

THE DAILY EXAMINER
ISSUED EVERY EVENING,
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,

THE DAILY EXAMINER
NOVEMBER 25, 1881.

The Savings Bank Question.

It is pleasing to note that the Summerside Journal is ventilating the Savings Bank Question. The intention, in this case, is good. But it is to be regretted that the editor of the Journal did not, before writing, take the trouble to inform himself of the facts. He says:—

"That the people of Ontario have no faith in the advantage of Government Savings is made apparent by there being no demand for an office outside that at Toronto, and less than half a million in deposit in that."

The facts are: there are upwards of two hundred and fifty (250) Savings Banks in Ontario, outside of Toronto; there are about three millions of dollars on deposit therein; and during the last year, of which we have an official return, (notwithstanding the blighting effects of the National Policy) the amount on deposit has been increased by twenty-seven per cent!

Every considerable village in Ontario has its Savings Bank; and, if the Island has as well served, we should have nothing to complain of, in this particular.

These Savings Banks are all in connection with the Post-Office Department; and, referring to them, the Postmaster General, in his last report, says:—

"The five months that have passed since the 30th June, 1880, have been marked by a continued increase in the business, taxing to the utmost the ability of the Central staff to keep pace with the increase, the number and amount of transactions being largely in excess of those for the corresponding period in 1879."

The Post Office Savings Bank sustained no losses by fraud or otherwise during the year ended 30th June, 1880, and attempts to commit fraud in connection with deposits in the Post Office Savings Bank are fortunately extremely rare.

Altogether, the Post Office Savings Bank system seems to have been very successful in Ontario and Quebec. Why should it not be extended to Prince Edward Island? There should certainly be a Savings Bank in Alberton and Summerside—in Souris and Georgetown; while such wealthy and thriving settlements as Beledue, Crapaud, New Glasgow, West River, (Lct 47), Murray Harbor and Belfast, might well lay claim to Savings Bank accommodation.

Farmer's Clubs.

The formation of a Farmer's Club at Cardigan, will, we trust, be followed by the formation of similar clubs in other settlements. George F. Owen, Esq., is to be congratulated on being the first to move practically in this direction. We trust the Club which has been formed will be carefully managed. If so, good results must follow.

The Situation in Germany.

The excitement caused in Berlin by the message of the Emperor to the Reichstag was great. All kinds of sensational rumors were afloat, including even a report that the Emperor had abdicated. The North German Gazette, of Berlin, expressly terms the message to the Reichstag the Emperor's programme. The liberal press unanimously express regret that the august person of the sovereign has thus been put forward in opposition to a majority of the nation in favor of socialist and political projects for which Prince Bismarck ought himself to assume sole responsibility. The Berlin correspondent of the Standard says:—"The behaviour of the Deputies at the opening of the Reichstag was neither more nor less than a demonstration. They listened with icy coldness to the speech, not a sentence of which was applauded." The Grenzboten publishes an apparently semi-official article confirming the prediction made some days ago that the government will do nothing to provoke a party conflict in the Reichstag, and that the session will be short and unimportant. The Grenzboten says the Reichstag will soon be adjourned to permit the Landtag to discuss bills aiming at a politico-ecclesiastical compromise. Cardinal von Hohenlohe had an audience with the Emperor lasting one hour. The Emperor William drove out twice. A despatch to the Standard from Berlin says:—"Prince Bismarck will now begin negotiations with the liberal and ultramontane leaders."

Short horns are fetching higher prices in Australia than in England. A bull, which was sold out of the Berkley Castle herd at Lord Fitzharding's sale about two years ago for 600 guineas for exportation, has just fetched over 2,000 guineas in Australia.

The only place on P. E. Island, where you can get every part of a gun made, is at Brown's shop, corner of Prince and Grafton Streets.

THE DYNAMITE SCARE.

PERILOUS ADVENTURE OF OUR MAYOR AND STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATE.—A DISTURBED NEIGHBORHOOD PACIFIED.—SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENTS—HILLS BLOWN UP—BUT NO MOUNTAINS LEVELLED.

