

Down With Political Corruption.

Repeat the Gerrymander—Restore the Franchise—Punish those who Enacted the Mortgage Vote—Cast Out the Land Office Wreckers.

THE MEN TO VOTE FOR

IN KING'S COUNTY.

- First District: KICKHAM and MORSON. Second District: SULLIVAN and UNDERHAY. Third District: J. E. McDONALD and SHAW. Fourth District: CLOW and McLEOD. Georgetown, etc.: GORDON and McDONALD.

IN PRINCE COUNTY.

- First District: BIRCH and BLANCHARD. Third District: ARSENAULT and McDONALD. Fourth District: BENTLEY and McCABE. Summerside: ROGERS and DESROCHIE.

QUEEN'S COUNTY.

- First District: CAMPBELL and McLEOD. Second District: McKAY and ... Third District: BLAKE and STEWART. Fourth District: MARTIN and McLEAN.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

NOVEMBER 22, 1893.

SUMMERSIDE.

Messrs. David Rogers and Gilbert DesRochie have been nominated Opposition candidates for Summerside. Good.

IN THE CITY.

At a representative meeting of Liberal-Conservatives, held last evening, George Peake, Esq., was unanimously nominated a candidate for the position of Councilman, and Dr. J. T. Jenkins for that of Assemblyman. We regret to learn that when a committee appointed by the meeting called upon Mr. Peake, to-day, they found him so unwell that he was compelled to decline the honor.

POLITICS IN EDUCATION.

EARLY in his career, the unscrupulous combination of which Mr. Premier Peters is the head, made our Education Office a part of the political machine of the Province. Mr. Nicholson, the talented, capable and energetic Superintendent of Education—against whom not the shadow of a complaint had been made—was then, summarily dismissed from office, without cause assigned; and Messrs. Arbutick and Cain, experienced and competent school inspectors, were as abruptly turned out of their positions. In these high and responsible situations men were placed whose only claim to office lay in the fact that they had been supporters of the Government party. At a later date, it was necessary to mollify the anger of a leading member of the party; and a third school inspector was appointed in defiance of the law which provides for but two school inspectors.

For those outrages in connection with the Education Department the Government have now to account to the electors. The practice in every other part of Canada, and the practice in this Province until the present Government attained to power, has been to keep the Education Department above party politics. The party inspectors of the Superintendents and Inspectors of Education in other parts of Canada are no more to the Government of the day than the party preceptors of the teachers employed in the schools. Nor is the law deliberately broken in other parts of Canada to the end that supporters of the Government may directly or indirectly, receive reward for party services by means of appointments to the Education Department.

The reasons why education should be kept above party need not be stated. They are clear to every man. It only remains for the electors of Prince Edward Island to set the seal of their disapproval upon the Government which has applied the spoils system to the public schools, under circumstances which, in the case of Messrs. Nicholson and Arbutick, at least, were little short of barbarous. Mr. Arbutick, when past the meridian of life, with a young family dependent upon him, was turned out of his chosen profession, in which he had won an honorable reputation, to make room for a comparative youngster. Mr. Nicholson, feeling safe in a responsible position, for which he was eminently fitted, and which, unsworn as he was, he had reason to believe would be his during good behavior, celebrated his nuptials and settled in Charlottetown, with all the expense incident thereto; and was then, forthwith, compelled to leave office at a month's notice, and betake himself to another Province. The dismissals from the Education Department were wrong, they were cruel, they were unnecessary, they were unwise. We ask the electors to vote out the men who thus abused the traditions of the Education Department, the dictates of reason, and the feelings of civilized humanity.

It has been learned that 130,000 tons of steel rails have been shipped to British Columbia via Cape Horn, on which eight insurance risks have been placed. These are for the British Pacific Railway, which is to run via Yellow Head Pass, and in which Chicago capital is concerned.

THE RAILWAY MEN'S VOTE.

