THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JUNE 7, 1894.

LANDLORDISM AND POVERTY.

We admitted yesterday, as not material to the argument, several statements of the Guardian. The statement to which we referred particularly was the concluding one of the paragraph which we quoted, viz: "that many an honest workingman, failing for months to find work, has degenerated into a tramp; and many a tramp has, when opportunity offered, risen again not only to respectability, but to eminence and power." Admitting the truth of *this*, we said, "the Guardian fails to show that the industrial conditions resulting from landlordism tend to laziness." From the context it was clear to everyone that THE EXAMINER considered the Guardian's statements as altogether beside the mark, as having no material connection with the matter in discussion, viz., the Guardian's proposition that "Landlordism is the cause of poverty." Yet the Guardian makes a partial quotation to prove that THE EXAMINER admitted, inconsistently with its former assertion, that it is a slander to say that laziness is a cause of poverty. This last attempt of the Guardian may be considered *smart* but it is not honest. It will take a smarter than the Guardian to convince anyone, at this time of day, that THE EXAMINER is such a fool as to seriously admit that it is a slander to say that laziness is a cause of poverty; for everyone knows—except those philosophers who are blind to facts—that laziness is one of the many causes to which poverty is properly attributable.

But what is this that we read in the Guardian? Referring to THE EXAMINER'S opinion that "A man who has to pay rent to a landlord has a stronger inducement to exert himself than one who has not," the Guardian says:

"Verily here is "the philosophy would clip an angel's wing." A man who knows that a robber is lying in wait for him when he comes home from his day's work will toil hard and long to give the robber plenty, out of pure devoted love for the robber."

The Guardian, in these words, compares the landlord with the "robber" who "lies in wait." It declares, in effect, that the man who, by industry, or enterprise, or good management on the part of himself or his predecessors, acquires landed property which he lets to those who need it, receiving a rental therefor, is a robber. This, if we mistake not, is the opinion of those gentlemen who use dynamite and bombs. Some of the gentlemen who hold this opinion found themselves lately within a London prison; and others were recently led to the guillotine, crying as they bared their necks for the knife *vive la anarchie*." It is well, perhaps, that we should know tha tthe basic principle carried out by these unhappy gentlemen is identical with that which is inculcated by the Guardian. They regard the landowners and those who receive rents as "robbers," and so does our religious and philosophic contemporary.

It is needless to say that the Guardian grossly misrepresents THE EXAMINER when it strives to make its readers believe that we regard either landlordism or poverty as blessings *per se*, though it is true that both, like other things which in themselves are not good, have tended towards the development of the best and highest qualities of mankind. We have simply maintained that the Guardian's proposition that "landlordism is the cause of poverty" is false and foolish.

THE UNDERTAKERS' COMBINE.

It is stated that the last words of a citizen, dying, in a neighboring town, were, "Don't let ——— (the undertaker) get ahead of you." The poor man had been talking to his executors, and was evidently troubled concerning the cost of his funeral. This is a trouble which is not known here; for our undertakers are attentive and careful in the performance of their duty, and moderate in their charges. But in Ontario the evil of costly funerals is so great that a short time ago the matter was ventilated in Parliament. The Hon. Mr. Read said recently in the Senate that "One of the worst combinations was that of the undertakers." In proof of this statement, he instanced the case of a man in Ottawa who was a member of a benefit society, and died. The clergyman who conducted the funeral had told him that he had actually seen the undertaker take $97 of the $100 which the poor widow was entitled to receive from the society's fund. Senator Read also produced a letter addressed to him as follows:—

