THE Trustees being anxious to sell, will  
receive offers up to May next, for a two  
story Dwelling Cottage, with nearly half an  
acre of land, opposite Mr. Gay's property,  
Mildred Road; also for a Warehouse four  
stories high, and a good cellar, opposite the  
police station. Enquire of  
J. W. PICKARD,  
JOS. KNIGHT.  
April 18, 1882.

**CHRISTYS HATS**  
Christys' Paris Silk Hats,  
Christys' Hard Fur " "  
Christys' Soft " "  
Christys' Hard Felt " "  
Christys' Soft " "  
Christys' Hats for Men,  
Christys' " " Boys,  
Christys' " " Ladies,  
TOGETHER WITH A  
Large Stock of Canadian and American Felt Hats!  
**CHEAP FOR CASH!**  
**G. DAVIES & CO.,**  
LONDON HOUSE.  
Charlottetown, April 3, 1882.

**THE NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE**  
Fire and Life Insurance Company,  
OF EDINBURGH AND LONDON,  
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.  
Subscribed Capital . . . . . \$ 9 733 332.00  
Paid Up Capital . . . . . 1,216,666.00  
TRANSACTS EVERY DESCRIPTION OF  
**FIRE, LIFE AND ANNUITY BUSINESS**  
ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.  
Losses Settled With Promptitude and Liberality.  
**FIRE DEPARTMENT.**  
Reserved Funds (Irrespective of Paid up Capital) over - \$5,000,000.00  
Insurances effected at the Lowest Current Rates.  
**LIFE DEPARTMENT.**  
Accumulated Funds (irrespective of Paid up Capital) over - \$12,000,000.00  
Nine-tenths of the whole Profits of the Life Branch belong to the Assured.  
Profits of previous Quinquennium divided among Policy Holders, \$1,158,500.00  
New and Reduced Premiums for the Dominion of Canada.  
Copies of the Annual Report, Prospectuses, and every information, may  
be obtained at the  
**PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND BRANCH,**  
No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown.  
**GEORGE W. DEBLOIS,**  
GENERAL AGENT  
March 13, 1882—cod

### Summerside Notes.

SUMMERSIDE, 8th May, 3 30 p. m.  
The ordinary business of the town ap-  
pears to be wholly suspended to-day and the  
pending election has created more than  
usual excitement. The polls opened  
promptly at eight o'clock, and a great  
number of electors were present from the  
first—the Government supporters obtaining  
the inside track and thereby placing their  
men (Lefurgey and Gillis) far ahead of their  
opponents. Both parties were fully pro-  
vided with vehicles and horse-flesh. Those  
of the Grits, however, being like themselves,  
miserable and shabby.  
The retainers of each party were  
brought to the poll in large numbers up till  
two o'clock, when the stream of voters  
considerably diminished, leaving the victory  
practically with the Government candi-  
dates, as their majority, all told, was then  
over sixty. Desperation, then appeared to  
have seized the Grits, who made redoubled  
efforts and frantic sprints to regain a por-  
tion of their lost ground, and which in  
truth they accomplished by reducing the  
majority of their opponents to forty-five.  
Doubtless this partial gain by the Grits was  
brought about by bribery and corruption  
and other Grit practices, pure and simple,  
which have been the disgrace of this con-  
stituency during previous elections. These  
disreputable means were even resorted to  
by the Grit sworn officials who assisted in  
taking poll. Seeing defeat and despair star-  
ting them in the face, they audaciously  
retained officer into the belief that no  
reporters from the Government side were  
permitted at the polling booth, and all re-  
porters were, therefore, directed to retire.  
Noble Miscoche! In this polling divi-  
sion the Grits were routed, horse, foot and  
artillery. Lefurgey and Gillis obtaining up  
to 3 o'clock 127 votes, while McMillan and  
Allan got only 24.  
7 p. m.—Result—The polls were kept  
open till the utmost legal limit, as the  
Grits were anxious to scour the whole dis-  
trict in the hope of adding a few more to  
their shattered ranks, but all in vain. In  
fact, with or without bribery, the Grits had  
no hold on the district; for instance, one  
of their busy lieutenants, named Robert  
McLeod, was seen to give Ephraim Richard  
a collar to pay his poll tax on the distinct  
understanding that he would vote for Mc-  
Millan and Allan; but this was of no avail,  
as Richard voted the square Government  
ticket.  
The official figures at the close of the poll  
are: Hon. John Lefurgey, 409; Dr. Gillis,  
414; McMillan, 362; Sandy Allen, 319.  
Tremendous cheering and rejoicing going  
on as we write.