So our Liberal and independent organs of public opinion are not glad that the railway men, fishery guardians, etc., have not, after all, been robbed of their franchise rights. They are, indeed, so much the reverse of pleased that they question the deliberate opinion of four among our ablest lawyers; and they even presume to set up their own opinions in opposition to men whose life business is to construe the law. Surely these are worthy defenders of the people's rights!

We shall not presume to define the strict legal meaning of the words "temporarily by the day." Certain it is that any and every elector employed by the Dominion Government "temporarily by the day" is exempted from the operation of the Franchise Robbery Act. Certain it is that the railway men are paid by the day and hour, and are subject to instant dismissal. Certain it is that four legal gentlemen, including Judge Fitzgerald, have declared, over their own signatures, that upon full consideration of the outrageous act of deprivation, the railway men, so employed, are included among the exemptions. Certain it is that an equal number of other legal gentlemen have not, so far, found to assert, in an equally formal manner, that these men have been robbed of their right to vote. We think, therefore, that the balance is rather against the Journalists, well and learned as they are, who declare, and lay upon their responsibility, that the railway men have not been exempted from the operation of the law.

This is the more evident upon a consideration of the wide difference which exists between the position of a recognized official of the Government and the position of one who is employed as railway man or fishery guardian. The former is entitled to hold his office during life and good behavior; and he is entitled to a pension when he retires from the service; but the latter may be dismissed at a day's notice. There is, then, a real and vital distinction between the members of the Civil Service of Canada—who are undoubtedly robbed of their franchise—and the men who are from time to time employed in the railway workshops, etc.

Under these circumstances, the railway men and other employees of the Government, paid by the day, may take heart and fight for their rights. They know that they have not forfeited those rights. They know that, when the time comes, as come it will, they will have to pay their taxes like other citizens; they know that taxation without representation is tyranny; they know that they have a clear right to live in this community as freemen and not as Indians. We say, therefore, that, in view of all these facts and considerations, they will be false to their manhood if they do not, at the coming elections, assert their right to the franchise.

A man who has been robbed of a thing can take it wherever he finds it, and under any circumstances. A man is justified in defending his property to the death, when it is attacked by the highwayman. How much more strongly will the railway officials be justified in standing by and fighting for their dearest civil right if anyone should dare to question it when they go to poll their votes?

There can be no doubt that they will be supported in such action by the spirit of the British law. It is, if we mistake not, presumed by interpreters of the law that an act of the Legislature depriving a man of any right must be set forth in such language that there cannot be the shadow of a doubt as to the intention of the legislator. If the act be not so clearly worded, then the right may be retained. In this case four gentlemen learned in the law have declared that the words of the Disfranchisement Act, legally construed, do not imply that the railway men have been deprived of their right to vote. The railway men may, therefore, be assured that the decision of the judges will be in their favor, if any one should dare to question their right to vote.

ANOTHER HITCH.

It appears that, owing to some other hitch amongst the "party of parity," High Sheriff Strong has been appointed Returning Officer for Prince County. Was there ever such a "carrying on"? One day Mr. McNutt is appointed. But when it is pointed out that he is not eligible, Mr. John Gaffney gets the position. Then he in turn is deposed, for some reason, and Mr. Strong is the man of to-day; but who will have it tomorrow. In Queen's County Mr. Wier has the position of Election Clerk for twenty-four hours, and is succeeded by Mr. Smith. How Mr. Peters is getting on in King's County we have not heard.

BY THE WAY.

The Patriot and Pioneer have not yet published Captain Burke's letter. Nor have they apologized or expressed regret for their unjustifiable use of Captain Burke's name.

—Prof. Robertson says that at Government experimental station at Sussex the butter made is selling at 24 cents per pound.