"SIR,—I am glad to see that you have introduced a bill into the Senate to remove the present ambiguity which exists as to what constitutes an actionable conspiracy or combination formed in restraint of trade. There is one conspiracy—for that is the mildest term that can be applied to it, which is peculiarly oppressive—that of the undertakers. We all know what it is to lose some of our near and dear ones. To lay them in the ground with as much reverence and respect as possible becomes a paramount duty and little is thought of expense—very often most unwisely. This not unnatural feeling has been taken advantage of and it is on record that the undertakers have formed a ring and, under its cover, are extortionate and veritable Shylocks. Sworn evidence is on the records of the House of Commons that the coffins for which $75 are charged in the bill are only at cost $12.50 each and so all along the line a similar system of imposition goes on. But there is more than that. The ring is so compact, and the conspiracy so well organized, that no person who does not bow the knee to this gloomy Baal of the grave can purchase what are called "supplies," that is the material required in the manufacture of the coffin. A case in which this was brought conspicuously under my own notice occurred not long ago. The son of a poor person died, and she was not able to incur the expense of the funeral herself. A carpenter, who had been connected with what are known in England as Burial Guilds—associations, I am told, very numerous in Church of England parishes—said he would make a coffin on the ecclesiastical pattern he was used to. This differs from the ordinary coffin in some respects, being of an antique style, the sides being straight and tapering towards the feet and the lid coped. In the case I refer to I may mention that the carpenter in question helped to make the plain coffin—almost, he said, similar to the one in which the late Duke of Westminster was buried—to the great disgust of the London undertaking fraternity. The cost was very small, merely the wood, some skilful use of saw, plane and hammer, and some hot oil. Then came the fittings, and when application was made for a few handles and a plate, the friendly carpenter was told that he would not be permitted to purchase them under any conditions. More than that, he was jeered at, and his work derided. But being of a determined disposition he simply went to a dry goods store and obtained some cheap material for lining, and a hardware store picked out some handles which answered all purposes and were quite as handsome as the cheap and nasty gewgaws with which the professional undertaker adorns the coffins sent out with the sanction of the conspiracy. But this was not all. No bearer could be obtained. The ring would not permit it. But this did not matter very much, as the cemetery was not a great distance from the cottage where the death occurred, and at seven in the morning kind hands and willing hearts bore the body to the church—the deceased was a Roman Catholic—and thence to the cemetery. The whole cost amounted to some $16, including the grave. This is a method of getting round the combine, but of course such a case cannot be generally imitated. But surely the opposition to the carpenter who was willing to act as undertaker was a piece of tyranny not to be tolerated in a civilized country. Your bill, as projected, if it brings the like within striking distance of the law, will be a public benefaction.

At the same time, I may add that if the undertakers' combine continues, it would not be amiss if the various churches organized funeral guilds on the English model. Patterns of the material needed could be obtained and the rest would be easy. I note that "Funeral reform" is one of the questions of the day in the motherland, and that simplicity and absence of ostentation is being made the general practice."

This letter goes to show what survivors here have escaped. They will have to pay the "Succession tax," but they have not to deal with an "Undertakers' Combine."

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

—Dr. Weldon's bill for the disfranchisement of bribe-taking electors has suffered severely from an amendment in the house of commons. The bill as presented provided for a deposit of $500 by the prosecutor, which certainly was a large enough demand to make upon a citizen or citizens who had no private ends to serve, but would be moved, if moved at all, merely by a praiseworthy desire for purity at elections, and the carrying out of representative government with integrity. But this deposit has been raised to $1,000, the effect of which will be that there will be very few prosecutions under this act. The principle of the bill was so good that it could not be killed, but the flank shot has crippled it for life.

—The Herald: This week's Pioneer delivers itself upon the senatorship, and in the course of its dictum unconsciously tells the truth about another question. Its brainy editor sees the senatorial matter adjusted in this way: Mr. Hunt will be the Government candidate in East Prince at next general election against the editor of the Pioneer. Mr. Hunt will be beaten. But as *quid pro quo* for the trouble and expense incurred by him on behalf of the Government he will receive the position The Pioneer editor's implication is quite plain; after the next election the liberal-conservative Government will be in a position to make appointments to the Senate, or in other words, the grits will be still in the soup."

—Montreal Gazette: A correspondent with the Coxey army, writing to the Montreal Knights of Labor, says the army comprises men who want shorter hours of labor fixed by legislation; men who want the co-operative principle established; men who want the people educated on the lines of the K. of L. idea; men who think the tariff the cause of the nation's distress, men who think the adoption of Henry George's single tax will usher in the millenium; men who are Socialists, who do not know exactly what they want; and men who think there is nothing to be done now by the masses but to shoulder a gun and fight for their bread and butter—it is to be presumed against those who work for and earn their butter, and so possess these staffs of existence. It takes those who are on the inside to tell the real craziness of Cozeyism.

PERSONAL.

Misses Annie and Maud Johnson, daughters of Dr. Richard Johnson, left by this morning's express for Toronto and other points in Ontario, where they will spend the summer.

Mr. Oliver Jones went to P. E. Island yesterday on a pleasure trip. Mr. John H. Harris was a passenger on the Northumberland to P. E. Island yesterday.—Moncton Times.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—This is to certify that Herr Karl Doering of Halifax has been giving lessons to me in Vocal Culture for some time. I consider him a thorough master of the Art, and to any intending to take a course, I would heartily recommend him. His method I consider the best.