MR. BIGLOW, of the Hamilton Powder Co., Montreal, yesterday morning invited Mayor Dawson, Stipendiary Magistrate FitzGerald, David Sterling, Esq., and representatives of the Patriot and EXAMINER, to witness, in the afternoon a series of experiments with dynamite or mining powder, which he intended making at Kensington, St. Peter's Road. By these experiments he wished to prove that the "dynamite" or mining powder recently landed here in transit to Halifax was safe for shipment to any place either by rail or steamboat.

In an elaborately arranged sleigh, drawn by two bay chargers, from the livery stable of Mr. Worth, the party, under a disagreeable, drizzling rain, set out for Kensington. Sitting six-a-side, contemplating the dreadful explosion which might or might not occur during the experiments, the party drove through the streets towards St. Peter's Road. As they passed, citizens were struck with wonderment. They leered with eyes curious and faces which bore every appearance of anxiety, to know why such a suspicious looking expedition was organized. But the genial agent of the Halifax steamers was with the party, and his presence intimated there was dynamite in the business. Were it not for this the curiosity of the female portion of the community would have been much more intense. However, the expedition, leered at by men and stared at by women, drove peacefully away to its destination, where, for a fortnight or more, fifteen families, we are told, stood trembling with fear, lest they might suddenly receive a mandate to visit the seventh heaven.

Stored in a barn, opposite Kensington Brewery, is the much dreaded explosive. The barn is situated in rear of a number of tenement houses, inhabited by nervous, excitable women and hosts of small children. To the east side is a large lime-kiln, the scene where the experiments were made.

On arrival here the party were received by Policeman Bradley, the officer in charge of the explosive. He was pale and gaunt; his face wore an unusually careworn expression; but, under the circumstances, he received the party—particularly His Honor—quite pleasantly. The arrival of the expedition, unawares to the inhabitants, must have increased their excitement. While things appeared quiet without, quiet did not reign within. Every pane of glass in the respective houses was decorated by a large or tiny human face, with eyes of wonder peering out at the party. Nones dared venture to the doors; a fact which proved the expedition was looked upon with suspicion. Now the party had drawn up without accident at the side of the barn. A box of the explosive had been produced and His Honor, with indomitable courage, and the air of an experienced carpenter, proceeded to remove the cover, which bore the following inscription:—

50 lbs. ECLIPSE MINING POWDER, manufactured by Hamilton Powder Co., Montreal.

Directly under the cover were instructions for using Dynamite and Duaslin, with the following cautions:—

1st.—All these powders freeze at about 40 degrees Fahrenheit, when it is sometimes impossible to explode them by fire, while they are much more sensitive to rough handling. In cold weather, therefore, always thaw them until soft; this must not be done by direct heat, which is highly dangerous, but by keeping them in a warm room some hours before use, carrying them in the pocket of the blazer or, much the best, by patting them into a tin can, and this into a pail of warm water no hotter than the hand can bear at the wrist. There is a "Thawing-Box" especially adapted to this purpose.

2nd.—If by any possibility there is a "misfire," do not attempt to unload the hole, but explode it by firing another cartridge in the hole, some distance above the old charge; if this cannot be readily done, abandon the hole.

3rd.—The Detonator, unlike the powder, will not explode when wet. If used under water, this must be covered (after putting it in the fuse, but before inserting it in the cartridge) with soap, tar, pitch, wax, or some other substance that will keep it dry.

After reading the instructions and cautions, several cartridges were taken from the box by the agent and thrown with great force against the stone wall of the kiln. They stood the test; they did not explode. Two cartridges were then placed on a plank and struck vigorously until completely destroyed. They did not, however, explode, and these experiments showed clearly that the cartridges could not possibly be exploded by concussion. His Worship, evidently not satisfied with the test, lifted a few cartridges from the box, took an accurate aim at the kiln, from which he stood a distance of twenty yards, and fired with all his might. Mark the result.—The cartridge lit in the snow which covered the kiln roof. It did not explode.—Scarcely an outer for His Worship. He next fired a cartridge which struck the stone wall of the kiln. Its contents scattered on the snow, and a number of hens, attracted by its food-like appearance, gathered, and devoured it "mercilessly." All seemed satisfied with His Worship's test. "By the way," said the agent, as he looked on the hens devouring the composition "these poor creatures will shortly have severe pains in their heads." He adopted this theory from the fact that by holding a small quantity of the explosive in one's hand, it would effect one's nerves, and result in a violent pain in the head. After these experiments, Mr. Biglow proceeded to explode a few cartridges. Before doing so he explained that the powders though perfectly safe, when properly used, required, like all other compounds of nitro-glycerine, to be treated with care and judgment. If set fire to, they burn without explosion unless the whole is heated. To get explosive effect, therefore, they must be fired with a cap, or "detonator," or by electricity. He then showed how to set off the cartridge by the ordinary fuse. He cut the end square across, inserted it in the detonator, punched the detonator's edge on to the fuse, so that it would not fall off, and gathering the paper of the cartridge around the fuse tied it so as it would not separate. Then, placing it under a small bank, in rear of the kiln, he set fire to the fuse with a red hot poker. In a moment the explosion took place, a loud report was heard, and about two feet square of the bank was

