

**THE DAILY EXAMINER.**

MARCH 7, 1884.

**Editorial Notes.**

The Parliamentary Committee on geological surveys met on Monday last. At this meeting, complaint was made that the reports of the geological surveys hitherto were unsatisfactory. Those relative to Cape Breton coal areas were without maps, and therefore largely unintelligible. After discussion, a sub-committee was appointed with authority to summon geologists from various localities in the Dominion to state what their views are as to what shall be the character of geological reports, with power also to hear the evidence of experts from other countries relative to the style of reports and surveys in vogue there.

Correcting a statement that had been going the rounds of the press, to the intent that Nubar Pasha was under French influences, because he was related to Madame Barriere, the Cairo Times correspondent says:—"The fact is that M. Barriere married an Armenian lady in Paris; and Nubar Pasha, as the leading member of the Armenian colony, was present at the wedding of this lady—whom he had never seen. The idea that Nubar Pasha could be under French influence betrays singular ignorance of his main defect. France in Egypt is to Nubar Pasha what the Turk is to General Gordon; and the feeling is cordially reciprocated by the colony concerned."

The Boston Journal remarking upon the Centennial of Methodism in the United States, says:—"This is the centennial year of the Methodists in this country, and great efforts are now being made to duly celebrate the event not only by the proper keeping of the centennial anniversary of the Organization of the Methodist Episcopal Church in America, which will occur in Baltimore on Dec. 27th, but in raising funds for educational purposes, church extensions and missions. The Methodist denomination, with more communicants than any other denomination in America, has always made its glorious aim to care for the poor and obscure. In its hundred years of service in this country it has brought its powerful influence to the remotest corners of the land and is worthy of the greatest commendation for its energy and devotion."

A new colonization society has been formed in connection with the Church of England, the operations of which are to have their field partly in our Northwest. The Church Colonization Society, limited, will purchase land in the Northwest territories of Canada and in the Australian colonies. One important feature in its plan of working will be the setting apart of one-tenth of the amount subscribed as an endowment for religious provision for the emigrants. Special efforts will be directed towards the promotion of emigration among laborers and other persons likely to be most benefited by settling on the society's lands. They will, on arrival, be assisted in the erection of dwellings and the furnishing of their farms with implements. Canada offers peculiar advantages to that class of emigrants, and it is pleasant to know that its claims are well supported in the society's prospectus. Persons of high position and influence are connected with the movement.

A petition to the Provincial Legislature asking that adequate provision be made by law for the protection of property acquired by married women through their own exertions, or which has come to them by inheritance, etc., and to enable them to transact business for the support of their families, is being largely signed. A law of this kind is a necessity. There are many women who are able to make a living for themselves and families, who have speed and spirit and worthless husbands, who contract debts which they are not able, or never intend, to pay. These women work night and day to support their families, and accumulate a little wealth, while their husbands idly look on. But immediately the wealth accumulates, the husbands contract debts, their creditors press their claim, and deprive the wives and families of the hard earned comforts. These are real hardships and we hope our Legislature, while giving due attention to the fraud, which in many cases as above cited may arise, will pass a law which will remedy the evil complained of, during the present session.

The Evening News has re-appeared. It is a neatly printed paper of twenty columns. It will, no doubt, make its mark, as it has already commenced the publication of L. H. Davies' great speech. We know not who is its editor, but he is an accurate observer of past and present events; for he says in the prospectus that "since the temporary suspension of the Patriot, a great want has been felt for the reading matter supplied by that able paper." The News believes in the grand principles of the great party of Gladstone and Bright in England, Blake and Mackenzie in Canada, and, no doubt, A. B. Warburton and D. C. Martin in P. E. Island. Its re-appearance is highly suggestive that the old fogeyism of the Grit party in this Province is deprecated, and is in fact doomed. Those old politicians who "chew at wisdom past" shall be allowed by it to "tatter on in blunders to the last," but not at the expense of the great Liberal party in P. E. Island. New life is required, and the News is bound to instill it into the Grit

ranks. We wish our contemporary every success.

How immigration returns are made by United States officials is shown by a sworn statement from Charles Irvine, formerly Deputy Collector of Customs at Fort Gaiter under the United States Government, which was read before the Dominion Parliamentary Committee of Agriculture, a few days ago. The accuracy of the figures supplied by the Washington authorities as showing the immigration of Canadians into the United States has been questioned by the Dominion Government, and the disclosures made by Irvine's statements have attracted considerable attention. He states that no attempt is made to count the number of immigrants arriving in United States; that an average of six cars are allowed for each incoming train, and that for each car sixty passengers were allowed, making 360, half of whom are put down as immigrants. In making up his quarterly reports, he is instructed to estimate the number arriving each quarter at an increase over arrivals during the corresponding quarter of the preceding year. On one occasion he states, his reports were returned to him to put more females and children in the return. He never saw nor heard of an attempt being made to count passengers, and states that the whole system of making up these official reports was guess work. The attention of the authorities at Washington will be called to the matter.