R. B. DAKIN,
Windsor, N. S., May 29, 1894.
Terms etc., at Johnson & Johnson's.

ORIENTAL HEATHENISM.—The lecture given in the Second Methodist Church last evening by Rev. Hedley Balderson, was very interesting and instructive. Rev. Mr. Palmer presided. At the close a vote of thanks was tendered the lecturer.

POLICE COURT.—This forenoon two lads, charged with damaging property in Y. M. C. A. building, were each fined five cents and cost, on their own confession.

SUNDAY SCHOOL MISSIONS.—The annual missionary meeting of the Sunday school of the Methodist Brick Church was held last evening. There was a good attendance and the meeting was of a very interesting character.

Purify the blood, tone the nerves, and give strength to the weakened organs and body by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

USE SKOLA'S DISCOVERY, the great Blood and Nerve Remedy.

KING'S COUNTY EXHIBITION ASSOCIATION.

THE annual meeting of the shareholders of the above Association was held at Georgetown on Tuesday, 5th June inst., at which the following were present, viz:

Hon. D. Gordon, Mal. McDonald, Archd. J. McDonald, Geo. W. Hibbett, John Lavers, A. P. Hobbs, G. A. Aitken, D. A. McKinnon, Georgetown; James Clow, Murray Harbor; George B. Aitken, Leslie Poole, Lower Montague; F. G. Bovyer, H. J. McPhee, Georgetown Royalty; James D. Dewar, Brudenell River; James M. Aitken, Montague Bridge; Nathaniel McLaren, Roseneath, and Geo. F. Owen, Cardigan.

The President, Hon. D. Gordon, called the meeting to order, and the Secretary read the annual report, prepared by the Managing Committee, of the proceedings of the past year.

The report showed that during the year 1893 the association had been fairly successful, that the race meeting, July 6th, 1893, earned a profit of of $77.54; and that the sum of $172.16 had been placed to the credit of the association from the exhibition and races held on the 21st Sept. last.

During the year the sum of $160.04 had been paid on capital account and $146.02 had been paid in dividends to shareholders. The total expenditure on capital account amounts to $3,267.31, a considerable part of which has been paid out of the earnings of the association.

On motion of James Clow, Esq., seconded by F. G. Bovyer, Esq., it was resolved that the annual report be approved and placed on fyle.

The election of officers for the ensuing year then took place. On motion of John Lavers, Esq., seconded by James Clow, Esq., Hon. D. Gordon was unanimously re-elected President. On motion of F. G. Bovyer, Esq., seconded by Geo. B. Aitken, Esq., James Clow, Esq., was elected Vice-President, and Malcolm McDonald and Geo. F. Owen were respectively re-appointed Treasurer and Secretary.

The managing committee was increased by the appointment of Geo. B. Aitken, Lower Montague; Wm. H. Prowse, Murray Harbor South, and Dr. J. E. Robertson, Montague Bridge; and the managing committee for 1893 were re-appointed.

On motion of George F. Owen, seconded by Mal. McDonald, the following were appointed a committee to arrange for and manage a race meeting in July, viz: Wm. H. Prowse, Geo. A. Poole, G. W. Hibbett, Arch'd J. Macdonald, H. J. McPhee, O. S. Gordon, and Ronald J. McKenzie.

A committee to revise the prize list for King's County Exhibition, 1894, to act in conjunction with commissioners appointed by the Government, was then selected, viz: D. A. McKinnon, James Clow, Arch'd J. Macdonald, F. G. Bovyer and Leslie Poole.

On motion of Mal. Macdonald, seconded by John Lavers, it was resolved that the Exhibition for King's County be held on October 3rd, 1894. An amendment, to hold the Exhibition on Sept. 20th, was proposed by F. G. Bovyer, but was lost on division of the meeting.

Geo. B. Aitken, Esq., submitted a series of resolutions adopted by the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association of Lower Montague, respecting the advisability of having entries at the Drill Shed received on the morning of Exhibition day; of having no trotting races when live stock was exhibited; and of other changes necessary in the management.

On motion of D. A. McKinnon, seconded by James Clow, it was resolved that the fall trotting races be held on the same day as the Exhibition.

This motion caused a lively debate, in which Archd. J. Macdonald, Geo. F. Owen, J. Lavers, A. P. Hobbs, and others took exception to having no races on Exhibition day. Those in favor of the change had, however, the majority; but it was agreed that trotting races should be held the day before the Exhibition or the day after, the date to be fixed by the Managing Committee.