### De Long and His Comrades.

Engineer Melville announces that he has  
found Captain De Long and his party, of  
the New York Herald's expedition, and  
that all are dead. The message is dated,  
"Lena Delta, March 24," and came via  
Yakutat by special express to Irkutsk,  
whence it was forwarded by land telegraph  
and cable.  
This, as the Herald remarks, confirms  
the worst that had been feared, and ends  
forever the conflict that the hopes of  
friends had desperately maintained against  
all knowledge of the possibilities of ex-  
posure to the Arctic climate. Every human  
creature is a believer in miracles when a  
miracle alone can save from the stroke of  
some impending calamity; and thus it was  
that the souls of those whose lives were  
wrapped up in the fate of De Long and his  
party held to the hope that in some un-  
known corner of that desolate and inhospit-  
able coast these gallant men had found a  
refuge, and that through frost and storm  
and the extremity of privation they had  
lived out the dreadful Siberian winter.  
All that earnest and passionate longing  
that the remotely possible may prove to be  
the actual; all the aspiration of affection  
and friendship are now crushed at once in  
the simple statement that all have been  
found together—dead in one place.

### The Suffrage in Italy.

The New York Herald reports that  
"Scrutin de liste," the system of voting by  
general ticket, which wrecked the Ministry  
of Gambetta in France, has been made law  
by Signor Depretis in Italy. There need  
be little surprise that Italian politicians  
should prove more malleable than French  
politicians. M. Gambetta's Deputies were  
in the first flush of political youth; they  
had just come from a laborious and expen-  
sive election, and when the Premier asked  
them to commit suicide they firmly but po-  
litely declined. Signor Depretis' Parliam-  
ent, on the other hand, is nearing the  
end of its natural life; it has seen many  
vicissitudes and has outlived several Min-  
istries, and being in turn invited to self-  
slaughter, it commits hari-keri with grate-  
ful resignation. The result should  
strengthen Depretis considerably. He has  
gathered round him a set of very able Min-  
isters, and being now able to nominate his  
own candidates, he ought, with ordinary  
management, to establish himself in power  
for a quite unexampled term.

### Worse than Swearing.

The Rev. Henry N. Hudson, the well  
known Shakespearean critic, was chaplain of  
a New York volunteer regiment in the De-  
partment of the South during the rebellion.  
One Sunday morning, on Polly Island, dur-  
ing the siege of Charleston, he selected  
pious swearing for the subject of his sermon  
to the soldiers, and employed his very ex-  
tensive acquaintance with the resources of  
the English language to show them how it  
is possible to express feeling with the ut-  
most intensity without recourse to oaths.  
But he miscalculated the impression he  
would produce. His hearers were so  
horrified by the novel capacities of their  
mother tongue which were brought to  
their notice that with scarcely an excep-  
tion they considered swearing less objec-  
tionable.

### NEWS NOTES.

The popular pastime of beating China-  
men has been most atrociously interfered  
with by a New York justice, who yester-  
day sentenced a rowdy who had been  
taking this innocent diversion to one year's  
imprisonment and a fine of one hundred  
dollars. It would be interesting to know  
which of the two—the Celestial or the  
Bowery boy—was most thunderstruck at  
finding that Chinamen have rights under  
the glorious constitution of the United  
States.

Mr. Plumb has added one more to the  
conundrums, which an unhappy Opposition  
have to give up. If, as Sir Richard Car-  
tright contends, a child's dress costs 60 or  
70 cents more now than under the old tariff;  
and if, as Mr. Blake contends, the increase  
in cost is from a cent to a cent and a half  
per yard, then the number of yards in a  
child's dress, as Mr. Plumb points out,  
must be about 46! No reply was given to  
the question.—Toronto Mail.

Lord Salisbury's speech at Liverpool con-  
tained some very noticeable sentences. This  
is one:—  
"If you wish to establish peace and con-  
tentment in Ireland you must do your  
best to bring the ownership of land again  
into single hands."