—The November number of the Canadian Magazine—the great monthly of Canada—contains a rich variety of contributions. The articles are timely, well-written, and interesting, and many of them will receive wide attention. In "Down the Yukon," Wm. Ogilvie, F.R.G.S., continues his story of sub-Arctic explorations, narrating wonderful winter experiences in the country between the Yukon and Mackenzie. In "Banana Cultivation in Jamaica," a beautiful illustrated article, Allan Eric tells much that is novel and even surprising. "The Battle of the Edipus," by E. H. Sigurd, is a well-told tale of the Icelandic slaughter and Rorke's Drift, thrilling in its descriptive power. "Plebeius," by Edward Meek, will be read with great interest by every student of political institutions. Mr. Meek thinks that the United States is tending to the establishment of Cæsarism, and gives cogent reasons for his opinion. In "State Education and 'Jems,'" W. D. Le Sueur writes well in reply to a former article by J. S. Ewart, Q. C. Other articles are "The Old Bastille of Paris," by H. S. Howell, "Problems of Home Winning," by J. L. Payne, "Mirage in Western Canada," by Mrs. John Flesher, "The Canadian Club Movement," by W. Sandford Evans, "Beowulf, the English Homer," by Professor Horning, of Victoria University, and "Peculiarities and Illusions of Wit," by Dr. T. Hutchinson. The fiction is bright, and the poetry of considerable merit. The Canadian Magazine with this number enters upon its second volume, with an established place among the best magazines of the day. Published by the Ontario Publishing Co., Ltd., Manning Arcade, Toronto. \$2.50 per annum.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

WITHHOLDING THE HIRE OF THE LABORER.

Sir,—Besides the charges of road jobbing, etc., referred to by your numerous correspondents from all parts of the Province—and which, by the way, has not been fully contradicted by the parties concerned or even on their behalf, by the grit press—a still more shameful state of affairs is said to exist. It is now stated by persons who ought to know, that the payment for jobs and road work and even the day's wages of men employed by road supervisors and aye by grid candidates for legislative honors, are not to be paid till after the election, and possibly for what may be called grit economy, not before the end of the year, as it will make the big deficit at that time a little smaller. It will also make their overdrafts at the banks a little less, and they would need to be. This system of withholding the hire of the laborer is only another way of having a "suspense account" such as was resorted to by Davies in the fall of 1878, when the road supervisors were advised to draw slowly. The intention, besides, at this time evidently is to hold the whip over the backs of those whose pay is withheld, and, if possible, force them to do their bidding on election day. It is known that many of those so engaged will vote against the Peters' combination, and it looks as if their intentions were anticipated, hence the grit device of withholding the payment till the elections were over. The electors should be on their guard. They need not be frightened or cajoled by noisy grit officials. They can vote as they like and they cannot be denied payment for work done. It is more than likely that a good Conservative Government will be the paymaster and justice shall be done. Let there be no fear, and let every voter, at this critical juncture, vote with the independence God has given him.

Belfast, Nov. 18, 1893.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

It cost \$37,000,000 to run the city of New York last year.

In Ontonagon county, Mich., the mercury touched five degrees below zero on Thursday last.

First appeared Thursday morning in the yellow fever stricken town of Newark, Ga., and the people held a jubilation.

Quebec's yearly navigation returns show a falling off of 735 vessels and 116,382 tons in arrival during the past season.

The will of Hon. Hamilton Fish gives \$3,000 to St. Luke's hospital, \$2,000 to the Bellevue Training School, \$1,000 to \$50,000 to Columbia college, all in New York city.

Following the initiative by Spain, the European governments have agreed to keep very close watch upon the anarchists. Vigorous regulations against them will be enforced.

Destructive prairie fires are raging in the western part of Oklahoma Territory and high winds prevail. Thousands of dollars' damage has been done and several people have perished.

A suit for \$5,000 has been entered at Saginaw, Mich., because a lady said that certain preacher was filthy and left vermin in one of her beds when being entertained at her home.

The financial condition of the city of Chicago is very distressing. At the beginning of the next year current liabilities will be \$1,300,000. The accounts of the city are in an almost inextricable tangle.