thrown upwards. At this point, despite the vigilance of mothers, who momentarily expected an explosion which would level the city and therefore did all in their power to keep their respective children indoors, the fence was swarmed with children.

"Billy, come in; you'll be blown up!" "Johnny, come in here; you'll be exploded!" and— "Danny, walk in here this moment; do you want to be scattered to the winds of heaven?"

These exclamations were severally heard from the rear doors of various tenements. No damage was done, however, and another experiment was made. A drill was inserted in a bank alongside the kiln. The cartridges were placed in it, a fuse was lit, and in a minute the top of the bank was thrown up several feet into the air. It had the effect of levelling the bank, and satisfying the spectators that the only effectual way of exploding the powder was by detonation. A cartridge of powder was next burned in open air without any injurious consequence. Mr. Biglow, however, volunteered to go into further experiments, but as the gentlemen present were satisfied, and the weather was disagreeable, they concluded that they had seen enough of the dynamite.

After the Mayor, and the Magistrate, and Mr. Biglow had visited houses in the vicinity, for the purpose of consoling famines, the party returned to the city well satisfied with the experiments.

The powder will be shipped to Halifax per M. A. Starr. We might here state that the goods were correctly marked and billed on leaving Montreal, and their character was made known to all parties connected with shipping of same by Mr. Biglow and other officials of the Company.

Manitoba.

MR. A. L. GRAVES writes to the Summerside Journal concerning Manitoba:—

There is no country that I know of where so many chances are offering for a man to do well. But people who come here have got to work. Of course no person with any common sense will come here with the expectation of finding everything come il faut. There are drawbacks as in all new countries, but with a little money and a good deal of pluck and perseverance a man will "win every time." Farming pays well, and \$20 will get a settler a homestead and pre-emption, 320 acres of land. This land will double in value in less than a year.

There are men, however, who come here and in a little while get dissatisfied with the country and leave it in disgust, but these fellows are no good to any country, for they are either too lazy to work or have not the pluck to weather one or two years roughing it.

I have been asked by some if I would advise them to come out to the North-West. My reply to this question is that I would advise no man to leave home and give up a certainty for what perhaps might turn out to be an uncertainty. But to those contemplating leaving the Island I would say come and see Manitoba. I am thoroughly convinced that men do better in this Province than in any other part of Canada.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Disasters to Shipping

OTTAWA NEWS!

Earl Cowper on the State of Ireland.

Special Despatch to the Examiner.

OTTAWA, Nov. 24. To-morrow is nomination day in Quebec. It appears that the Toronto Conservative demonstration was turned to assist the Conservatives in the election in the other Provinces.

Mayor Mackintosh and Engineer Curtis have gone to Montreal again to see the Syndicate Directors about locating the workshops here.

The Department of Justice is considering whether to commute the death sentence of Francis Morem, who is to be hanged at Rimouski on the 13th January.

POINT PLEASANT, Nov. 24. The brig Arctic, from Nova Scotia for New York, which stranded on the beach, about five miles south of Swan Inlet, during a storm last night, was heavily freighted with mustard seed, orange peel, and cuttle fish. All hands saved.

LONDON, Nov. 24. The iron ship Cuzcoan, while being towed to the Clyde from Dundee, was wrecked and seventy-four persons drowned.

PANAMA, Nov. 24. On the 5th inst., the steamer Albion foundered at sea, off Point Barbaos. Eighty-four persons lost, and cargo, valued at \$30,000.

HAVANA, Nov. 24. The Norwegian barque "Alexandra," from Belfast for New York, arrived at St. Thomas, on the 12th, having on board the captain and eight men of the French ship "France," which foundered October 30th.