The fact that the votes of the Irish  
people have been steadily going in favor of  
the Conservative candidates in seats that,  
whatever foolish writers may say, the Con-  
servative vote of Irish affairs is always the  
one which offers the most permanent solu-  
tion of any given difficulty.

Some curious old customs are still ob-  
served in London on Good Friday. By the  
will of Peter Symonds, made in the year  
1568, sixty of the youngest boys in Christ's  
Hospital receive after divine service on  
Good Friday morning in Allhallows Church,  
Lombard street, a new penny and a long  
bag of raisins. On April 7, after a sermon  
by the Prebendary, the requirements of  
the will were for the 289th time, carried  
out. At St. Bartholomew's the Great,  
West Smithfield, twenty-one widows visited  
an ancient tomb in the churchyard, and  
each picked up a new sixpence. Though  
the name of the benefactress has been lost,  
the gift has been observed every Good Fri-  
day morning for the last 400 years.

In the May number of the Century, an  
article in "Topics of the Time" on "Jews  
and Jew-baiters," we find the following  
deserved and timely censure on certain  
Christian communities for their method  
of regarding and treating the Jewish race:  
"The greatest paradox of history is the  
fact that Christendom reveres more than  
all other literature that which came from  
the pen of Jews, believing that to them  
was given a closer communion with God  
than to other people, while this same  
Christendom is ready to believe all slanders  
against the race that gave birth to that  
greatest of ancient poems—the author of the  
Book of Job, as well as to Isaiah, to Daniel,  
to John and to Paul—not to mention a  
name more deeply revered than all. It  
is never safe to accept the account of the  
down-trodden given by those who oppress  
them. Oppression, no doubt, degrades  
the oppressed, as it certainly does the  
oppressor, but it will not do to take the  
word of the tyrant for the character of the  
slave under his heel."

THE DOMESTIC MONTHLY FOR MAY, 1882.  
With the May number, this favorite  
magazine announces a reduction in price  
from \$1.50 to \$1. The regular premium,  
one dollar's worth of "Domestic" Fashions,  
remains the same. The general make-up  
is new, literary matter alternating with il-  
lustrated fashion articles throughout. The  
number opens with a charming poem by  
Paul Pastnor, one of the rising poets of the  
day. This is succeeded by the first chap-  
ters of a new serial story, which will run  
through several numbers of the monthly.  
An illustrated article on the "Neglect of  
Children," is written by Ellen E. Dicken-  
son, and will be found very suggestive in  
its expose of the thoughtlessness to which  
social excesses lead their devotees. The  
new departure will undoubtedly increase  
the already wide popularity of the "Domes-  
tic." The "Domestic Monthly" is pub-  
lished at 853 Broadway, New York, corner  
14th St., at \$1, with \$1 worth of "Domes-  
tic" Fashions to each subscriber. Single  
copies, 10 cents.

Mr. Edw. Hamilton, of the Grand Opera  
House and Uhrig's Cave, St. Louis, Mo.,  
is a gentleman well known to the theatrical  
profession and the respective patrons of  
those places of amusement. His experience  
is most peculiar and opens a new case for  
the inestimable remedy spoken of. "I had  
been riding on horseback one afternoon,"  
said Mr. Hamilton, "and was pretty well  
tired out. In getting off my horse I gave  
my right leg a severe wrench, but as it did  
not inconvenience me at the time I paid no  
attention to it. In a very short time, how-  
ever, an excruciating pain came on in the  
vicinity of the hip,—this recurring every  
ten minutes and seeming to grow worse with  
every recurrence. I went to a doctor, who  
made an examination and said nothing ailed  
me. But I knew better, for I could hardly  
walk. He gave me something to  
bandage the leg with, but it was of  
no more avail than so much water. Late  
in the evening I was attending to my  
duties at the Cave and limped so badly that  
several people asked me what was the  
trouble. A friend advised me to get St.  
Jacob's Oil, and told me I had undoubtedly  
strained a leading sinew. It was too late  
that night to get the medicine, and even  
after I got to bed it was like a severe  
cramp, coming at periods, and I passed a  
miserable night. Early in the morning I  
procured a bottle of the Oil and, saturating  
a silk handkerchief with it, bound it around  
the affected part. It seemed to work its  
way right in and found the sore place. I  
was quiet all day and kept applying the  
Oil. In the evening I was straight as a  
die, and no trouble from the strain have I  
noticed or experienced since."