Rev. Dr. Talnage has taken action to set himself right because his name is on "Christian Citizenship," or the Christian at the Ballot Box," delivered some twenty years ago, and has printed recently and credited to Wendell Phillips.

—The Delinquent for January commences a new volume, and is called the "Winter Holiday Number." It is an unusually attractively issued, the fashion being appropriate to the season, and the reading matter varied and interesting. The distinct holiday flavor is contributed by a helpful article, entitled What the Shoppers Show, and another reviewing the looks issued for the holiday season. Household renovation deals with the cleansing of various articles, and gives valuable information about cleansing fluids, Child Life treats of Training a Boy for Business, and Physical Culture continues the instruction given last month on the Physical Expression of the Emotions. Such economies is a particularly reasonable and valuable article at this time, and one that will be service to every housekeeper; and much may be gained from the second paper on Things that Show on the Left. An illustrated article on House and Street Gowns is of general interest to ladies, and another appropriate to the time is Fur Sets and Trimmings. The Tea Table talk for the month is full of information, and an unusually attractive assortment of designs is given in Tatting, Knitting, Crocheting, Lace Making, etc. The subscription to the Delinquent is only one dollar a year, single copies 15 cents. Address orders to The Delinquent Publishing Co., of Toronto, (Ld.), 33 Richmond Street, West, Toronto, Ont.

The Anglican Rural Deacons at its meeting, Ottawa, decided against prohibition, the vote being almost unanimous. The resolution also spoke against the license system, and hoped that in the near future the Government would be able to see its way to put into force the Bishop of Cleeve's scheme, which is somewhat similar to the Götterburg, by which the sale of liquor will be placed entirely in the hands of Government. The resolution doing away with the worst features of the trade, had the effect of a desire to make a fortune out of the sale of liquors.

The Canadian Magazine has some timely articles on living issues, such as our School System and the Plebeius, etc., and the Canadian Club Movement. Though such articles may appear to lack permanent interest, they are what we need in order that a true Canadian sentiment be matured and strengthened.

USE SKODAN'S DISCOVERY, the great blood and Nerve Remedy.

JAS. E. McDONALD, CYRUS S. MACDONALD, Cardigan, Nov. 20, 1893.—her wat

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Third District of King's County

Political Meetings will be held at the following places and times: Court House, Dundas, on Monday, Nov. 27th, at 6 p. m. Cardigan Bridge, on Tuesday, Nov. 28, at 6 p. m. Montague Bridge, on Thursday, Nov. 30, at 6 o'clock, p. m. To each of which the Government candidates for the Third Electoral District of King's County are respectfully invited. Notice of further meetings in this District will appear later.

TO LET.

One-half of the Brick House on Upper Queen Street, containing nine large rooms. Possession about the middle of November. Apply at the office of A. HORNE & CO. oct24-1f

MARRIED.

At St. Paul's Church, Charlottetown, by Rev. Wm. Hanly, B. A., on Nov. 22nd, Mr. Sidney Grey, of this city, to Miss Agnes Priscilla Patterson, of Summerside.

GRAND ORGAN RECITAL

IN ST. JAMES' CHURCH, On Thursday, 23rd November, inst., AT EIGHT O'CLOCK, Under the Direction of Professor S. N. Earle.

- 1. Organ—A Harvest Thanksgiving March. Mr. S. N. Earle. 2. Vocal Solo—"Train up a Child." Mr. S. N. Earle. 3. Vocal Duet—"Jesus, I my Cross have taken." Mrs. W. Brown and Miss E. Brown. 4. Organ—A Convulsion in E Major. Mr. S. N. Earle. 5. Vocal Solo—"My Redeemer." Mrs. W. Brown. 6. Organ—A Jernatan the Golden. Dr. Spink. 7. Vocal Duet—"Harvest Song." Mrs. Brown and Miss E. Brown. 8. Organ—A Grand Expression. Mendelssohn. 9. Organ—A Grand Expression. Mendelssohn. Doors open at 7.30 p. m. Recital at 8 p. m. sharp. Admission, 15 cents.

