

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1889.

VOL. 25.—NO. 71.

The Daily Examiner

Is issued Every Evening by  
The Examiner Publishing Co.,

FROM THEIR OFFICE,  
"LONDON HOUSE," QUEEN SQUARE,  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
Six Months.....\$2 50  
Three Months..... 1 25  
One Month..... 0 50

Advertising at most moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertisements on application.

ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1889.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 4th day, 9h., 14.4m., a.m., N.E., below horizon.

Full Moon, 11th day, 0h., 30.4m., a.m., S.

Last Quarter, 18th day, 6h., 39.0m., a.m., S.E.

New Moon, 26th day, 9h., 47.6m., a.m., S.E.

(M) DAY OF WEEK (Sun) Sun (Moon) High (Day's) rises (sets) (water) (low) (h) (m) (h) (m) (h) (m)

(M) DAY OF WEEK	(Sun) Sun	(Moon) High	(Day's) rises	(sets)	(water) (low)	(h)	(m)	(h)	(m)
1 Thursday	4	7	25	9	25	0	59	15	38
2 Friday	4	8	23	11	34	1	57	35	35
3 Saturday	4	9	22	11	43	2	18	33	33
4 Sunday	5	1	21	11	56	3	7	30	30
5 Monday	5	2	19	2	9	4	13	27	27
6 Tuesday	5	3	18	3	24	5	27	25	25
7 Wednesday	5	4	16	4	35	6	7	22	22
8 Thursday	5	5	15	5	39	7	16	19	19
9 Friday	5	6	14	6	34	8	15	17	17
10 Saturday	5	7	12	7	18	10	7	14	14
11 Sunday	5	8	10	7	54	11	11	11	11
12 Monday	5	9	8	8	25	11	33	9	9
13 Tuesday	6	1	8	8	41	11	6	6	6
14 Wednesday	6	2	6	9	14	0	40	3	3
15 Thursday	6	3	4	9	37	1	55	0	0
16 Friday	6	4	2	10	1	2	43	57	57
17 Saturday	6	5	1	10	22	2	47	54	54
18 Sunday	6	6	0	10	36	3	41	52	52
19 Monday	6	7	0	9	58	4	46	49	49
20 Tuesday	6	8	0	9	50	5	2	46	46
21 Wednesday	6	9	0	8	11	7	12	45	45
22 Thursday	6	10	0	8	58	8	11	39	39
23 Friday	6	11	0	8	52	9	59	36	36
24 Saturday	6	12	0	8	41	10	41	33	33
25 Sunday	6	1	0	8	25	11	30	30	30
26 Monday	6	2	0	8	15	12	27	27	27
27 Tuesday	6	3	0	8	8	13	24	24	24
28 Wednesday	6	4	0	8	1	16	21	21	21
29 Thursday	6	5	0	8	25	0	2	18	18
30 Friday	6	6	0	8	35	0	16	16	16
31 Saturday	6	7	0	8	47	1	13	13	13

FRED. W. L. MOORE,

(Late of Davies & Sutherland),

Barrister, Notary Public, Commissioner for Affidavits, Wills, &c.

OFFICE, -- LONDON HOUSE,

Above Messrs. Harris & Stewart's, next to EXAMINER office.

Special attention given to Searches, Collections, Conveyancing, and all branches of Solicitor's work.

Loans made on mortgage or approved joint notes.

Just—1m eod w pd

SPECULATION.

GEO. A. ROMER,

Banker and Broker,

40 & 42 BROADWAY AND 51 NEW ST.,  
New York City.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Petroleum Bought, Sold and Carried on Margin.

P. S.—Send for explanatory pamphlet, sept20—dy & wky ly

MARVELOUS

MEMORY

DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training.

Four Books, bound in one reading.

First volume, containing the

Principles of Memory Training.

Second volume, containing the

Principles of Memory Training.

Third volume, containing the

Principles of Memory Training.

Fourth volume, containing the

Principles of Memory Training.

Published by

GEORGE MUSGRAVE

MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,

BROKERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

HALIFAX

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

References: Thomas Fyfe, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; D. C. Chalmers, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia, Charlottetown.