BELFAST, Ireland, Nov. 24. Cowper, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, alighting, to-day, to the state of Ireland, said he had no hope that the Government would be able to present to relax their coercive measures. He continued: "I am afraid that things do not look very bright. Dissatisfaction and ill-feeling are deeply seated."

The Times, commenting on Earl Cowper's speech, says: "It is far more likely that measures of coercion will have to be made more stringent, than that they can be dispensed with, etc."

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 24. A collision took place this afternoon near this city, between a freight and lumber train, causing the death of six train hands.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 24. The novelty works of Jarvis & Adams, were burned this morning. Loss \$40,000.

Weather Bulletin.

TORONTO, November 25—10 a. m. Northwesterly to westerly winds, gradually decreasing in force; fair decidedly colder weather, with flurries of snow in some localities.

A NEW FEATURE!

JOHN MACLEOD & CO., MERCHANT TAILORS,

Will, for ONE WEEK, beginning on Monday, the 28th inst.,

HAVE ON VIEW

About One Thousand Patterns

SCOTCH TWEEDS,

FOR THE SPRING OF 1882.

Any Person Wishing to Have a Suit for the Spring,

CAN THUS SELECT IT FROM AN

UNRIVALLED ASSORTMENT OF PATTERNS, SUCH AS HAS

Never before been shown by any Tailoring Establishment in the Dominion.

The Exact Pattern Selected Will be Guaranteed.

Note—On View for One Week Only, from Monday, 28th November, until Saturday, 3rd December,

Remember the address, two doors above Apothecaries Hall. Charlottetown Nov. 25, 1881.

CHEAP WINTER CLOTHING!

J. B. Macdonald's, Queen Street.

Men's Warm Reefers \$3.75, Men's Warm Reefers \$4.25, Men's Warm Reefers \$5.75, Men's Warm Reefers, good, \$6.50, Men's Warm Reefers, good, \$7.50, Men's Warm Reefers, better, \$8.50, Men's Warm Reefers, better, \$9.50, Men's Warm Reefers, best, \$10.00.

Men's Heavy Overcoat's \$4.50, Men's Heavy Overcoats \$5.25, Men's Heavy Overcoats \$6.50, Men's Heavy Overcoats, good, \$7.50, Men's Heavy Overcoats, good, \$8.50, Men's Heavy Overcoats, extra, \$10.00, Men's Heavy Overcoats, extra, \$12.00, Men's Heavy Overcoats, extra, \$14.00.

250 Men's Heavy Winter Ulsters, splendid value, 50 Boys' and Youths' Ulsters, splendid value, 100 dozen Men's Shirts and Drawers, 35 cents and upwards, Cheap Scarfs, Ties, Woolen Shirts, Braces, Mitts, Gloves, &c.

Clothing made to order from good and cheap Cloths, at

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

Nov. 22, '81—wky, pat

ON HAND AND TO ARRIVE

975 BARRELS OF FLOUR,

BRANDS THAT WE CAN BRAG ABOUT.

Hiawatha, Dickson, National Policy, Famous, &c., &c.

\$4,000 WORTH OF TEA,

Excellent quality and cheap, in Half-chests, Caddies & 5, 7, 10 & 15 lb. boxes.

200 tins Pratt's Celebrated Astral Oil (Kerosene), 100 tins and 75 casks Bay State & Keystone American Kerosene, 250 boxes and half-boxes choice Raisins, and a

Large Stock of General Groceries.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Parties wishing to lay in their winter's stock can buy to advantage.

BEER & GOFF.

Charlottetown, Nov. 11, 1881.

F. F. C.

JUST LANDED, ex ZINGA,—

16 cases of that celebrated brand of FINEST FRENCH COFFEE, as used in Paris and other Continental cities, put up in 5, 7 and 10 lb tins.

Is unsurpassed for strength and delicacy of flavor.

Nov 16—tdt pft pat

TO LET.

A GOOD HOUSE on Hillsborough Street. A Ready baked, winter's coal in eight rooms, with third story unfinished. Rent easy. Apply to

D. G. MACDONALD.

Nov. 24, '81.

Place to get your Printing done at the EXAMINER PRINTING ROOMS

NOTICE.