**A Small Piece of Business.**

The action of the Opposition party in the Legislative Council, yesterday, in dismissing the messenger Mr. Chaisson, was simply disgraceful. Mr. Chaisson was appointed last session by the same party, who have now dismissed him, and has discharged his duty to the entire satisfaction of the Council. He has now been dismissed so as to give Mr. B. Rogers an opportunity of gratifying his spite against Mr. L. Kickham, because that gentleman would not lend himself to be used as a tool in Roger's hands. There is another circumstance connected with Chaisson's dismissal, which deserves to be noticed. The self-constituted leader of the Opposition in the Council approached the supporters of the Government with the suggestion that an exchange of places should be made by the Council between the messenger McBeath and door-keeper Chaisson. To this proposition the Government supporters agreed; but as soon as McBeath was appointed to fill Chaisson's place as messenger, another man was proposed for door-keeper and elected by the casting vote of the President. Rogers' bad faith in this case, shows that he is not to be trusted in even the smallest matter. We are surprised that respectable members of the Opposition in the Council should allow themselves to be made parties to such conduct as this, and that the President who is usually expected to hold the balance between parties with impartiality, should give the casting vote to the Opposition in support of so small and contemptible a motion.

Is this a sample of the Statesmanship of the Grit majority in our House of Lords? A trusty faithful officer of the Council is dismissed, although he has not voted or interfered in an election since his appointment, but simply to annoy a member of the Council who is a friend of Mr. Chaisson's. Surely it is time that the Grit party in the Upper House should look to their credit. The pretentious person who arrogates to himself the position of leader, holds his seat in the Council by a minority of votes in the district which he misrepresents. The majority of his constituents declared at the election of 1878 that he was not a fit man to represent the district, but he secured the seat by what is called a fluke, and has put on more airs than would be at all seemly if he were honorably elected. But that is not all. Without, it is said, being chosen by the party as their Leader, this same individual has seized that position and struts about in his stolen plumage to the disgust of everybody who has any regard for the respectability of our Legislature.

**Kirk Entertainment.**

"Lent or no Lent" a very large and appreciative audience assembled in the old Kirk last evening. The night being fine and the programme inviting, were no doubt the cause of the large audience. The entertainment was a great success, and each and every performer who took part deserves special praise. Ten minutes after the usual time the entertainment commenced. This accounts for the usual amount of laggards who generally drop in during the performance of the opening overture, which is usually performed by one or more of our best musicians who deserve more respect than this carelessness displays. It was certainly the case in last night's opening number which was magnificently rendered. We have not heard Miss Palmer sing so well this season as she did last night, but may we humbly suggest a little more practice and compass, when something is attempted in the accompaniment out of the ordinary. Miss DesBrisay and Miss Carey's Instrumental Duets, was finely executed. This duet was played with more vim than the opening one. Mr. Yinnicomb's violin solos were played in his usual masterly style. If he would give up the practice of making two bows on a tied note, his playing would not only be smoother, but he would please musicians as well. The readers deserve special mention. Their selections were good and were well received by the audience. We hope that in future persons will sing in the proper part of the programme allotted to them, and not put their singers out of their turn, as it is very annoying. Mr.

Frazer made his debut last evening, and acquitted himself well, particularly in his sermon of Old Mother Hubbard. This entertainment may be classed one of the best, or the best, of the kind that has been given this winter.—Com.

**Merchants Bank of P. E. Island.**

THE regular annual meeting of the Merchants Bank of P. E. Island was held yesterday. A large number of stockholders were present. The business of the Bank was discussed at length, and the stockholders voted to continue the institution and increase its capital. Messrs. G. R. Beer and William Dodd retired from the directorate of the institution. The directors elected for the ensuing year are: L. H. Davies, Esq., M. P.; Owen Connolly, Esq.; Hon. W. W. Sullivan; D. Farquharson, Esq.; L. L. Beer, Esq.; Benj. Heartz, Esq.; and W. A. Weeks, Esq. Mr. Weeks was elected President after the meeting. Following is the report:—