WARREN & JONES,

TEA MERCHANTS,

1 EAST CHEAP AND 9 & 14 MINING LANE,  
LONDON, ENGLAND.

Represented in Canada by MORRISON & MUSGRAVE, Halifax

Q. 94, 1887.

**BUY CORSETS!** Rich and Poor,  
We have a Large Stock  
in the Best Makes, including  
the Celebrated  
**D. & A. CORSETS.**

**PERKINS & STERNS.**

**BARGAINS IN**  
Print Cottons, Gingham, Flannelettes,  
Silk Gloves, Ribbons, Laces,  
Bath Towels, Bathing Drawers, etc., etc.  
Summer Millinery cut away down.

**DRY GOODS OF ALL KINDS CHEAP.**

Charlottetown, July 31, 1889—dy wky

**CHOICE SELECTION**

**FANCY SLIPPERS**

**GOFF BROS.**

**McLEOD & McKENZIE,**

Star Merchant Tailors,

Have entered upon their Semi-Annual Season of giving Rare Bargains.

WE PURPOSE TO CLEAN OUT, IF POSSIBLE, THE BALANCE OF OUR

**SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR,**

At prices we have not hitherto offered, in order to make room for our

**FALL IMPORTATIONS.**

This step was unavoidable, and as a consequence you may anticipate rare plums.

HOURS—FROM SEVEN TO SIX.

**McLEOD & McKENZIE.**

Charlottetown, July 31, 1889.

**SLAUGHTER OF**

**Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.**

W. N. TANTON will sell for THIRTY DAYS, at from 20 TO 33 1-3 PER CENT.

DISCOUNT, his Stock consisting of

American and Swiss Watches, American Clocks, Gold, Silver and

Plated Jewelry, Electro-Plated Ware, Spectacles & Eyeglasses.

The Entire Stock must be cleared out within Thirty Days. No old stock on hand.

**W. N. TANTON,**

UPPER QUEEN STREET.

NOTICE.—All Watches or other articles left to be repaired, and not called for within

Thirty Days from date, will be sold to pay expenses.

2aw d w—jy16

**Review.**

One of the pleasant books published in Canada for some time is "the explorations of Jonathan Oldbuck, Esq., in Eastern Latitudes," Oldbuck being the distinguished antiquary, J. M. LeMoine, of Spencer Grange, Sillery, Q., past president of the Royal Society of Canada, and honorary member of several societies, Canadian and foreign. If we mistake not, Spencer Grange is itself a centre of historical associations, although the details have escaped us. At all events, it is known as a Mecca of literary men.

As might be anticipated from the title, the book is a cheery mélange of history, legend, description of scenery and sport. The scenes explored are Quebec proper, Montmorenci, the Good St. Anne, Fort Jacques-Cartier, the Saguenay district, Montreal, Rimouski, Prince Edward Island and the Magdalen, all well-known localities, but seldom so agreeably described. Some thirty pages are taken up with the log of the H. R. Adelle, a yacht that makes us regret we were not on board.

Mr. LeMoine is old enough to remember having seen, when a small boy, the patriot or rebel (opinions differ which) Papineau. "The great statesman," he says, "being pressed for time, could not stop even to receive addresses; it was therefore decided by the dominie of the school (St. Thomas) that an address, brief but gushing, should be delivered to the liberator, as the carriage rolled past the school on its way to Kamouraska. To the tallest boy was allotted the envied honor. He, as well as his comrades, had been suitably drilled for the nonce in court etiquette: all the 'hoppers' were to stand in line on the roadside, and when in presence of the carriage the tallest boy was to advance three steps, right foot first, take off his cap and deliver in a loud, measured voice this patriotic salutation or address: 'Honor and glory to the brave and generous defender of our rights! hourah! hourah! hourah!' So it was done. The three hours were given with deafening cheers, all hats off. The defender of our rights gracefully bowed to us. As the tallest of the boys was your humble servant, he entry in this old diary may be relied on."