See, Y. M. L. A., St. James' Church, nov21-pat guar



It is the perfection of the well matured plant properly cured by expert growers. Mild flavored, bright and of matchless quality; Mastiff Plug Cut pleases the most fastidious.

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond, Virginia; and Montreal, Canada.

Notice for Meetings

IN THE Fort Augustus District

THE candidates will hold the following joint meetings: Monday, 27th Nov., Mount Hebert Hall, Lot 48, at 5.30 o'clock p. m. Tuesday, 28th Nov., Donagh Schoolhouse, Lot 35, at 5.20 o'clock p. m. Wednesday, 29th Nov., Mt. Allison Schoolhouse, Lot 48, at 5.30 o'clock p. m. Thursday, 30th Nov., Monaghan Road Schoolhouse, at 5.30 o'clock p. m. Friday, 1st Dec., Mount Stewart Hall, at 5.30 o'clock, p. m. Saturday, 2nd Dec., Tracadie Cross Schoolhouse, at 6 o'clock, p. m. Monday, 4th Dec., Winslow Hall, at 5.30 o'clock, p. m. Tuesday, 5th Dec., York Hall, at 5.30 o'clock, p. m. Thursday, 7th Dec., Stanhope Hall, at 5.30 o'clock, p. m. Saturday, 9th Dec., Grand Tracadie Schoolhouse, at 5.30 o'clock, p. m. nov21-dkw ex pat her

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

Second District Queen's Co.

The undersigned will meet the Electors of the Second Electoral District of Queen's County at the following places and times: Nine Mile Creek—Monday, Nov. 27th, at 7 p. m. Long Creek—Tuesday, 28th, at 7 p. m. New Haven—Wednesday, 29th, at 7 p. m. Winn Road Schoolhouse—Thursday, 30th, at 2 p. m. Kingston—Thursday, 30th, at 7 p. m. Brookfield Hall—Friday, Dec. 1st, at 7 p. m. New Glasgow Road—Saturday, 2nd, at 2 p. m. Milton Hall—Saturday, 2nd, at 7 p. m. Hunter River—Monday, 4th, at 7 p. m. Cornwall—Tuesday, 5th, at 7 p. m. North Wiltshire—Thursday, 7th, at 7 p. m. New Glasgow—Friday, 8th, at 7 p. m. Cavendish—Saturday, 9th, at 7 p. m. Rustico—Monday, 11th, at 7 p. m. The Opposition candidates are hereby invited to attend.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

1st District of Queen's County.

The undersigned will meet the electors of the 1st District of Queen's County, at the following times and places: Thursday, November 23rd, Clifton Hall, at 5 p. m. Friday, November 24th, at Hope River Hall, at 5 p. m. Monday, November 27th, at Granville Hall, at 1 p. m. Monday, November 27th, at Fredericton Hall, at 6 p. m. Tuesday, November 28th, at Springton Schoolhouse, at 5 p. m. Wednesday, November 29th, at Dollar's Mills, Emyvale Schoolhouse, at 1 p. m. Wednesday, November 29th, at Kelly's Cross, at 6 p. m. Thursday, November 30th, at Boushau Hall, at 5 p. m. Friday, December 1st, at Crapand Hall, at 5 p. m. Monday, December 4th, at Eradabane Hall, at 5 p. m. Tuesday, December 5th, at French River Hall, at 1 p. m. Thursday, December 7th, at Irishtown Hall, at 6 p. m. The Opposition candidates are invited to attend.

PETER SINCLAIR, A. B. WARBURTON, Ch'town, Nov. 20, 1893.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.

St. John News.

St. John, Nov. 22.