LIABILITIES.	
Circulation	\$88,169.00
Deposits bearing interest	29,958.27
Deposits not bearing interest	48,119.27
	\$166,246.54
Capital	146,000.00
Profit and Loss	123.98
	\$307,310.52
ASSETS.	
Specie—Gold and Silver	\$ 29,958.22
Notes of and cheques on other banks	7,883.17
Debentures	1,000.00
Due from other banks	64,004.90
Bills of Exchange	7,204.56
	\$110,050.85
Bills Discounted, good	62,199.08
Stocks	16,060.00
Cash Accounts, Mortgages, etc., good	51,776.99
Due from Bank of P. E. Island	17,755.05
Due on Protected Exchange	10,939.80
Overdrafts and Notes bad and doubtful	35,122.69
Bank Premises and Furniture	3,406.56
	\$307,310.52
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.	
To had debts written off	6,940.13
To balance to new account	123.98
	\$ 7,064.51
By balance on hand from last year	203.34
By profits for the year, after deducting current expenses	6,861.17
	\$ 7,064.51

**LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.**

SIR,—In his letter, published by you on Tuesday, your rev. correspondent, Guy de Montgomerie, M. A., in endeavoring to palliate his terrible epigrams respecting Darwin's work, says that he lent the book itself to a gentleman whom he met at the Diocesan meeting, and who informed him it would be of use to him in preparing a paper on Primeval Man, "and that the book had not been returned to him." Now, of this I had grave doubts, and on enquiry of the gentleman referred to, I find that the above statement is entirely without foundation, and fabulous, and that there is not a particle of truth in it. Has his mind been disturbed by losses at the late fire, or is he a mere myth or a fraud? At all events he has "got from the frying-pan into the fire," and in this uncomfortable situation we must leave poor Guy Faiks Montgomerie.

Yours truly,  
Pro Bono Publico.

Ch'town, March 6, 1884.

**Western Notes.**

(From the Summerside Journal.)  
We much regret to learn that Rev. Neil McKay is again confined to his house. While suffering severe pain, we are glad to know that his illness is not considered dangerous.

We regret to hear that a valuable horse, owned by Mr. James Heffel, ran away on Friday last, and injured himself so badly that it is improbable he will ever recover his position as a fast trotter. We sympathize with Mr. Heffel in his misfortune, as the horse was a promising animal.

Peter Murphy, employed by Mr. Henry Seales on his farm in St. Eleanor's, while being lowered down a well on Monday last, fell a distance of fifty feet to the bottom, owing to the breaking of the rope. Although considerably shaken, we are glad to learn that he sustained no severe injuries.

Several instances have been brought to our notice where persons have narrowly escaped drowning by falling into holes in the ice made by mud-diggers, and which have been left unmarked. We trust that more care will be exercised in future, otherwise it may be necessary to call the Law into requisition.

Last week we referred to the masquerade ball which the young people of this town had introduced among the amusements to enliven our long winter evenings. As was eminently fitting a Leap Year Skate took place in the rink last Thursday evening, when the usual order of things was reversed. Had a stranger dropped in who was unaware of the circumstances, he would have been amazed to observe a gentle young lady daintily fastening the skates upon the number thirteen's of some big bewhiskered strapping fellow of six feet; or this successfully accomplished would he be any less astonished to see her offering him her arm and then both gliding away amid the gay throng on the ice. Again he might notice how, contrary to the rule generally observed in such cases, a gay young maiden would timidly skate along and, selecting one of the male species, address him a few unattractive remarks, with the result usually that he too accepted the proffered arm and joined the jolly revelers. Nor did such invitations seem at all unacceptable to the row of gallants who lined the wall of the dressing room; in fact, we understand, there was but one case of a refusal, on the part of a horrid man who left town on the early train next morning. Need we say that the leap year skate was a very pleasant affair, and that there is no knowing what good may result from it.

Boils, sores, and ulcers, indicate a bad state of the blood. Ayer's Sarsaparilla eradicates all foul humors.  
[and 1w wky.]

**The Great Sale of Cotton Goods at the London House will be continued for 30 days, for cash, at a still further reduction in prices.**  
March 7, 1884

**Ash Hoops For Sale**

THE Subscriber has a quantity of the above on hand. Orders left at his store Wellington Station, or at the Osborne House, Charlottetown, will be attended to.  
JOS. O. ARSENAULT.  
March 7, 1884.

**Violin Music.**

MR. M. LOWDEN would intimate that he will give one more course of instruction on the violin before leaving Charlottetown. Those wishing to avail themselves of this opportunity are respectfully requested to make application at once.  
Room—Sydney Street, one door east of Prince Street.  
Ch'town, March 7, 1884.

**EXTENSIVE TRADE SALE**

—BY—  
**N. J. CAMPBELL, Auc'tr.**

I will sell by AUCTION, at MY SALES-ROOM, on

**Wednesday, 12th March, inst.,**

Commencing at eleven o'clock, a. m.,

Flour, Cornmeal, Choice Bright Molasses, Sugar, Raisins, Soap, Tea, Tobacco, Sole Leather, Matches, Apples, Best American Kerosene Oil, Pickles, Jams and Sauces, Nutmegs, Cloves, Paper Bags, and an assortment of General Groceries and Spices.