Of P. E. Island Oldbuck says: "Flowing streams, woods and fertile plains, such indeed would be an appropriate motto for this green, sunny and populous little kingdom." Mr. LeMoine's visit was of some years back, when, as he says, the Khedive Hodgson was preparing to abdicate, but even then he, as an intelligent stranger could not fail to note the advantages that Confederation opened to the Island. "Is Prince Edward Island worse off than her neighbors?" he asks. "We opine not. Confederation exists as a *fait accompli*. It has opened to our insulated brethren the markets of all British North America; provided funds, some \$800,000, to extinguish vexed proprietary questions and rights, thereby healing a festering sore of long standing; completed the line of Island railway, at an enormous cost, continues to run it at an enormous loss. The Dominion even paternally undertook to solve, at a heavy outlay, the insoluble problem of winter steam navigation, to connect the Island with *terra firma*; provides for the expense of the civil list, of the fishery and other services; all this in exchange for what? Why, in exchange for a meagre Custom, Excise, and Postal Revenue. To an unsophisticated outsider Confederation for the Island means real tangible and substantial benefit. P. E. Island is undoubtedly smarting, though not to the same extent as the rest of the world, under commercial depression. Shipping may be under a cloud, &c., but the backbone of the Island in agricultural resources is sound; and in spite of bad times and low prices, its industrious and intelligent farmers are hoarding up their spare cash, not in old socks, like our friend Jean Baptiste, in the Province of Quebec, but in solid well-managed savings banks."

By the way, we have the authority of the Antiquary for saying that the real name of Rastico is Rascicot, so called from a fort on Roland's Point, named after M. Rascicot, a Frenchman who returned to France when the Island passed into the hands of the British. Our author also relates the legend that gave name to Hunter River, but with more romantic details than the popular version. He does not, however, mention, although so well authenticated by eye-witnesses (!)—the spectre ship and the light on Tryon bar.

The book is embellished with a view of Spencer Grange, in the foreground of which we recognize portraits of the author and his famous St. Bernard's dog "Wolfe," as also of two graceful female figures peeping among the flowers, one of whom may be Mary McIntyre, but the other cannot be Miss Grizzel Oldbuck. Of all Mr. LeMoine's many works, in English and French on Canadian topics, these "Explorations" seem to us the most pleasantly adapted for holiday reading. Chappelle, no doubt, has the work.

DUCAR.

**Bishop Courtney's Visitation.**

His Lordship the Bishop of Nova Scotia visited Kensington on Tuesday last, accompanied by the Ven. Archdeacon Weston-Jones. After luncheon at the Rectory, the infant daughter of the Rev. Mr. Reagh and Mrs. Reagh was baptized by His Lordship—the name given being Ada Lily. Evening prayer was then said by the incumbent, the Archdeacon reading the lessons. The Bishop preached an eloquent sermon from the text, second Corinthians, third verse, and was listened to with wrapt attention by the very large congregation present.

After the service a few encouraging words were spoken by His Lordship to the Warden and Vestrymen of St. Marks, and sympathetic and loving counsel given as to the management of the affairs of the Church, and the best means of promoting the prosperity of the parish were pointed out. An account of the visitation as recorded by the Bishop in the Register will appear in the next issue of the Church Magazine.

**ANTHRACITE COAL.**

DISCHARGING to-day, per Brig. Corsican,

**300 Tons Anthracite Coal,**

(EXTRA QUALITY.)

C LYONS.

July 23, 1889.

**Telegraphic Odds and Ends.**

A BUDGET OF GENERAL NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The Department of State has received from the legation at Peking, China, an account of the death and extraordinary life work of the Rev. J. Crossett, an independent American missionary. Crossett's life was devoted to doing good to the poorest classes of Chinese. He was known by the Chinese as the Christian Buddha. L. belonged to no organization.

QUEBEC, Aug. 14.—Never for years past were wages so high as at present. The shoe factories are all on full time and ship laborers are so scarce that many ships in port are working short-handed. Lumbermen are now being engaged to go to the woods, and it is found necessary to pay them \$36 to \$60 per month for liners, hewers and broadaxe men.