On motion of Mal. McDonald, seconded by Geo. B. Aitken, it was resolved that the date for holding the annual meeting be changed to a day in the early part of the year, chosen by the Managing Committee.

No further business being proposed, the mesting adjourned.

GEORGE F. OWEN,
Secretary.

Cardigan, June 6, 1894.

GENERAL TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

LONDON, June 5.—An English committee have accepted the design of John L. Pearson, member of the Royal Academy, far a Tennyson memorial, which is to be an Iona cross, 34 feet high and called the the Tennyson beacon. The cross will bear an inscription showing that it was erected by friends of Tennyson in England and America. The beacon which will occupy a commanding position near Faringford, the home of the late laureate.

BOSTON, June 5.—The delay caused to the steamer Florida, of the Canada Atlantic and Plant Company, last week in landing passengers, through the failure of the immigration officers to materialize on time, has resulted in the completion of arrangements whereby immigration inspectors shall board the steamer in the harbor and perform the greater portion of the inspection while the vessels are docking, thus enabling passengers to land almost immediately the gangway is put up.

HARTFORD, June 5.—The Rev. Mr. Baker is pastor of the Advent Church in Bristol, but on Sunday the Church will hold a meeting to discuss the question of asking his resignation. When the congregation started to sing last Sunday, Mr. Baker arose and said that none but Christians should be allowed to sing the praises of God. The choir stopped right there and the organist left the church, and Mr. Baker had to lead the singing during the rest of the services. At prayer meeting it has been Mr. Baker's custom in addressing the Deity to expose the alleged shortcomings and sins of the church members, speaking in the plainest terms in his prayers for their regeneration. This systematic "calling down" of the members of the church has become tiresome. Neither reasoning nor expostulation has availed anything, and the church members have decided to ask for the resignation of Mr. Baker.

LONDON, June 5.—The Graphic publishes this morning a notable interview with Sir George Gray, one time Premier of New Zealand, and Governor of Cape Colony, concerning a future federation of the English speaking people. Sir George prophesied a close federative alliance of the United States and Great Britain. The difficulty of such an alliance, he said, would soon disappear, and then a beginning of the movement toward federation would be made. Monarchy would strengthen Republic. Each had some features which might be most advantageously retained. The settlement by arbitration of recent differences between the two countries had brought them nearer each other and had justified the hopes of such a union that neither would make war without the other's consent. There would then be a great belt of peace around the world.

WELL WORTH SEEING.

The show window of Beer Bros. dry goods store are attracting great attention and many highly complimentary remarks are made concerning the tasteful and artistic arrangement of the goods shown therein. In the north window is a large and varied display of Japanese art draperies, screens and French art silks. The goods are arranged in the form of a pagoda and present a strikingly rich appearance. The Southern winkow is devoted to an exhibit of ladies' evening dresses. The delicate colorings and tasteful blending of trimmings is thoroughly admirable.

A Lame Back, or a kink in the neck, is quickly removed by a free application of Dr. Manning's german remedy, the universal pain cure. All druggists sell it.

There is no sign of a cessation in the influx of the gold to the Bank of England, and the stock of bullion has reached the record of £36,000,000, while the reserve is nearly £28,000,000.

LOCAL NOTICES

Advertisements under this heading enarged for at the rate of ten cents per line.

Straws show which way the wind blows, but they don't show what hard blows. We have been striking at straw hat prices. See our 15c table—Jas Paton & Co.

Painting—Miss Margaret H. Chisholm will form a sketching class in oil and water colors during the first week in July, and also special classes for children in drawing from nature. She will be prepared to give lessons, as before, in all branches of oil and water color painting, throughout its various departments.

m11 d&w

All in need of crockery and glassware would do well to call and see our new goods which we are selling so cheap, at W P Colwill. dw 4w

To-day the sixth annual Scotch-Irish Congress of America opens at Des Moines, Ia.

The sessions will continue until the 10th instant, and topics of interest to this large and intelligent section of our cosmopolitan population will be discussed by Dr. John Hall, Robert Bonner and other eminent speakers. Governor Jackson will deliver the address of welcome, and the exercises will be of a popular character.

Nothing can be more popular, however, than our FINE SUMMER UNDERWEAR, as fine as silk and almost as cheap as daylight for cash only.

JOHN T. McKENZIE.

june7

PRETTY THINGS FOR BABY

please mamma too, and mamma can see them in our store, where many other mammas and babies will be found to have come already. Whether you are the twentieth or the hundredth, there's still something pretty here for each particular darling in Pins, Rings, Mugs, etc. Here's something, too, for all the seven ages, from baby up to mamma and grandma, with many of the novelties in fashionable Jewelry for 1894.