—ALSO—

Dry Good, Readymade Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Herring, etc., etc.

Terms at sale.

**N. J. CAMPBELL,**  
Auctioneer.

Ch'town, March 7, 1884.

**Entertainment and Concert**

—AT—  
**MOUNT STEWART.**

THE members of the Mount Stewart Debating and Literary Institute purpose giving a Musical and Literary Entertainment in Mount Stewart Hall, on

**Monday Evening, 17th March, inst.**

The programme, which is a well prepared one, consisting of Music (by our best singers), Plays, Dialogues, Clog Dance, Readings, Recitations, and Stump Speeches, ensures an enjoyable evening to all who may attend. Doors open at seven p. m. Performance begins at 7.30 p. m. Admission ten cents. By order of Committee.

ALEX. McDONALD,  
Secretary.

March 7.—wky 11

**QUEEN STREET.**

OFFICES TO LET—ENSUITE AND DETACHED.

J. MACEACHERN.

Ch'town, March 6—21

**ENGLISH INSURANCE CO'S.**

"Royal,"  
"City of London,"  
"London and Lancashire."

J. MACEACHERN,  
Agent for P. E. Island.

Ch'town, March 6—71

**Brick Yard To Let.**

THE Montrose Brick Yard, (1 1/2 miles from Southport), together with Dwelling House, Stable, Kilns, Pugs, etc.  
For particulars apply on the premises to  
JOHN B. STEWART,  
Southport, Lot 48.  
March 4, 1884.—2w wky 21 pd

**WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.**

WANTED—A good COOK and DINING ROOM GIRL, for a Hotel. Wages good. Apply at this office.  
[mar 7 3i eod pd]

FOR SALE—A double-barrel, 10-bore, breech-loading GUN, pin fire. Originally cost \$65.00, is nearly as good as new, and will be sold for less than half cost. Apply at EXAMINER OFFICE.  
[mar 7 3i]

WANTED—A GIRL for general housework in a family of three. Apply at Mrs. Crookill's, Pleasant Street.  
[mar 6 tf]

WANTED—A BOY to drive Bread Sleigh, attend a horse, etc. Must have good references.—J. QUINN, City Steam Bakery.  
[mar 6 3i]

WANTED—At the Hospital for the Insane, a Female Attendant, to whom liberal wages will be paid. Apply at once.  
[mar 5 3i]

WANTED—Two Furnished Rooms, with use of Kitchen, for a small family, in a private house. Apply, by letter, to "A. B. C.," this office.  
[mar 7]

SERVANT WANTED—One willing to nurse. No washing or ironing. Apply before two or after seven p. m.—Mrs. O'Shea, Pleasant Street.  
[mar 7]

**W. & A. BROWN & CO.**

—HAVE—

**RESUMED BUSINESS**

FOR THE PRESENT, IN THE

Store formerly occupied by H. A. Harvie,

**QUEEN STREET,**

**NEARLY OPPOSITE WATSON'S DRUG STORE.**

Ch'town, March 6, 1884.—dy wky

**NEW SPRING GOODS.**

—BY—  
**J. B. MACDONALD**

I am now showing an extensive range of NEW PRINTS, bought before the advance in duty, consisting of,—

**650 pieces, in all the Newest Designs, 20 bales (800 pieces) Grey Cottons, White Cottons, in the Different Makes, Sheetings and Pillow Cottons, Towellings and Stair Linens.**

—ALSO—

**A Large Variety of Carpets, in Brussels, Tapestry, Scotch and Dutch Carpets, Stair Carpets, Hearth Rugs, and Door Mats.**

**SOLD AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.**

**J. B. MACDONALD.**

Ch'town, Feb. 28, 1884.—2aw wky.

**DESBRISAY & ANGUS,**

AGENTS OF THE

**QUEEN AND AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE COMPANIES,**

WHILE thanking the Citizens of Charlottetown for their past patronage, and assistance during the late fire, have to announce that they have taken the office in

**Stevenson's Building,**

**CORNER QUEEN AND SYDNEY STREETS,**

Where they are prepared to do business.

Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1884.

**GREAT SALE OF**

**New Cottons.**

We have just opened a large Stock of

**ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PRINTS,**

**NEW SPRING STYLES,**

Received Before the Advance in Duty.

We have an immense stock of

**GREY AND WHITE COTTONS,**

Purchased when the Cotton market was at the lowest point of depression.

**Fleecy Cottons, Sheetting Cottons, Pillow Cottons,**

**TABLE LINEN AND NAPKINS,**

**Towels and Towelling,**

**TAPESTRY, SCOTCH AND BRUSSELS CARPETS,**

And other House Furnishing Goods.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.**

**GEO. DAVIES & CO.**

Ch'town, Feb. 11, 1884.