THE undersigned will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, at Mimitigash, Lot 2, on THURSDAY, 15th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the property of E. G. Fuller and Frank M. Fuller, comprising Dwelling House, Fish Houses, Stables, Horse, Truck Wagon, Harness, Six Boats (rigged), ten Mackerel Nets and Herring Nets, Twelve sets Trawls (complete), about 6,000 fathoms Rope, 35 Anchors, 1000 lbs. Cork Wood, and a variety of other articles, completing a fisherman's outfit on a large scale.

Also, at Souris, on Thursday, 22nd December, at 12 o'clock, noon, at lot on Main Street, 70x200 feet, with a House 54x23, two stories high, fitted up for a double tenement, with barn and Coach House. This House has been lately occupied by Mr. Fuller, and known as the Fuller House.

Terms made known at sale.

JOHN McLEAN, Assignee.

Nov. 23, '81—41, wky 31

LECTURE!

STEWART'S HALL, Cardigan Bridge

MONDAY, 28th inst.,

BY JAMES DAVIS.

Subject—"LIVINGSTONE'S TRAVELS."

Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 7.30. Admission 5 cents. Cardigan Bridge, Nov. 24, '81—11 no

Wholesale Supplies.

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE.

600 bbls. Choice Superior Extra FLOUR, 100 bbls. Kilm Dried CORNMEAL, 75 puns choice MOLASSES, 25 bbls. Porto Rico SUGAR, 15 bbls. do. SUGAR, 75 bbls. Bright REFINED, CONFECTIONERS' A and GRANULATED SUGAR, 75 bbls. American KEROSENE OIL, 25 cases } Pratt's Astral KEROSENE OIL, 250 boxes New Crop Valencia, Layers, and London Layers RAISINS, Cases and Boxes Chases MATCHES, Boxes T. D. PIPES, Boxes SOAPS (Mott's manufacture), Boxes Wax and Tallow CANDLES, Bags and half-bags RICE, Half-chests and Caddies Congou TEA, BROOMS.

Wholesale at lowest prices.

FENTON T. NEWBURY.

Ch'town, Nov. 19, '81—61, wky 31, s j 41

CLEARING-OUT SALE.

Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, &c.

I AM instructed by Messrs. Wright & McNutt to sell AT AUCTION, at their Store, Kent Street, on Thursday, 1st December next, at 11 o'clock, all their STOCK IN TRADE, consisting of Half-chests and boxes Tea, Cans and Packages Coffee, Boxes Tobacco and Cigars, lot of Glassware and Crockery-ware, Spices, Syrups, Lime Juice, Jams, Pickles, Vinegar, Sage, Tapioca, Arrowroot, Corn Starch, Candles, Soap, Brooms, Blacking, &c., &c.

Terms at sale.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Nov. 23, '81—eod

SANTA CLAUS!

THE Ladies of the Aid Society of the Methodist Brick Church purpose holding

A TEA

MARKET HALL,

Wednesday, Dec. 14th.

There will also be a

CHRISTMAS TREE,

and the veritable Santa Claus will distribute the gifts.

Nov. 19, 1881.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, an elderly

NURSE, to take charge of an infant. Good references required. Apply to Mrs. R. R. FITZGERALD, Knockrour. [no 25

FOUND in the City, to-day, a purse containing a sum of money. The owner can obtain the whereabouts of same by applying at this office. [no 25

WANTED—A general servant in a small family. Good wages. Apply at this office. [no 24

TO LET—A valuable Business stand in

Souris East, consisting of a Shop, Dwelling House, Warehouse and Stable. Possession given immediately, if required. For terms apply to R. BURNETT, Bridgetown, P. E. I. [no 24 1m

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A lad from

15 to 17 years of age to learn the Printing Business. Must have a good English education, and come well recommended.—BURNETT BROS. [no 23 31

TO SELL OR RENT—Pleasantly situated

House containing twelve rooms and a kitchen, fronting on corner Pownall and Kent Streets. Terms moderate. For particulars enquire of the owner, W. W. LORD. [no 23 51

TO LET—A House containing seven rooms

near King Square. Apply to F. H. BEEB. [no 17 1w

TO LET—That desirable Dwelling House

on the north side of King's Square, containing nine rooms and a convenient front porch and good stable. Rent very low. Possession given in about one month from this date. Apply to MARK BROWN. [no 6 41