E. W. TAYLOR,

CAMERON BLOCK.

june7

OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday Evening, June 13th,

under the Auspices of the Caledonian Society.

The only appearance in this city of

DURWARD LELY,

the celebrated Scottish Singer and Tenor of the Adelina Patti Concert Company, assisted by

Mrs. Lely, Pianist,

in Song and Story of Scotland.

Tickets, 35 and 50 cents. Plan of Hall at Dodd's Drug Store. Plan of Balcony at Rankin's Drug Store. Sale of tickets begins Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

june7—thu sat tu

FREE FROM ALL

vexatious conditions and restrictions are the Policies issued by the

CANADA ACCIDENT ASS. CO.

E. R. BROW

BROWN'S BLOCK, CH'TOWN.

AGENT FOR P. E. ISLAND.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER

PARLIAMENT OF CANADA.

House of Commons Proceedings

Sir John Thompson's Masterly Address.

OTTAWA, June 7.

In the House of Commons yesterday, in reply to Mr. Flint, Hon. Mr. Foster said that the interim report from the Royal Commission on Prohibition was now in the hands of the printer, and would be laid before the House in a few days.

Mr. Mills, of Bothwell, renewed the adjourned debate on the Ellis case, and spoke for two hours.

Sir John Thompson arose at half-past five o'clock amid the rousing cheers of his supporters. He said that when he had heard the speech of the mover of the resolution (Mr. Davies) he was entirely convinced that the resolution ought not to pass. It was beneath the dignity of this House to go outside its legislative power to assault the character of the judges who sentenced Mr. Ellis, and should the House do so it would deserve the contempt which would fall upon it. Sir John Thompson's address was a lengthy and masterly effort.

After Sir John Thompson took his seat the Opposition, realizing that no reply was possible, put up Mr. Casey to speak against time. He was followed by Messrs McLeod and Davin against the Davies amendment, after which Mr. Laurier spoke briefly on the general question of the rights of judges to punish for contempt.

Mr. McCarthy closed the debate, taking strong ground against the amendment, and supporting the contentions of Sir John Thompson. A division was then taken as follows: For, 66; against, 110. McCarthy and O'Brien voted with the Government.

ROSEBERY'S LATEST VICTORY

"Ladas" the Winner of the Derby.

The Greatest Enthusiasm Ever Shown.

LONDON, June 7,

In the Derby yesterday the starters were Ladas, Matchbox, Bullindon, Remainder Hornbeam, Galloping Dick and Clwyd, Ladas won by a length and a half, with Matchbox six lengths ahead of Remainder. Time 2.45 4-5.

The scene and enthusiasm manifested baffles description. The excitement was never equalled on any race course. The starters were fewer this year than last. But the interest was increased by reason of the fulminations against Lord Rosebery's connection with the turf when Prime Minister. As his horse finished the winner, a cheer went up such as was never before heard on Epsom Downs.

NEWS FROM NEWFOUNDLAND

The Whitewayites Outgeneraled

ST. JOHN'S, June 7.

The Government made a number of new departmental appointments yesterday, showing their confidence in their retention of office.

The Board of Revenue has put into operation a new revenue collection scheme. The Board of Works has appointed a commission to enquire into the matter of the stolen telegraph despatches. The Whitewayites are disheartened at being so completely outgeneraled.

SALE OF PASTURE.—Eight acres of pasture land on the Lower St. Peter's Road, the property of Judge McLeod, were sold to-day by Mr. Beairsto for $100 an acre. Mr. Martin McLean was the purchaser.

The Best Turnips

Carter's "Home-Grown"

HASZARD'S IMPROVED

Grown in P. E. Island from Choice Selected Roots.

FOR SALE ONLY AT

CARTER'S SEEDSTORE,

187 QUEEN SQUARE

Charlottetown, June 5, 1894—dy

SHIP NEWS.

Port of Charlottetown.

ENTERED.

June 5—Athlete, Weatherbie, Cow Bay.
" 6—Mary D, Reid, Tatamagouche.

CLEARED.

June 5—Roseneath, Nickerson, Port Hood; General Middleton, Godin, Dalhousie.
June 6—St Thomas, Dicks, Kelly's Cove; Athlete, Weatherbie, Tatamagouche, C B; Mary D, Reid, Wallace.

Two Days of Fun!