Bankers and others concerned are keeping very close about Troop & Sons' matter. It is reported that the firm had offered 25 cents on the dollar. But the statement lacks confirmation.

The grand jury have found a true bill against Mrs. Cusick, charged with setting fire to the Dorchester House, of which she was the occupant.

One of the suits on the docket is a libel case of A. A. Stockton, leader of the local opposition, against the Telegraph news agent and Benedict Arnold, and which plaintiff alleges implied that he had left the grit party for a cash consideration.

The Court's Regret.

QUEBEC, Nov. 22.

Count Mercier spoke yesterday for the first time for publication about the recent attempt to lynch the Nelson monument. He said, "I am sorry that my son was mixed up in such an affair. I assure you that when I left him on Sunday he did not look or act the least like a conspirator."

The McGreevy Case.

OTTAWA, Nov. 22.

No verdict has been given in the McGreevy case yet. Sir James Grant has been chosen the Liberal-Conservative candidate for the vacancy created by C. H. Mackintosh's appointment to the Northwest Governorship.

Later.

OTTAWA, Nov. 22. McGreevy and Connolly have been found guilty, and sentenced to one year's imprisonment each.

Fast Trotting.

FLEETWOOD PARK, Nov. 22. The match race between Directum and Alix was won by the former in three straight heats. Time, 2:15; 2:16; 2:08. In the third heat Directum trotted against time. The quarters were 34; 1:03; 1:35.

Death of a Monctonian.

MONCTON, Nov. 22. Edward McSweeney, one of Moncton's best known business men, died yesterday, aged 56, after a lingering illness of consumption.

The Dynamite Outrage.

LONDON, Nov. 22. The English papers comment severely on the Montreal dynamite outrage.

GENERAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

OTTAWA, Nov. 20.—It is understood the Postmaster General has in view legislation to be held in Montreal before the final draft of the report would be sent to parliament. With the exception of these one or two sessions the long enquiry of the commission will be ended. Officers may be held, but they will be for the purpose of conference rather than of enquiry. Mr. Monaghan hopes, but was not sure, that the report would be ready before the end of the session.

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 20.—Despatches from Fort Victoria say Lobengula sent a letter to Major "Gold" Adams concerning the termination of the Matabele war. The king admits that he is willing to discuss the terms of surrender. His young Matabele warriors are still anxious to fight, and he feels that he may not be able to restrain them.

MONTREAL, Nov. 20.—P. Monaghan, secretary of the royal commission on prohibition, who is in the city, said that one or two more sessions of the commission would be held in Montreal before the final draft of the report would be sent to parliament.

CHRISTMAS GOODS

Our Stock is Just Scintillating With Newness.

Think of it, all ye people who want Xmas Presents for children and friends! We have two Stores in one, both loaded to their utmost capacity with goods suitable for Xmas presents, and the best of it is that all are new, not old, shopworn, or of old-fashioned styles. The prices are as low as good buying for cash will allow us to make them. See our Ten Cent and Twenty-five Cent Tables—great value. We believe that it is quite safe to say that our Store is now, and will be right up to Christmas, the best place in the city to buy Xmas Presents. Already the tide of trade is setting in.

GEO. CARTER & CO., Dealers in Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, 187 Queen Square.

nov22-ly & wky

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day entered into partnership as Attorneys and Solicitors, under the style and firm of Rattenbury & Tweedy.

OLIVER RATTENBURY, GEORGE TWEEDY, Ch'town, Nov. 21st 1893. 41 eod.

BOSTON STEAMERS.

The Last Trips of 1893 are CARROLL from Boston, SATURDAY, 11th November. WORCESTER from Boston, SATURDAY, 18th November. WORCESTER from Ch'town, THURSDAY, 9th November. CARROLL from Ch'town, THURSDAY, 16th November. WORCESTER from Ch'town, THURSDAY, 23rd November.

CARVELL BROS., Agents, Charlottetown, Nov. 8, 1893—t 23rd

TENDERS FOR DREDGING QUEEN'S WHARF.