HALIFAX, Aug. 14.—Last evening private Hill, of the West Riding Regiment, who has been on guard duty on McNabb's Island, intimating to one of the soldiers there that "this is a queer world." Nothing was thought of this remark until about 12.30 this morning, when the report of a gun was heard in Hill's apartment. On going to his sleeping room a horrible sight was presented. Hill was lying in a pool of blood with the top of his head completely blown off; his brains being splattered over the walls. The deceased had placed the muzzle of a Martini-Henry rifle in his mouth and by means of a strap attached to the trigger and his foot, had succeeded in discharging the contents of the gun through his mouth, blowing off the whole crown of his head. The immediate cause of the suicide was a letter from his girl in England jilting him.

LANCASTER, Pa., Aug. 14.—Master Carpenter Beard, with 100 men, jacks and trestles, moved the Pennsylvania railroad bridge near Mill Creek to-day. The bridge, which is of iron, 258 feet long, and which weighs 250 tons, was moved 450 feet in twelve minutes. Fifty-eight minutes after the work was begun a freight train and two engines passed over the structure. Several thousand persons watched the engineering feat.

MONTREAL, Aug. 14.—The annual meeting of the Dominion Grey Cotton Association was held here to-day in the Windsor Hotel, with A. F. Gault, the President, in the chair. The mills represented were the Nova Scotia Cotton Co., at Halifax; Windsor, St. John, Gibson's, Moncton; Hochelega, Kingston, Merriton, Braven and Coaticook. Mr. Gault presented the annual report, which was adopted. The Inspector's report showed the amount of stock on hand to be 2,200 bales, which was less than the production of the above mentioned mills running four weeks on full time. In consequence of the high price of cotton it was resolved to close down the mills during the first and last weeks of September, so that with the small stock on hand the position would naturally be a strong one. Prices are to remain unchanged ranging up to 24½ cts. per lb., and finer grades to 26 cts. The following executive committee was appointed to look after the affairs of the Association: A. F. Gault, J. H. Minnes, and W. Curry. It was further resolved to continue the Association for another year. The election of officers resulted as follows: A. F. Gault, President; J. H. Parks, Vice-President; A. P. Plimssoll, Secretary; W. Findley, Inspector. The prospect for fall and spring business was considered good and the outlook generally promising.

KINGSTON, Ont., Aug. 14.—Bishop Cleary has received a letter from the Archbishop of Ephesus, who was Dr. Cleary's professor in the Irish college at Rome forty-five years ago, congratulating him on the elevation of the See of Kingston into an Archdiocese.

BANFF HOTEL, N. W. T., Aug. 14.—Over 50 members of the medical association left for the east to-day. Toronto was selected as the next place of meeting. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Dr. James Ross of Toronto, president; Dr. James Bell of Montreal, secretary; Dr. W. H. B. Aikins of Toronto, treasurer; vice presidents, Dr. Eberts of British Columbia, Dr. Brett of the Northwest Territories, Dr. Spencer of Manitoba, Rev. B. Smith of Ontario, Dr. Lechappelle of Quebec, Dr. Holden of New Brunswick, Dr. Johnson of Nova Scotia, Dr. McLeod of Prince Edward Island.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 13.—A remarkable religious craze prevails among the negroes near Bessemer and the country intermediate between that place and Birmingham. For some time an old negro named Tobias Jackson has been proclaiming himself as Daniel, the prophet, and doing all kinds of singular things. The darkies in this section are ignorant and superstitious, and Jackson's actions and the great powers he claims to have been invested with have awed the negroes. On Saturday last Jackson persuaded three young negro men that they were representatives of Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego, the three children of faith who entered the fiery furnace of Nebuchadnezzar. He proclaimed that a furnace, where iron is melted and cast into all kinds of forms, was the furnace of Nebuchadnezzar, and that they could enter and pass through without the smell of fire. The three negroes, calling themselves the three children of Israel, under the influence of their new prophet, deliberately entered the gate of the cupola of the furnace, and rushed headlong, before they could be stopped, into the white heat of the melting iron. When they failed to come out, Jackson proclaimed that he saw them rising in the air with the smoke of the furnace, attended by angels, and said that they would revisit the earth again next Sunday. The negroes propose to meet at church next Sunday and pray, awaiting the descent of the three children of Israel. The mother of one of them said, when asked about the matter: "I feel jes' as tho' my boy is in heaven as I'd done been dar an' seed 'im. Jackson, de prophet, coman' him to walk de fiery furnace an' he 'bliged ter 'bey him."