To-day and To-morrow we will sacrifice our choice stock of Mantles in Misses' and Ladies'. It will be fun to show the goods at such low prices. It is our business to show goods. Don't be afraid to trouble us. We like to handle our goods. 150 MacIntoshes at a tip top bargain. See our 75c. Umbrellas; they are waterproof; try them. Dozens of ladies were satisfied yesterday with the prices asked for our Children's Kilt Suits. Call early.

JAMES PATON & CO.

"The Magic City" World's Fair Photograph.

THE SERIES NOW COMPLETED!

Orders for these splendid Photographs of the World's Fair and Midway Plaisance should be sent in at once.

All of the Parts may be obtained, if promptly applied for, at THE EXAMINER OFFICE, or at R. H. Mason's News Stand. Only one Coupon required when purchasing back numbers.

THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Tobacco is man's most universal luxury; the fragrant aroma of Mastiff Plug Cut starts people to pipe smoking, even those who never used tobacco before

J. B. Pace Tobacco Co., Richmond Virginia: and Montreal, Canada.

Did You Hear That J. M. McLEOD & Co.

Are offering Tan Colored Footwear at prices that will surprise you- Better see them before they are all gone.

J. M. McLEOD & CO.

Charlottetown, June 1, 1894—dy

Dying on His Feet.

"That man is just dying on his feet."

How often the phrase is used with regard to persons brought to death's door by overwork and consequent nervous prostrations and debility. They cannot afford time to rest (so they will tell you) and gradually they reach the stage where their friends speak of them in the words above quoted. For all who have reached such a stage or are in broken health from any cause, there is a sure specific in Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic, the great nerve and brain invigorator, blood and flesh builder, and a perfect stomach tonic and aid to digestion.

THE G. T. R., it is said, will put down 2,000,000 ties this year, while the C. P. R. has to replace most of its ties.

DO YOU KNOW

that one of the indispensables to the good appearance of a room is a Wall Paper of the correct shade and pattern.

DO YOU KNOW

that our stock of paper is always the largest and best assorted in P. E. Island, so that we can give you the right paper at the right price every time. Double Rolls only.

MOORE & McLEOD.

june7

Notice to Citizens.

Citizens are hereby notified that Thomas Dismond and Thomas Mills have been appointed City Scavengers. Any persons requiring their services will notify the Sanitary Officer or City Marshal.

H. M. DAVISON,
june4—3i City Clerk.

LEMONS! LEMONS!

Only 15 cents per dozen at the "Crown Confectionery."

W. A. HUTCHESON.

june5—dy 4i

DR. J. P. MURRAY,

DENTIST,

Queen Street, - - - Charlottetown.

may30

ADVERTISING ATTRACTS ATTENTION AND CUSTOM!

FOR SALE.

Valuable Business Premises

At Murray Harbor South, Lot 64.

The undersigned offer for sale that very desirable Business Property, consisting of Store, Dwelling House and Outbuildings, with about 3¼ acres of land formerly owned and occupied by John T. Hugh.

Full particulars given on application.

DAVIES & HASZARD,
Solicitors, etc.
Ch'town, May 14, 1894—m th & wy 6w

AUCTION!

Superior Lot House and Garden Plants from Acacia Nursery, Pictou, N. S.

At my New Sales Room, Grafton Street, on FRIDAY Morning, June 8th, at TEN o'clock:—

The largest and choicest assortment of House and Garden Plants ever offered in this market.

Also at 2 o'clock—Several Second-hand Open and Covered Carriages.

Terms cash.

R. BEAIRSTO,
june4 Auctioneer.

FISHING GEAR!

Our reputation in this branch of our business is the best for the least money. This year we offer the best Rod we ever had at $5. Call and see them. Everything needed in stock.

REDDIN BROS.

may18—1m

The Other Man

got my customers and spoiled my trade. He advertised,

I DIDN'T.

YOU CAN BUY

a Barrel of GOOD SOUND FLOUR for $3.25 at

BEER & GOFFS.

Charlottetown, May 31, 1894—tu thu sat

Late Novelties from London.

RECEIVED TO-DAY—Another lot elegant Moire Pongees, in Pink, Sky, Cream, Tuscan, White and Black; "Ellenborough" Lace Trimming Braids, in Black and Navy; New Laces with Insertions to match; New Black and Colored Silk Gimps; New Jet Sequin Trimmings, very pretty and inexpensive.
EXPECTED DAILY—Rich Moire Silks and Ribbons.

STANLEY BROTHERS, BROWN'S BLOCK.