Sealed Tenders will be received at the City Clerk's Office until noon of SATURDAY, December 9th, for Dredging Queen's Wharf, according to plan and specification to be seen at this office. The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender. Security will be required for the performance of contract.

By order, H. M. DAVISON, City Clerk. City Clerk's Office, Nov. 20, 1893—3t

ODDS AND ENDS

Young Lady—"How much?" Telegraph Clerk—"Twenty-five cents, please."

"For that one word 'yes'?" "Yes'm. Same price for ten or less. You can repeat the 'yes' if you wish."

"Um—m of that wouldn't look well. It's an answer to a proposal of marriage."

That line of Gentlemen's Underwear in Paton's window is cheap.

"I wish I were an ostrich," said Hicks, angrily, as he tried to eat one of his wife's biscuits, but couldn't. "I wish you were," returned Mrs. Hicks. "I'd get a few feathers for my hat."

"Go to Paton & Co.," he said, as the finished her request for money to buy a new Fur Collar from one of our elegant new styles.

Her husband showed no sign of displeasure; he merely said: "Yes, I am perfectly willing to supply the money for any purchases you wish to make from that reliable house. I have noticed their display of Furs, and it struck me at the time that they were certainly great bargains at the price asked."

Those pretty Collars in Paton's window are new and fashionable, good and cheap.

A teacher was explaining to a little girl how the trees developed their foliage in springtime. "Ah, yes," said the wee miss, "I understand; they keep their summer clothes in their trunks."—Harper's Bazar.

That line of Ulster Cloth, worth \$1.50 a yard, that Paton & Co. are offering is cheap and good. They only ask 75c. per yard.

The whistle of a locomotive can be heard 3,800 yards, the noise of a train 3,300 yards, the report of a musket and the bark of a dog 1,800 yards, the roll of a drum 1,600 yards, a dinner bell 2 miles, and a call to get up in the morning 3 feet 7 inches.

Bed Comforts,—200 to choose from at Paton's.

Fond Mother—Did you kiss young Mr. Jones again last night? Ethel—Yes, mamma, he has just lost an uncle, and I was so sorry for him. Fond Mother—Well, Ethel, let this be the last. I'm afraid if you keep on encouraging him with your sympathy, he won't have a relative left in the world.

Balance of Paton's Readymade Clothing selling low for cash.

"Isn't this perfectly delightful!" she asked, as they sat on the sofa with their arms intertwined and the brilliantine on his moustache not very far from the crimson balm on her lips.

Those Bed Comforts at 50c., 75c., \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 in Paton's window are cheap.

"Dorothy," he replied, "when I know that your mother is listening on the stairs, that your father is waiting in the vestibule with a cane, that the bull-dog is loose in the front yard, and that your little brother is under the sofa, how can I say that it is delightful?"

OUR FUR GOODS

HAVE GOT TO GO, If Low Prices Will Do It.

A splendid showing of rich qualities and a superb assortment of Astrakan Jackets, Fur Capes, Fur Collars, in the newest and latest styles, all new skins. Every garment this year's importation.

REMEMBER!—We deal fair and save you money. Our Jackets are all made for ourselves and cannot be had elsewhere.

Don't buy one dollar's worth of Furs before seeing ours and getting our low prices.

JAMES PATON & CO., QUEEN SQUARE.

Try the LONDON HOUSE For FUR CAPES.

Try the LONDON HOUSE For ASTRAKAN JACKETS.

Try the LONDON HOUSE For MUFFS and COLLARS.

Try the LONDON HOUSE For FUR CAPS.

Try the LONDON HOUSE For all kinds of FURS.

Try the LONDON HOUSE For Best Goods and Low Prices.

HARRIS & STEWART, - - - LONDON HOUSE.

Charlottetown, November 9, 1893—m w f

CO-PARTNERSHIP.